Chapter 230-02 WAC
GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS

WAC
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230-02-150 Immediate family defined. [Order 5, § 230-02-150, filed 12/19/73.] Repealed by 89-11-048 (Order 192), filed 5/16/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (8), (11) and (14).

WAC 230-02-010 Washington state gambling commission—Purpose and organization. (1) Purpose - The Washington state gambling commission, hereinafter called "the commission," is created pursuant to RCW 9.46.040 as the licensing and regulatory agency charged with the authority and duty to control statutorily authorized nonprofessional gambling. Where appropriate, the term "commission" also refers to the staff and employees of the commission. In order to carry out the assigned duties and responsibilities, the legislature designated the commission as a law enforcement agency with the powers to investigate all gambling and associated activities and enforce the provisions of chapter 9.46 RCW.

(2) Organization - The commission is comprised of five part-time members, four ex officio members, and a full time staff.

(1995 Ed.)
(a) Commission members - Five citizens, all appointed by the governor with the consent of the state senate for six-year staggered terms. One member is annually elected as chairperson. Commissioners serve part-time as necessary and otherwise as directed by the chairperson.

(b) Ex officio members - Two members each from the senate and the house of representatives, one from each from the majority and minority political parties. Members are appointed for two year terms by the president of the senate and speaker of the house of representatives, respectively. Ex officio members do not vote on matters before the commission for review.

(c) Staff - The commission staff is organized under a director, a deputy director, and two assistant directors pursuant to RCW 9.46.080. The director, the deputy director, both assistant directors, and all staff required to perform undercover duties are exempt from the provisions of chapter 41.06 RCW. Staff duties and responsibilities are as follows:

(i) Director - The director is appointed by the commission as its administrator for carrying out its powers and duties. The director ensures that staff and other resources are available to carry out the purposes and provisions of chapter 9.46 RCW. The director is directly responsible for matters pertaining to public relations, research, contracts, agreements, and legal problems.

(ii) Deputy director - The deputy director is appointed by the director with responsibilities of making decisions and carrying out duties delegated by the director. Provided, That those duties specifically enumerated in WAC 230-12-900 may not be delegated to the deputy director.

(iii) Assistant directors - Assistant directors are appointed by the director with the responsibilities for the day-to-day management of the various operational sections of the commission and advising the director regarding matters necessary to carry out the provisions of chapter 9.46 RCW.


WAC 230-02-020 Time and place of meetings.

Regular public meetings of the commission shall normally be held quarterly at the hour of 10:00 a.m., date and place to be set by the commission with at least two weeks advance notice. Additional public meetings necessary to discharge the business of the commission may be called from time to time.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.050(3) and 9.46.070 (1), (2) and (11). 86-15-025 (Order 159), § 230-02-020, filed 7/14/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.020 (20)(d), 9.46.050(3) and 9.46.070 (1), (2), (5), (8), (9), (11) and (12). 85-03-026 (Order 144), § 230-02-020, filed 1/9/85; Order 78, § 230-02-020, filed 11/17/77; Order 62, § 230-02-020, filed 10/15/76; Order 51, § 230-02-020, filed 4/30/76; Order 5, § 230-02-020, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-022 Cost defined. "Cost" means the monetary value paid or owed by the purchaser, for any gambling or nongambling product or service, at the time of the transaction and documented on the sales receipt/transfer document. "Cost" excludes all sales taxes paid by the purchaser. "Cost" does not include any markup or value added by the purchaser.
WAC 230-02-040 Commission activities exempt from Environmental Protection Act. The commission has reviewed its authorized activities and has found them to be exempt pursuant to WAC 197-10-040(2), 197-10-150 through 197-10-190 and the State Environmental Policy Act, chapter 34.05 RCW. [Order 55, § 230-02-040, filed 6/25/76.]

WAC 230-02-100 Definitions. Words and terms used in these rules and regulations shall have the same meaning as each has under chapter 9.46 RCW unless otherwise specifically provided in these rules, or the context in which they are used in these rules clearly indicates that they be given some other meaning. [Order 42, § 230-02-100, filed 9/18/75; Order 5, § 230-02-100, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-108 Gambling proceeds defined. For purposes of this title, "gambling proceeds" means:

1. All moneys remaining from the operation of any gambling activity after payment of prizes and necessary expenses. Expenses are deemed to be necessary when the activity can not be operated without such, or they improve the overall profitability of the activity by increasing gross gambling receipts more than the corresponding increase in expenses; and

2. All assets obtained with moneys generated from gambling activities. All assets of the organization are presumed to be obtained with gambling proceeds unless the organization maintains complete separation of funds generated from nongambling sources from funds generated from gambling activities. [Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070, 9.46.0261 and 9.46.0209. 94-01-035, § 230-02-108, filed 12/6/93, effective 1/6/94.]

WAC 230-02-110 Gross gambling receipts defined. "Gross gambling receipts" means the monetary value that would be due to any operator of a gambling activity for any chance taken, for any table fees for card playing, other fees for participation, or rent and lease fees for amusement games received by commercial amusement game operations, as evidenced by required records. The value shall be stated in U.S. currency, before any deductions for prizes or any other expenses. In the absence of records, gross gambling receipts shall be the maximum that would be due to an operator from that particular activity if operated at maximum capacity. [Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 91-21-053 (Order 228), § 230-02-110, filed 10/15/91, effective 11/15/91; 86-19-056 (Order 161), § 230-02-110, filed 9/15/86, effective 1/1/87; Order 5, § 230-02-110, filed 12/19/93.]

WAC 230-02-120 Net gambling receipts defined. "Net gambling receipts" means all gross gambling receipts from any gambling activity, less the monetary value or, in the case of merchandise, the actual cost, of any prizes that were awarded. [Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 86-19-056 (Order 161), § 230-02-120, filed 9/15/86, effective 1/1/87; Order 5, § 230-02-120, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-125 Adjusted net gambling receipts defined. "Adjusted net gambling receipts" means the combined income from all gambling activities that are compared to gross sales for determination of commercial stimulant compliance. Adjusted net gambling receipts are determined by deducting the following expenses from net gambling receipts, when they are supported by verifiable records and actually paid out during the period:

1. Federal, state, and local taxes and fees, other than income taxes, directly relating to the gambling activity: Provided, That taxes and fees may be deducted using the accrual accounting method if all accounting records are normally maintained on the accrual method and notice is provided to the commission;

2. The cost of one licensed card room employee to be on duty any time the activity is open for business: Provided, That the total cost allowed shall not exceed $12.50 per hour of operation;

3. The cost of providing a "pan" dealer as allowed by WAC 230-40-225: Provided, That the total cost allowed shall not exceed $7.50 per hour of operation; and

4. The cost of punchboards, pull tabs, dispensing devices, cards, chips and card room furniture and fixtures actually used in conjunction with the gambling activity. Card room furniture and fixtures that cost in excess of one thousand dollars may be treated as a capital improvement for purposes of this rule.

5. The actual cost of capital improvements and leasehold improvements to the licensed premises, less interest. Capital improvements shall include remodeling, updating, and other improvements to the licensed premises. Routine maintenance, cleaning, and painting shall not be treated as capital improvements. Provided, the cost for such improvements shall be amortized during a period of not less than two years. The licensee shall choose the period and report it on its quarterly report, and keep copies of all receipts supporting the expenditure: Provided, the capital improvement deduction shall not exceed $5,000 for any quarter. [Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 94-11-095 (Order 237), § 230-02-125, filed 5/17/94, effective 7/1/94; 88-19-038 (Order 183), § 230-02-125, filed 9/13/88. Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 86-19-056 (Order 161), § 230-02-125, filed 9/15/86, effective 1/1/87.]

WAC 230-02-130 Net gambling income defined. "Net gambling income" means net gambling receipts, less all other expenses related to the operation of a licensed activity [actually] [and] paid out during the same period of time: Provided, That expenses must be reported on the accrual (1995 Ed.) [Title 230 WAC—page 3]
forces of the United States and to carry on a system of no discrimination in providing services among those recipi­
ents. Treatment and prevention of physical or mental purposes of this title, charitable, eleemosynary and benevo­
ces of furnishing volunteer aid to members of the armed
incorporated under Title 36, U.S.C. for the principal purpos­
distress. Services must be provided free of charge or for a
02-130, filed 9/15/86, effective 1/1/87; Order 5, § 230-02-130, filed 12/19/73.]

Revisor’s note: § 230-02-130, filed 9/15/86, effective 1/1/87;
Revisor’s note: RCW 34.05.395 requires the use of underlining and deletion marks to indicate amendments to existing rules, and deems ineffectual changes not filed by the agency in this manner. The bracketed material in the above section does not appear to conform to the statutory requirement.

WAC 230-02-135 Gross sales defined. "Gross sales" means the monetary value actually received for all nongam­bling goods and services, sold or occurring on the licensed gambling premises. The value shall be stated in U.S. currency and net of any sales taxes or discounts. Income received from sales made on behalf of others or in partnership with third parties, commission income, or income splitting schemes, shall be recorded at the net monetary value actually realized by the licensed business.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 86-19-056 (Order 161), § 230-02-135, filed 9/15/86, effective 1/1/87.]

WAC 230-02-140 Person defined. "Person" means and includes any individual, firm or partnership, corporation or other association of individuals either natural or legal. The use of the masculine pronoun in these rules includes the feminine and the neuter.

[Order 5, § 230-02-140, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-155 Bona fide charitable organization defined. A bona fide charitable organization is an organization that meets all of the requirements of RCW 9.46.0209 and is organized and operated primarily to provide charitable services as defined by WAC 230-02-160. Each charitable organization shall provide evidence of its charitable status by submitting documentation setting forth the progress it has made toward accomplishing its charitable purpose(s) during its previous fiscal year. This statement and other evidence such as articles of incorporation, bylaws, and the fact that donations to such organization qualify as tax deductible contributions for federal income tax purposes, shall be taken into account when determining charitable organization status.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (7), (8), (9), (10), (14), (19) and (20). 89-09-047 (Order 190), § 230-02-155, filed 4/18/89, effective 7/1/89.]

WAC 230-02-160 Charitable defined. For the purposes of this title, charitable, eleemosynary and benevo­lent are synonymous and mean: The relief of poverty, indigence and/or personal distress; help for disadvantaged persons; treatment and prevention of physical or mental distress. Services must be provided free of charge or for a fee which does not exceed the cost of providing the service. Any organization that requires a fee must utilize the revenue collected to continue its program services. In accordance with all state and federal law on discrimination, there can be no discrimination in providing services among those recipients chosen by the licensee. Corporations which have been incorporated under Title 36, U.S.C. for the principal purposes of furnishing volunteer aid to members of the armed forces of the United States and to carry on a system of

national relief of suffering caused by pestilence, famine, fire, floods, and other national calamities or undertakes measures to prevent such are deemed to be charitable under this section. Charitable encompasses at least the following activities:

(1) Relief of the aged and disadvantaged in the form of food, clothing, shelter, or health care;
(2) Services or material assistance that will enable persons to maintain an adequate standard of living and/or improve their quality of life by raising their standard of living above the federal poverty level;
(3) Programs for youths, 17 years old or younger, that assists them in learning and practicing the cultural and social skills necessary to:
(a) Integrate them into society;
(b) Improve their physical fitness; or
(c) Prevent delinquency;
(4) Advancement of education and learning which benefit and improve the quality of life of the general public or the community at large;
(5) Advancement of a religion; and
(6) Activities which reduce the burdens of government.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (7), (8), (9), (10), (14), (19) and (20). 89-09-047 (Order 190), § 230-02-160, filed 4/18/89, effective 7/1/89.]

WAC 230-02-161 Bona fide nonprofit organization defined. A bona fide nonprofit organization is an organization in that meets all of the requirements of RCW 9.46.0209 and is organized and operated primarily to provide one or more of the following nonprofit services:

(1) Educational;
(2) Civic;
(3) Patriotic;
(4) Political;
(5) Social;
(6) Fraternal;
(7) Athletic;
(8) Agricultural;
(9) Church and religious societies under chapter 24.12 RCW;
(10) Fraternal societies under chapter 24.20 RCW;
(11) Granges under chapter 24.28 RCW; and
(12) Agricultural fairs under chapter 15.76 RCW or chapter 36.37 RCW.

Each nonprofit organization shall provide evidence of its nonprofit status by submitting documentation setting forth the progress it has made toward accomplishing its nonprofit purposes during its previous fiscal year. The fact that an organization is not exempt from payment of federal income taxes on income from its primary activities shall be prima facie evidence that the organization is not a nonprofit organization for purposes of conducting gambling activities.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.0209. 94-07-084 (Order 250), § 230-02-161, filed 3/16/94, effective 4/16/94. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (7), (8), (9), (10), (14), (19) and (20). 89-09-047 (Order 190), § 230-02-161, filed 4/18/89, effective 7/1/89.]

WAC 230-02-163 Educational defined. Educational means providing instruction or training to individuals for the purpose of improving or developing their capabilities, or
providing instruction to the public on subjects useful to individuals and beneficial to the community.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (7), (8), (9), (10), (14), (19) and (20). 89-09-047 (Order 190), § 230-02-163, filed 4/18/89, effective 7/1/89.]

WAC 230-02-166 Civic defined. Civic means promoting social welfare for the common good of the community by bringing about civic betterment and social improvements.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (7), (8), (9), (10), (14), (19) and (20). 89-09-047 (Order 190), § 230-02-166, filed 4/18/89, effective 7/1/89.]

WAC 230-02-169 Patriotic defined. Patriotic means promoting patriotism, Americanism, loyalty, support, and love of country. Normal activities conducted by veteran groups would be included in this definition.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (7), (8), (9), (10), (14), (19) and (20). 89-09-047 (Order 190), § 230-02-169, filed 4/18/89, effective 7/1/89.]

WAC 230-02-173 Political defined. Political means the process of electing candidates to public or party offices. Activities conducted with the goal of influencing executive action, legislation or WAC rules are considered lobbying activities and not included under this definition.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (7), (8), (9), (10), (14), (19) and (20). 89-09-047 (Order 190), § 230-02-173, filed 4/18/89, effective 7/1/89.]

WAC 230-02-176 Religious defined. Religious means advancement of a sincerely held theological philosophy. Included are the practices and rituals associated with the beliefs or creed of those groups of people which form a church, religious society, congregation, or religious denomination, when such practices or rituals are not illegal or against public policy. Corporations sole, as set out in chapter 24.12 RCW; are encompassed in this definition.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (7), (8), (9), (10), (14), (19) and (20). 89-09-047 (Order 190), § 230-02-176, filed 4/18/89, effective 7/1/89.]

WAC 230-02-179 Social defined. Social means providing recreation, recreational facilities, and/or other activities when solely for the pleasure of a membership.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (7), (8), (9), (10), (14), (19) and (20). 89-09-047 (Order 190), § 230-02-179, filed 4/18/89, effective 7/1/89.]

WAC 230-02-182 Fraternal defined. Fraternal means promoting and carrying on activities for the common interests of a membership and is organized under the lodge system which is comprised of local self-governing branches, chartered by a parent organization. Incorporated fraternal societies, as set out in chapter 24.20 RCW, are also encompassed under this definition.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (7), (8), (9), (10), (14), (19) and (20). 89-09-047 (Order 190), § 230-02-182, filed 4/18/89, effective 7/1/89.]

WAC 230-02-183 Active member defined. For purposes of this title, "active member" means an individual who is a "bona fide member," as defined by RCW 9.46.0261, and meets all of the requirements set out below:

(1) Did not join the organization specifically to participate in, or be an operator or manager of, gambling activities;
(2) Is authorized to vote in the election of officers or board members who determine the policies of the organization;
(3) Has been a member for at least twelve months preceding an application for a gambling license, or has been accepted as a member according to guidelines set out in the organization's bylaws and such acceptance recorded in the official minutes of a regular membership meeting; Provided, That the minimum time provision does not apply to board members or directors if the organization's membership consists entirely of board members or directors elected or appointed for a limited term;
(4) Complies with the organization's membership criteria, as set out in its bylaws;
(5) Lives within the boundaries of Washington state or, if outside the state boundaries, lives within one hundred miles of the main administrative offices of the organization;
(6) Is at least eighteen years old;
(7) Has, over the last twelve months, participated directly in the activities conducted by the organization. For purposes of this section, the following activities shall be prima facie evidence of direct participation:
(a) Attended at least one regular membership meeting within the previous twelve months; or
(b) Voted in person or, if authorized by the organization's bylaws, by proxy at a meeting at which officers and/or board members were elected within the previous twelve months; or
(c) Has been actively involved in policy setting for the organization by serving as a member of the board of directors or a similar policy setting position; or
(d) Has paid dues imposed by the organization during the last twelve months; or
(e) Has served as a volunteer providing services or raising funds from nongambling sources during the last twelve months; or
(f) Has maintained a level of communications with the organization that would allow them to demonstrate in-depth knowledge regarding the activities of the organization during the previous twelve months. In-depth knowledge would include:
(i) The types of program services provided;
(ii) The scope of program services provided;
(iii) Sources and levels of funding available to the organization; and
(iv) Key plans, including major programs and capital projects.
(8) The citizens of an incorporated town or city, who are registered to vote in the election for the mayor or governing body of such town or city, shall be deemed to be "active members" for purposes of this title and are exempted from all other requirements of this section.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070, 9.46.0261 and 9.46.0209. 94-01-035, § 230-02-183, filed 12/6/93, effective 1/6/94.]

WAC 230-02-185 Athletic defined. Athletic means activities which provide entertainment/pleasure or which promote physical fitness, sportsmanship, and development of amateur athletes through the conducting of athletic contests.
and training programs. For purposes of this title, athletic is further defined in the following categories:

1. Educational - The training of youth 17 years old and younger to enhance normal physical and social development and to prevent juvenile delinquency;
2. Patriotic - Fostering and promoting national and international amateur competition; and
3. Recreational - Providing recreational activities for adults.

WAC 230-02-188 Agricultural defined. Agricultural means promoting the art or science of cultivating land, harvesting crops or aquatic resources, or raising livestock. Incorporated granges as set out in chapter 24.28 RCW are encompassed within this definition.

WAC 230-02-191 Agricultural fair defined. Agricultural fair means those activities authorized by chapter 15.76 RCW and chapter 36.37 RCW and includes the exhibition of livestock, agricultural produce of all kinds, products of the farm home and educational contests, and displays and demonstrations designed to train youth and promote the welfare of farm and rural living.

WAC 230-02-200 Operator defined. An "operator" is any person who purchases or otherwise receives equipment for use in authorized gambling activities, including but not limited to punchboards or pull tabs, with or without any merchandise to be awarded as prizes in connection with the operation of said equipment, from a manufacturer or distributor, and who operates or displays said equipment for use upon payment of a consideration.

WAC 230-02-210 Distributor defined. A "distributor" is any person who purchases or otherwise obtains a completed piece of equipment for use in authorized gambling activities, including but not limited to punchboards or pull tabs, from any person and sells or otherwise furnishes such equipment, with or without merchandise to be awarded as prizes in connection therewith, to another person for the resale of or the display or operation of that equipment.

As used in these rules, the term "distributor" shall include a person who services and repairs pull tab dispensing devices, bingo equipment, or any other authorized gambling equipment, which shall be authorized so long as the person performing such servicing or repairs is licensed as a distributor or distributor's representative, and makes no addition to, or modification or alteration of, the device.

A manufacturer who sells or otherwise furnishes such equipment not manufactured by him to any other person for resale or for display or operation of that equipment is also a "distributor."
firing, and evaluating gambling personnel; supervising and controlling the conduct of gambling activities; preparing or supervising the preparation of gambling records; controlling cash generated by gambling activities and making bank deposits; and purchasing gambling supplies.


WAC 230-02-250 Bingo equipment. Bingo equipment includes all equipment that is actually used, made for use, or sold for the purpose of use, in bingo games for which consideration is charged to participants and prizes are awarded to winners. Bingo equipment includes, but is not limited to:

(1) Blowers or other devices from which balls are mixed and randomly withdrawn to determine the letters and numbers to be called;
(2) Reusable and disposable bingo cards;
(3) Electronic flashboards that interface with the mixing and selection device;
(4) Electronic player assistance devices, including software or equipment interfaced with such; and
(5) Any other device commonly used in the direct operation of the game: Provided, That general purpose equipment and supplies that are only indirectly involved in the conduct of the game shall not be deemed bingo equipment.

The following equipment and supplies will not be deemed bingo equipment for purposes of this title:

(a) Tables, chairs, or card stands;
(b) Audio or video equipment used only to communicate progress of the game to players;
(c) Computer or cash register equipment used to record sales or act as a storage medium for records;
(d) General supplies, such as glue sticks, daubers, and other items for resale to players; and
(e) Bingo games manufactured and sold for recreational purposes.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 94-01-033 § 230-02-250, filed 12/6/93, effective 1/6/94. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (8), (11), and (14). 83-13-050 (Order 134), § 230-02-250, filed 6/14/83; Order 29, § 230-02-250, filed 1/23/75.]

WAC 230-02-260 Pull tab defined. A "pull tab" is a single folded or banded ticket or is a card, the face of which is initially covered or otherwise hidden from view to conceal a number, symbol or set of symbols, a few of which numbers or symbols out of every set of pull tabs have been designated in advance and at random as prize winners, when, for the opportunity to obtain each such folded or banded ticket or card, view the numbers or symbols thereon and possibly obtain a prize winning pull tab, a person pays some consideration to an operator.

[Order 5, § 230-02-260, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-270 Punchboard defined. "Punchboard" means a board or device containing a number of receptacles of uniform size in which are placed, at random, punches (slips of paper or other substance, imprinted with numbers or symbols) and which:

(1) A specific serial number is assigned to the punchboard and printed on each punch;
(2) A flare or face sheet covers the receptacles and sets out the winning numbers or symbols and prizes which may be won;
(3) Upon the payment of consideration, a player may select and remove a punch from a receptacle; and
(4) A prize is awarded if the number or symbol, set out on the selected punch, matches a symbol on the flare or face sheet.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 93-12-082, § 230-02-270, filed 5/28/83, effective 7/1/83. Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 86-19-056 (Order 161), § 230-02-270, filed 9/15/86; Order 5, § 230-02-270, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-278 Program services defined. For purposes of this title, "program services" means providing care, support, or assistance to individuals, and/or sponsoring or conducting activities that directly relate to a charitable or nonprofit organization's stated purposes, when such services/activities are:

(1) Directly provided to the public or the organization's members through programs operated by the organization; or
(2) Indirectly provided by:
(a) Making contributions to individuals or to other service-providing organizations for the charitable use of the public or the organization’s members;
(b) Funding scholarships; or
(c) Sponsoring activities directly related to any organizational purposes set out in WAC 230-04-024 (1)(b).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070, 9.46.0261 and 9.46.0209. 94-01-035, § 230-02-278, filed 12/1/93, effective 1/6/94.]

WAC 230-02-280 Identification and inspection services stamps. Identification and inspection services stamps are printed under the control of the commission for purposes of identifying and controlling gambling devices within the state of Washington. Each stamp is preglued and imprinted with the seal of the commission and an unique number or combination of alpha characters and numbers.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070, 9.46.0261 and 9.46.0209. 94-01-035, § 230-02-278, filed 12/1/93, effective 1/6/94.]

WAC 230-02-290 Records entry labels. Record entry labels are a set of removable, preglued labels, attached to identification and inspection services stamps and imprinted with the same unique number or combination of alpha characters and numbers as the stamp, plus an electronically identifiable bar code equivalent of the identification number. These labels are attached to a punchboard or pull tab series flare by the manufacturer of the punchboard or pull tab at the same time the identification and inspection services stamp is attached. These labels may only be removed and used as record entries as prescribed by other rules of this section.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (8), (11) and (14). 88-13-060 (Order 179), § 230-02-290, filed 6/14/88.]

WAC 230-02-300 Substantial interest defined. The following shall constitute possession of a substantial interest in an organization, association or business:

(1) When, with respect to a sole proprietorship, an individual, or his marital community, owns, operates,
manages or conducts, directly or indirectly, the organization, association or business, or any part thereof; or

(2) When, with respect to a partnership, the individual or his marital community, shares in any of the profits, or potential profits, of the partnership activities; or

(3) When, with respect to a corporation, an individual or his spouse, is an officer, or director, or the individual or his marital community is a holder, directly or beneficially, of ten percent or more of any class of stock of the corporation; or

(4) When, with respect to an organization not covered in (1), (2) or (3) above, an individual or his spouse, is an officer or manages the business affairs, or the individual or his marital community is owner of or otherwise controls ten percent or more of the assets of the organization; or

(5) When, an individual, or his marital community, furnishes ten percent or more of the capital, whether in cash, goods or services, for the operation of any business, association or organization during any calendar year.

[Order 23, § 230-02-300, filed 9/23/74; Order 12, § 230-02-300, filed 2/14/74; Order 5, § 230-02-300, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-310 Bona fide newspaper or magazine defined. A newspaper or magazine shall be "bona fide" only if:

(1) To conduct, or participate in conducting, the contest or drawing of which the coupon or entry blank is a part is not a primary purpose underlying the publication; and

(2) The price of the publication is consistent with the price of similar publications sold in the state which contain no such coupons or entry blanks; and

(3) The publication has been published regularly and continuously for a period of at least three months prior to any such coupon or entry blank appearing therein; and

(4) At least three regularly scheduled issues have been published prior to any such coupon or entry blank appearing therein.

[Order 42, § 230-02-310, filed 9/18/75; Order 14, § 230-02-310, filed 3/27/74.]

WAC 230-02-350 Commercial stimulant defined. "Commercial stimulant" means all licensed gambling activities, when operated by an established food and/or drink business with the primary purpose of increasing the volume of food and/or drink sales for "on premise" consumption. For purposes of chapter 9.46 RCW and these rules, gambling activities shall qualify as a commercial stimulant only when the combined "adjusted net gambling receipts" from pull tabs, punchboards, and public card rooms are less than the total "gross" sales from the food and/or drink business.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 86-19-056 (Order 161), § 230-02-350, filed 9/15/86, effective 1/1/87.]

WAC 230-02-360 Licensed premises defined. "Licensed premises" means the physical building and property, upon which the licensed gambling activity occurs, as set out and approved on the license application: Provided, That where only a portion of a building is leased, only that portion set out in the lease document on file with the commission, shall be considered the licensed premises: Provided further, That when owners or holders of a substantial interest, of a food and/or drink business, licensed to conduct gambling activities, also operate additional and separate businesses in the same building or on the same property, only the gross sales from the licensed food and/or drink business, as set out and approved on the license application, shall be included for commercial stimulant purposes.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 86-19-056 (Order 161), § 230-02-360, filed 9/15/86, effective 1/1/87.]

