written complaint will be provided to the person to whom the grievance is directed.

(iii) Within ten instructional days of receiving the written request, the designated college officer shall arrange a meeting to hear the complaint. It shall be at the discretion of the complainant to determine whether the officer will meet with the complainant and the person to whom the complaint has been directed separately or in a single meeting. If the complainant requests a single meeting, unless otherwise mutually agreed by the parties, attendance shall be limited to the complainant, the person to whom the complaint is directed, and the college officer, who shall chair the meeting. Either the complainant or the person to whom the complaint is directed may call witnesses at the discretion of the person presiding.

At this step and all subsequent steps in the grievance procedure, the complainant may elect to be represented by an attorney in preparing and presenting the grievance. The complainant shall notify the appropriate college officer at least five instructional days in advance of such action. In such cases, the college may choose to be assisted by an assistant attorney general.

(iv) Following the hearing and within thirty calendar days of receiving the written request, the college officer will report his/her findings in writing to both the complainant and the person to whom the complaint has been directed. This decision is final absent appeal to the college president.

(v) The affirmative action officer and Title IX office are to be informed of any sex discrimination/harassment complaint or 504 complaint lodged, as well as the resolutions of such complaints.

(b) Step 2: Presidential appeal.

(i) Either the complainant or the person to whom the complaint is directed has a right to present a statement to the college president appealing the findings of the designated college officer.

(ii) The request must be made in writing within ten days of written notification of the results of the official hearing.

(iii) Within ten instructional days of receiving the appeal request, the college president or the president’s designee will review the record of the hearing and the appeal and report the findings in writing to both the complainant and the person to whom the complaint is directed.

(iv) The written findings of the presidential appeal will be considered final. No further intra-institutional appeal exists.

(v) If the findings indicate that the person against whom the complaint is lodged engaged in sexual harassment or other discriminatory acts, disciplinary proceedings may be commenced against the person pursuant to appropriate procedures, depending on whether the person is a student, a member of classified staff, administrative exempt, or faculty.

If desired, inquiries or appeals beyond the institutional level may be directed to:

(a) United States Department of Education, Office of Civil Rights, 1915 2nd Avenue, Room 3310, Seattle, Washington 98174-1099.

(b) United States Equal Opportunity Commission, 2815 2nd Avenue, Suite 500, Seattle, Washington 98121.


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Chapter 136-320 WAC

PAVEMENT MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

WAC 136-320-010 Definition. A pavement management system is a systematic analytical tool used to preserve and maintain paved road systems by periodic surveys of pavement condition and analysis of pavement life cycles to assess overall system performance and costs, and to determine the alternative strategies and costs necessary to prevent significant road deterioration. A key element of a PMS is its ability to provide pavement preservation alternatives based upon a predictive pavement deterioration model.

WAC 136-320-020 Application. A pavement management system shall be used by all counties to guide the pavement preservation and rehabilitation activities on all county paved arterial roads. Beginning January 1, 1996, each county shall utilize a computer-based pavement management system (PMS) meeting the requirements of WAC 136-320-030 on all county paved arterial roads in order to retain eligibility for CAPP funds. Application of the PMS to the local access system will not be required to retain eligibility for CAPP funds.

WAC 136-320-030 Pavement management system requirements. Each county’s PMS shall meet the following minimum standards:

1. All county jurisdiction paved arterials, as defined by the most recently approved county road log as described in chapter 136-60 WAC, shall be surveyed for visual pavement distress at least biennially. Distress rating information must be keyed to the county road log by both road number and mileposts.

2. All visual distresses (or defects) for both flexible and rigid pavements, both in severity and extent, shall be as defined within the "Pavement Surface Condition Rating Manual" (March 1992, produced by the Washington state transportation center in cooperation with the Northwest Pavement Management Systems Users Group and the Washington state department of transportation). Only those distresses noted as "core program defect" are required to be surveyed. Measurement may be at the project, segment, or sample unit level. Measurement for each distress will be by:
   (a) Selection of the most predominant severity and extent combination; or
   (b) Determination of the extent percent of each level of severity.

3. The PMS shall be able to perform the recording and storage of pavement resurfacing, rehabilitation, and reconstruction history data, including surfacing and base layer types and thicknesses, and year of application. Counties will not be required to determine such information for any work done prior to the county’s implementation date.

4. The PMS shall include a future pavement condition prediction model that uses the periodic pavement condition distress data to forecast future pavement condition and to determine an estimate of service life.