WAC 230-02-370 Food and/or drink business defined. "Food and/or drink business" means any business which is primarily engaged in the sale of food and/or drink items, to persons other than owners, employees, or substantial interest holders, for consumption on the licensed premises: Provided, That for purposes of chapter 9.46 RCW and these rules, a business is determined to be primarily a "food and/or drink business" when the total gross sales of food and/or drink, for on premises consumption, is equal to or greater than all other combined nongambling gross sales, rentals, or other income producing activities which occur on the licensed premises: Provided further, That food and drink items furnished to employees, without their actually paying for it, shall be treated as sales only if:

(1) Detailed records are maintained;

(2) The sale is recorded at estimated cost or menu price, but not more than five dollars per meal; and

(3) No more than one meal per employee is recorded during any four hour work shift.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 86-19-056 (Order 161), § 230-02-370, filed 9/15/86, effective 1/1/87.]

WAC 230-02-380 Established business defined. "Established business" means any business which has applied for and received all licenses or permits required by any state or local jurisdictions and has been open to the public for a period of not less than ninety days: Provided, That the commission may grant "established" status to a business that:

(1) Has completed all construction and is ready to conduct business;

(2) Has obtained all required licenses and permits;

(3) Provides the commission a planned operating schedule which includes estimated gross sales; and

(4) Passes an inspection by the commission.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 86-19-056 (Order 161), § 230-02-380, filed 9/15/86, effective 1/1/87.]

WAC 230-02-400 Card game. A card game for the purposes of these rules, is a social card game as defined by RCW 9.46.0281 and authorized under RCW 9.46.0325, played by consenting adults wherein wagers are made and collected by the participants based upon the outcome of the game.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070, 9.46.0281 and 9.46.0325. 93-17-098 (Order 243), § 230-02-400, filed 8/17/93, effective 1/1/94; Order 78, § 230-02-400, filed 11/17/87; Order 23, § 230-02-400, filed 9/23/74.]
WAC 230-02-405 Specific authorized card games. These games include, and are limited to, each card game authorized by the commission under WAC 230-40-010 when played as permitted by that rule.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070(10). 81-09-055 (Order 106), § 230-02-405, filed 4/17/81; Order 29, § 230-02-405, filed 1/23/75.]

WAC 230-02-410 Public card room. A public card room is that area of the premises of a profit seeking retail business which has been specifically set aside or designated by the licensee and approved by the commission for the playing of cards by members of the public as a commercial stimulant to that business in accordance with state law and the rules of the commission.

[Order 23, § 230-02-410, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-02-415 Public card room employee defined. A "public card room employee" is any person who is employed by a public card room operator, for compensation or otherwise, to work in, or in direct connection with, a public card room whose duties or responsibilities include any of the following:

1. Floor person,
2. Time collector,
3. Chip seller,
4. Dealer or mucker,
5. Cashier,
6. Pit boss,
7. Card room manager,
8. Supervision of any person working in, or in connection with, the card room.

(9) The prevention or discovery of cheating by persons playing in the card room or of improper activities by employees working in the card room.

(10) To encourage the organization and/or beginning of a card game.

This definition does not include bartenders, waitresses and persons with similar duties who are limited to the serving of food or drink in the card room.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070(16). 78-06-066 (Order 85), § 230-02-415, filed 5/25/78.]

WAC 230-02-418 Bingo manager defined. A "bingo manager" is any person assigned the responsibility to conduct and/or oversee the conduct of bingo games by the governing board or elected officers of a charitable/nonprofit organization. This definition includes all persons directly or indirectly compensated to advise the board and/or officers regarding specific aspects of operating a bingo game, whether as a consultant or any other short-term contract basis: Provided, That organizations currently licensed to operate bingo games, or their members or employees, may provide nonspecific advice to any other charitable/nonprofit organization, without being deemed a bingo manager, if they are not directly or indirectly compensated for such advice. This section is not intended to restrict actions regarding the operation of a bingo game that are initiated by the board and/or officers, if such actions are implemented through a bingo manager appointed by the board and/or officers.

(1) The duties and responsibilities of a bingo manager include but are not limited to the following:

(a) Personnel actions regarding workers in the activity including hiring, firing, training, evaluating, scheduling work periods, and/or setting salaries;
(b) Scheduling the gambling activity including determining the time and days of operation;
(c) Setting the scope of the gambling activity by determining:
   (i) The number of games to be played;
   (ii) The type of games to be played;
   (iii) The cost for each player to participate; and
   (iv) The type and amount of prizes to be awarded;
(d) Setting the scope of marketing activities related to the gambling activity by determining:
   (i) Type and scope of promotional activities; and
   (ii) The media, content, timing, and target market area of advertising;
(e) Supervising the operation of the bingo game including all auxiliary activities by ensuring that:
   (i) The public is protected from fraud;
   (ii) Persons participating in the activity are reasonably protected from physical harm and civil disorder;
   (iii) All provisions of Title 230 WAC and chapter 9.46 RCW are followed;
(f) All records are completed and correct; and
(g) All monies derived from the gambling and auxiliary activities are safeguarded until transferred to a guardian designated by the board and/or officers or directly deposited in the organization's bank account.

(2) An organization may appoint more than one person whose responsibilities include those of a bingo manager as defined above. When an organization has more than one bingo manager, the manager assigned the highest level of authority shall be designated as the "primary bingo manager" and all others as "assistant bingo managers." The primary bingo manager must be designated on the application for a bingo license.

(3) All bingo managers shall be knowledgeable of all provisions of Title 230 WAC and chapter 9.46 RCW that relate to the operation of bingo games and auxiliary activities.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (7), (17), (8) and (9). 91-13-070 (Order 223), § 230-02-418, filed 6/17/91, effective 7/18/91. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070(17). 81-21-032 (Order 113), § 230-02-418, filed 10/15/81.]

WAC 230-02-420 Social card room. A social card room is that area of the premises of a profit seeking charitable or nonprofit organization which has been specifically set aside or designated by the licensee and approved by the commission for the playing of cards by bona fide members of that organization and their guests only, in accordance with state law and the rules of the commission.

[Order 23, § 230-02-420, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-02-430 Guest. The term guest shall include only those persons not a member of a bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization, who are allowed to use the facilities of the organization to play card games, only when accompanied by the regular member of the organization sponsoring the guest and for a fee not to exceed the maximum fee for the playing of cards as set by the commiss-
providing equipment or components to the player(s) such as

If a person is charged, directly or indirectly, more than the maximum fee set by the commission to enter the facility and play cards, he is not a guest for the purpose of these rules.

[Order 23, § 230-02-430, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-02-440 Calendar day defined. "Calendar day" means a twenty-four hour period commencing at 12:01 a.m. and ending at 12 o'clock midnight.

[Order 78, § 230-02-440, filed 11/17/77.]

WAC 230-02-450 Three consecutive days defined. "Three consecutive days" shall include any period of up to seventy-two consecutive hours.

[Order 78, § 230-02-450, filed 11/17/77.]

WAC 230-02-500 Drawing defined. A drawing is defined as an approved random selection process for determining winners in a raffle. To be random, each ticket in the drawing must have an equal chance of selection.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (11), (14) and 9.46.0218 [9.46.0281]. 89-05-024 (Order 186), § 230-02-500, filed 2/13/89.]

WAC 230-02-505 Recreational gaming activity—Defined. A recreational gaming activity is a nongambling activity utilizing gambling devices authorized for use in fund raising events, conducted no more than two times per year, by or on behalf of an organization that has been in existence for at least six months. Only members and guests of the sponsoring organization may participate and such activity shall be subject to the requirements of WAC 230-25-330.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 91-15-040 (Order 224), § 230-02-505, filed 7/17/91, effective 8/17/91.]

WAC 230-02-510 Amusement device defined. An amusement device is any mechanical, electro-mechanical, or electronic device through which the operation results in a game or contest which:

1) Is played only for entertainment;
2) Allows the player to actively participate;
3) The outcome of the game or contest depends in a material degree upon the skill of the player; and
4) The outcome is not in control of any person other than the player or players.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 and 9.46.0331. 91-19-093 (Order 227), § 230-02-510, filed 9/18/91, effective 10/19/91.]

WAC 230-02-511 Attended amusement game defined. Any amusement game conducted in a manner which requires the presence or assistance of any natural person, as an attendant, in the regular operation of such game, shall be considered an attended amusement game. Regular operation shall include, but not be limited to: The collection of a valuable consideration from the player(s), providing equipment or components to the player(s) such as to allow participation in the game, and the delivery of merchandise prizes to any player who successfully achieves the state goal of the game. Regular operation shall not include any material assistance in the play of the game or any participation in the game by the attendant. Any such game shall be conducted in accordance with all other rules of the gambling commission and provisions of chapter 9.46 RCW.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 94-01-036, § 230-02-511, filed 12/6/93, effective 1/6/94.]

WAC 230-02-512 Commercial amusement game operator defined. A commercial amusement game operator is any person or organization, other than a charitable or nonprofit organization, that receives revenue from the operation, rental, or lease, or otherwise shares in the proceeds of approved amusement games.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 91-21-053 (Order 228), § 230-02-512, filed 10/15/91, effective 11/15/91.]

WAC 230-02-514 Coin or token activated amusement games defined. Any amusement game consisting of a mechanical, electronic, or electro-mechanical machine or device which allows the player to activate the game by means of inserting one or more coins or tokens, and which dispenses a merchandise prize - or coupons, tickets or tokens which are redeemable for a merchandise prize - upon successfully achieving the stated goal of the game, shall be considered a coin or token activated amusement game. Any such game shall be conducted in accordance with all other rules of the gambling commission and provisions of chapter 9.46 RCW.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 94-01-036, § 230-02-514, filed 12/6/93, effective 1/6/94.]

WAC 230-02-515 School hours defined. School hours are defined as 8:00 a.m. through 3:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, using the operating schedule of the public school district in which the activity is located. Provided, That upon written permission of the commission director, school hours may be adjusted to allow participants in school sponsored activities to utilize amusement games at licensed locations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 and 9.46.0331. 91-19-093 (Order 227), § 230-02-515, filed 9/18/91, effective 10/19/91.]

WAC 230-02-520 School-aged minors defined. School-aged minors are defined as persons who have not reached an age of 18 years.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 and 9.46.0331. 91-19-093 (Order 227), § 230-02-520, filed 9/18/91, effective 10/19/91.]

Chapter 230-04 WAC LICENSING

WAC 230-04-005 Gambling license certification program.
WAC 230-04-010 Certification procedure—Application forms.
WAC 230-04-020 Certification procedure—General requirements—Mandatory training required.

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Licensing

Chapter 230-04

230-04-022 Certification procedure—Information required from all applicants.

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230-04-280 Notification to law enforcement.

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230-04-300 One annual change of premises allowed for bingo.

230-04-310 Change of name.

230-04-315 Change of schedule.

230-04-320 Change of location.

230-04-325 Cancellation, change of time, date, or location of fund raising event.

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230-04-340 Transfer of licenses—Conditions.

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230-04-450 Display of licenses.

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DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

Qualified bona fide charitable and nonprofit organization qualifications. [Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (1), (7), (11), (14), and (17).] Repealed by 89-24-003 (Order 200), filed 11/27/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070(1), 82-04-009 (Order 117), § 230-04-050, filed 1/22/82; Order 42, § 230-04-050, filed 9/18/75; Order 23, § 230-04-050, filed 9/25/74; Order 5, § 230-04-050, filed 12/19/73.] Repealed by 89-09-047 (Order 190), filed 4/18/89, effective 7/1/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (7), (8), (9), (10), (14), (19) and (20).

Chapter 230-04
Title 230 WAC: Gambling Commission

WAC 230-04-005 Gambling license certification program. The gambling license certification program is an investigative licensing process in which all applicants are assessed and evaluated against the standards and requirements contained in chapter 9.46 RCW. All applicants that meet the qualifications for licensing will be certified by the commission for an initial license and are subject to recertification by the commission on an annual basis.

WAC 230-04-010 Certification procedure—Application forms. Each application for a license from the commission shall be submitted on the license application form approved by the commission. These application forms may be obtained from any office of the commission.

WAC 230-04-020 Certification procedure—General requirements—Mandatory training required. Applicants for license from the commission shall submit all applications, including the proper fee, as established by WAC 230-04-202, 230-04-203 or 230-04-204 to the administrative office of the commission in Lacey. The application process is as follows:

1. The application shall be made using a form provided by the commission. The application form must be completed in every respect, containing all the information and attachments required.
2. The application shall be signed under oath by an individual attesting that the information set forth in the application and any accompanying materials is true, accurate and complete and that they assume full responsibility for the fair and lawful operation of all licensed activities that the applicant conducts. The following person(s) shall sign the application:
(a) The highest ranking officer/official of a charitable, nonprofit or profit seeking corporation;
(b) The principal owner of a sole proprietorship;
(c) All partners of a partnership or general partner of a limited partnership; and
(d) The mayor or the mayor's designated representative if the application is being submitted by or on behalf of an incorporated city or town.
(e) The director may also require the following persons to sign the application:
(i) The chairman of the board of directors or trustees;
(ii) The person in charge of financial records; and/or
(iii) Persons with a substantial interest in the applicant's business or charitable/nonprofit organization.

(3) The commission will consider only those applications that have been fully completed. Failure to respond to written notification of an incomplete application, within twenty days of such notice, shall be cause for administrative closure of the application. The following reasons will cause an application to be incomplete:
(a) Failure to provide all information requested on the application form and/or attachments;
(b) Failure to provide supplemental information requested during the licensing investigation;
(c) Failure to attend mandatory prelicensing training;
(d) Failure to provide fingerprints or samples of handwriting; and
(e) Failure to submit proper fees.

(4) The commission may disclose to the public or discuss at a public meeting all information set forth in the application and all supplemental information submitted, except statements regarding arrests or convictions of any person.

(5) The commission shall not issue a license until it is satisfied that the applicant is completely qualified to operate the activity for which a license is requested. Prior to issuing a license, the commission will:
(a) Conduct a review and investigation of all information available, whether submitted as a part of the application or otherwise obtained, to the degree deemed necessary to attest to the qualification of the applicant and the gambling premises; and
(b) Require all persons who sign the application, as set out in subsection (2) of this section, plus the manager or other designated person(s) responsible for conducting the gambling activity or completing records, to complete a training course as established and provided by the commission: Provided, That mandatory training shall not be required for manufacturers; manufacturers representatives; or applicants or licensees with special circumstances as approved by the director. Mandatory training shall be completed within the following time lines:
(i) New applicants - Within sixty days of application and prior to being granted a license: Provided, That cardroom employees and bingo managers must attend training no later than thirty days after the first day of work;
(ii) Annual recertification - no later than sixty days after the effective date of the license: Provided, That only those person(s), as set out in subsection (2) of this section, which are newly designated to sign the application since the last license application shall be required to attend training if they have not attended within the previous three years; and

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(iii) Changes to managers or other designated persons responsible for conducting gambling activities or completing records - no later than sixty days after the first day of work.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 94-24-056 (Order 262), § 230-04-020, filed 12/5/94, effective 1/5/95. Statutory Authority: RCW 94.067.070. 92-22-058, § 230-04-020, filed 10/29/92 effective 11/29/92. Statutory Authority: Chapter 34.05 RCW. 90-03-064 (Order 203), § 230-04-020, filed 1/18/90, effective 2/18/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 94.067.070 (7), (8), (9), (10), (14), (19) and (20). 88-09-047 (Order 190), § 230-04-020, filed 4/18/89, effective 7/1/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 94.067.070 (1), (2), (3), (4) and (14). 87-21-015 (Order 172), § 230-04-020, filed 10/9/87. Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 87-09-043 and 87-10-017 (Orders 167 and 167A), § 230-04-020, filed 4/14/87 and 4/30/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 94.067.070 (1), (7), (11), (14), and (17). 83-21-073 (Order 137), § 230-04-020, filed 10/18/83; Order 60, § 230-04-020, filed 9/10/76; Order 42, § 230-04-020, filed 9/18/75; Order 12, § 230-04-020, filed 2/14/74; Order 5, § 230-04-020, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-022 Certification procedure—Information required from all applicants. In addition to other information required by the commission, each applicant shall provide the following information on or attached to the application:

(1) Copy of corporate applicants' articles of incorporation and bylaws; or, if not a corporation, a copy of any bylaws and other documents which set out the organizational structure and purposes of the organization;

(2) A copy of a nonprofit or charitable applicant's Internal Revenue Service tax exemption letter if one has been obtained;

(3) Details and copies of all lease or rental arrangements, whether oral or written, between the applicant and the owner of premises upon which the gambling activity will be conducted, if such premises are leased or rented;

(4) Details and copies of any and all franchise agreements or other agreements, whether written or oral, if any, between the applicant and distributors or manufacturers of equipment or between the applicant and any other person where those agreements relate to gambling activities or gambling equipment;

(5) The name, address, date of birth, and Social Security number of each paid employee or agent who will work in the activity for which the license is sought and a schedule of the proposed number of employees, job descriptions, and a proposed pay schedule;

(6) For each person listed below, a completed copy of the commission's form entitled "Personal information form":
(a) Each person who has a substantial interest in the applicant;
(b) Each person who is the chief executive officer, the chairman of a board, and the financial records officer of a corporation and/or bona fide nonprofit charitable organization;

(c) Each person who will serve in a supervisory capacity over those persons in the direct management or direct operation of the activity for which the license is sought;

(7) If any information required on the application, changes or becomes inaccurate in any way, the commission shall be notified prior to issuance of a license. Failure to notify the commission of any changes affecting an application may constitute grounds for suspension or revocation of all licenses.
WAC 230-04-024  Bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations—Minimum qualifications—Restrictions—
Definitions. All applicants for certification to conduct gambling activities as charitable or nonprofit organizations must provide conclusive evidence upon initial application and annually thereafter that they are qualified under the requirements of RCW 9.46.0209 and formed and operated for purposes other than to conduct gambling activities. Each applicant shall comply with all of the following requirements and restrictions:

(1) An organization must be a bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization and have been formed and operated for the following purposes in order to conduct gambling activities:

(a) Any organization duly existing under the provisions of chapters 24.12, 24.20, or 24.28 RCW;
(b) Any organization, whether incorporated or not, which has been formed and operating exclusively for one or more of the purposes set out in WAC 230-02-155 and/or 230-02-161;
(c) Any corporation which has been incorporated under Title 36 U.S.C. and whose principal purposes are to furnish volunteer aid to members of the Armed Forces of the United States and to carry on a system of national and international relief to reduce the suffering caused by pestilence, famine, fire, floods, and other national calamities;
(d) An incorporated city or town in the state of Washington; or
(e) A branch or chapter of a parent organization, when such parent organization is itself eligible for licensure. A branch or chapter must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the commission that it has not been formed and operated for purposes of conducting gambling activities and is in its own right qualified to obtain the license sought. The director may require an affidavit signed by the chief executive officer of the parent organization certifying that the branch or chapter is a bona fide subdivision of the parent organization.

(2) An organization must have been organized and continuously operating for at least twelve months prior to submission of an initial or annual certification application. For purposes of this section, "continuously operating" means that during the immediate twelve months preceding the application, the organization has provided program services which directly relate to its stated purposes or was actively involved in soliciting funds for providing program services from nongambling sources: Provided, That if the organization's sole function during the immediate twelve months preceding the application has been fund raising, it may be deemed to have not been "continuously operating" for purposes of this section;

(3) An organization must have at least fifteen active members as defined by WAC 230-02-183, each with an equal vote in elections of officers or board members who determine the policies of the organization;

(4) An organization must have demonstrated that they have made significant progress toward meeting its stated purposes during the twelve consecutive month period preceding initial application or annual certification. For purposes of this section, "significant progress" means an organization has complied with requirements set out in its bylaws and/or articles of incorporation and has actively engaged in providing program services to the public or members during the entire period under consideration. Such activities will be deemed significant when an organization utilizes a majority of resources it has available, including gambling proceeds, for providing program services. Any organization requesting certification to operate gambling activities in Group II or Group III, as defined in WAC 230-04-040, shall demonstrate it has made 'significant progress' by meeting the requirements of WAC 230-08-255;

(5) An organization must ensure that salaries or wages, if paid, are:

(a) Necessary to economically conduct the activities of the organization; and
(b) Reasonable when compared to the local prevailing wage scale for similar positions: Provided, That for purposes of this section, "similar position" means a type or classification of position that has a predominance of characteristics, duties, and/or responsibilities that closely approximate those of the position being compared and which the scope of duties and responsibilities are at the same approximate level. Organizations that pay salaries or wages, that are not reasonable when compared to similar positions in the general area of employment, shall be deemed as paying salaries and wages that are directly or indirectly based on gambling receipts received.

(6) An organization must take positive steps to ensure the assets of the organization are protected from misuse, dedicated solely to the purposes of the organization, and do not inure to the benefit of private individuals;

(7) An organization must provide in its bylaws or, if incorporated, in its articles of incorporation, a statement that upon dissolution all assets of the organization remaining after satisfaction of all its debts must be distributed to another bona fide nonprofit or charitable organization qualified under RCW 9.46.0209;

(8) An organization shall not accumulate excessive reserves in the form of cash or other assets, not directly related to its organizational purpose(s). Organizations demonstrating excessive reserves may be deemed as being organized primarily for purposes of gambling. For the purposes of this subsection, the following definitions apply:

(a) Organizational purpose(s) - one or more of the lawful purposes contained in RCW 9.46.0209 for which an organization is formed and operated;
(b) Excessive reserves - an amount that is greater than the sum of the licensee's current liabilities (debts due within one year), plus an amount that is not more than total expenditures for program services during the most recently completed fiscal year, plus an amount that is not more than the average net income from combined gambling activities, including any sales activities conducted in conjunction with the gambling activity, such as a snack bar, for a three-month period. This computation shall be based on the most current financial data on file with the commission as required by WAC 230-08-122(2): Provided, That funds reserved with
the director's approval, as authorized by WAC 230-08-255(3), will be excluded from the computation of excessive reserves. Provided further, that funds transferred to an endowment or specifically restricted trust fund will not be treated as reserves for purposes of this section if the following restrictions are observed:

(i) The endowment or specifically dedicated trust fund is either legally irrevocable or restricted in a manner that approval is required by a majority of the membership prior to use or transfer of the principle or corpus;

(ii) The funds are expressly dedicated for funding new programs, capital projects, or to endow program services;

(iii) The funds are saved according to a plan that includes the amount to be reserved, the purpose for which the funds are being reserved, and the estimated time the reserves will be used;

(iv) The plan is approved by the organization's officers or board of directors and the commission; and

(v) The total amount of gambling proceeds that is transferred to endowments or trust funds, in combination, does not exceed two million dollars. Provided, that an organization may petition the director to exceed this limitation. The director may approve the petition as requested, disapprove with written comments, or approve a modified level based on facts presented. The director's decision may be appealed to the commission. Appeal of this decision will be heard at a regular public meeting of the commission under the requirements of WAC 230-50-850. The commission's decision shall be final. Petitions for relief under this section shall include: The reason for the request, including whether the increased reserves are for charitable or nonprofit purposes and planned time-lines for use; the total amount of reserves requested; the impact on programs if the petition is denied; and alternative sources of funding available;

cash - actual cash, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, money market funds, securities, or other liquid assets;

d) Other assets not directly related to the purpose of the organization - any nonliquid, long-term investments or assets which would not be normally associated with providing program services or fund raising activities.

(9) An organization must maintain records to support compliance with the above requirements. Such records shall be completed per WAC 230-08-010, and include details necessary to allow reasonable confirmation of compliance by commission staff. At least the following records shall be maintained:

(a) Official minutes of all membership and board meetings including issues discussed, decisions made, and members in attendance;

(b) A listing of the names of all members. Full names, addresses, telephone numbers, and the dates they became a member must be provided for all "active members";

(c) A copy of the most recently approved articles of incorporation and bylaws; and

(d) All correspondence with the Internal Revenue Service and the secretary of state regarding the organization's status as a nonprofit organization.

(10) Incorporated cities or towns, authorized by subsection (1)(d) of this section, are exempted from the requirements of subsections (5), (6), (7), (8), and (9) of this section.

WAC 230-04-030 Commission may post public notice of license application on premises. The commission may, at its discretion, place, or require to be conspicuously placed, a notice upon each premises upon which a gambling activity is to be conducted under a license for which application has been made. The notice shall advise the public that such license has been requested and that any comments persons wish to make concerning the license application, or the propriety of granting such a license to the applicant(s), or for those premises, may be made to the commission prior to a date certain.

The applicant(s) shall take all reasonable measures to insure that the notice remains posted thereafter until the last day set forth thereon for making comment and shall report to the commission forthwith if said notice has been removed prior to that date.

[Order 9, § 230-04-030, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-035 Certification procedure—Charitable and nonprofit organizations—Classification of purpose. (1) Each organization requesting a license to conduct gambling shall be classified as either a "charitable organization" or a "nonprofit organization." The classification will be based upon an organization's primary purpose as set forth below:

(a) If an organization is classified as a "charitable organization," its primary purpose shall be charitable as defined in WAC 230-02-160.

(b) If an organization is classified as a "nonprofit organization," it will be assigned one or more of the purposes set forth in WAC 230-02-161 as its primary purpose(s).

For the purposes of this classification, the term primary purpose shall mean the lawful purpose to which a majority of an organization's fiscal year income was spent or dedicated. If an organization did not use a majority of its income for any single purpose, the purpose to which the greatest percentage of its income was devoted shall be an organization's primary purpose.

(2) In determining an organization's primary purpose, the commission staff shall review the organization's declaration of purpose, reported achievements, and expenditures made during the preceding twelve months.

(3) An organization may challenge its assigned purpose, by submitting to the director additional evidence supporting its choice. The director shall then issue a written decision as to the organization's primary purpose. The director's decision may be reviewed by the commission upon written request.

WAC 230-04-040 Certification procedure—Charitable and nonprofit organizations—Additional information required. (1) Any organization requesting a license to conduct bingo in Group I or any organization requesting a
license to conduct nonbingo activities with annual gross gambling receipts of less than $500,000 shall submit the information required in the annual certification report pursuant to WAC 230-08-122(1) as a condition of certification.

(2) Any organization requesting a license or license upgrade to conduct bingo in Group II or III, or to conduct any other gambling activity in excess of $500,000 gross gambling receipts, shall submit the information required in the annual certification report pursuant to WAC 230-08-122 (1), (2), and, if applicable, (3) as a condition of certification.

(3) Any organization not currently licensed to conduct bingo in any class and applying for a class D or above license or applying for a bingo license for any class and planning to pay premises rent exceeding one thousand dollars per month, including all terms, shall submit a pro forma plan of operations, including a market study. The plan shall be detailed enough to allow commission staff the ability to assess the profitability of the planned game and potential for compliance with WAC 230-20-064. The plan shall include at least the following information:

(a) Research procedures and planning assumptions used;
(b) Planned attendance;
(c) Anticipated market area;
(d) Bingo card prices and estimated sales per player;
(e) Bingo prize payouts and game schedules;
(f) Estimated expenses and net income;
(g) Other income generating activities planned in conjunction with the game or premises, including the estimated net income from these activities; and
(h) Other information requested by commission staff.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 93-13-062 (Order 240), § 230-04-040, filed 6/17/93, effective 7/18/93. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (7), (8), (9), (10), (14), (19) and (20). 89-09-047 (Order 190), § 230-04-040, filed 4/18/89, effective 7/1/89.]

WAC 230-04-064 Certification procedure—All licenses—Formal commission approval. (1) Charitable and nonprofit organizations—To ensure that only bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations are granted the privilege of raising funds from authorized gambling activities, the commission shall annually certify the qualifications of each organization requesting a license to conduct such activities. As a part of this process, each organization shall affirmatively demonstrate that progress has been made in meeting its purpose(s) by submitting required information and answering such inquiries as deemed necessary by the commission. The certification process shall be completed as follows:

(a) All organizations requesting certification for a license to conduct bingo in Group I, or to conduct any other gambling activity, shall be reviewed by the commission staff and forwarded to the commission for review and certification.

(b) Any organization requesting certification or an upgrade for a license to conduct bingo in Group II shall be reviewed by the commission staff and a qualification summary shall be prepared and provided to the commission for review and certification. The commission may require additional information, or if warranted, call for a special review pursuant to WAC 230-12-060. In the event additional information or a special review is required, a temporary or conditional license shall be issued pending completion of the review process;

(c) Any organization requesting certification or an upgrade for a license to conduct bingo in Group III shall complete a formal review as a condition of initial certification and annually thereafter: Provided, That an organization shall be exempted from this requirement if a formal review has been completed within the last two years. If exempted, the procedures in subparagraph (b) above shall apply. The formal review shall be at a scheduled open meeting of the commission and, when possible, held in the general area which encompasses the organization’s service area. The review will cover the organization’s most recent annual certification and financial report as required by WAC 230-08-122: Provided, if an organization desires to submit additional information, it must submit that information at least twenty days prior to the date of its scheduled review.

The organization must be represented by at least a majority of its board of directors, its chief executive officer, and the primary bingo manager. Provided, the majority requirement may be waived for good cause shown. Good cause includes economic hardship due to geographic proximity, or other factors outside a board member’s control that would limit the ability to attend. The organization may solicit testimony from clients, local social and welfare providing agencies, other public agencies, and other charitable or nonprofit organizations. The commission may solicit information from the public or any other interested parties and shall notify local law enforcement agencies of the time and location of the review. The formal review will include a thirty minute session for the organization to brief the commission on the progress made during its previous fiscal year in achieving its purposes, including the extent to which bingo income was used for charitable as opposed to nonprofit services and planned uses for any bingo income remaining from the previous fiscal year.

At the conclusion of the formal review, the commission will either formally certify the organization as qualified to be licensed, or require additional information for further review. If warranted, the commission may call for a special review. If the commission requires additional information, or calls for a special review, a temporary or conditional license will be issued pending completion of the review process.

(2) Commercial, individual and all other licensees—After the staff has completed its review of a new application or a request for a recertification, the commission shall certify at a public meeting that each applicant is qualified to be licensed.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (7), (8), (9), (10), (14), (19) and (20). 89-09-047 (Order 190), § 230-04-064, filed 4/18/89, effective 7/1/89.]

WAC 230-04-065 Certification procedure—Bona fide charitable and nonprofit organizations—Lower volume—Simplified application. (1) The director may prepare a simplified license application form for at least the following activities:

(a) Fund raising events (All classes);
(b) Bingo (Classes A, B, and C);
(c) Raffles (Classes A, B, C, and D); and
(d) Amusement games (Classes A, B, C, and D); and
(e) Card games (Classes C and D).
(2) The simplified application form shall follow the same procedure as required by WAC 230-04-020.

(3) At the minimum, the following information and documents shall be submitted with the application:

(a) Copy of a corporate applicant's articles of incorporation and bylaws or, if not incorporated, a copy of any bylaws and other documents which set out the organizational structure and purposes for which a noncorporate organization applicant was formed and operates. If the above documents are not available, an affidavit of the chief officer or responsible person with the organization setting out the purpose for which the organization exists and operates;

(b) A copy of the tax exemption letter from the United States Internal Revenue Service or information as to whether such exemption has been applied for and denied;

(c) The name, address and date of birth of each employee who will participate in the operation of, and of each person who will participate in the management of, the activity for which the license is sought;

(d) The name, address and date of birth of each person who has any interest in the gambling activity for which the license is sought, the building within or premises upon which the activity will occur or the equipment to be used for such gambling activity;

(4) Refer to WAC 230-20-400 for certain other exemptions subsequent to issuance of license(s). These exemptions and those referred to in WAC 230-08-015, do not apply to fund raising events.

WAC 230-04-070 Activities not to be conducted without a license or permit. No activity for which a license or permit from the commission is required under chapter 9.46 RCW or commission rule shall be conducted or performed, or allowed to be conducted, played or performed, on any premises unless the operator of, or person conducting or performing, the activity first obtains the appropriate license or permit from the commission.

WAC 230-04-075 No license required for certain bingo, raffles, and amusement games. Bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organizations organized primarily for purposes other than the conduct of gambling activities, are hereby authorized to conduct the following gambling activities without obtaining a license to do so from the commission:

(1) Raffles when:

(a) Held in accordance with all other requirements of chapter 9.46 RCW, other applicable laws, and rules of the commission; and

(b) Gross revenues from all such raffles held by the organization during the calendar year do not exceed $5,000; and

(c) Tickets to such raffles are sold only to, and winners are determined only from, among, the regular members of the organization conducting the raffle: Provided, that the term members for this purpose shall mean only those persons who have become members prior to the commencement of the raffle and whose qualification for membership was not dependent upon, or in any way related to, the purchase of a ticket, or tickets, for such raffles; and

(2) Bingo, raffles, and amusement games when:

(a) Such activities are held in accordance with all other requirements of chapter 9.46 RCW as now or hereafter amended, other applicable laws, and rules of the commission; and

(b) Said activities are, alone or in any combination, conducted no more than twice each calendar year and over a period of no more than twelve consecutive days each time, notwithstanding the limitations of RCW 9.46.0205 as now or hereafter amended: Provided, That a raffle conducted under this subsection may be conducted for a period longer than twelve days; and

(c) Only bona fide members of that organization, who are not paid for such services, participate in the management or operation of the activities; and

(d) Gross revenue to the organization from all the activities together does not exceed five thousand dollars during any calendar year; and

(e) All revenue therefrom, after deducting the cost of prizes and other expenses of the activity, is devoted solely to the purposes for which the organization qualifies as a bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization; and

(f) The organization gives notice at least five days in advance of the conduct of any of the activities to the local policy agency of the jurisdiction within which the activities are to be conducted of the organization's intent to conduct the activities, the location of the activities, and the date or dates they will be conducted; and

(g) The organization conducting the activities maintains records for a period of one year from the date of the event which accurately show at a minimum the gross revenue from each activity, details of the expenses of conducting the activities, and details of the uses to which the gross revenue therefrom is put.

(3) An organization may exceed the separate limits set forth in (1) and (2) above only if it first obtains a license to conduct the appropriate gambling activity from the commission, with the classification and fee to be computed, including but not limited to, all income from the activity or activities already conducted during that calendar year. The duration of the license issued shall be one year from the date of the first gross receipts received for the particular activity during the calendar year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.0209. 94-07-084 (Order 250), § 230-04-075, filed 3/16/94, effective 4/16/94. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.030 (2), (3) and 9.46.070 (11), (14). 83-19-024 (Order 156), § 230-04-075, filed 9/13/83; Order 23, § 230-04-075, filed 9/23/74.]
WAC 230-04-080 Certain activities to be operated as a commercial stimulant only. Punchboards and pull tabs, or public card rooms, licensed for use as a commercial stimulant shall not be operated other than as a commercial stimulant.

[Order 23, § 230-04-080, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-04-110 Licensing of manufacturers. A license must be obtained from the commission prior to manufacturing, selling, or supplying gambling equipment to any person(s) within this state, or for use within this state. The following definitions and requirements apply to certification and licensing of manufacturers:

1. For purposes of this title, "gambling equipment" includes at least the following devices:
   (a) Punchboards and pull tabs;
   (b) Devices for the dispensing of pull tabs;
   (c) Bingo equipment, as defined by WAC 230-02-250; and
   (d) Any gambling equipment or paraphernalia for use in connection with licensed fund raising events or a recreational gaming activity.

2. The applicant shall include upon the application form supplied by the commission, the following information, as well as all other information and materials required elsewhere in these rules:
   (a) The full name and address of the applicant;
   (b) The full name and address of each location where such devices are manufactured or stored;
   (c) The name, home address, and share of ownership of all owners of the manufacturing business if the business is not a corporation. If the business is a corporation, the name, address, and share of ownership of the officers, the directors, and substantial interest holders;
   (d) A full description of each separate type of gambling equipment or device that an applicant seeks to manufacture or to market in this state;
   (e) The brand name under which each type of gambling device or equipment is sold;
   (f) If the applicant is incorporated under laws other than the laws of Washington state, then the full name and business and home address of the resident agent designated by the applicant pursuant to WAC 230-12-300; and
   (g) A list of all distributors receiving gambling equipment and all businesses or organizations located within the state of Washington in which the applicant has any financial interest and the details of that financial interest. For the purpose of this subsection, the term financial interest shall include all arrangements through which a person directly or indirectly receives any portion of the profits of the licensed manufacturer and indebtedness between the licensee and any other person, other than a regulated financial institution, in excess of five thousand dollars.

3. An applicant must demonstrate the ability to comply with all manufacturing restrictions and quality control requirements. The licensing process shall include an on-site review of the applicant’s manufacturing equipment and process to ensure capability to comply with all regulatory requirements of this title;

4. The following information shall be included as an attachment to the application form:

(a) A list of all affiliated businesses or corporations in which the applicant, officers, directors, or substantial interest holders of the applicant, either directly or indirectly, own or control:
   (i) As a sole proprietor;
   (ii) As a partner;
   (iii) More than fifty percent of the voting stock of a privately held or closed corporation; or
   (iv) At least five percent of the voting stock of a publicly traded corporation.

(b) A list of all licensed businesses or corporations in which the applicant, officers, directors, or substantial interest holders of the applicant have any interest;

(c) A list of all jurisdictions in which the applicant or any of the officers, directors, or substantial interest holders of the applicant have been licensed regarding gambling-related activities at any level during the preceding ten years;

(d) A statement regarding whether the applicant or officers, directors, or substantial interest holders have ever had a license for gambling-related activities denied, revoked, or suspended by any jurisdiction for a period longer than thirty days. All details of such must be provided as a part of the application; and

(e) A statement acknowledging that all records related to the ownership or operation of the business shall be made available for review at the time and place requested by commission staff. In addition to other records requested, the following shall be available:
   (i) Personal financial records of all substantial interest holders;
   (ii) All records related to the scope of activity, including sales of product, purchases of raw materials and parts, and any contracts, franchises, patent agreements, etc., related to sales or purchases; and
   (iii) Records related to any financial or management control of or by customers and suppliers.

5. The applicant shall notify the commission within thirty days of any change in the information submitted on or with the application form; and

6. The applicant shall comply with all applicable laws of the United States and the state of Washington and all applicable rules of this commission.


WAC 230-04-120 Licensing of distributors. Prior to selling, renting, or otherwise supplying gambling equipment, supplies, or related paraphernalia, including service of such, to any person within the state of Washington or for use within the state of Washington, a distributor shall first obtain a license from the commission. The following definitions and requirements apply to certification and licensing of distributors:

1. For purposes of this title, a license is required to sell, rent, or otherwise provide to any person the following items:
(a) Punchboards and pull tabs;
(b) Devices for the dispensing of pull tabs;
(c) Bingo equipment, as defined by WAC 230-02-250; and
(d) Any gambling equipment or paraphernalia for use in connection with licensed fund raising events or a recreational gaming activity.

(2) The applicant shall include upon the application form supplied by the commission, the following information, as well as all other information and materials required elsewhere in these rules:
(a) The full name and address of the applicant;
(b) The business name and address of each location operated by the distributor or where records or inventory will be located;
(c) The name, home address, and share of ownership of all owners of the business if the business is not a corporation. If the business is a corporation, the name, address, and share of ownership of the officers, the directors, and substantial interest holders;
(d) A full description of each separate type of gambling equipment or related supplies that the distributor intends to market in this state or for use in this state;
(e) The brand name under which each type of gambling equipment will be sold;
(f) If the applicant does not maintain a business office within the state or is incorporated in another state or county, then the full name and business and home address of the resident agent designated by the applicant pursuant to WAC 230-12-300; and
(g) A list of all manufacturers of gambling equipment and all businesses or organizations located in the state of Washington in which the applicant has any financial interest and the details of that financial interest. For the purposes of this subsection, the term financial interest shall include all arrangements through which a person directly or indirectly receives any portion of the profits of the licensed distributor and indebtedness between any other person and the applicant, other than a regulated financial institution, in excess of five thousand dollars.

(3) The following information shall be included as an attachment to the application form:
(a) A list of all affiliated businesses or corporations in which the applicant, officers, directors, or substantial interest holders of the applicant, either directly or indirectly, own or control:
(i) As a sole proprietor; or
(ii) As a partner; or
(iii) More than fifty percent of the voting stock of a privately held or closed corporation; or
(iv) At least five percent of the voting stock of a publicly traded corporation.
(b) A list of all licensed businesses or corporations in which the applicant, officers, directors, or substantial interest holders of the applicant have any interest;
(c) A list of all jurisdictions in which the applicant or any of the officers, directors, or substantial interest holders of the applicant have been licensed for gambling-related activities at any level during the preceding ten years;
(d) A statement regarding whether the applicant or officers, directors, or substantial interest holders of the applicant have ever had a license for gambling-related activities denied, revoked, or suspended by any jurisdiction for a period longer than thirty days. All details of such must be provided as a part of the application; and
(e) A statement acknowledging that all records related to the ownership or operation of the business shall be made available for review at the time and place requested by commission staff. In addition to other records requested, the following shall be available:
(i) Personal financial records of all substantial interest holders;
(ii) All records related to the scope of activity, including suppliers, customers, and any contracts related to sales or purchases; and
(iii) Records related to any financial or management control of or by customers and suppliers.

(4) The applicant shall notify the commission within thirty days of any change in the information submitted on or with the application form; and

(5) The applicant shall comply with all applicable laws of the United States and the state of Washington and all applicable rules of this commission.

WAC 230-04-124 Licensing of manufacturers and distributors representatives. (1) Prior to selling or supplying to any person gambling equipment or gambling paraphernalia for use in connection with licensed gambling activities, a representative or agent of a licensed manufacturer or distributor shall first obtain a license from the commission.

(2) A sole owner, partner, major officer and/or owner of a substantial interest in a corporation licensed as a manufacturer or distributor shall not be required to be additionally licensed as a representative to engage in the selling or supplying of the manufacturer’s or distributor’s products or services. Office, clerical or warehouse personnel employed by the manufacturer or distributor who have contact with the public and potential customers occasionally and only by telephone or at the manufacturer’s or distributor’s own premises when working under the immediate and direct supervision of the owner, a partner, or major officer of a corporation, shall also be exempt from this licensing requirement. A manager or supervisor who is not a sole owner, partner or a major officer or owner of a substantial interest in a licensed manufacturer or distributor and whose duties and responsibilities include the supervision of selling, supplying and/or the promotion of the manufacturer’s or distributor’s products shall be licensed as required by this rule prior to performing such functions. A manufacturer or distributor shall not allow an unlicensed person to represent them in such transactions and shall take all measures necessary to prevent an unlicensed person from doing so.

(3) On or before the first day he or she actually performs work as a representative, a person shall submit a
complete application for a license to the commission. The application shall not be deemed complete until all questions on the application form and attachments are fully and truthfully answered and the form, with all attachments and the required fee, has been delivered to the commission office during regular business hours (or actually deposited in the United States mail properly addressed to the commission).

(4) The manufacturer or distributor for which the representative will work shall sign the application of each such representative acknowledging that the applicant will be representing them with their full knowledge and consent.

(5) In addition to the above requirements, an applicant applying for a license as a distributor's representative shall:
   (a) Complete a training course provided by the commission within 30 days after the first day worked; and
   (b) Represent only one licensed distributor at a time and shall not represent a manufacturer: Provided, that this rule shall not bar the distributor's representative from representing his own distributor who is also licensed as a manufacturer.


WAC 230-04-125 Distributor's representative license may be reissued when changing distributors. In the event that a licensed distributor's representative ceases to represent the distributor under which a license was granted, the license shall be automatically suspended and shall be returned to the commission: Provided, That a person may apply to have the remaining term of a license represent a different distributor. The fee for this transfer shall be as required by WAC 230-04-204. The distributor which the distributor's representative seeks to represent shall sign the application for transfer acknowledging that the applicant for transfer will be representing the distributor with the distributor's knowledge and consent.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 94-24-056 (Order 262), § 230-04-125, filed 12/5/94, effective 11/5/95. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (5), (7), (8), (9), (11), (14) and (19), 84-13-002 (Order 227), § 230-04-124, filed 6/15/84, Order 14, § 230-04-125, filed 3/27/74, Order 9, § 230-04-125, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-135 Commercial amusement games—License required. Prior to operating, renting, leasing, or otherwise sharing in the proceeds of amusement games operated at any location, commercial amusement game operators shall first obtain a license from the commission. The following requirements apply to commercial amusement game operators:

(1) Class A commercial amusement game licensees may allow a Class B and above licensee to operate amusement games at their business premises.

(2) Class B and above commercial amusement game licensees may locate and operate amusement game at any location authorized by WAC 230-04-138 or rent, lease, or sell amusement devices or amusement game equipment on a time basis to any licensed amusement game operator.

(3) In addition to the requirements for certification as set out in WAC 230-04-020 and all other sections of this title, applicants must provide the following additional information for each operating location:
   (a) All locations:
      (i) A list of all locations and time and dates at which the activity will be operated;
      (ii) When operated at a location not owned, rented, or leased by the applicant, written permission from the person, organization, county, city or town, or an authorized agent thereof, to locate and operate amusement games at that location;
      (iii) A personal information form for all "adult supervisors," as required by WAC 230-20-680(2);
      (iv) A copy of any rental/lease agreement which allows operation of commercial amusement games at any location not owned or otherwise controlled by a licensee. The document must disclose full details of the rental/lease agreement, including any revenue sharing provisions, all costs to be shared, and any restrictions regarding the number of amusement games to be operated; and
      (v) Copies of any contract related to rental, lease, or purchase agreement of amusement game equipment.

(b) Permanent locations. In addition to the information required by (a) of this subsection, all applicants requesting to operate amusement games at locations authorized by WAC 230-04-138 (1)(f), (g), (h), (i), (j), (k), or (l) must provide details necessary to determine qualification of the location for operation of the activity and include the following minimum details:
   (i) Amusement parks, as authorized by WAC 230-04-138 (1)(f): The number of mechanical or aquatic rides, theatrical productions, motion pictures, and slide show presentations available for the public;
   (ii) Regional shopping center, as authorized by WAC 230-04-138 (1)(g): The size of the shopping center, in gross square feet not including parking areas;
   (iii) Taverns and restaurant with cocktail lounges, as authorized by WAC 230-04-138 (1)(h): Washington state liquor control board license number and expiration date, and a statement of whether minors are prohibited from all portions of the premises;
   (iv) Movie theaters, bowling alleys, miniature golf course facilities, skating facilities, and amusement centers, as authorized by WAC 230-04-138 (1)(i): A complete description of the business activities conducted; and if an amusement center, the number of amusement devices and income derived from such devices and all other business activities conducted by the licensee during the last twelve months;
   (v) Family entertainment restaurants, as authorized by WAC 230-04-138 (1)(j): The number of amusement devices, theatrical productions, mechanical rides, motion pictures, and slide show presentation available for customers on a daily basis; and the amount of gross income generated from the entire business and that portion of gross income generated from food service for on-premises consumption; and
   (vi) Grocery stores as authorized by WAC 230-04-138 (1)(k): The type of retail products sold and size of the store premises, in gross square feet not including parking areas.

(c) Limited duration locations. In addition to the information required by (a) of this subsection, all applicants requesting to operate commercial amusement games must receive written permission from the sponsor of any activity.
authorized by WAC 230-04-138 (1)(a), (d), or (e) and submit an itinerary that includes planned operating dates for all locations at which the applicant plans operations during the year. This itinerary must be updated any time the dates of operation change.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 93-19-090 (Order 244), § 230-04-135, filed 9/15/93, effective 10/16/93. Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 91-21-053 (Order 228), § 230-04-135, filed 10/15/91, effective 11/15/91.]

WAC 230-04-138 Commercial amusement games—Authorized locations. (1) Amusement games may only be conducted by commercial amusement game licensees when operated as a part of, and/or upon the site of:

(a) Any agricultural fair as authorized under chapter 15.76 or 36.37 RCW; or

(b) A civic center of a county, city or town; or

(c) A world’s fair or similar exposition which is approved by the Bureau of International Expositions at Paris, France; or

(d) A community-wide civic festival held not more than once annually and sponsored or approved by the city, town, or county in which it is held; or

(e) A commercial exposition organized and sponsored by an organization or association representing the retail sales and service operators conducting business in a shopping center or other commercial area developed and operating for retail sales and service, but only upon a parking lot or similar area located in said shopping center or commercial area for a period of no more than seventeen consecutive days by any licensee during any calendar year; or

(f) An amusement park. An amusement park is a group of activities, at a permanent location, to which people go to be entertained through a combination of various mechanical or aquatic rides, theatrical productions, motion picture and/or slide show presentation with food and drink service. The amusement park must include at least five different mechanical or aquatic rides, three additional activities and the gross receipts must be primarily from these amusement activities; or

(g) Within a regional shopping center. A regional shopping center is a shopping center developed and operated for retail sales and service by retail sales and service operators and consisting of more than six hundred thousand gross square feet not including parking areas. Amusement games conducted as a part of, and upon the site of, a regional shopping center shall not be subject to the prohibition on leases of premises based on a percentage of gambling receipts set forth in RCW 9.46.120; or

(h) Any location that possesses a valid license from the Washington state liquor control board and prohibits minors on their premises; or

(i) Movie theaters, bowling alleys, miniature golf course facilities, skating facilities, and amusement centers. For the purposes of this section an amusement center shall be defined as a permanent location whose primary source of income is from the operation of ten or more amusement devices; or

(j) Any business whose primary activity is to provide food service for on premises consumption and who offers family entertainment which includes at least three of the following activities: Amusement devices; theatrical productions; mechanical rides; motion pictures; and slide show presentations; or

(k) Within a grocery store. A grocery store is any retail store selling a line of dry grocery, canned goods, or nonfood items plus some perishable items consisting of more than twelve thousand gross square feet not including the parking areas; or

(l) Any premise controlled and operated by a bona fide charitable/nonprofit organization that it currently licensed to operate punchboards and pull tabs and/or bingo if the rent or other consideration paid to the charitable/nonprofit organization is equal to or greater than twenty-two percent of the gross gambling receipts of the activity.

(2) No amusement games may be conducted in any location except in conformance with local zoning, fire, health, and similar regulations.

(3) No amusement games may be conducted in any location(s) without first having obtained written permission to do so from the person or organization owning the premises or property where the activity will be operated. If the games are conducted as a part of or in conjunction with any of the activities set out in subsection (1)(a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of this section, written permission must be obtained from the person or organization sponsoring the activity.

(4) All rental agreements relating to use of a premises or site to conduct amusement games must be submitted to the commission as a part of the application.

(5) Any operator licensed to conduct Class B or above amusement games may enter into a contract with the business owner of any of the locations set out in subsection (1)(f), (g), (h), (i), (j), (k), or with charitable/nonprofit organizations set out in subsection (1) of this section to locate and operate amusement games upon their premises if they are licensed to conduct amusement games. All such contracts must be written and specific in terms, setting out the time of the contract, amount of rent or consideration, rent due dates, and all expenses to be borne by each party.


WAC 230-04-140 Licensing of public card room employees. (1) No person shall act as a public card room employee unless he or she has either received a license to do so from the commission or, if:

(a) The commission has not previously revoked a license or denied an application by that person for such a license; and

(b) He or she has properly applied for such license. If there has been such a previous denial or revocation, or if the applicant has been convicted of, or forfeited bond upon a charge of, or pleaded guilty to certain offenses set forth in RCW 9.46.158, that person shall not act as a public card room employee unless he or she has been issued a license by the commission.

(2) On or before the first day he or she actually performs work as a public card room employee, a person shall submit an application for a license to the commission. Such application shall not be deemed complete and properly submitted for the purposes of this rule unless and until all...
questions on the commission’s application form and attachments are fully and truthfully answered and the form, with all attachments, together with the required fee, has been delivered to the commission office during regular business hours (or actually deposited in the United States mail properly addressed to the commission): Provided, That the requirements of this section shall not apply to persons employed in a public card room operating under a Class B or Class D license only. In addition, the applicant must complete a training course as provided by the commission within 30 days after the first day worked.

(3) A sole owner, partner, major officer and/or owner of a substantial interest in a corporation licensed to operate a public card room shall not be required to be additionally licensed as a public card room employee to perform duties in connection with the card room. Except as provided in this section, an operator of a public card room shall not employ any unlicensed person to perform duties for which a license is required in or in connection with a public card room, and shall take all measures necessary to prevent an unlicensed person from doing so.

(4) The operator of a public card room or partner or officer of the entity operating the card room for which the applicant will work shall sign the application of each such public card room employee acknowledging that the applicant will be working for that operator with the operator’s knowledge and consent.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 87-09-043 (Order 167), § 230-04-140, filed 4/14/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (1), (7), (11), (14), and (17). 83-21-073 (Order 137), § 230-04-140, filed 10/18/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070(16), 80-03-059 (Order 98), § 230-04-140, filed 2/25/80; 79-09-029 (Order 91), § 230-04-140, filed 8/14/79; 78-08-055 (Order 86), § 230-04-140, filed 7/20/78, effective 9/1/78; 78-06-066 (Order 85), § 230-04-140, filed 5/25/78, effective 9/1/78.]

WAC 230-04-142 Notification to the commission upon beginning, terminating, or changing employment—Public card room employees. A licensed public card room operator shall notify the commission in writing when a card room employee has begun work in the card room or has terminated employment for any reason.

The notification shall include the full name, sex and birthdate of the employee, and among other things, the date the employee began to work for the card room operator, with an acknowledgement that he or she has done so with the operator’s knowledge and consent, or the date employment terminated. The report shall be made immediately and must reach the commission within the next following business day.