5. The PMS shall be able to perform annual downloading to the CRABoard of one of the following for all paved arterials surveyed for pavement condition in the previous twelve months:
   (a) The individual pavement distresses;
   (b) The resultant pavement condition rating based on the CRABoard-provided standard deduct matrix; or
   (c) The resultant pavement condition rating for an approved alternative PMS as described in WAC 136-320-040.

Such downloading shall be called the pavement condition data file. It shall be keyed to the county road log, and shall be transmitted in the electronic medium and format specified by the CRABoard, along with the annual road log update required by chapter 136-60 WAC.

WAC 136-320-040 Alternative pavement management system requirements. Alternative PMS distress
Title 136 WAC: County Road Administration Board

136-320-040
determination and evaluation methodologies, processes, or systems may be used if they yield pavement condition ratings comparable to the process described in WAC 136-320-030(2). Counties intending to use an alternative process must satisfactorily demonstrate to the CRAB Board that the alternative process is based on sound pavement engineering principles and is comparable in quality and scale through research results, documented conversion equations, statistical sampling, or other methods.

WAC 136-320-050 State-wide pavement condition data file. The county road administration board shall maintain a pavement condition data file, organized by county, containing the pavement condition ratings as provided annually by each county.

WAC 136-320-060 Annual review. On an annual basis, beginning in calendar year 1993, the executive director of the county road administration board shall review the implementation of and, beginning in calendar year 1995, the compliance with the requirements of WAC 136-320-030 or 136-320-040 and report the results to the CRAB Board.

WAC 136-320-070 CRAB assistance. To enable each county to meet its eligibility requirements, CRAB shall provide a PMS software application and training as part of its agency-supported county road information system. CRAB shall also provide to counties, upon request, administrative and technical assistance related to defining, developing, operating, managing, and utilizing pavement management technology.

WAC 136-320-080 Use of pavement management system data for distribution of county arterial preservation account funds. The results and/or data from the individual or collective county PMS’s will not be used to distribute county arterial preservation funds nor to establish priorities for specific projects or otherwise alter the statutory fund distribution. Said results and/or data will be used to evaluate regional or state-wide arterial pavement preservation and rehabilitation needs and to demonstrate compliance with the enabling legislation.

Title 137 WAC
CORRECTIONS, DEPARTMENT OF

Chapters
137-95 Community correction prerelease facilities.

Chapter 137-95 WAC
COMMUNITY CORRECTION PRERELEASE FACILITIES

Reviser's note: The following chapter has not been adopted under the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW, but was filed in the code reviser's office and was published in the Washington State Register. It is published in the Washington Administrative Code exactly as filed by the agency with history notes added by code reviser's office.

WAC
137-95-010 Purpose.
137-95-020 Definitions.
137-95-030 Secretary's authority to grant or deny.
137-95-040 Reasons for placement.
137-95-050 Supplementary rules.
137-95-060 Notification.
137-95-070 Definition of misconduct.
137-95-080 General infractions.
137-95-090 Serious infractions.
137-95-100 Cell tag.
137-95-110 Earned time, granting, and denial.
137-95-120 Reporting to law enforcement authorities.
137-95-130 Infractions—On-site adjustment.
137-95-140 Infractions—Report on.
137-95-150 General infraction report—Action on report.
137-95-160 Appeal to hearing officer.
137-95-170 Appointment and disqualification of hearing officer.
137-95-180 Prehearing procedures—Rights of offenders.
137-95-190 Prehearing procedures—Restriction of offender.
137-95-200 Hearing officer—Preparation for hearing.
137-95-210 Conduct of hearing.
137-95-220 Decision of hearing officer.
137-95-230 Finding of no infraction.
137-95-240 Staff advisors.
137-95-250 Sanctions—Authority to impose.
137-95-260 Sanctions—Types.
137-95-270 Sanctions—Limitations.
137-95-280 Appeal to superintendent.
137-95-290 Time limits.

WAC 137-95-010 Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to set forth the rules and regulations governing the administration of the department’s prerelease programs.

WAC 137-95-020 Definitions. (1) "Secretary" is the secretary of the department of corrections.
(2) "Director" is the director, division of community corrections, department of corrections.
(3) "Assistant director" is the assistant director of the division of community corrections.
(4) "Superintendent" is responsible for the planning, organizing, and implementing of programs at a prerelease facility.
(5) "Contract staff" is the staff member(s) of an agency under contract to the department of corrections to provide programming for offenders at prerelease.