This rule shall not apply to persons operating a public card room under a Class B or Class D license only.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070(7). 79-09-029 (Order 91), § 230-04-142, filed 8/14/79.]

WAC 230-04-145 Licensing of managers of bingo games. (1) No person shall perform the duties of a bingo game manager as defined by WAC 230-02-418 for a Class D and above bingo licensee unless they have:

(a) Received a license to do so from the commission; or

(b) Submitted a completed application to the commission on or before the first day the applicant begins working; Provided, That section (1)(b) above shall not apply if one or more of the following reasons exist:

(i) The applicant’s present or past license has been previously denied, suspended, or revoked by the commission; or

(ii) The applicant is presently involved with pending commission charges or criminal prosecution; or

(iii) The applicant has been convicted of, or forfeited bond upon a charge of, or pleaded guilty to certain offenses set forth in RCW 9.46.158; or

(iv) The applicant has violated, failed, or refused to comply with provisions, requirements, conditions, limitations or duties imposed by chapter 9.46 RCW or any rules of the commission.

(c) Completed a training course as provided by the commission within 30 days after the first day worked.

(2) Each application shall be submitted as specified in WAC 230-04-020, and signed by both the applicant and the highest ranking executive officer of the employing bingo licensee. The duration of the license shall be:

(a) One year from the date of application, if the applicant began working the same day or prior to licensure as authorized by section (1)(b) above; or

(b) One year from the date of issuance, if the applicant waited for licensure as required by section (1)(b)(i-iv) above; or

(c) Upon termination of employment with the organization listed on the license application, for any reason, the license shall expire and the licensee must reapply for licensure.

(3) The fee for this license shall be as required by WAC 230-04-204: Provided, That if an applicant is changing employment from one bingo licensee to another prior to the expiration date as specified in (2)(a) and (b) above, the fee shall be as required for license renewal.


WAC 230-04-147 Notification to the commission upon beginning, terminating or changing responsibilities as bingo game managers. A licensed bingo game operator shall notify the commission in writing when a bingo game manager has begun work in the bingo game operation or has terminated employment and/or responsibilities for any reason.

The notification shall include the full name, sex, and birthdate of the bingo game manager, and among other things, the date the bingo game manager began to work for the bingo game operator, with an acknowledgment that he or she has done so with the operator’s knowledge and consent, or the date employment and/or responsibilities terminated. The report shall be made immediately and must reach the commission’s Olympia office not later than 5 p.m. on the tenth day following the employee’s first day of work or last day of work, as applicable. If the tenth day falls on a Saturday,
Sunday, or state holiday, it shall be due upon the next following business day.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070(14). 81-21-032 (Order 113), § 230-04-147, filed 10/15/81.]

WAC 230-04-151 Supplemental information. In addition to the application form the applicant or licensee shall submit any supplemental information requested by the commission to the commission within thirty days following the date of issuance of the request or within such other time as the commission may direct. Failure to timely submit any of the requested supplemental information to the commission shall be grounds for denial of the license sought, and for revocation of any licenses held.

[Order 12, § 230-04-151, filed 2/14/74.]

WAC 230-04-170 Applicants—Qualifications. Where a married person is an applicant for, or holder of a license, the spouse of such applicant, if the parties are maintaining a marital community, shall be required to have the same qualifications as the applicant.

This rule shall not apply with respect to licenses required for employees of an operator licensed to conduct activities authorized by RCW 9.46.030.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070(13). 78-06-066 (Order 85), § 230-04-170, filed 5/25/78; Order 5, § 230-04-170, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-175 License does not grant vested right. The issuance of any license by the commission shall not be construed as granting a vested right in any of the privileges so conferred.

[Order 25, § 230-04-175, filed 10/23/74; Order 12, § 230-04-175, filed 2/14/74; Order 5, § 230-04-175, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-180 Fingerprinting and background checks. The commission may require as a condition precedent to the issuance of any license or any permit, fingerprinting and background checks on any person seeking a license or for whom a permit is sought, or employees thereof, of any person holding an interest in any gambling activity, building or equipment to be used therefor, or of any person participating as an employee in the operation of any gambling activity. Such fingerprints as are required by the commission may be submitted to the identification division of the federal bureau of investigation and to the Washington state bureau of criminal identification in order that these agencies may search their records for prior arrests and convictions of the individuals fingerprinted.

The applicant, or the person for whom a permit is requested, shall give full cooperation to the commission and shall assist the commission in all aspects of its investigation.

[Order 5, § 230-04-180, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-187 Recreational gaming activity—Permit required. Any organization wanting to conduct a recreational gaming activity must complete the appropriate form and secure a recreational gaming permit from the commission at least fourteen days prior to commencement. The fee for such activity shall be fifty dollars per activity.


WAC 230-04-190 Issuance of license—Expiration—Restrictions. (1) Charitable and nonprofit organizations and agricultural fairs. The commission may issue a license to qualified bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations or to qualified agricultural fairs to operate each of the following activities upon a specified location:

(a) Bingo;
(b) Raffles;
(c) Amusement games;
(d) Punchboards and pull tabs;
(e) Social card games; and
(f) Fund raising events as defined in RCW 9.46.0233: Provided, That any agricultural fair authorized under the provisions of chapter 15.76 or 36.37 RCW is prohibited from conducting fund raising events.

(2) Commercial amusement games. The commission may issue a separate license to any person to operate amusement games at one or more of the locations listed in WAC 230-04-138.

(3) Commercial stimulant card games. The commission may issue a license to any person operating a business primarily engaged in the selling of items of food or drink for consumption on the premises to allow a specified portion of a specified premises to be used by persons to play authorized card games.

(4) Public card room employee. The commission may issue a license to any person to perform duties in a public card room.

(5) Commercial stimulant punchboards and pull tabs. The commission may issue a license to a person operating a business primarily engaged in the selling of items of food or drink for consumption on the premises to operate punchboards and pull tabs upon specified premises.

(6) Manufacturers and distributors of gambling equipment and paraphernalia. The commission may issue a separate or combination license to the following:

(a) Manufacturers of punchboards, pull tabs, devices for the dispensing of pull tabs, bingo equipment, and other gambling equipment, supplies, and paraphernalia; and
(b) Distributors of punchboards, pull tabs, devices for the dispensing of pull tabs, bingo equipment, and any gambling equipment, supplies, or paraphernalia for use in connection with authorized activities.

(7) Representatives of manufacturers or distributors. The commission may issue a separate license to a representative of a manufacturer or distributor to engage in the sale and distribution of gambling equipment and paraphernalia.

(8) Recreational gaming activity permit. The commission may issue a permit to an organization that has been in existence for at least six months to conduct a recreational gaming activity as defined by WAC 230-02-505.

(9) License expiration. Each such license shall be valid for one year from the date that it is issued: Provided, That license expiration dates may be adjusted by commission staff to schedule workload. Organizations licensed for more than one activity may have all expiration dates adjusted to end on the same day. Whenever license expiration dates are adjusted under this provision, the required fee shall be prorated by the commission. The prorated fees shall be
computed on a monthly basis (i.e., one-twelfth of the annual payment per month) and subtracted from the regular annual fee. A prorated fee will be based on the number of whole months remaining upon approval of a license. For purposes of computing fees under this section, any part of a month in which the activity is authorized to be operated shall be deemed to be a whole month. Any difference between the required fee which exceeds twenty dollars, shall be refunded to the applicant. Specific expiration dates are as follows:

(a) Licenses issued to conduct any authorized activity in connection with and upon the site of a qualified agricultural fair, qualified community-wide civic festival, qualified world’s fair, or qualified civic center shall be valid only for the duration of the fair or festival, or, in the case of an activity at a civic center, for the seasons during which the civic center is operating and open to the public. In no event shall such license exceed one calendar year.

(b) A license issued to conduct a raffle in connection with a qualified agricultural fair, qualified community-wide civic festival or qualified world’s fair shall be in effect from the date the license was issued through the conclusion of the fair or festival;

(c) A license issued to conduct a card tournament shall be valid only for the duration of the tournament, but in no event shall exceed ten consecutive days;

(d) A license issued to conduct a fund raising event shall be valid only for the place and time set forth in the application or otherwise approved by the commission. The number of events permitted under the license in any calendar year is subject to the limitations set out in RCW 46.06.0233 defining a fund raising event: Provided, That a fund raising event license shall allow an organization to have possession of gambling equipment authorized for use at a fund raising event for a period of one year beginning on the day of the event and to rent such for up to four occasions per year to other organizations licensed to operate fund raising events;

(e) A license issued to an individual shall be valid for a period of one year from the date of employment or issuance, whichever occurs first: Provided, a bingo game manager license shall expire as set out in WAC 230-04-145.

(10) If any licensee fails to submit a properly completed application and all applicable fees prior to the normal expiration date, the license shall expire and the operation of the applicable activity must immediately cease. When a license expires, a new application must then be submitted and a prelicensing evaluation/investigation to the extent deemed necessary by the director will be completed prior to granting a license: Provided, That if a properly completed renewal application and fees are received at the commission headquarters office within the fourteen-day period following the expiration date, the commission may reinstate the license using normal renewal procedures. Reinstating a license under this provision does not, in any case, grant authority to operate the activity during the period between the normal expiration date and the date of reinstatement.

(11) The commission may allow an applicant renewing an annual license or applying for an additional license to pay the license fee in two payments under the following conditions:

(a) The license fee is at least eight hundred dollars;

(b) The applicant pays an administrative processing fee of twenty-five dollars plus one-half of the annual license fee at the time of application or renewal;

(c) Licenses issued under the two-payment plan shall be issued with an expiration date as determined by subsection (9) of this section and a second-half payment due date. If the second-half payment is received on or before the due date, the license will remain in effect until the expiration date. If the licensee fails to submit the second-half payment prior to the due date, the license shall expire and all operations of the activity must stop; and

(d) Gross gambling receipts during the first-half payment period must not exceed fifty percent of the authorized class limitation for annual gross gambling receipts. Licensees whose gross gambling receipts exceed fifty percent of the authorized level shall be required to upgrade to the appropriate license class as required by WAC 230-04-260 and pay the full upgrade fee, plus twenty-five dollars.

(12) Conditions of license issuance. All activities so licensed are licensed subject to compliance with all of the applicable provisions of chapter 9.46 RCW, including any amendments thereto, all applicable rules and regulations passed by the commission, all other applicable laws of the United States, the state of Washington and all political subdivisions of the state of Washington which include but are not limited to the following:

(a) Business licenses or permits;

(b) Health certificates;

(c) Fire inspections;

(d) Use and occupancy permit; and

(e) Liquor license or permit.

WAC 230-04-191 Permits required for persons conducting bingo at agricultural fairs. Before bingo is conducted at an agricultural fair, by a person or persons other than members of the licensee, or employees or volunteers working solely for the licensee, the licensee shall obtain, in addition to its own license, the approval of the commission of, and a permit from the commission for, each such person to operate said games.

Permits shall be applied for by the licensee by fully completing and returning to the commission its application form entitled "application for permit to conduct activity at agricultural fair," together with the fee required for each permit. The licensee is responsible for the operation of each permit.
activity conducted under the authority of its license and any violation by any one of the operators of the licensed activities within the fair or any of the provisions of chapter 9.46 RCW, or any amendments thereto, or of the rules of this commission, shall be grounds for the suspension or revocation of both the license and any permits issued thereunder.

No activity for which a license is required shall be conducted other than by the licensee, its members or employees or volunteers working solely for the licensee without the required permit having been first obtained and being prominently displayed as required elsewhere in these rules.

Permits issued by the commission under this rule shall be for the duration of the fair but in no event shall exceed one calendar year.


WAC 230-04-192 Person to hold one bingo license and one amusement game license at a time. No licensee shall hold more than one license to conduct bingo, nor more than one license to conduct amusement games. Each such license shall authorize the conduct of the activity only upon the premises shown on the license.

[Order 9, § 230-04-192, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-193 Persons may obtain an annual permit to conduct bingo at agricultural fairs only. (1) An operator of bingo games may apply to the commission for a permit approving that operator to conduct bingo games at licensed agricultural fairs only. Such a permit shall be valid only when such games are conducted under an agreement with a fair holding a bingo license from the commission.

(2) It shall not be necessary for a licensed fair to obtain a permit on behalf of an operator under WAC 230-04-191 when the operator possesses a permit including the applicable event and location which has been obtained under this rule. However, the management of each agricultural fair licensee shall not be relieved from full and concurrent responsibility for the fair and lawful operation of bingo conducted under the authority of its license and any violation by any one of the permittees of any of the provisions of chapter 9.46 RCW, or any amendments thereto, or of the rules of the commission, shall be grounds for the suspension or revocation of the license.

(3) Applications for these annual permits shall be submitted by the operator upon the application forms provided by the commission, and accompanied by the required fee. All information required by the commission or its staff shall be submitted in accordance with the procedures and subject to the same conditions as an application for a license under these rules. A change in the information furnished to the commission shall be made known to the commission in writing by the owner or chief executive officer of the operator within ten days of the change.

(4) Persons holding these permits who have contracted with a licensee to operate bingo shall notify, in writing, the county sheriff of each county, or the chief of police of each city, in which he will operate these games, of the times and locations at which they will be operated not later than ten days prior to operating any such games in that jurisdiction.

The employment records of the permittee shall be made available to such local law enforcement officers upon demand.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (5), (7), (8), (9), (11), (14) and (19), 84-13-038 (Order 140), § 230-04-193, filed 6/15/84; Order 53, § 230-04-193, filed 5/25/76; Order 23, § 230-04-193, filed 9/23/74; Order 15, § 230-04-193, filed 4/17/74.]

WAC 230-04-194 Denial or revocation of annual operator permit for special locations—Grounds and effect. Permits granting approval obtained under WAC 230-04-191 or 230-04-193 may be denied or revoked by the commission for the same reasons as set forth under WAC 230-04-400. However, denial or revocation of such an annual permit shall not bar an application being submitted to the commission by a licensee on behalf of that operator for the commission’s approval of, and permit for, the operator to conduct bingo at a particular event under WAC 230-04-191. The commission will again consider its reasons for denying or revoking the annual permit at the time it considers a subsequent application on behalf of that operator to conduct bingo games at a particular agricultural fair or other location.


WAC 230-04-196 The commission may issue Class A or B bingo operator’s licenses authorizing the conduct of the games at up to three separate locations. The commission may issue Class A and B licenses to operate bingo games at up to three specific separate locations to a qualified organization.

[Order 35, § 230-04-196, filed 3/14/75.]

WAC 230-04-202 Fees—Bona fide charitable/nonprofit organizations. Bona fide charitable and nonprofit organizations shall submit the following fees to the commission when applying for gambling licenses, permits, miscellaneous changes, inspection services, or when assessed the cost of special investigation procedures by the commission:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LICENSE TYPE</th>
<th>DEFINITION</th>
<th>FEE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. AMUSEMENT GAMES</td>
<td>(Fee based on annual gross gambling receipts)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>* Class A</td>
<td>Premises only</td>
<td>$ 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class B</td>
<td>Up to $10,000</td>
<td>$ 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class C</td>
<td>Up to $25,000</td>
<td>$265</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class D</td>
<td>Up to $50,000</td>
<td>$425</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class E</td>
<td>over $50,000</td>
<td>$740</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>* Allows a charitable or nonprofit organization to enter into a contract with Class &quot;B&quot; or above commercial amusement game licensees to locate and operate amusement games on their premises.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LICENSE TYPE</th>
<th>DEFINITION</th>
<th>FEE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2. BINGO GROUP</td>
<td>(Fee based on annual gross gambling receipts)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Class A</td>
<td>Up to $15,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class B</td>
<td>Up to $50,000</td>
<td>$ 155</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class C</td>
<td>Up to $100,000</td>
<td>$ 315</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class D</td>
<td>Up to $300,000</td>
<td>$ 850</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. CARD GAMES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CLASS</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>FEES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>General (Fee to play charged)</td>
<td>$530</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Limited card games - hearts, rummy, mah-jongg, pitch, pinochle, and cribbage (Fee to play charged)</td>
<td>$155</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Tournament only - no more than ten consecutive days per tournament</td>
<td>$50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>General (No fee to pay charged)</td>
<td>$50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FUND-RAISING EVENT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CLASS</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>FEES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>One event - not more than 24 consecutive hours</td>
<td>$315</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>One event - not more than 72 consecutive hours</td>
<td>$350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Additional participant in joint event (not lead organization)</td>
<td>$155</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Fund-Raising Event Equipment Distributor - rents or leases, equipment for fund-raising event or recreational gaming activity for no more than ten times per year*</td>
<td>$530</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Fund-Raising Event Equipment Distributor - rents or leases equipment for fund-raising event or recreational gaming activity more than ten times per year.</td>
<td>$530</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Charitable and nonprofit organizations licensed to conduct fund-raising events may rent their equipment up to four occasions during the term of the license without getting licensed as a distributor.

5. PUNCHBOARDS/PULL TABS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CLASS</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>VARIANCE*</th>
<th>FEES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Up to $50,000</td>
<td>$5,000</td>
<td>$505</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Up to $100,000</td>
<td>$5,000</td>
<td>$900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Up to $200,000</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
<td>$1,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Up to $300,000</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
<td>$2,470</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Up to $400,000</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
<td>$3,190</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Up to $500,000</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
<td>$3,850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>Up to $600,000</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
<td>$4,640</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>Up to $700,000</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
<td>$5,020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Up to $800,000</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
<td>$5,530</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J</td>
<td>Up to $1,000,000</td>
<td>$20,000</td>
<td>$6,270</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>Up to $1,250,000</td>
<td>$25,000</td>
<td>$6,960</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L</td>
<td>Up to $1,500,000</td>
<td>$25,000</td>
<td>$7,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M</td>
<td>Up to $1,750,000</td>
<td>$25,000</td>
<td>$8,130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N</td>
<td>Up to $2,000,000</td>
<td>$25,000</td>
<td>$8,610</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O</td>
<td>Over $2,000,000</td>
<td>Nonapplicable</td>
<td>$9,460</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* A licensee will be allowed a one-time variance for each license class without having to upgrade or pay the penalties set forth in WAC 230-04-260. Provided, that a licensee utilizing the variance shall be required to upgrade to the higher license class upon renewal.

6. RAFFLES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CLASS</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>FEES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Up to $5,000</td>
<td>$50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Up to $10,000</td>
<td>$155</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Up to $25,000</td>
<td>$315</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Up to $50,000</td>
<td>$530</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Up to $75,000</td>
<td>$850</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7. SEPARATE PREMISES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BINGO</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>FEES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Per occasion (see WAC 230-04-300)</td>
<td>$25</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8. PERMITS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LICENSE TYPE</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>FEES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AGRICULTURAL FAIR-BINGO</td>
<td>(See WAC 230-04-191)</td>
<td>$25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RECREATIONAL GAMING ACTIVITY (RGA)</td>
<td>(See WAC 230-25-330 and 230-02-505)</td>
<td>$50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. CHANGES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>FEES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LOCATION</td>
<td>(See WAC 230-04-310)</td>
<td>$25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PER</td>
<td>(See WAC 230-04-320)</td>
<td>$25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LICENSE CLASS</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>FEES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DUPLICATE LICENSE</td>
<td>(See WAC 230-04-290)</td>
<td>$25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. SPECIAL FEES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INVESTIGATION</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>FEES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>REPLACEMENT IDENTIFICATION STAMPS</td>
<td>(See WAC 230-04-240)</td>
<td>As required</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| EXCEEDING LICENSE CLASS REVIEW, INSPECTION AND/OR EVALUATION OF EQUIPMENT, PARAPHERNALIA, SERVICES, OR SCHEMES | (See WAC 230-08-017) | As required |

11. SIX-MONTH PAYMENT PLAN

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>FEES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 95-02-003 and 94-23-093 (Order 260), § 230-04-202, filed 12/22/94 and 11/17/94, effective 1/22/95 and 1/1/95.]

WAC 230-04-203 Fees—Commercial stimulant and other business organizations. All persons seeking to operate gambling activities at business locations shall submit the following fees to the commission when applying for gambling licenses, permits, miscellaneous changes, inspection services, or when assessed the cost of special investigation procedures by the commission:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LICENSE TYPE</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>FEES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

1. CARD GAMES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CLASS</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>FEES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Limited card games - hearts, rummy, pitch, pinochle, mah-jongg, and/or cribbage (Fee to play charged)</td>
<td>$155</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Tournament only, no more than ten consecutive days per tournament</td>
<td>$155</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>General (No fee to pay charged)</td>
<td>$50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-1</td>
<td>One table only</td>
<td>$370</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-2</td>
<td>Up to two tables</td>
<td>$635</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-3</td>
<td>Up to three tables</td>
<td>$1,060</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-4</td>
<td>Up to four tables</td>
<td>$2,120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-5</td>
<td>Up to five tables</td>
<td>$3,190</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. **Class A**

(a) Class A

Premises only **$265/$115**

Class B

Up to $ 50,000 $ 370

Class C

Up to $ 100,000 $ 950

Class D

Up to $ 250,000 $ 2,120

Class E

Up to $ 500,000 $ 3,720

Class F

Up to $1,000,000 $ 6,380

Class G

Over $1,000,000 $ 7,980

* Allows a business that is qualified under WAC 230-04-138 (1)(f), (g), (h), (i), or (j) to enter into a contract with a class “B” or above commercial amusement game licensee to locate and operate amusement games upon their premises.

** Provides for a fee reduction of $150 when: Renewing an annual license; applying for an additional license(s) at the same premises; and/or applying for multiple licenses at the same premises.

### 3. PUNCHBOARDS/PULL TABS

(Fee based on annual gross gambling receipts)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Variance</th>
<th>Class A</th>
<th>Class B</th>
<th>Class C</th>
<th>Class D</th>
<th>Class E</th>
<th>Class F</th>
<th>Class G</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Up to $50,000</td>
<td>Up to $100,000</td>
<td>Up to $200,000</td>
<td>Up to $300,000</td>
<td>Up to $400,000</td>
<td>Up to $500,000</td>
<td>Up to $600,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>V</strong></td>
<td><strong>A</strong></td>
<td>$ 5,000</td>
<td>$ 5,000</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>R</strong></td>
<td><strong>A</strong></td>
<td>$ 500</td>
<td>$ 900</td>
<td>$1,700</td>
<td>$2,470</td>
<td>$3,190</td>
<td>$3,850</td>
<td>$4,460</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>I</strong></td>
<td><strong>F</strong></td>
<td>$ 5,000</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
<td>$20,000</td>
<td>$25,000</td>
<td>$30,000</td>
<td>$35,000</td>
<td>$40,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>N</strong></td>
<td><strong>F</strong></td>
<td>$ 5,000</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
<td>$20,000</td>
<td>$25,000</td>
<td>$30,000</td>
<td>$35,000</td>
<td>$40,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>K</strong></td>
<td><strong>F</strong></td>
<td>$ 5,000</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
<td>$20,000</td>
<td>$25,000</td>
<td>$30,000</td>
<td>$35,000</td>
<td>$40,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>L</strong></td>
<td><strong>F</strong></td>
<td>$ 5,000</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
<td>$20,000</td>
<td>$25,000</td>
<td>$30,000</td>
<td>$35,000</td>
<td>$40,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>M</strong></td>
<td><strong>F</strong></td>
<td>$ 5,000</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
<td>$20,000</td>
<td>$25,000</td>
<td>$30,000</td>
<td>$35,000</td>
<td>$40,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>N</strong></td>
<td><strong>F</strong></td>
<td>$ 5,000</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
<td>$20,000</td>
<td>$25,000</td>
<td>$30,000</td>
<td>$35,000</td>
<td>$40,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>O</strong></td>
<td><strong>F</strong></td>
<td>$ 5,000</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
<td>$20,000</td>
<td>$25,000</td>
<td>$30,000</td>
<td>$35,000</td>
<td>$40,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* A licensee will be allowed a one-time variance for each license class without having to upgrade or pay the penalties set forth in WAC 230-04-260. **Provided,** That a licensee utilizing the variance shall be required to upgrade to the higher license class upon renewal.

### 4. DISTRIBUTOR

(Fee based on annual gross sales of gambling related supplies and equipment)

(a) Class A

Nonpunchboard/pull tab only $ 550

Class B

Up to $ 250,000 $ 1,060

Class C

Up to $ 500,000 $ 1,590

Class D

Up to $1,000,000 $ 2,120

Class E

Up to $2,500,000 $ 2,760

Class F

Over $2,500,000 $ 3,400

(b) **FUND-RAISING EVENT EQUIPMENT DISTRIBUTOR**

Class A

Rents or leases equipment for fund-raising event or recreational gaming activity up to 10 times per year.

Rents or leases equipment for fund-raising event or recreational gaming activity more than 10 times per year.

### 5. MANUFACTURER

(Fee based on annual gross sales of gambling related supplies and equipment)

Class A

Machines only $ 530

Class B

Up to $ 250,000 $ 1,060

In addition to the annual fee, the commission will assess all applicants the actual costs incurred in conducting the investigation and inspection necessary for initial certification, quality control inspection for additional activities or product lines, and renewal of licenses when travel cost is incurred to complete the investigation.

### 6. PERMITS

**AGRICULTURAL FAIR/SPECIAL PROPERTY/BINGO**

Class A

One location and event only

(See WAC 230-04-191) $ 25

Class B

Annual permit for specified different events and locations

(See WAC 230-04-193) $155

**RECREATIONAL GAMING ACTIVITY (RGA)**

(See WAC 230-02-505 and 230-25-330) $ 50

### 7. CHANGES

**NAME**

(See WAC 230-04-310) $25

**LOCATION**

(See WAC 230-04-320) $25

**BUSINESS**

(Same owners) $50

**CLASSIFICATION**

(See WAC 230-04-340) $25

**LICENSE CLASS**

New class fee, less previous fee paid, plus

(See WAC 230-04-390) $25

**DUPLICATE LICENSE**

**OWNER OF STOCK**

(See WAC 230-04-340) $50

**LICENSE TRANSFERS**

(See WAC 230-04-125, 230-04-340, and 230-04-350) $50

### 8. SPECIAL FEES

**INVESTIGATION IDENTIFICATION AND INSPECTION SERVICES STAMPS**

(See WAC 230-04-240, 2008-017) $25

**QUALITY CONTROL INSPECTION FEES REPLACEMENT OF IDENTIFICATION STAMPS**

(See WAC 230-30-030) $25

(See WAC 230-30-016) As required

**EXCEEDING LICENSE CLASS REVIEW, INSPECTION AND OR EVALUATION OF EQUIPMENT, PARAPHERNALIA, SERVICES, OR SCHEMES**

(See WAC 230-04-260) As required

(See WAC 230-08-017) As required

### 9. SIX-MONTH PAYMENT PLAN

(See Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 95-02-003 and 94-23-007, § 230-04-203, filed 12/22/94 and 11/3/94, effective 1/22/95 and 1/1/95.)

**WAC 230-04-204 Fees—Individuals.** Individuals shall submit the following fees to the commission when applying for gambling licenses, permits, miscellaneous changes, or when assessed the cost of special investigation procedures by the commission:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Fee</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Up to $500,000</td>
<td>$1,590</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Up to $1,000,000</td>
<td>$2,120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Up to $2,500,000</td>
<td>$2,760</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Over $2,500,000</td>
<td>$3,400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1995 Ed.)
Title 230 WAC: Gambling Commission

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LICENSE TYPE</th>
<th>DEFINITION</th>
<th>FEE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. BINGO GAME MANAGER</td>
<td>Original</td>
<td>$155</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Renewal</td>
<td>$75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Change of Employer</td>
<td>$75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. DISTRIBUTOR'S REP</td>
<td>Original</td>
<td>$210</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REPRESENTATIVE</td>
<td>Renewal</td>
<td>$130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Change of Employer</td>
<td>$50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. MANUFACTURER'S REP</td>
<td>Original</td>
<td>$210</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REPRESENTATIVE</td>
<td>Renewal</td>
<td>$130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. PUBLIC CARD ROOM</td>
<td>Original</td>
<td>$155</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMPLOYEE</td>
<td>Renewal</td>
<td>$75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. OTHER FEES

CHANGE OF NAME (See WAC 230-04-310) $25
DUPLICATE LICENSE (See WAC 230-04-290) $25
REPLACEMENT OUT-OF-STATE RECORDS INQUIRY (See WAC 230-04-240) As required

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 94-23-007, § 230-04-204, filed 11/3/94, effective 1/1/95.]

WAC 230-04-210 Withdrawal of application. An application for any license may be withdrawn by the applicant by submitting to the commission a written notice of withdrawal of the application. To be effective, such written notices must be actually received in the office of the commission in Olympia by 5:00 p.m. the day prior to issuance or denial of the license by the commission or its delegate.

The fact that an application for a license has previously been withdrawn shall not prejudice any future application for a license from the commission.

[Order 5, § 230-04-210, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-220 Prorating and refunding of fees.

(1) Unless otherwise provided by law, there will be no prorating or refunding of any license fee subsequent to issuance of a license for the following actions:

(a) Discontinuation of business;
(b) Voluntary surrender of a license or permit; and
(c) When a license or permit has been suspended, revoked, or otherwise cancelled.

(2) Upon denial, voluntary withdrawal or administrative closure of an application for license, adoption or change of trade name, or change of location, the commission shall retain that portion of the fee tendered therewith as is necessary to offset its costs of processing and investigating the propriety of issuance of the license.


WAC 230-04-230 Intentionally understating anticipated revenue—Prohibited. It shall constitute grounds for revocation or suspension of a license if any applicant intentionally understates the anticipated gross or net receipts from a licensed activity for any purpose.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.020 (20)(d), 9.46.050(3) and 9.46.070 (1), (2), (5), (6), (8), (9), (11) and (12). 85-03-026 (Order 144), § 230-04-230, filed 1/9/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (5), (6), (8), (10), and (11). 84-01-026 (Order 139), § 230-04-230, filed 12/12/83; Order 42, § 230-04-230, filed 9/18/75; Order 5, § 230-04-230, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-240 Special investigation fee. In addition to the basic license or permit fees, the commission may require payment of such additional license fees as are necessary to defray the costs of background investigations of applicants for whom adequate background information sources are not readily available, including, but not limited to, applicants who have not resided in the state of Washington for at least one year. The commission may require payment of the estimated additional license fee in advance as a condition precedent to beginning the investigation.

The commission shall notify the applicant as soon as possible after it makes the determination that such additional fee is necessary and shall further notify the applicant of the commission’s best estimate of what such additional license fee will be: Provided, That such estimate shall not be binding upon the commission. Any applicant may then withdraw his application if he so chooses, as provided under WAC 230-04-210 and 230-04-220.

[Order 5, § 230-04-240, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-255 Director may issue temporary licenses not to exceed sixty days. The director may issue a temporary license by the commission upon the administrative approval of the application for a license to conduct such activity for a period not to exceed sixty days. If the application is approved by the commission during the sixty day period, such temporary license will be replaced with the issuance of a license to expire one year from the date of the temporary license issued by the director under this provision.

[Order 12, § 230-04-255, filed 2/14/74.]

WAC 230-04-260 Effect of exceeding license class income limit. (1) A licensee shall not exceed the class limit on annual gross or net receipts from the licensed activity.

(2) When it is apparent that any licensee’s class limit of annual gross or net receipts from licensed activity will be exceeded, the licensee shall immediately notify the commission and shall apply for the license class which is proper, submitting the basic fee required for the upgrade class less the amount originally submitted for the previous license, plus a change of classification fee required by WAC 230-04-202 and/or 230-04-203.

Any such additional license issued by the commission shall be valid only for the period which remains in the term of the previous license at the time such additional license is issued: Provided, that if the commission assigns a license class, or if a licensee voluntarily upgrades their license to comply with this subsection, and in either case operates at a level lower than the class assigned or requested, then the licensee shall be allowed to apply for a refund. The amount of refund shall be the difference between the fee for the licensed class.
(3) Any licensee failing to comply with the requirements set forth in paragraph (2) above and exceeds the license class limit within a present or previous license year, may be assessed an exceeding class fee not to exceed 50% of the difference between the present class fee and the new license class or $1,000, whichever is less. Upon written notice by the commission assessing an exceeding class fee, a licensee shall remit the proper fee plus all upgrade fees within 20 days. Failure to remit such fees may result in a summary suspension of all licenses held by the licensee pending a hearing for the suspension or revocation of such licenses.


WAC 230-04-270  Bad checks submitted as payment of fees. The payment of a license fee by a check, which for any reason is not promptly paid by the drawee bank, shall be deemed to be a continuing breach of the terms of this code, voided of a temporary license, or revocation of a continuing license. If an application or license is administratively closed, voided or revoked under this section, a new application must be submitted with fees payable only by certified check, money order, or cash. Upon notification that a check is not negotiable or when a check must be resubmitted for payment for any reason, the commission shall:

(1) Add a processing fee of fifteen dollars to the required license fee; and

(2) Notify the applicant by phone or in writing that payment in full, by certified check, money order, or cash, must be remitted within five days of the notification date. If the proper fee is not received within five days, the commission will proceed with appropriate administrative action.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 34.05 RCW. 90-03-064 (Order 203), § 230-04-270, filed 1/18/90, effective 2/18/90; Order 5, § 230-04-270, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-280  Notification to law enforcement. Each licensee for the operation of an authorized gambling activity, within ten days after issuance of the license and before initially conducting any activity under the license, shall notify, in writing, the law enforcement agencies set forth below of the name and address of the licensee, the address where the activity will be conducted, the type of activity licensed, the date the activity shall first be conducted, and if the activity is planned to be conducted on a regular basis, the proposed schedule for the operation of the activity.

When the activity is to be conducted within a city or town, the local police agency shall be notified, and when the activity is to be conducted within a county, then the sheriff's office shall be notified.

No activity shall be initially conducted until such notification has been made.

[Order 5, § 230-04-280, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-290  Loss or destruction of licenses or permits. Upon the loss or destruction of any license or permit granted by the commission to conduct gambling activities in the state of Washington, application for a duplicate copy of the license or permit must be made to the commission upon a form to be supplied by the commission. Such application shall include an affidavit signed by the licensee, chief executive officer of a corporation, or by each of the owners of a profit making business which details the circumstances under which the license was lost or destroyed. The fee for replacement of a license shall be as required by WAC 230-04-202, 230-04-203, and/or 230-04-204.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 94-24-056 (Order 262), § 230-04-290, filed 12/5/94, effective 1/5/95. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (5), (7), (8), (9), (11), (14) and (19). 84-13-038 (Order 140), § 230-04-290, filed 6/15/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070(13). 78-06-066 (Order 85), § 230-04-290, filed 5/25/78; Order 5, § 230-04-290, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-300  One annual change of premises allowed for bingo. A bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization, except agricultural fairs, which has obtained an annual license from the commission to conduct bingo games upon a specified premise may, not more often than once during each annual period for which it is licensed, make written application to the commission for permission to conduct bingo, not to exceed three consecutive days, and not to exceed sixteen consecutive hours each day, at a location other than is authorized under its license.

Such application may be by letter, signed by the chief executive officer of the organization. The letter shall set out the name and address of the location upon which the bingo occasion would be conducted, the desired inclusive dates, the names and addresses of all persons who have an interest of any kind in those premises, the amount of rent, if any, that would be paid for the use of the premises, the basis upon which that rent was computed, and a detailed explanation of why the change of location is being requested.

The application shall be made not less than fifteen calendar days prior to the date of the bingo occasion, and shall be accompanied by the required fee.

If the commission approves, the applicant will be notified by mail and provided with a permit for the event by the commission. The permit shall be prominently displayed upon the premises during the event.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (5), (7), (8), (9), (11), (14) and (19). 84-13-038 (Order 140), § 230-04-300, filed 6/15/84; Order 29, § 230-04-300, filed 1/23/75; Order 5, § 230-04-300, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-310  Change of name. No licensee shall adopt or make a change in his or her given name or a trade or corporate name without notifying the commission at least thirty days prior to the effective date of such change. Each such change shall be made subject to the approval of the commission. The fee for such adoption or change of name shall be as required by WAC 230-04-202, 230-04-203, and/or 230-04-204.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 94-24-056 (Order 262), § 230-04-310, filed 12/5/94, effective 1/5/95. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (5), (7), (8), (9), (11), (14) and (19). 84-13-038 (Order 140), § 230-04-310, filed 6/15/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070(13). 78-06-066 (Order 85), § 230-04-310, filed 5/25/78; Order 5, § 230-04-310, filed 12/19/73.]
WAC 230-04-315  Change of schedule. No bingo licensee shall change the days and times of operation of the gambling activity from those indicated on the application or otherwise filed with the commission without first notifying the commission in writing at least 10 days prior to the planned change. This notification shall be deemed properly submitted when it has been delivered to the commission office: Provided, That this rule shall not apply to changes in the schedule for holidays or changes caused by inclement weather or emergencies affecting the health and safety of the public.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (1), (4), (5), (6), (7), (11), (14) and (17) and 9.46.310. 85-01-065 (Order 145), § 230-04-315, filed 12/18/84.]

WAC 230-04-320  Change of location. No change of location of licensed premises shall be made without the written consent of the commission. The fee for such change will be as required by WAC 230-04-202 or 230-04-203: Provided, That persons operating amusement games under a commercial amusement game license issued pursuant to WAC 230-04-135 (2)(c) shall pay no fee for adding to or deleting from the list of locations for which that license was issued.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 94-24-056 (Order 262), § 230-04-320, filed 12/5/94, effective 1/5/95; 91-21-053 (Order 228), § 230-04-320, filed 10/15/91, effective 11/15/91. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (5), (7), (8), (9), (11), (14) and (19). 84-13-038 (Order 140), § 230-04-320, filed 6/15/84; Order 60, § 230-04-320, filed 9/10/76; Order 21, § 230-04-320, filed 8/20/74; Order 5, § 230-04-320, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-325  Cancellation, change of time, date, or location of fund raising event. A cancellation or change in time, date, and/or location of a fund raising event as defined in RCW 9.46.020 requires:

(1) For cancellation, the licensee shall notify the commission and the appropriate law enforcement agency in advance of the date upon which the event is scheduled.

(2) For change of time, date, or location, the licensee shall:

(a) Give at least ten days written notice to the commission in advance of the new time, date, or location change, together with a signed statement from the chief executive officer that the appropriate law enforcement agency has been notified of the change;

(b) Pay a fee as required by WAC 230-04-202 to the commission for each such time, date, or location change.

(3) For a cancellation or change in time, date, and/or location, the license authorizing the event for the specific time, date, or location shall be returned to the commission.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 94-24-056 (Order 262), § 230-04-325, filed 12/5/94, effective 1/5/95. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.020 (20)(d), 9.46.050(3) and 9.46.070 (1), (2), (5), (8), (9), (11) and (12). 85-03-026 (Order 144), § 230-04-325, filed 1/9/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (5), (7), (8), (9), (11), (14) and (19). 84-13-038 (Order 140), § 230-04-325, filed 6/15/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (5), (14) and 9.46.020(23). 81-19-073 (Order 112), § 230-04-325, filed 9/15/81.]

WAC 230-04-330  Change of management. No licensee shall make, or allow, a change in the management, directors, officers, or any other person holding a position with that licensee wherein he makes any management decision directly affecting the operation of any licensed gambling activity without notifying the commission in writing not more than thirty days following such change: Provided, That with respect to bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organizations only, notice need not be given of change in officers until the required renewal date(s) for a particular license(s), or an additional license is applied for, whichever is sooner.

Each such change is subject to the approval of the commission.

Together with a notice of such change, the commission shall be supplied with all of the information which, by law or under the rules of the commission, would have been required to be supplied to the commission respecting such director or officer, or other person in a managerial position, with the licensee had he been in such capacity at the time the application for the license was originally submitted to the commission.


WAC 230-04-340  Transfer of licenses—Conditions. Transfers of licenses issued by the commission shall be permitted only under the following circumstances and conditions and those set out in WAC 230-04-350, upon approval by the director or the commission. Otherwise, no transfer of any license issued by the commission shall be permitted.

(1) If the licensee is a corporation, except as provided in subsection (2) below, a change in ownership of stock shall not be deemed a transfer of a license: Provided, That any change in the ownership of any stock in such corporation which results in any person or organization becoming the owner of a substantial interest therein was not the owner of a substantial interest immediately preceding the transaction, or which involves ten percent or more of any class of stock, shall be reported to the commission, in writing, within ten days and submitted when it has been delivered to the commission.

(2) Where a change in the ownership of the stock of any corporate licensee results in any person, together with any members of his or her immediate family, or results in any organization, becoming the owner of a majority of the voting shares of that corporation who or which had not held a substantial interest in the corporation immediately prior to the change in ownership, gambling licenses held by that corporation shall immediately terminate and be void.

In such cases a new license must be obtained from the commission prior to the operation of any gambling activity requiring a license.

(3) Licenses issued to other than bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organizations may be transferred to a business entity wholly owned by the same person or persons who owned the business entity to which the license was originally issued, or by their spouses or children under the age of eighteen and residing at the family home or by others possessing less than a substantial interest in the business to which the license transfer is sought, but only when the licensed activity will be conducted on the same premises as that for which the license was issued.
(4) Transfers will not be permitted when any person owning or holding a substantial interest in any of the entities to which transfer is sought is not qualified to hold a gambling license.

(5) The license or licenses of any corporation in which a person holds or acquires a substantial interest will be revoked when such person is not qualified to hold a gambling license.

(6) The fee for transfer of the license under this rule shall be as required by WAC 230-04-202.

WAC 230-04-350 Death or incapacity of licensee. In the event of the proven incapacity, death, receivership, bankruptcy or assignment for benefit of creditors of any licensee, upon approval of the director or commission the license may be transferred to a court appointed or court confirmed guardian, executor or administrator, receiver, trustee, or assignee for the benefit of creditors, who may continue to operate the activity under the license, subject to the provisions of chapter 9.46 RCW and the commission's rules.

The person to whom a license is transferred hereunder must be otherwise qualified to hold a gambling license.

The license following transfer shall be subject to regular renewal based upon its original expiration date and shall be void upon that person ceasing to hold such a court appointed, or court confirmed, position.

The fee for transfer of the license under this rule shall be as required by WAC 230-04-202 or 230-04-203.

WAC 230-04-400 Denial, suspension or revocation of licenses. The commission may deny a license or permit to any applicant, or may suspend or revoke any and all licenses or permits of any holder, when the applicant or holder, or any other person with any interest in the applicant or holder:

(1) Commits any act that constitutes grounds under RCW 9.46.075 for denying, suspending, or revoking licenses or permits;

(2) Has been convicted of, or forfeited bond upon any of the offenses set out in RCW 9.46.075(4);

(3) Has demonstrated willful disregard for complying with ordinances, statutes, administrative rules, or court orders, whether at the local, state, or federal level;

(4) Is serving a period of probation or community supervision imposed as a sentence for any criminal offense, whether juvenile, misdemeanor, or felony, and whether or not the offense is covered under RCW 9.46.075(4): Provided, That each case will be individually analyzed to determine the extent to which the probationary or supervisory status affects the person's qualifications to hold a license or permit;

(5) Is the subject of an outstanding gross misdemeanor or felony arrest warrant;

(6) Poses a threat to the effective regulation of gaming or creates or increases the likelihood of unfair or illegal practices, methods, and activities in the conduct of gaming activities, as demonstrated through the person's prior activities, criminal record, reputation, habits, or associations;

(7) When other than a charitable or nonprofit organization operates punchboards or pull tabs, or operates or allows card games at any time other than as a commercial stimulant;

(8) Fails to provide at the office of the commission any information required under the commission's rules within the time required therefor by applicable rule, or if no maximum time has been established respecting the particular kind of information by other rule then within thirty days after receiving a written request therefor from the commission or its staff;

(9) Allows any person to participate in the management or operation of any activity regulated by the commission without prior written approval of the commission or its director when that person:

(a) Has been convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or forfeited bond upon any of the offenses set out in RCW 9.46.075(4); or

(b) Has violated any other provisions of chapter 9.46 RCW or Title 230 WAC; or

(c) Would otherwise be subject to denial or revocation under the provisions of this section.

(10) Commits any other act that the commission determines constitutes a sufficient reason in the public interest for denying, suspending, or revoking licenses or permits.

WAC 230-04-410 Return of license suspended or revoked. Upon suspension or revocation of any license issued by the commission, the licensee shall immediately surrender and return the license to the commission. If such license is not received by the commission by the effective date of such suspension or revocation, the authorized representatives of the commission may enter the premises of the licensee and may enter the premises for which the license is issued for the purpose of retrieving said license: Provided, That the commission has notified the licensee in writing of the suspension or revocation of the license not less than five days prior to any such attempt to enter such premises to recover the license.

WAC 230-04-450 Display of licenses. All licenses or permits granted by the commission shall be prominently displayed.
displayed at all times upon the licensed premises in such position as they may be observed by persons participating in gambling activities on the licensed premises, except as may otherwise be provided by these rules.

If a licensed employee works in similar employment for one or more additional employers than the employer upon whose premises the original license is displayed, the employee may obtain from the commission such copy or copies of his or her license as may be necessary for display upon the premises of such additional employer.


WAC 230-04-455 Employees to wear identification tags. Each employee required to obtain a license from the commission shall wear an identification tag at all times while working or playing in the gambling activity on the employer’s premises. The identification tag shall be a minimum of 3" X 2" and shall display the employee’s name and the name of the gambling operator or establishment. All information on the identification tag shall be clear and easily visible to the players in the gambling activity. The identification tag shall be worn on the employee’s chest. It shall be furnished to the employee by the operator, who shall be equally responsible with the employee to insure the identification tag is displayed as required by this rule.

While playing cards off-duty on the employer’s premises the licensed employee must wear the identification tag unless a sign is clearly posted in the card room as follows: "Employees of this card room may participate in the card games while off-duty as players. Upon your request, the card room floor person will identify any employee playing cards."

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (11) and (14). § 230-04-455, filed 8/16/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (10) and (13). § 78-08-055 (Order 86), § 230-04-455, filed 7/20/78.]

WAC 230-04-500 Local gambling prohibitions. The commission shall issue no license to engage in any gambling activity in a county or city after the commission has been adequately notified in writing by the governing body of such county or city that the activity has been prohibited.

[Order 23, § 230-04-500, filed 9/23/74; Order 5, § 230-04-500, filed 12/19/73.]

Chapter 230-08 WAC

RECORDS AND REPORTS

WAC 230-08-010 Monthly records.

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230-08-017 Control of gambling equipment—Use of identification and inspection services stamps.

230-08-025 Accounting records to be maintained by distributors and manufacturers.

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230-08-050 Commercial amusement game records.

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230-08-080 Daily records—Bingo.

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(9) Monthly records for punchboards and pull tabs shall disclose for each punchboard and pull tab series the following information:

(a) The name of the punchboard or pull tab series;
(b) The Washington state identification and inspection services stamp number recorded by attaching a records entry label: Provided, That in lieu of the records entry label, licensees may use a facsimile of the bar coded Washington state identification and inspection services stamp number which is generated by a printer interfaced with a computer data base, if the following standards and procedures are followed:

(i) The Washington state identification and inspection services stamp number must be electronically input into the data base by scanning the stamp with a bar code reader;
(ii) Records must be printed on white paper. Facsimiles of the bar coded Washington state identification and inspection stamp numbers must be at least one-quarter inch in height with a “quiet zone” on at least one-quarter inch of each side of the bar code;
(iii) Bar code facsimiles must be code “interleaved two of five” (US-12/5) with a readability rate of at least 99.0% with a maximum of three passes with commission bar code reading equipment. Each licensee will be responsible for the accuracy of printouts and ensuring that bar codes are electronically readable. It is recommended that specifications of a printer be reviewed for capability to meet minimum standards prior to purchase or lease and that the printer be equipped with a serviceable ribbon;
(c) The date removed from play;
(d) The total number of tabs in each pull tab series or the total number of punches in each punchboard;
(e) The number of pull tabs or punches remaining after removal from play;
(f) The number of pull tabs or punches played from the pull tab series or punchboard;
(g) The cost to the players to purchase one pull tab or one punch;
(h) The gross gambling receipts as defined in WAC 230-02-110;
(i) The total prizes paid, including both cash and merchandise (calculated by the cost to the licensee) prizes;
(j) The net gambling receipts (gross gambling receipts less total prizes paid);
(k) The cash over or short determined by;
(i) Subtracting actual cash from net gambling receipts for punchboards and pull tabs which award cash prizes; and
(ii) Subtracting actual cash from gross gambling receipts for punchboards and pull tabs which award merchandise prizes;
(l) The actual cash received from the operation of each pull tab series or punchboard: Provided, That when more than one series of pull tabs is sold from a single dispensing device, and the dispensing device is equipped with recording devices or meters which provide an accounting of the number of tabs dispensed from each individual series, the actual cash received may be computed by use of the meter readings. If this method is used to account for actual cash, all series in each dispensing device shall be played out at least once each calendar quarter and the combined cash over or short calculated for all series played from each dispensing device during the period by reconciling the total cash

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removed from the dispensing device to the total tabs sold from that dispensing device. The combined cash over or short shall be recorded as required by (k) of this subsection; (m) With written commission approval, licensees operating pull tabs to stimulate food and drink sales may record (k) and (l) of this subsection in total on a daily, weekly, or monthly basis, if their recordkeeping procedures meet commission standards. 

(10) Copies of all additional financial data which support tax reports to any and all governmental agencies.

(11) Each of these records shall be maintained by the licensee for a period of not less than three years from the end of the fiscal year for which the record is kept unless released by the commission from this requirement as to any particular record or records.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 94-24-054 (Order 261), § 230-08-010, filed 12/5/94, effective 1/5/95. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (7), (8), (9) and (17). 93-13-063 (Order 241), § 230-08-010, filed 6/17/93, effective 7/18/93. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 92-19-107 (Order 231), § 230-08-010, filed 9/18/92, effective 10/19/92. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (4), (11) and (14). 89-24-002 (Order 201), § 230-08-010, filed 11/27/89, effective 12/28/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (8), (11) and (14). 88-13-060 (Order 179), § 230-08-010, filed 6/14/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (8) and (14). 87-17-052 (Order 171), § 230-08-010, filed 8/18/87. Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 86-19-056 (Order 161), § 230-08-010, filed 9/15/86, effective 1/1/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (4), (8), (11) and (14). 86-07-037 (Order 155), § 230-08-010, filed 3/14/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (8), (11), and (14). 83-13-050 (Order 134), § 230-08-010, filed 6/14/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070(8). 82-01-085 and 82-03-033 (Order 115 and 116), § 230-08-010, filed 12/18/81 and 1/18/82; Order 74, § 230-08-010, filed 8/17/77; Order 18, § 230-08-010, filed 8/12/77; Order 9, § 230-08-010, filed 12/19/73, 1:26 p.m.; Order 5, § 230-08-010, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230-08-015 Certain lower volume licensees may meet reduced recordkeeping requirements. Notwithstanding the provisions of WAC 230-08-010, persons holding licenses issued under the classes and circumstances set out in WAC 230-04-065 and persons operating without a license under RCW 9.46.0315 and 9.46.0321 need only keep a set of permanent records of all of the activities of the licensee related to conducting the licensed activity which includes the following, by month:

(1) The gross receipts from the conduct of each licensed activity;
(2) The total amount of cash prizes actually paid out and the total of the cost to the licensee of all merchandise prizes actually paid out for each licensed activity;
(3) A summary of all expenses related to each of the activities licensed; and
(4) The net income received by the licensee from the licensed activity with a designation of the purposes for which the net income was raised and the amount paid each recipient of any part of the net income.

These records shall be maintained by the licensee for a period of not less than three years from the end of the license year for which the record is kept unless released by the commission from this requirement as to any particular record. Persons operating under RCW 9.46.0315 and 9.46.0321 without a license shall maintain the above records for a period of one year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 94-07-084 (Order 250), § 230-08-015, filed 3/16/94, effective 4/16/94. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (4), (7), (8) and (11). 83-06-077 (Order 127), § 230-08-015, filed 3/2/83; Order 70, § 230-08-015, filed 5/24/77; Order 53, § 230-08-015, filed 5/25/76; Order 29, § 230-08-015, filed 1/23/75; Order 21, § 230-08-015, filed 8/20/74; Order 14, § 230-08-015, filed 3/27/74.]

WAC 230-08-017 Control of gambling equipment—Use of identification and inspection services stamps. To ensure gambling equipment is used only as authorized, manufacturers, distributors, and operators shall maintain close control over all gambling equipment in their possession. Each transfer of such equipment shall be documented by completing an invoice or other written record setting forth the information required by WAC 230-08-040. Identification and inspection services stamps obtained from the commission shall be used to identify gambling equipment and shall be permanently and conspicuously affixed to all equipment and devices designated by the commission. Once attached, identification and inspection services stamps shall not be removed, disfigured, or otherwise tampered with by any person. These stamps shall be attached and controlled in the following manner:

(1) Identification and inspection services stamps shall be attached to the following gambling equipment and devices:
(a) Punchboards and pull tab series;
(b) Pull tab dispensing devices;
(c) Disposable bingo cards: Provided, That this requirement applies to cards shipped for use in Washington state after December 31, 1993. All inventory on hand at the distributor and operator level at the close of business on December 31, 1993, shall be exempt from this requirement; and
(d) Other gambling equipment or devices, as determined by the director.
(2) Identification and inspection services stamps shall only be sold to and attached by licensed manufacturers or commission staff: Provided, That a licensed owner of controlled gambling equipment may purchase and attach stamps per WAC 230-30-018;
(3) The fee charged for identification and inspection services stamps shall be set by the commission at a level sufficient to fund regulation and control of gambling equipment. Fees shall be as set out below:
(a) Punchboards and pull tabs - twenty-six cents;
(b) Pull tab dispensing devices - twenty-six cents;
(c) Disposable bingo cards:
(i) Sets of individual cards or sheets of cards - twenty-six cents;
(ii) Collations of cards - one dollar and six cents;
(d) Other equipment or devices - the actual cost of inspection or approval, as determined by the director.
(4) Identification stamps shall only be affixed to gambling equipment or devices in such a manner as to assure reasonable inspection without obstruction. If equipment is enclosed or packaged within protective materials, the stamps shall be readily visible for inspection without removal of any portion of the protective packaging: Provided, That when more than one device is packed in a shipping carton, this requirement shall not apply if the identification and inspection services stamp numbers of all devices contained in the carton are printed or otherwise noted on the outside of the carton. Stamps and records entry labels shall be affixed in the following manner:
(a) Punchboards - on the reverse side in an area that will not obstruct removal of punchers:  Provided, That if sufficient space is not available on the reverse side, the records entry labels may be wrapped around and/or partially attached to the edge of a punchboard in a manner that will not obstruct display of prizes available or other information required by rules of the commission;

(b) Pull tabs - on the face or reverse side of the flare. If placed on the face, they must be in an area that will not obstruct prizes available or any other information required by rules of the commission; and

(c) Pull tab dispensing devices - on the outside of the main body, in an area that is not normally removed and replaced, and in a manner that will not obstruct the view of the pull tabs available for play. The records entry labels shall not be affixed to dispensing devices and may be discarded; and

(d) Disposable bingo cards - on the packing label attached to the outside of the shipping carton. Records entry labels shall be attached to the packing slip: Provided, That when a set or collation of cards is packed in more than one shipping carton, the stamp shall be attached to carton number one and the stamp number imprinted on all remaining shipping cartons.

(5) Identification and inspection services stamps shall not be attached to gambling equipment or devices that do not comply with rules of the commission. If a piece of equipment or a device requires specific commission approval, stamps shall not be affixed prior to such approval; and

(6) Any person requesting commission staff review, inspection, and/or evaluation of equipment, paraphernalia, services, or schemes related to licensed gambling activities shall reimburse the commission the cost to conduct such. If the requestor is currently licensed, there will be no assessment of cost for the first hour of service. A deposit of estimated cost may be required prior to performance of such service.

WAC 230-08-025 Accounting records to be maintained by distributors and manufacturers. Every licensed distributor and manufacturer shall keep and maintain a complete set of records which include all details of all activities of the licensee related to the conduct of the licensed activity. These records shall be recorded using the double entry accounting system and maintained in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. This system shall also be on the same basis as the licensee's federal income tax return. All records shall be maintained for a period of not less than three years following the end of the licensee's fiscal year. These records shall be updated at least once a month and provide a monthly balance for each account. The minimum record system shall include the following:

(1) Sales invoices - every manufacturer and distributor shall record every sale, return, or any other type of transfer of punchboards/pull tabs, pull tab dispensing devices or bingo equipment including cards, by completing a standard sales invoice or credit memo. Distributors shall use an invoice in a format prescribed and approved by the commission that includes a separate line for each identification and inspection services stamp number. This invoice shall provide space for the operator to either attach a records entry label or enter the identification and inspection services stamp number and the date the device was placed out for play. These spaces shall be adjacent to the written entry of the identification and inspection services stamp number made by the distributor. These invoices shall set out the following information:

(a) Each invoice must be prenumbered at the time of purchase. The numbering must be consecutive, using not less than four digits: Provided, That manufacturers and distributors may use a computer generated numbering system if the same system is used for all sales and specific numbers cannot be input by use of a manual override function;

(b) The date of sale. For distributors only: If the date of delivery is different, then the delivery date must also be entered;

(c) The customer’s name and an adequate business address;

(d) A full description of each item sold, including the identification and inspection services stamp number for each item, if attached, and all information required by WAC 230-08-040;

(e) The quantity and sales price of each individual item, including individual items of merchandise to be used as prizes on punchboards and pull tabs;

(f) The gross amount of each sale to each customer including all discount terms and the total dollar amount of any discount;

(g) The sales invoice shall be prepared in at least three parts: Provided, That invoices for sales to operators shall be prepared in at least four parts. Invoices shall be distributed and maintained as follows:

(i) The original shall be issued to the customer: Provided, That an additional copy of distributor invoices shall be provided to the operator;

(ii) One shall be retained in an invoice file by customer name; and

(iii) One shall be retained in an invoice file by invoice number or in an alternative manner that accounts for each invoice numerically. This provision may be waived if the licensee receives written commission approval.

(h) Credit memos for returned items shall be prepared in the same detail as (a) through (g) of this subsection.

(2) Sales journal - the sales journal shall contain at least, but not be limited to, the following by month:

(a) The date of the sale;

(b) The invoice number of the sale;

(c) The customer name or person remitting a payment;

(d) Sales shall be categorized at least by the following:

(i) Punchboards that pay out cash prizes;

(ii) Punchboards that pay out merchandise prizes;

(iii) Pull tabs that pay out cash prizes;

(iv) Pull tabs that pay out merchandise prizes;

(v) Pull tab dispensing devices;

(vi) Merchandise that is intended for use as a prize on a punchboard or pull tab series;
Entries to this record shall contain at least, but not limited to, the following information by month:

(a) The date the payment was received;
(b) The name of the person remitting the payment;
(c) The amount of payment received.

(5) General ledger - each licensee whose gambling related sales exceed $500,000 per year, shall have a general ledger which shall contain, in addition to all other accounts by month, a separate sales account for each type of sale;

(6) Bank reconciliation - a bank reconciliation shall be performed each month. In addition, all funds that have not been deposited at year end shall be reconciled in an account titled “cash on hand”;

(7) Copies of all financial data which support tax reports to any and all governmental agencies;

(8) Manufacturer shall maintain records that provide an accountability trail for all identification and inspection services stamps purchased. These records shall include enough details to allow audit of all used, unused, and damaged stamps and includes the following minimum items:

(a) The name of the purchaser;
(b) The date of the sale; and
(c) The invoice number recording the sale.

(9) An alternative format may be used for subsections (1)(a), (g)(ii), (g)(iii), (h), (2), and (3), of this section upon advance written approval from the commission.

WAC 230-08-040 Sales invoices—Minimum information to be recorded for transfer of gambling equipment. In addition to entries required by WAC 230-08-025, the following information shall be recorded on invoices for sales or transfer of gambling equipment:

1. Punchboards/pull tabs - for each board or series:
   (a) Trade name of device;
   (b) Type of device;
   (c) Form number or other manufacturer-assigned scheme to specifically identify a device, including the size or number of chances; and
   (d) Identification and inspection services stamp number.

2. Pull tab dispensing devices:
   (a) Trade name of device;
   (b) Type of device; and
   (c) Identification and inspection services stamp number.

3. Disposable bingo cards - for each set of cards or collation of packets:
   (a) Type of product, including product line;
   (b) Description of product, including the number of cartons, "series," "on," "cut," and "up";
   (c) Identification and inspection services stamp number;
   (d) Serial number or, if packets, serial number of the top page;
   (e) Color and border pattern or, if packets, color and border pattern of the top page; and
   (f) The unit or package number when a series or collation has been divided as authorized in WAC 230-20-192(6).

4. All other gambling equipment:
   (a) Trade name of device;
   (b) Type of device;
   (c) Serial number or other identification numbers or characteristics; and
   (d) Identification and inspection services stamp number.

WAC 230-08-060 Commercial amusement game records. Licensees for the operation of commercial amusement games shall be required to prepare a detailed record for each game or concession operated. These records shall be maintained for a period of not less than three years. These records shall be recorded using a prescribed format provided by the commission and shall include the following:

1. The gross gambling receipts collected from each separate amusement game supported by proper receipting records. The minimum records shall contain an entry for each withdrawal of receipts from a game. For amusement games with coin-in meters the minimum entry will be the coin-in meter reading at the time of each withdrawal of receipts from a game: Provided, That a summary of the operation of the activity, which includes at least coin-in meter readings and gross gambling receipts, shall be provided to charitable/nonprofit organizations each time a game is serviced and/or moneys received;

2. The number and actual cost of merchandise prizes awarded. The minimum records shall contain an entry of the number and actual cost of prizes each time prizes are added to the inventory of a game or concession and when disbursements are made for prizes;

3. For amusement games that issue tickets for the redemption of prizes the minimum entry shall be a log of the

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beginning/ending ticket numbers at the end of the month for each game; and

(4) Full details on all expenses including:
   (a) All cash disbursements;
   (b) The number and actual cost of all prizes purchased;
   (c) All other expenses directly related to the conduct of amusement games; and
   (d) All disbursements of receipts to locations authorized by WAC 230-04-138.

[WAC 230-08-070 Raffle records. Licensees for the operation of raffles shall be required to prepare a detailed record covering each individual raffle. This detailed record shall be recorded in a standard format prescribed by the commission. Each detailed raffle record shall be supported by a validated bank deposit receipt(s) and winning tickets.

Operators of Class A and B raffles shall be exempt from this rule, but will be required to keep all operator records in order to properly report all information as required by WAC 230-08-015.

These records shall be maintained for a period of not less than three years from the end of the licensee's fiscal year in which the raffle was completed.

[WAC 230-08-080 Daily records—Bingo. In addition to any other requirement set forth in these rules, licensees for the operation of bingo shall be required to prepare a detailed record covering each bingo session as defined in WAC 230-20-170: Provided, That operators of bingo games conducted at qualified agricultural fairs and other special locations shall be exempt from this rule, but will be required to keep all operator records by location in order to properly report all information as required by WAC 230-08-250. This detailed daily record shall disclose the following information for each session:

1. The gross gambling receipts collected for each separate type of sale, of any kind, for bingo games including, but not limited to, regular games, early bird games, blackout games, special games, or pick up games. These gross gambling receipts shall be supported by receipting records required by WAC 230-20-101 and inventory control records required by WAC 230-08-105. Licensees using the combination receipting method shall reconcile the extended value of disposable card packets and electronically generated cards sold to sales recorded per the cash register;

2. The amount paid out or accrued for prizes awarded for each bingo game. Each session record shall contain the following minimum information regarding prizes awarded:
   (a) The game number;
   (b) The dollar amount or the actual cost of each prize;
   (c) A complete description of all noncash prizes;
   (d) The consecutive number of the prize receipt issued for each prize;

(e) The duplicate copy of the prize receipt issued for all prizes awarded during the session;

(f) The check number of all checks used to pay winners of bingo games: Provided, That if the payment must be made by check under the guidelines of WAC 230-20-102 (1)(c), the duplicate copy must be maintained as a part of the session records; and

(g) Full details of prizes accrued.

3. A statement of the daily net gambling receipts from the licensed activity accruing to the organization, supported by a validated copy of the bank deposit receipt;

4. The cash on hand at the commencement and the conclusion of each session, along with a reconciliation of cash to the daily net gambling receipts for each session. Steps taken to reconcile overages and/or shortages that exceed twenty dollars for any session must be documented;

5. An attendance record indicating the number of people participating and the time the attendance count was made;

6. All bingo numbers or symbols selected and called during each game that offers a prize that exceeds two hundred dollars. The numbers or symbols shall be recorded in the sequence selected. A computer generated "call sheet" may be used in lieu of a manual record if a print-out of results is made: Provided, That the director may approve use of a video recording of the game in lieu of maintaining a "call sheet" if:
   (a) Each session is recorded on a separate tape and tapes are labeled to allow identity of a specific session;
   (b) The quality of the recording allows an observer to note all details of numbers or symbols selected;
   (c) The recording includes the audio portion of the game generated by the caller;
   (d) The video recorder has a tape position indicator function and the approximate tape position is recorded for each game for which a prize of greater than two hundred dollars is awarded;
   (e) The time and date of the game are an integral part of the recording and displayed in conjunction with the events being recorded;
   (f) The number of the game is recorded at the start of each game; and
   (g) Tapes are maintained for at least six months.

7. The winning card or face number(s) for each individual prize awarded that exceeds two hundred dollars: Provided, That if the game is played using disposable bingo cards, the winning card or sheet of cards may be retained in lieu of the card numbers;

8. A copy of the schedule of the games to be played and prizes available for the session: Provided, That if the record is annotated with the effective dates of each game schedule, it may be maintained separately and updated only when a change occurs. Any changes to the advertised and printed game and prize schedule, that occur during a session, must be noted in the session records and verified by the signature of the bingo manager supervising the session and another bingo worker on duty during the session;

9. All session records must be reviewed for accuracy and signed immediately following completion by the bingo manager responsible for supervising the session; and

10. All records required by this section shall be:
WAC 230-08-090  Daily records—Card games. In addition to any other requirements set forth in these rules, persons licensed to operate card rooms shall be required to prepare a detailed record covering each occasion. This record shall be maintained continuously during hours of operation and updated immediately following the collection of fees during all time periods. The commission shall provide to the licensee a consecutively prenumbered standard format record sheet. This form shall contain the following: 

1. The date of the occasion; 
2. The time that the half hour fee was charged; 
3. The amount of half hour fee charged per table; 
4. The number of players at each table at half hour intervals to include all nonpaying house players; 
5. The names and time of play for each nonpaying house player (which may only include licensed card room employees and the licensee); 
6. The amount of fees collected at each table each half hour; 
7. The cumulative gross amount received from fees collected on each occasion and in total; 
8. A reconciliation of chips and cash on a daily basis; and 
9. A printed name, signature, and hours worked of the person who was responsible for the collection of fees.

All detailed record sheets issued to a licensee shall be numerically accounted for, and shall be maintained on the premises for a period of not less than three years from the date of the occasion which it records. An "occasion" for card rooms shall be defined as 20 hours beginning at 6:00 a.m. one day and running continuously through 2:00 a.m. the following day.

WAC 230-08-095  Minimum standards for Class D and above bingo games—Monthly and annual accounting records. Each operator of bingo games licensed in Class D or above shall maintain accounting records necessary to document all receipts and disbursements of the licensee, including but not limited to those related to bingo. 

1. This accounting system shall be double entry and conform to general accepted accounting principles (GAAP), except as modified by other commission rules and instructions for activity reports; 
2. The accrual method of accounting shall be mandatory and all income shall be recorded when earned and all expenses recorded when incurred. 

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 94-01-034, § 230-08-080, filed 12/6/93, effective 1/6/94. Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 91-21-053 (Order 228), § 230-08-080, filed 10/15/91, effective 11/15/91. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.020 (1) and (10) and 9.46.070 (3), (11) and (14). 86-09-036 (Order 157), § 230-08-080, filed 4/11/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (8), (11), and (14). 83-13-050 (Order 134), § 230-08-080, filed 6/14/83; Order 74, § 230-08-080, filed 8/17/77; Order 43, § 230-08-080, filed 11/28/75; Order 15, § 230-08-080, filed 4/17/74; Order 5, § 230-08-080, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]
(ii) The amount;
(iii) The date; and
(iv) The purpose.

(c) Normally, cancelled checks and/or bank statements without further support, such as listed in (5)(a) and (b) above, are not considered sufficient documentation.

(6) All expenditures by the licensee relating to nongambling activities shall be sufficiently documented to provide an audit trail satisfactory to allow verification that the funds were used for the organization's purpose(s) and conforms to generally accepted accounting principles.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 93-13-062 (Order 240), § 230-08-095, filed 6/17/93, effective 7/18/93. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (7), (17), (8) and (9). 91-13-070 (Order 223), § 230-08-095, filed 6/17/91, effective 7/18/91. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (7), (8), (9), (10), (14), (19) and (20). 89-09-047 (Order 190), § 230-08-095, filed 9/18/89, effective 7/1/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.020 (20)(d), 9.46.050(3) and 9.46.070 (1), (2), (5), (8), (9), (11) and (12). 85-03-026 (Order 144), § 230-08-095, filed 1/9/85; Order 45, § 230-08-095, filed 12/30/75.]

**WAC 230-08-100 Political contributions of licensees to be reported.** Each licensee shall file with the commission a report fully disclosing each gift or contribution of money, or other thing of value, made directly or indirectly by the licensee or the licensee's spouse, or by any person having a substantial interest in the licensee, to, or for the benefit of:

1. Any candidate for public office or any public officeholder; or
2. Any committee or association of persons formed to promote to encourage any candidate or candidates for, or holder or holders of, any public office; or
3. Any person or association actually advocating any legislation or administrative rule, or any changes therein.

These reports shall be filed in the office of the commission by notation on the next quarterly activity report filed, and by attaching all details concerning each gift or contribution to the report: Provided, That any licensee not required to submit quarterly activity reports shall provide this information to the commission, in writing, no later than 90 days following each gift or contribution.

The filing herein shall reflect all such gifts or contributions made prior to the time of the report. The report shall be made under oath. No report need cover any period of time which is covered by a previous report filed with the gambling commission.

The report shall at minimum include the following for each gift or contribution:

(a) The amount of the gift or contribution, or a description and the retail value if other than cash; and
(b) The name of the person for whose benefit the gift or contribution was made; and
(c) The name of the person or association to whom the gift or contribution was actually made; and
(d) The name of the person or association actually making the gift or contribution; and
(e) The date the contribution was made. Provided, That gifts or contributions made directly to a recognized political party in the state of Washington for general party purposes and not for the benefit of a specific candidate or candidates, and gifts or contributions for the benefit of a specific person or persons or for the benefit of any initiative, referendum or ballot issue which accumulate to less than fifty dollars in any calendar year shall be exempt from this reporting requirement.

*Provided further,* That licensed, dues paying members of bona fide trade associations which are not principally formed for the purpose of influencing candidates for public office, public officeholders, legislation, or administrative rules and are not principally formed for the purpose of representing, speaking for or advising licensees of the commission are exempted from this reporting requirement concerning the funds paid to the trade association only, if:

(a) The trade association is registered as a political committee, or its authorized representative is registered as a lobbyist, with the Washington state public disclosure commission and copies of all reports furnished by the trade association, its registered lobbyist, or both to the public disclosure commission are furnished to the gambling commission at the same time they are required to be filed with the public disclosure commission; and

(b) Such exemption is specifically granted by the Washington state gambling commission to the trade association's dues paying members; and

(c) The trade association agrees in writing to open its financial records relating to dues, voluntary donations, gifts, contributions or other sources of income or expenditures for inspection by the gambling commission at any time, with or without notice.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (1), (2), (4), (5), (6), (11), (14) and (17). 86-13-055 (Order 158), § 230-08-100, filed 6/13/86; Order 23, § 230-08-100, filed 9/23/74.]

**WAC 230-08-105 Disposable bingo cards—Inventory control record.** All disposable bingo cards purchased or otherwise obtained must be controlled and accounted for by the licensee. This control function shall be accomplished by maintaining an inventory control record prepared in a format prescribed by the commission for Class D and above licensees: Provided, That alternative formats that accomplish regulatory requirements may be approved by commission staff.

(1) All purchase invoices, or a photocopy thereof, for disposable bingo cards received must be maintained on the bingo premises;

(2) Manufacturer packing records, required by WAC 230-20-192, shall be maintained as a part of the inventory control record;

(3) The following information must be recorded for disposable bingo cards, sheets of cards, or collations of packets used for games sold as a package:

(a) The identification and inspection services stamp number;
(b) The serial number or, if packets, the serial number of the top page;
(c) The number of cards or card packets in the series;
(d) The type of card or card packet;
(e) The purchase invoice number;
(f) The purchase invoice date;
(g) Date and session first placed into play; and
(h) Licensees using the combination receipting method, per WAC 230-20-101(5), shall record the following for each session the collation of cards is sold:

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reconciled to sales per the cash register record; and

Each organization licensed to conduct bingo games in Class D and above shall submit an activity report to the commission and in allocating common use expenses; and

This total shall be carried forward to the "Daily Bingo Summary" and reconciled to sales per the cash register record; and

(viii) The cumulative number of packets issued from the collation, session-to-date.

[WAC 230-08-120 Quarterly activity report by operators of bingo games (license Class D and above).]

Each organization licensed to conduct bingo games in Class D and above shall submit an activity report to the commission concerning the licensed activity and other matters set forth below during each of the following periods of the year:

- January 1st through March 31st
- April 1st through June 30th
- July 1st through September 30th
- October 1st through December 31st

If the licensee does not renew its license, then it shall file a report for the period between the previous report filed and the expiration date of its license.

The report form shall be furnished by the commission and the completed report shall be received in the office of the commission or postmarked no later than 30 days following the end of the period for which it is made.

The report shall be signed by the highest ranking officer or his/her designee. If the report is prepared by someone other than the licensee or an employee, then the preparer shall sign his/her name and phone number on the report.

The report shall be completed in accordance with the related instructions furnished with the report. The report shall include, among other items, the following:

1. The gross gambling receipts from bingo.
2. The total amount of cash prizes actually paid out and the total of the cost to the licensee of all merchandise prizes actually paid out. Donated prizes will be recorded at the fair market value of the prize at the time they were received by the organization.
3. The net gambling receipts.
4. Full details on all expenses directly related to bingo, including at least the following:
   a. Wages, monies, or things of value paid or given to each person connected with the management, promotion, conduct or operation of the bingo game together with an attachment setting out the following:
      i. Name;
      ii. Duties performed;
      iii. Hours worked; and
      iv. Wages, monies or things of value paid or given for conducting bingo activities. When an employee works in more than one activity, the total hours worked and total wages shall also be reported;
   b. A statement describing the allocation method used in allocating common use expenses; and
   c. A detailed listing of all items included under "other."
5. The net income.
6. The total number of customers participating.
7. The total number of sessions held.
8. Net income from the operation of retail sales activities operated in conjunction with bingo games.

[WAC 230-08-122 Annual certification and financial report—All nonprofit and charitable organizations.]

(1) Every organization licensed to conduct gambling shall report on a standard form provided by the commission, for its last annual fiscal accounting period completed, the information required below: Provided, That any applicant has provided such information on an application within the preceding twelve months, only those items requiring update must be reported. This report shall include at least the following information:

   a. A brief history of the organization, including its purpose(s): Provided, That only changes in the purposes and organizational structure need to be reported after the initial application:
      b. A written statement setting out the progress made in meeting its organizational purpose(s) during the period;
      c. Number of membership meetings conducted;
      d. Number of active members;
      e. Number of voting members;
      f. The nature, type, or kind of program services provided;
      g. The scope of their program services, including:
         i. Number of persons served by their charitable or nonprofit programs;
         ii. The extent of their service area;
         iii. Number of volunteer workers and estimation of hours worked;
      h. A list of contributions made that includes the following:
         i. The name of each organization and individual receiving a contribution. In the alternative, if a contribution was made to an individual, the term "individual contribution" may be used instead of the individuals name: Provided, the organization maintains necessary records to verify and identify the recipient for each individual contribution listed;
         ii. The amount(s);
         iii. Date(s) made; and
         iv. Whether the contribution was from gambling income or other funds.
(i) Gross income from all non-gambling sources including the source;
(j) Total disbursements to provide charitable services, and total disbursements to provide nonprofit services;
(k) The percentage or extent to which bingo income was used for charitable as distinguished from nonprofit purposes;
(l) Income and expenses for any nongambling sales activity must be presented separately when it is conducted primarily in conjunction with gambling activities: Provided, That if the gambling activity is not conducted in a rented premise and/or if employees are not used in the gambling activity, then separation is not required;
(m) Details of any loans, contracts, or other business transactions with related parties that accumulatively exceed $1,000 during the period. "Related parties" is defined as officers, board members, or key employees, including spouses, parents, children, and brothers or sisters of each; and
(n) The names, duties performed, total hours worked, and total compensation paid for the following employees:
(i) All employees paid more than $30,000 annually;
(ii) Part-time employees paid more than $15 per hour; and
(iii) All officers receiving compensation for services rendered.
(2) In addition to information required in paragraph (1), Group II and III bingo licensees must submit the following information no later than 120 days following the end of its fiscal year accounting period. The information must be submitted in the form of complete financial statements, including all required footnotes and a "Statement of Cash Flow," and shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
(a) A complete balance sheet;
(b) Income and expenses for each gambling activity, separately;
(c) Income from all other sources, separately;
(d) Direct expenses for providing charitable services and direct expenses for providing nonprofit services; and
(e) Capital expenditures made during the period.
(f) Loans to or from officers, members, and employees must be presented separately in the Balance Sheet/Statement of Financial Position or disclosed in the footnotes: Provided, That employee salary advances of $200.00 or less will not be considered as loans. Details of all terms, including interest rates and payment schedules must be disclosed;
(g) Income and expenses for each function or activity must be separately presented in the income statement/statement of operations. Material differences between amounts reported in gambling activity reports and the financial statements must be reconciled and explained: Provided, That a consolidated income statement may be presented, if details of all activities are provided as supplemental information;
(h) All civil penalties, fines, bribes, or embezzlement discovered by the organization are considered material and must be disclosed; and
(i) An explanation of any adjustments made to prior period capital accounts or fund balances must be disclosed in the footnotes or provided as supplemental information.
(3) The commission may require additional information to ensure completeness of the information reported in subsection (1) or (2) above, including selected information covering the period from the end of the fiscal year reported and the license renewal date;
(4) The commission may grant additional time to submit the information required by subsection (1) or (2) above upon demonstration of undue hardship and a written request received prior to the due date. Any request for additional time shall be signed by the president and include a statement setting out the hardship necessitating the delay and the expected date the required report(s) will be submitted.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (7), (8), (9), (10), (14), (19) and (20). 89-09-047 (Order 190), § 230-08-122, filed 4/18/89, effective 7/1/89.]

WAC 230-08-125 Annual activity reports by operators of Class A, B, and C bingo, all classes of raffles, and bona fide charitable or nonprofit amusement games. Each licensee for the operation of all classes of raffles and bona fide charitable or nonprofit amusement games, and Class A, B, or C bingo games shall submit to the commission an annual summary of each separate licensed activity on a form supplied by the commission.

The report form shall be furnished by the commission and the completed report shall be received in the office of the commission or postmarked no later than 30 days following the expiration of such organization's license year. The report shall be signed by the highest ranking officer of the organization or his/her designee. If the report is prepared by someone other than this officer, then the preparer shall include his/her name and phone number on the report.

The report shall be completed in accordance with the related instructions furnished with the report. The report shall include, among other items, the following:
(1) The gross gambling receipts from the conduct of each licensed activity;
(2) The total amount of cash prizes actually paid out, and the total of the cost to the licensee of all merchandise prizes actually paid out for each licensed activity. Donated prizes will be recorded at the fair market value of the prize at the time they were received by the organization;
(3) The net gambling receipts for each activity;
(4) Full details on all expenses directly related to each activity, including all compensation paid by the licensee to each person for any work connected with the management, promotion, conduct or operation of each of the licensed activities, including a description of the work performed by that person. Provided that RCW 9.46.0277 and WAC 230-20-070 are observed in relation to the restriction against employing persons to conduct or otherwise take part in the operation of a raffle;
(5) The net income from each activity;
(6) The total number of sessions conducted during the year; and
(7) The total number of players participating in bingo games;
(8) Net income from the operation of retail sales activities operated in conjunction with bingo games.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (1)(16). 90-10-007, § 230-08-125, filed 4/19/90, effective 7/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (7), (8), (9), (10), (14), (19) and (20). 89-09-047 (Order 190), § 230-08-125, filed 4/18/89, effective 7/1/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (8) and (9). 85-06-002 (Order 147), § 230-08-125, filed 2/22/85. Statutory Authority:]

(1995 Ed)
WAC 230-08-130 Quarterly activity reports by operators of punchboards and pull tabs. Each licensee for the operation of punchboards and pull tabs shall submit an activity report to the commission concerning the operation of the licensed activity and other matters set forth below during each of the following periods of the year:

- January 1st through March 31st
- April 1st through June 30th
- July 1st through September 30th
- October 1st through December 31st

If the licensee does not renew his license, then he shall file a report for the period between the previous report filed and the expiration date of his license.

The report form shall be furnished by the commission and the completed report shall be received in the office of the commission or postmarked no later than 30 days following the end of the period for which it is made.

The report shall be signed by the highest ranking executive officer or his designee. If the report is prepared by someone other than the licensee or his employee, then the preparer shall print his/her name and business telephone number on the report.

The report shall be completed in accordance with the related instructions furnished with the report. The report shall include the following:

1. Gross sales, other than licensed gambling activities during the reporting period;
2. That portion of the gross sales that relates solely to the sale of food and drink for consumption on the premises;
3. The gross gambling receipts from punchboards and the gross receipts from pull tabs;
4. The total amount of cash prizes paid out and the cost to the licensee of all merchandise prizes paid out, for punchboards and for pull tabs;
5. Full details of all expenses related to the purchase and operation of punchboards and pull tabs;
6. Total net gambling income;
7. The number of punchboards and the number of pull tab series that were either in play and in inventory awaiting play as of the end of business on the last day of the quarter;
8. The number of punchboards and the number of pull tab series removed from play during the period; and
9. The number of punchboards and the number of pull tab series purchased during the period, less all unplayed devices returned for credit during the period.

WAC 230-08-140 Quarterly activity reports by manufacturers. Each licensed manufacturer shall submit an activity report to the commission concerning sales and services relating to gambling activities each quarter by completing a report form furnished by the commission. The following requirements shall be followed for completion and filing of activity reports:

1. Quarterly reporting periods are defined as:
   a. January 1st through March 31st;
   b. April 1st through June 30th;
   c. July 1st through September 30th; and
   d. October 1st through December 31st.

2. The completed report shall be received in the office of the commission or postmarked no later than thirty days following the end of the period for which it is made.

3. The report shall be signed by the highest ranking executive officer or his designee. If the report is prepared by someone other than the licensee or their employee, then the preparer’s name and business telephone number must be provided.

4. The report shall include, among other items, the following:
   a. The gross sales of gambling related supplies or equipment or merchandise of any kind which could be used to operate, or in connection with, punchboards, pull tabs, pull tab dispensing devices, bingo, or amusement games, where such sales are made in the state of Washington or for use or distribution within this state;
   b. The quantity of each specific type of device, equipment or merchandise sold within this state or for distribution and use within this state by the licensee;
   c. A listing of the name and address of each person who was a distributor’s representative for the licensee during the three month period or who attempted to solicit sales of such devices, equipment or merchandise, either within the state of Washington or for use or distribution within the state; and
   d. The number of employees in the state of Washington other than those listed in (c) of this subsection.

5. Each distributor with an active license must submit a report regardless of the level of activity. If no activity was conducted during the period, a report stating "no activity" shall be submitted.

6. If a licensee does not renew their license, then they shall file a report for the period between the previous report filed and the expiration date of the license.

WAC 230-08-150 Quarterly activity reports by distributors. Each licensed distributor shall submit an activity report to the commission concerning sales and services relating to gambling activities each quarter by completing a report form furnished by the commission. The following requirements shall be followed for completion and filing of activity reports:

1. Quarterly reporting periods are defined as:
   a. January 1st through March 31st;
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(b) April 1st through June 30th;
(c) July 1st through September 30th; and
(d) October 1st through December 31st.

(2) The completed report shall be received in the office of the commission or postmarked no later than thirty days following the end of the period for which it is made;

(3) The report shall be signed by the highest ranking executive officer or their designee. If the report is prepared by someone other than the licensee or their employee, then the preparer shall print his/her name and phone number on the report;

(4) The report shall include, among other items, the following:

(a) The gross sales of gambling related supplies or equipment, or merchandise of any kind which could be used to operate, or in connection with, punchboards, pull tabs, pull tab dispensing devices, bingo, or amusement games, when such sales are made in the state of Washington or for distribution or use within the state of Washington;

(b) The quantity of each specific type of such device, equipment, or merchandise sold within the state or for distribution or use within the state of Washington by the licensee;

(c) A listing of the name and address of each person who was a manufacturer’s representative for the licensee or who solicited sales of such devices or equipment for or on behalf of the licensee within the state of Washington or for use or distribution within the state; and

(d) The number of employees in the state of Washington other than those listed in (c) of this subsection.

(5) Each manufacturer with an active license must submit a report regardless of the level of activity. If no activity was conducted during the period, a report stating "no activity" shall be submitted;

(6) If a licensee does not renew their license, then they shall file a report for the period between the previous report filed and the expiration date of the license.

WAC 230-08-160 Quarterly activity reports by operators of social and public card rooms. Each licensee for the operation of social or public card rooms shall submit an activity report to the commission concerning the operation of the licensed activity and other matters set forth below during each of the following periods of the year:

January 1st through March 31st
April 1st through June 30th
July 1st through September 30th
October 1st through December 31st.

If the licensee does not renew his license, then he shall file a report for the period between the previous report filed and the expiration date of his license.

The report form shall be furnished by the commission and the completed report shall be received in the office of the commission or postmarked no later than 30 days following the end of the period for which it is made.

The report shall be signed by the highest ranking executive officer or his designee. If the report is prepared by someone other than the licensee or his employee, then the preparer shall print his/her name and phone number on the report.

The report shall be completed in accordance with the related instructions furnished with the report. The report shall include the following:

(1) Gross sales, other than licensed gambling activities during the report period;

(2) That portion of the gross sales that relates solely to the sale of food and drink for consumption on the premises;

(3) Gross gambling receipts from the collection of fees charged for allowing persons to play;

(4) Full details of all compensation paid by the licensee to each person for any work connected with the management, promotion, conduct or operation of the card room, including:

(a) A description of the work performed by that person, including identifying each "Pan" dealer;

(b) The hourly wage, including benefits; and

(c) The total hours worked during the period.

(5) Full details of all other expenses related to the operation of the card room;

(6) The net gambling income or loss from the operation of the card room for the reporting period;

(7) The net gambling income or loss from the operation of the card room;

(8) The total hours the card room was open during the period;

(9) The total hours "Pan" was played and a paid dealer was provided during the period; and

(10) Full details of any meals furnished employees included in (1) or (2) above as sales.

Provided, That persons licensed under Class D - general, no fee charged, are exempt from all portions of this rule.

WAC 230-08-180 Annual activity reports by commercial amusement game operators. (License Class B and above) (1) Each licensee for the operation of commercial amusement games Class B and above shall submit an activity report to the commission concerning the operation of the licensed activity and other matters set forth below.

(2) The report form shall be furnished by the commission and the completed report shall be received in the office of the commission or postmarked no later than sixty days following the license expiration date.

(3) The report shall be signed by the highest ranking executive officer or their designee. If the report is prepared by someone other than the licensee or their employee, then the preparer’s name and business telephone number must be provided.
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(4) The report shall be completed in accordance with the related instructions furnished with the report. The report shall include the following:
(a) The total gross gambling receipts;
(b) The total cost to the licensee of all prizes awarded;
(c) Full details of all expenses related to the purchase and operation of amusement games;
(d) Total net gambling income;
(5) In addition to the above, commercial amusement game licensees operating amusement games at locations on a temporary basis set forth in WAC 230-04-138 (1)(a), (d), or (e) or as authorized by WAC 230-20-670(2) shall provide for each separate location:
(a) The name and address of the business and/or event;
(b) The total gross gambling receipts received; and
(c) The amount of funds distributed to the premises/location owner.

WAC 230-08-200 All records subject to commission audit. Any and all records of any person operating any activity authorized by RCW 9.46.030, or any licensed distributor or manufacturer of gambling devices, paraphernalia or equipment, or any commission permittee, its employees, any of its members that directly participate in the management, operation or promotion of an authorized activity, including but not limited to, those which are required to be kept or which relate in any manner to the conduct of any activity licensed by the commission, or of a rule of the commission, shall be subject to an audit by the commission and any of its authorized representatives, without notice: Provided, That unless otherwise provided elsewhere in these rules, such an audit must be begun between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. on a weekday other than a holiday, or during the hours in which the activity is being actually operated, and performed upon the premises of the licensee where the records are located.

In the event of an audit by the commission, or any of its authorized representatives, the operator, distributor, manufacturer or permittee, shall immediately provide all such records, provide a place where such audit may be performed and render such reasonable assistance to the commission and its representatives in inspecting such records as may be requested.

WAC 230-08-250 Annual activity reports by agricultural fairs and other bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations with special location licenses to conduct bingo, raffles, and amusement games. Each bona fide charitable or nonprofit licensee for the operation of bingo, raffles, and amusement games conducted only at agricultural fairs and other special locations shall submit an activity report to the commission concerning the operation of the licensed activities and other matters set forth below for the period of their license.

The report form shall be furnished by the commission and the completed report shall be received in the office of the commission or postmarked no later than 30 days following the expiration date of the license. All persons operating by virtue of a permit issued by the commission shall furnish to the licensee in conjunction with whom the permit is used, all information with respect to their own operation which is needed by the licensee to complete its report not less than ten days prior to the time the licensee is required to file his report with the commission.

The report shall be signed by the highest ranking executive officer or his designee. If the report is prepared by someone other than the licensee or his employee, then the preparer shall also sign the report.

The report shall include, among other items, the following:
(1) The gross receipts from each separate gambling activity;
(2) The total cash prizes actually paid out and the total of the cost to the licensee of all merchandise prizes actually paid out for each separate gambling activity;
(3) The net receipts for each separate gambling activity;
(4) Full details on all expenses directly related to each separate gambling activity;
(5) The net income from each separate gambling activity; and
(6) The gross receipts from the rental or leasing of space for licensed gambling activities.

WAC 230-08-255 Bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations—Significant progress—Group II and Group III licensees. Any charitable or nonprofit organization requesting certification to conduct gambling activities in Group II or Group III, as defined by WAC 230-04-040, must demonstrate it has made significant progress toward meeting its stated purpose(s) during the period under review. Compliance with the following requirements shall be prima facie evidence that an organization has made significant progress:
(1) It held elections to select officers at least once in the previous two years;
(2) It held a general membership meeting to conduct the business of the organization at least once in the previous two years;
(3) It expended at least sixty percent of the gambling proceeds earned in its most recently completed fiscal accounting year by either directly providing program services or by purchasing capital assets necessary to provide future program services. For purposes of compliance with this subsection, the following provisions and procedures apply:
(a) An organization will be deemed to have complied with the requirements of this subsection if:
(i) It spends an amount equal to sixty percent or more of gambling proceeds earned during the current fiscal accounting period providing program services; or
(ii) It has a formal plan to spend an amount that is equal to or greater than sixty percent of the gambling proceeds earned in the current period to provide program services in the immediately subsequent fiscal accounting period and the
plan is submitted to the commission as a part of its certification application.

(b) An organization may be exempted from this provision for up to three years if:

(i) It is reserving funds to start or expand specific programs;

(ii) It is using at least twenty-five percent of gambling proceeds for providing program services in the current fiscal accounting period;

(iii) It is a formal plan regarding the funds reserved; and

(iv) The director approved the plan.

(c) The amount of gambling proceeds expended to provide program services shall be computed using the following guidelines:

(i) All reductions of the principal and interest expense related to loans used to purchase program service assets shall be treated as program service expenses during the period they are paid;

(ii) Noncash expenses, such as depreciation or amortization shall be subtracted from program service expenses;

(iii) For computation of ratios for compliance with this section, fees paid by members or the public to receive program services or to participate in specific activities shall be classified as a reduction to both program service expenses and income to the organization; and

(iv) The amount of gambling proceeds used to provide program services shall be computed by multiplying adjusted program services expenses by a ratio determined by dividing gambling proceeds for the period by adjusted total income from all sources for the same period.

(4) It does not expend more than thirty-five percent of the total amount spent providing program services for administrative or supporting services or, if more than fifty percent of program services are provided through indirect methods such as contributions, scholarships, and/or sponsorships, then not more than twenty percent of the total amount spent for program services shall be spent for supporting services: Provided, That unique, nonrepeating expenses may be factored out of the computation of administrative or supporting services expenditures for compliance with this section: Provided further, That expenditures that relate to more than one function shall be allocated to the various functions. Methods of allocation shall be documented and available for commission staff review. The director may grant an exemption to exceed the above limitation when an organization can demonstrate special circumstances. For purposes of this section, "administrative" or "supporting services" expenses shall include management and general overhead expenses which are essential to providing program services but which are not directly attributable to program services. At least the following expenditures shall be considered administrative or supporting services expenses:

(a) Wages and benefits for general operation of the organization such as executive directors and other management or support personnel (secretarial, reception, bookkeeping, etc.);

(b) Expenses related to providing an administrative office, including rent, depreciation, interest, utilities, taxes, insurance, and supplies;

(c) General management functions of the organization such as planning (budget etc.), recruiting and training staff, and procuring and distributing materials;

(d) Scheduling and conducting board, committee, and membership meetings;

(e) Publicizing the organization: Provided, That solicitation of new members or volunteers, or announcements and publications intended to educate the public regarding services provided by the organization, shall be deemed to be program service expenses;

(f) General expenses related to soliciting contributions and other nongambling fund raising activities. Direct expenses related to a specific fund raising activity shall be deducted from the receipts of the activity and will be treated as supporting services expenses only to the extent total expenses exceed receipts for the activity; and

(g) Outside supporting services such as accounting, audit, legal, etc.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070, 9.46.0261 and 9.46.0209. 94-01-035, § 230-08-255, filed 12/6/93, effective 1/6/94.]

WAC 230-08-260 Fund raising events—Activity report required. Each licensee for the operation of fund raising events shall submit an activity report to the commission concerning the operation of the licensed activities and other matters set forth below for the period of each event.

The report form shall be furnished by the commission and the completed report shall be received in the office of the commission no later than 30 days following the authorized operating days or day.

The report shall be signed by the highest ranking executive officer or his designee. If the report is prepared by someone other than the licensee or his employee, then the preparer shall print his/her name and phone number on the report.

The report shall include, among other items, the following information:

1. The gross receipts from each separate gambling activity;

2. Total cash prizes actually paid out and the total of the cost to the licensee of all merchandise prizes actually given out for each separate gambling activity. Donated prizes will be recorded at the fair market value of the prize at the time they were received by the organization;

3. The net receipts for each separate gambling activity;

4. The total net receipts;

5. Full details of all expenses directly related to each event.


(1995 Ed.)
Chapter 230-12 WAC: Gambling Commission

RULES OF GENERAL APPLICABILITY

WAC
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DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

230-12-400 License expiration extension. [Order 5, § 230-12-400, filed 12/19/73.] Repealed by Order 23, filed 9/23/74.

WAC 230-12-010 Inspection of premises, records and devices. All premises licensed, or any premises in any way connected physically or otherwise with a licensed business, including vehicles used in connection therewith, shall at all times be open to inspection by the commission or its authorized representatives.

At any time during which a licensed gambling activity is being operated upon a premises, the commission, and any authorized representative of the commission, may enter upon the premises without advance notice and:

(1) Make a count of all monies received during the operation of the licensed activity located on the premises, inspect all receipts for income, and for prizes which have been awarded by the licensee.

(2) Inspect any of the other records of the licensee, or of any member that directly participates in the management, operation or promotion of a licensed activity, or of any employee of the licensee, or of any operator of the licensed activity.

(3) Inspect, including the dismantling of, all pieces of equipment or parts thereof, or devices of any nature, which are being used to conduct the licensed activity.

(4) When the commission, or its authorized representative, finds cause to believe that there is a reasonable probability that the provisions of chapter 9.46 RCW, including any amendments thereto, or any of the rules passed by the commission, have been or are being violated by the licensee, or its employees or operators, remove to another location or locations for further inspection and investigation, any and all records and any and all equipment, parts thereof, and devices of any nature located upon the premises related to the operation of the licensed activity, or any other gambling activity: Provided, That records may be removed, for inspection purposes, from the licensee’s premises or control in the case of an inadequate working environment.

A receipt shall be issued to the licensee or operator of the activity which shall list and describe each record and each piece of equipment, or part thereof, and device which has been removed from the premises.

Each such record, piece of equipment, part thereof, and device so removed shall be returned to the premises or to the address of the licensee at a reasonable period of time after its removal subsequent to notification of settlement of the case, in as good a condition as it was in when removed, unless the commission or the director determines that the record, equipment or devices so removed are necessary for an ongoing investigation of possible violations of statutes or rules of the commission by the licensee, by employees of the licensee, or by operators of the licensed activity. Copies of retained records and reports will be provided to the licensee upon written request within ten working days after the receipt of the request, unless good cause is shown for an additional extension.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.140, 94-07-084 (Order 250), § 230-12-010, filed 3/16/94, effective 4/16/94. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (8), (11) and (14). 89-15-039 (Order 194), § 230-12-010, filed 7/18/89, effective 8/18/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070(8), 9.46.20(14) [9.46.020(14)] and 9.47.130. 81-21-033 (Order 114), § 230-12-010, filed 10/15/81; Order 57, § 230-12-010, filed 7/9/76; Order 42, § 230-12-010, filed 9/18/75; Order 5, § 230-12-010, filed 12/1973.]
from deposits for jar, pig, or other similar special game prizes if:

(i) The total of all such prize funds does not accumulate to exceed two hundred dollars;

(ii) The amount withheld each session is entered in the bingo daily record; and

(iii) A reconciliation of the special game fund is made of the bingo daily record;

(b) All net gambling receipts from the operation of bingo which are being held pending disbursement shall be deposited in the licensee’s gambling receipts account not later than the second banking day following receipt thereof;

(c) All net gambling receipts from the operation of card rooms, raffles (Class E and above), and amusement games (Class D and above) shall be deposited in the licensees gambling receipts account at least once each week;

(d) Funds received from commercial amusement game operators that relate to the operation of amusement games on their premises shall be deposited in the licensees gambling receipts account no later than the second banking day following receipt;

(e) Net gambling receipts from the operation of each punchboard and pull tab series, including cost recovery for merchandise prizes awarded, shall be deposited in the licensees gambling receipts account no later than two banking days after a board or series is removed from play. The Washington state identification number assigned to the punchboard or pull tab series and the amount of net gambling receipts shall be recorded on the deposit slip/receipt each time a deposit is made: Provided, That licensees may record the Washington state identification stamp numbers and the net gambling receipts on a separate record if the record is identified with the bank validation number and maintained with the deposit slip/receipt; and

(f) All deposits of net gambling receipts from each activity shall be made separately from all other deposits, and the validated deposit receipt shall be kept as a part of the records required by Title 230 WAC. Deposit receipts are a part of the applicable daily or monthly records and shall be available for inspection by commission representatives.

(2) Bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations that conduct only one or more of the following activities and do not possess any other licenses issued by the gambling commission are exempt from this rule:

(a) Raffles under the provisions of RCW 9.46.0315;

(b) Bingo, raffles, or amusement games under the provisions of RCW 9.46.0321;

(c) Class A, B, or C bingo game;

(d) Class A, B, or D raffle; or

(e) Class A, B or C amusement game.

(3) Bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations who conduct only fund raising events or membership raffles and have no other gambling licenses are exempt from having a separate gambling receipts account, but must meet the following conditions of deposit:

(a) No expenditures other than for prizes shall be made until such receipts have first been deposited in the licensee’s bank account;

(b) All net gambling receipts shall be deposited within two banking days following receipt thereof; and

(c) The validated deposit receipt shall be kept with the licensee’s gambling records.

WAC 230-12-030 No beer or liquor as prizes. No beverages containing alcohol, including but not limited to, beer or liquor, shall be offered or awarded as a prize or in lieu of a prize for winning at any of the activities authorized by chapter 9.46 RCW: Provided, That this section does not apply to activities that are authorized by RCW 9.46.0305 (Dice or coin contests for music, food, or beverage payment), and RCW 9.46.0315 (Raffles—No license required, when) conducted by bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organizations. No such alcoholic beverages shall be furnished to any person participating in the activity by anyone except upon the participant paying the market price therefor. If liquor is offered for sale upon the premises where an authorized activity is being conducted then no one under the age of eighteen years shall be admitted to that portion of the premises used to conduct the authorized activity. The licensee and each person conducting the activity and each person physically operating the activity shall be responsible to see that no unauthorized person is admitted to that portion of the premises.

WAC 230-12-040 No firearms as prizes. No firearms, air guns which are capable of discharging dangerous projectiles, including but not limited to, BB’s, or CO2 guns, including but not limited to, rifles, shotguns, pistols, or revolvers; shall be offered or awarded as a prize or in lieu of a prize for winning at any of the activities authorized by chapter 9.46 RCW: Provided, That bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations licensed to conduct a raffle, may award legal shotguns or hunting rifles as merchandise prizes not deemed unlawful as defined by WAC 232-12-047: Provided further, That the organization shall not award the actual prize but will provide a certificate for the prize redeemable at a licensed firearms dealer.

WAC 230-12-050 Extension of credit, loans, or gifts prohibited, limited exception. No licensee, member or employee thereof shall extend credit, make a loan, or grant a gift to any person playing in an authorized activity, or which enables a person to play in an authorized activity. The consideration required to participate in the activity shall be collected in full, by cash or check, prior to participation.
Provided, this prohibition shall not apply to the following situations:

(1) The consideration paid for the opportunity to play a punchboard or pull tab series may be collected immediately after the play is completed only when such consideration is ten dollars or less; or

(2) When a bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organization conducting any of the activities authorized by chapter 9.46 RCW or commission rules has a regular billing system for all of the activities of its members with such organization, such billing system may be utilized in connection with the playing of any of the activities authorized hereunder if:

(a) The playing of such activity is limited to regular members of such organization who have become regular members prior to the commencement of such activity and whose qualifications for membership were not dependent upon, or in any way related to, the playing of such activity; and

(b) The commission has given its prior written consent to the use of such billing system in connection with the conduct of activities authorized under these rules.

WAC 230-12-053 Acceptance of checks—Requirements. (1) A licensee, member, or employee thereof may accept a check in lieu of cash from a player for activities authorized by chapter 9.46 RCW, when the following requirements are met:

(a) The check is not a third party check drawn on an individual's personal account or a counter check offered by the licensed establishment;

(b) Any personal check must be dated the same day it is offered to the licensee and fully negotiable upon acceptance by the licensee; and

(c) The check is not from a player who has a balance owed to the licensee from a previous returned personal check. Provided: This shall not apply to a licensee who utilizes a check guarantee and collection service.

(2) If a licensee, member or employee thereof accepts a check that does not comply with the requirements set forth above, the licensee shall be deemed to have extended credit in violation of WAC 230-12-050.

WAC 230-12-060 Charitable or nonprofit—Bingo—Special review. (1) The director or the commission may require an organization to appear before the commission for a special review of the organization's performance during the preceding 18 months. Topics for the review shall be limited to the following:

(a) Failure to make progress in meeting its organizational purpose(s);

(b) Payment of excessive wages;

(c) Payment of excessive rent or excessive purchase price for bingo premises;

(d) The loss of exemption from the Internal Revenue Service and its effect on continued eligibility; or

(e) Violation of bingo prize payout or net return requirements.

(2) The commission will notify all other bingo operations within a five mile radius, of the time, date, and place of the special review. The commission will also notify local law enforcement of this information.

(3) The organization shall be represented by at least a majority of the members of its board of director, its chief executive officer, its primary bingo manager, and may be represented by an attorney.

(4) At the completion of any special review, the commission may issue a written position regarding the organization reviewed. If the commission deems that corrective action is necessary, it may require the organization to develop a plan to address the concerns of the commission. The plan will be reviewed by the staff and the commission and the organization will be notified of any additional concerns. Any organization subject to corrective action will be allowed a maximum of six months after the review to conform to the approved corrective action plan. The progress made toward compliance will be monitored by the commission staff. In the event an organization fails to comply with the corrective action plan, the director may initiate administrative action concerning any subsequent rule violations. Topics brought before the commission for a special review that constitute rule violations will be treated as a formal warning, and not subject to further administrative action. Provided, if new or continued violations occur after the completion of the special review, those violations will be subject to separate administrative action.

WAC 230-12-070 Conduct of gambling activity. No person operating any activity authorized by chapter 9.46 RCW shall, directly or indirectly, in the course of such operation:

(1) Employ any device, scheme or artifice to defraud;

(2) Make any untrue statement of a fact, or omit to state a fact necessary in order to make a statement not misleading, in consideration of the circumstances under which such statement was made;

(3) Engage in any act, practice, or course of operation as would operate as a fraud or deceit upon any person.

WAC 230-12-075 Commercial stimulant compliance. A person licensed to operate punchboards and pull tabs and/or a public card room as a commercial stimulant shall be operating those activities as a commercial stimulant when the adjusted net gambling receipts do not exceed the total gross sales of the licensed business in any calendar quarter. Provided. That when the adjusted net gambling receipts exceed the total gross sales of the licensed business by less than ten percent in any calendar quarter, the commission shall measure the current quarter with the previous three calendar quarters to determine compliance. If the adjusted
net gambling receipts for the entire period do not exceed the gross sales for this 12-month period, then the gambling activities shall be considered as being used as a commercial stimulant. Those licensees that have operated less than a year, shall be measured only on those quarterly reports submitted to the commission.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 86-24-025 (Order 163), § 230-12-075, filed 11/24/86.]

WAC 230-12-078 Bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations—Responsibilities—Independent management control structure required. It shall be the affirmative responsibility of each charitable or nonprofit organization licensed to conduct gambling activities, and its officers or board of directors, to ensure the legislative intent regarding gambling activities is met. This responsibility shall be fulfilled by developing and maintaining an independent management control system that ensures: Gambling activities are closely supervised and operated according to commission guidelines; gambling proceeds are used solely to advance the purposes of the organization; all assets of the organization are protected from misuse or defalcation; and an operating environment that facilitates implementation of the officers' or board of directors' policies is maintained. Each charitable or nonprofit organization licensed to conduct gambling activities in Group II or Group III, as defined in WAC 230-04-040, shall fulfill its responsibilities by:

(1) Developing and implementing a management control system which:

(a) Will be overseen by an independent slate of officers or board of directors, that has been elected by a process in which all active members have a single vote;

(b) Includes written policies which set the responsibilities of officers, board of directors, and employees;

(c) Includes written policies establishing the scope of authority delegated to officers, board of directors, and employees;

(d) Includes affirmative management and accounting controls that ensure that all funds and other assets directly or indirectly obtained with gambling proceeds are protected from misuse, dedicated solely to the purposes of the organization, and do not inure to the private use of any person. For purposes of this section, the following uses of gambling proceeds shall not be deemed inurement:

(i) Providing program services to members or the public; or

(ii) Expenditures for necessary expenses, including salaries or wages for services to perform the purposes of the organization. Salaries or wages paid to members, officers, board of directors, or direct family members of any of the preceding, shall not be deemed inurement if they are necessary, reasonable, and the decision to pay such is made in an independent management control environment.

(e) Includes a planning process that sets goals regarding uses of gambling proceeds and allows the officers or board of directors to monitor progress toward meeting such goals. Provided, That organizations reserving funds in endowments or trust funds under limitations in WAC 230-04-024 (8)(b) and (c) must have a formal business plan or budget outlining uses of such;

(f) Includes a system of internal accounting controls that is designed to reduce errors, minimize risk of defalcations, and safeguard assets. The organization's officers or board of directors shall implement procedures to monitor established controls for compliance. The internal accounting control system shall include at least the following controls:

(i) Management approval for expenditures;

(ii) Procedures that restrict access to assets to only those individuals authorized by management;

(iii) Procedures to ensure all transactions are recorded in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Transactions shall be recorded with enough detail to maintain accountability of assets; and

(iv) Periodic comparison of recorded assets to physical assets and reconciliation of all differences.

(g) Will be documented and available for commission staff review.

(2) Maintaining an independent operating environment. An organization's operating environment will be independent when its officers, board members, and supervisory level employees completely separate their personal interests and the interest of the organization: Provided, That an organization shall not be in violation of this section if individual officers or board members acknowledge potential conflicts of interest and abstain from voting on issues that directly or indirectly affect their personal interest. Any potential conflicts of interest situations involving supervisor level employees must be reviewed and approved by the governing board of the organization. All discussions or balloting regarding potential conflicts of interest shall be recorded in the official meeting minutes. Any of the following actions by officers, board members, or supervisory level employees that are not approved by the board of directors and documented in the official minutes shall provide a presumption of the lack of an independent operating environment:

(a) They directly or indirectly receive financial or personal benefit from the organization or share in gambling proceeds of the organization; or

(b) They are directly or indirectly responsible for supervision of, or have decision-making authority over transactions that may result in direct or indirect financial or personal benefit to: Their direct relatives, including spouses, parents, children, siblings, and similar relationships, whether by blood, adoption, or marriage; persons with whom they maintain a common household; or persons with whom they have a business relationship; or

(c) They directly or, through lack of action, indirectly allow others to receive or share in the gambling proceeds of the organization.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070, 9.46.026 and 9.46.0209. 94-01-035, § 230-12-078, filed 12/6/93, effective 1/6/94.]

WAC 230-12-080 Licensee to maintain copy of commission's rules on premises. Each licensee for the operation of a gambling activity shall obtain, maintain and keep current, a copy of the rules of the commission, which shall be located upon each premises used for the conduct of a licensed activity by a licensee at all times the activity is there conducted. The rules shall be produced by the licensee and shown to any person upon demand. The fact that a licensee may not have a current copy of each of the rules of
WAC 230-12-090 Problem gambling informational sign must be posted. The legislature recognizes that some individuals in Washington state are problem or compulsive gamblers. Because the state promotes and regulates gambling through the activities of the lottery commission, horse racing commission and gambling commission, the state has the responsibility to continue to provide resources for the support of services for problem and compulsive gamblers. RCW 9.46.071 requires that the lottery commission, horse racing commission and gambling commission shall jointly develop informational signs concerning problem and compulsive gambling, and the signs shall be placed in establishments of gambling licensees, horse racing licensees and lottery retailers.

All gambling commission licensees shall prominently post the problem gambling informational signs at each entrance and exit of their establishments. The informational signs will be provided to the licensee by the gambling commission and will contain the toll-free hotline number for the Washington state council on problem gambling. Brochures to patrons containing the toll-free hotline number meet the posting requirement and will be supplied by the gambling commission: Provided, That licensees may develop signs in compliance with this rule and the provision of RCW 9.46.071, but the signs must be reviewed and approved by the gambling commission.

If a licensee fails to prominently post the problem gambling informational signs in their establishments, they may be subject to a suspension of two days for the first violation, seven days for the second violation and fourteen days for each violation noted thereafter.

WAC 230-12-200 Prohibited practices—Contracts—Gifts—Rebates, etc. (1) No contract shall be made or entered into whereby any operator or distributor agrees to deal in, purchase or operate any particular brand or brands of gambling device or equipment to the exclusion of any other brand of gambling device or equipment.

(2) No manufacturer or distributor, or his employee, shall directly or indirectly, solicit, give or offer to, or receive from any other licensee or any employee thereof, any gifts, discounts, loans of money, premiums, rebates, free merchandise of any kind, treats or services of any nature whatsoever; nor shall any licensee or employee thereof, directly or indirectly, solicit, receive from, or give or offer to any manufacturer or distributor, or his employee, any gifts, discounts, loans of money, premiums, rebates, free merchandise of any kind, treats or services of any nature whatsoever. Each licensed manufacturer or distributor of gambling devices, equipment or other gambling paraphernalia selling such items or related services in the state of Washington shall make such items or services available to all persons licensed to sell or operate such items or receive such services in Washington without discrimination and on the same prices and terms for all persons: Provided, That a manufacturer, by policy of the manufacturer, may choose to sell and provide services only to distributors: Provided further, That nondiscriminatory discounts offered to all parties on the same conditions shall be permitted.

(3) No manufacturer or distributor, or distributor’s representative, shall sell to any person, or solicit from any person, any order for any device, equipment, merchandise, property or service, contingent upon that person or another purchasing or ordering some other device, equipment, merchandise, property or service. The price of any such device, equipment, merchandise, property or service charged by the licensee to another person shall not vary depending upon whether or not that person, or another, purchases or orders some other device, equipment, merchandise, property or service.

(4) In selling equipment, fixtures, supplies or commodities other than gambling devices, no manufacturer or distributor shall grant to licensees, nor shall such licensees accept, more favorable credit terms or arrangements than those extended to nonlicensed parties. The price thereof shall be in conformity with the open market price in the locality where sold and the terms of such sales shall not exceed those normally granted in accordance with the customary business practice of the particular trade in the locality where such sales are made.

WAC 230-12-210 Prices charged by manufacturers, distributors and operators for goods and services not to be fixed by agreement. No manufacturer, distributor or operator shall by agreement, either express or otherwise, with any other manufacturer, distributor or operator, fix the price at which any device, paraphernalia, machine, equipment, punchboard or pull tab, prize or any other item used in connection with any of the activities authorized by chapter 9.46 RCW, as now or hereafter amended, shall be sold, or for which services in connection therewith shall be rendered. The price of these items in the competitive market place shall be established by each manufacturer, distributor or operator for the products and services offered by each and shall not be established, directly or indirectly, in concert with one another.

WAC 230-12-220 Agreement requiring payment by licensee based upon percentage of receipts from authorized activity—Prohibited. No bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization or any other person, association or organization shall conduct any activity authorized under chapter 9.46 RCW, or any amendments thereto, upon any premises if the lease, license, contract, or any other arrangement under which the right to use the premises for the conduct of the activity is obtained requires an unreasonable rental or other payment to another, or such rental or other payment is to be paid by the licensee wholly or partly, on the basis of a percentage of the receipts or profits derived from such gambling activity. Provided, That amusement games conducted as a part of, and upon the site of, a
regional shopping center are exempted from the percentage of receipts or profits restriction of this section and RCW 9.46.120(2).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 and 9.46.0331. 91-19-093 (Order 227), § 230-12-220, filed 9/18/91, effective 10/19/91; Order 58, § 230-12-220, filed 8/17/76; Order 42, § 230-12-220, filed 9/18/75; Order 18, § 230-12-220, filed 5/21/74.]

WAC 230-12-225 Repair or service not to be conditioned upon exclusive supply arrangement. No licensed manufacturer or distributor shall condition repair or service of any device or product upon an agreement by any person to purchase or obtain products or services solely from such manufacturer or distributor, or solely from any other person or combination of persons.

[Order 80, § 230-12-225, filed 12/28/77.]

WAC 230-12-230 Agreements restricting freedom to buy and sell—Prohibited. No person shall enter into any agreement, expressly or impliedly, with any other person which requires any person to purchase exclusively from, or sell exclusively to, any other person, or which prohibits any person from purchasing from or selling to any other person, any devices, materials, products, equipment or services which are used or offered in any way in connection with a gambling activity. No person shall enter into any agreement, express or implied, wherein any person is prohibited from, or required to, make purchases or sales only within a particular geographic area: Provided, That such agreements may be entered into between a licensee and its licensed representative.

[Order 15, § 230-12-230, filed 4/17/74.]

WAC 230-12-250 No division of territories allowed. No manufacturer or distributor shall make or have an agreement or understanding with any licensee that either of them shall be restricted in the operation and carrying on of business to a specific geographic area, or areas, and such a restriction shall not be a condition of any sales between a manufacturer or distributor and any other licensee: Provided, That this shall not prevent a distributor or manufacturer from assigning sales territories among its bona fide representatives.

[Order 21, § 230-12-250, filed 8/20/74; Order 5, § 230-12-250, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-12-280 Suspension of licenses, certificates, and permits for various purposes for premises upon which violations occur. When a violation of any provision of chapter 9.46 RCW, or any amendment thereto, or any of the rules or regulations passed by the commission has occurred on any premises upon which gambling activities are conducted, for which any other license, permit or certificate issued for any purpose by any agency of the state, or political subdivision of the state, is in effect, then all such licenses, permits or certificates may be voided by the issuing agency or body pursuant to RCW 9.46.150(2), and any amendments thereto, and no license, permit or certificate so voided shall be issued or reissued for such premises for a period of up to sixty days thereafter.

[Order 53, § 230-12-280, filed 5/25/76; Order 42, § 230-12-280, filed 9/18/75; Order 5, § 230-12-280, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-12-300 Resident agent to be appointed by foreign manufacturers, distributors, and commercial amusement game operators. (1) All manufacturers, distributors or class B or above commercial amusement game operators engaged in the following activities within this state, or for use in this state, that do not own or otherwise maintain a business office or licensed premises within this state shall appoint a resident agent for the purpose of receipt and acceptance of service of process and other communications on their behalf from the commission:

(a) Manufacturing, selling or distributing gambling supplies or equipment; and
(b) Renting or leasing of commercial amusement games and equipment.

(2) The resident agent shall be a natural person who is a resident and living in the state of Washington and who is eighteen years of age or older.

(3) The name and business address where service of process and delivery of mail can be made, and home address of such designated resident agent shall be filed with the commission and with any other state agency required by law.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 91-21-053 (Order 228), § 230-12-300, filed 10/15/91, effective 11/15/91; Order 60, § 230-12-300, filed 9/10/76; Order 33, § 230-12-300, filed 2/21/75; Order 5, § 230-12-300, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-12-305 Licensee required to submit updated documents or information. In addition to any other requirements set forth in these rules, the persons licensed by the commission shall be required to submit any changes in the following documents or information on file with the commission:

(1) Articles of incorporation or by laws, or any other documents which set out the organizational structure and purposes;

(2) Internal Revenue Service tax exemption status (charitable/nonprofit organizations only);

(3) All leases, rental, consignment, franchise, or other agreements relating to gambling activities or altering the commercial stimulant business, whether oral or written; and

(4) All loans, from other than recognized financial institutions, which individually or collectively exceed a total of $2,000.00 during any calendar year.

The new or updated documents and/or information shall be submitted to the commission by notation on the next quarterly activity report filed, and by attaching all details concerning each transaction: Provided, That licensees not required to submit quarterly activity reports shall submit the required information no later than 60 days following the transaction(s) date.


WAC 230-12-310 Licensees to report to the commission all civil or criminal actions filed against them. (1) Each licensee shall report to the commission, all civil or
criminal actions filed by or against the licensee or the licensee’s president, chief executive officer, chairman of the board, treasurer (chief financial officer), partner or any person holding a substantial interest or manager of the licensed gambling activity. All civil cases involving personal injury, debt collection, adoption, paternity, wage disputes and noncriminal traffic infractions need not be reported.

(2) The report shall consist of a complete copy of the original documents filed. The licensee shall notify the commission of the final disposition of the case.

(3) This report shall be attached to the next quarterly activity report filed with the commission. Organizations not required to submit quarterly reports shall send the report to the commission within thirty days of their receipt of notice of the action filed.

(4) The director may exempt reporting specific types of civil actions upon written request and for good cause shown.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 86-21-060 (Order 162), § 230-12-900, filed 4/17/74.]

WAC 230-12-900 Deputy director. The deputy director appointed by the director is hereby authorized to make any kind of decision or perform any kind of duty or function, which has by the commission rules been delegated to or required of the director, when authorized to do so by the director: Provided, That the deputy director shall not be empowered to:

(1) Summarily suspend a license pursuant to WAC 230-50-012;

(2) Impose any penalty under WAC 230-50-010(6); but the deputy director or any other designee of the director or the commission, may issue a summary of the charges or complaint against an applicant or licensee, pursuant to WAC 230-50-010 (1) (2) (3) (4); or

(3) Designate public officers pursuant to WAC 230-60-030.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 and chapter 34.05 RCW. 90-21-053, § 230-12-900, filed 10/15/90, effective 11/15/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070(13). 81-01-063 (Order 104), § 230-12-900, filed 12/15/80.]

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BINGO, RAFFLES AND AMUSEMENT GAMES

WAC

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230-20-061 Temporary prize limits for bingo. [Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.030 (2) and (3) and 9.46.070 (11) and (14). 83-19-024 (Order 136), § 230-20-061, filed 9/13/83.] Repealed by 84-01-026 (Order 139), filed 12/12/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (5), (6), (8), (10) and (11).
230-20-063 Limits on bingo gross receipts and prize payouts and requirements for net income. [Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (5), (6), (8), (10) and (11). 84-01-026 (Order 139), § 230-20-063, filed 12/12/83.] Repealed by 85-13-041 (Order 151), filed 6/14/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (7), (13) and (18).
230-20-080 No person working on a bingo game for one licensee shall be allowed to work on a game operated by another
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licensee. [Order 9, § 230-20-080, filed 12/19/73, 1:26 p.m.] Repealed by Order 14, filed 3/27/74.

230-20-100

Receiving required for income and prizes in bingo games. [Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (11) and (14). 88-17-050 (Order 182), § 230-20-100, filed 8/16/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.020 (1) and (10) and 9.46.070 (3), (11) and (14). 86-09-036 (Order 157), § 230-20-100, filed 4/11/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (8), (11) and (14). 83-13-050 (Order 134), § 230-20-100, filed 6/14/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (7) and (8). 78-11-049 (Order 87), § 230-20-100, filed 10/20/78; Order 74, § 230-20-100, filed 8/17/77; Order 29, § 230-20-100, filed 1/23/73; Order 25, § 230-20-100, filed 10/25/74; Order 15, § 230-20-100, filed 7/17/74; Order 5, § 230-20-100, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.] Repealed by 90-24-005 (Order 218), filed 11/26/90, effective 12/27/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070.

230-20-150

Gambling receipts deposit required by all bona fide charitable and nonprofit organizations. [Order 74, § 230-20-150, filed 8/17/77; Order 57, § 230-20-150, filed 7/9/76; Order 42, § 230-20-150, filed 9/18/75; Order 38, § 230-20-150, filed 9/5/75; Order 23, § 230-20-150, filed 9/23/74; Order 5, § 230-20-150, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.; Repealed by 83-08-051 (Order 130), filed 4/1/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (9), (12) and (14). Later promulgation, see WAC 230-12-020.

230-20-180

Sale and use of bingo cards. [Order 12, § 230-20-180, filed 2/14/74; Order 5, § 230-20-180, filed 1/21/73.] Repealed by 83-19-024 (Order 136), filed 9/13/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.030 (2) and (3) and 9.46.070 (11) and (14). Repealed by 83-19-024 (Order 136), filed 9/13/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.030 (2) and (3) and 9.46.070 (11) and (14).

230-20-200

Use of numbered balls of various weights prohibited. [Order 9, § 230-20-200, filed 12/19/73, 1:26 p.m.; Order 5, § 230-20-200, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.] Repealed by 83-19-024 (Order 136), filed 9/13/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.030 (2) and (3) and 9.46.070 (11) and (14).

230-20-205

Numbers called to be displayed at bingo games. [Order 5, § 230-20-205, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.] Repealed by 83-19-024 (Order 136), filed 9/13/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.030 (2) and (3) and 9.46.070 (11) and (14).

230-20-245

Manner of conducting bingo—Equipment to be used. [Order 58, § 230-20-245, filed 8/17/76.] Repealed by 83-19-024 (Order 136), filed 9/13/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.030 (2) and (3) and 9.46.070 (11) and (14).

230-20-250

Bingo income limitations. [Order 60, § 230-20-250, filed 9/10/76; Order 53, § 230-20-250, filed 5/25/76; Order 45, § 230-20-250, filed 12/30/75; Order 9, § 230-20-250, filed 12/19/73, 1:26 p.m.] Repealed by Order 65, filed 1/7/77.

230-20-251

Comprehensive financial information to be filed. [Order 65, § 230-20-251, filed 1/7/77.] Repealed by 84-01-026 (Order 139), filed 12/12/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (5), (6), (8), (10) and (11).

230-20-310

Raffle tickets—Consecutive numbering. [Order 5, § 230-20-310, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.] Repealed by 83-11-034 (Order 133), filed 5/16/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (8) and (11).

230-20-320

All licensees shall inform all persons contemplating participation in bingo or amusement games of the cost to play, rules of play, and prizes available. Notification must be prior to requiring the player to make any payment for the opportunity to take part in the activity.

(1) Information that must be disclosed:
(a) All costs to participate;
(b) A complete list and description of all prizes available, and including any extra cost or conditions of ownership related to prizes;
(c) The licensee's cost or the retail value for all noncash prizes that exceed five hundred dollars. If the retail value is disclosed, it must be identified as such by including an explanation such as "retail value" or "MSRP;"
(d) All rules by which such prizes may be won;
(e) Any contingencies that may change the cost to play or prizes available; and
(f) Whether duplicate cards are in play.

(2) Disclosure shall be made by conspicuously posting or displaying signs upon the premises where the activity is operated. Disclosure may be made by signs or by printed flyers or handouts available at the premises;

(3) Any broadcast or published advertisements or other printed information distributed to the public which pertains to game schedules, prizes to be awarded at bingo games, or cost related to play must disclose if there are any contingencies which may result in changes to these terms: Provided, That advertised bingo prizes and game formats may be changed in case of inclement weather, natural disaster, or other unforeseen emergencies, if players are so informed prior to purchasing cards;

filed 9/18/91. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 and 9.46.0331.
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(4) In those cases where persons are able to pay for the opportunity to participate in the activity after the winner of any one of the prizes offered has been determined, the licensee shall remove each prize won from any display of prizes, and from any list of prizes which have been posted or displayed upon the premises where the activity is conducted, immediately upon the determination of the winner of that particular prize: Provided, That during a bingo session, players may be informed by use of the public address system and prominent display of the game name or number.

WAC 230-20-015 Prize limits for raffles. (1) No single raffle prize may exceed $40,000. No group of raffle prizes given during any twelve month period may exceed $80,000.

(2) The commission may permit a licensee to exceed these limits on specific occasions for good cause shown. Requests to exceed the limits shall be submitted to the commission in writing along with the application for licensing.

WAC 230-20-050 Use of proceeds. No part of the proceeds of any bingo game, raffle, or amusement game conducted by a bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organization, except qualified agricultural fairs, shall be used for the benefit of any person other than the organization conducting the activity; except that if the activity is conducted by a licensee for the charitable benefit of a specific person or persons who have been listed as recipients of the proceeds, or a specified portion thereof, may be used for the benefit of such specific person or persons so designated if commission approval has been obtained prior to the organization conducting the activity for that purpose.

WAC 230-20-055 Use by charitable or nonprofit organizations of proceeds from authorized activities. All proceeds remaining after paying the necessary expenses of operating an activity authorized by RCW 9.46.030 shall be used by the organization conducting the activity only for those purposes which are set out in RCW 9.46.020(3) and as it may be amended and, if a licensee, which have been disclosed to the commission in the application for license.

WAC 230-20-064 Maximum receipts, prizes, and expenses for bingo games—Net income required. Bingo is to be conducted as a social pastime and for the raising of funds to support the purpose(s) of the organization only. Organizations licensed to conduct bingo games must comply with the following limitations:

(1) Gross receipts from the sale of bingo cards shall not exceed the limits by class of license for the organization’s license year as set out in WAC 230-04-202, Table 1., or as restricted by the commission under subsection (6) of this section.

(2) To prevent the payment of prizes in such amounts that would significantly reduce net income, prize payouts, as percentages of gross receipts, shall not exceed the percentages listed in Table 1. by class of license, or as restricted by the commission under subsection (6) of this section.

(3) To insure that licensees meet the intent of RCW 9.46.010 and to prevent the payment of excessive expenses, combined net income from bingo games, punchboards/pull tabs, and food, drink or other retail sales activities conducted in conjunction with bingo games, as a percentage of bingo games gross receipts shall not be less than the percentage listed in Table 1. by class of license for any annual license period, or as restricted by the commission under subsection (6) of this section: Provided, That local gambling taxes paid or accrued will be allowed as a credit when computing net income for bingo and punchboards and pull tabs.

(4) The director may allow a licensee to temporarily exceed the limitations set out in subsection (2) or (3) of this section, or Table 1. of this section when unusual and/or uncontrollable conditions affect the licensee’s ability to comply. Any licensee seeking relief from these requirements must petition the commission in writing. This petition must set forth the specific circumstances for which such relief is sought and include objective evidence regarding the scope of the impact on the bingo operation. The director may authorize exceptions under the following conditions:

(a) When a new class D or above bingo licensee or any game not under the jurisdiction of the commission and which operates two or more days per week begins bingo activities within the market area of an operating game. For purposes of this section, “market area” is defined as:

(i) Primary market area - within the area encompassed by a measurement that starts at the premises of an operating class D or above bingo game and extends to a radius that is located five miles from such premises;

(ii) Secondary market area - within the area encompassed by a measurement that starts at a radius that is located five miles from the premises of an operating class D or above bingo game and extends to a radius that is located ten miles from the premises;

(iii) Rural market area - within the area encompassed by a measurement that starts at the premises of an operating class D or above bingo game and extends to the twenty-five mile radius from such premises when such premises is located in any county that the total population is less than one hundred thousand.

(b) When a class D or above game is forced to move its current operations outside their primary market area due to circumstances beyond the control of the organization. Examples of uncontrollable circumstances are:

(i) Premises destroyed or condemned;

(ii) Lease expiration without an option to renew;
(iii) Increases to rent that would put the licensee in jeopardy of being in violation of net income requirements;
(iv) Permanent interruption of customer flow, such as: Closure of arterial exit ramps; loss of customer parking; cancellation of public transportation; etc.; or
(v) Other circumstances as approved by the director.
(c) When an organization not previously licensed to conduct bingo at any class begins operations at the class D or above level;
(d) When a licensee is required to upgrade their license class in the last quarter of their annual license period; or
(e) When an organization incurs a temporary interruption of customer flow. A "temporary interruption of customer flow" is defined as an interruption that the licensee can not prevent but which will be corrected within a reasonable time period, such as street repairs, damage to premises, inclement weather, etc.

(5) Relief granted under subsection (4) of this section shall be limited to adjustment of the requirements in Table 1, as follows:

(a) Relief for subsection (4)(a) of this section - new game operating within the primary market area. When a new class D or above or any game not under the jurisdiction of the commission and which operates two or more days per week begins operations within the primary market area of an operating class D or above bingo game and:
   (i) The new game operates two or more occasions per week that are common to the currently operating game, the annual and calendar quarter prize payout limits shall be increased by two percentage points for the first twelve months of operation, and the annual minimum net income requirements shall be decreased by two percentage points for the first twelve months of operation of the new game; or
   (ii) The new game operates one occasion or less per week that is common to the currently operating game, the annual and calendar quarter prize payouts limits shall be increased by one percentage point for the first twelve months of operation, and the annual minimum net income requirements shall be decreased by one percentage point for the first twelve months of operation of the new game.
(b) Relief for subsection (4)(a) of this section - new game operating within the secondary or rural market area. When a new class D or above or any game not under the jurisdiction of the commission and which operates two or more days per week begins operations within the secondary or rural market area of an operating class D or above bingo game and:
   (i) The new game operates on two or more occasions common to the current game, then the annual and calendar quarter prize payout limits shall be increased by one percentage point for the first twelve months of operation, and the annual minimum net income requirements shall be decreased by one percentage point for the first twelve months of operation of the new game; or
   (ii) The new game operates on one or less occasion common to the current game, then the annual and calendar quarter prize payout limits shall be increased by one-half percentage point for the first twelve months of operation, and the annual minimum net income requirements shall be decreased by one-half percentage point for the first twelve months of operation of the new game.
(c) Relief for subsection (4)(b) of this section - organizations forced to move their game outside their primary market area shall be authorized an increase in the quarterly prize payout limit of one percentage point, and a decrease in the annual net income limit by one percentage point for the first twelve months of operation in the new location;
(d) Relief for subsection (4)(c) of this section - organizations not previously licensed to conduct bingo at any level shall be authorized a two percentage point reduction in the net income requirement and a two percentage point increase in the maximum prize payout requirement of Table 1 for the first annual license period;
(e) Relief for subsection (4)(d) of this section - organizations required to upgrade their license in the last quarter of their annual license period shall be measured for the entire annual license period based on the lower license class limits; and
(f) Relief for subsection (4)(e) of this section - organizations that have temporary interruption of customer flow shall be measured for the affected period, plus one month, based on performance with the interruption period factored out.

(6) Enforcement actions. The commission may impose the following corrective requirements and/or penalties on any licensee who fails to meet requirements of this section:
(a) Any licensee that exceeds the maximum calendar quarter prize payout limit or reports net income that is more than two percentage points lower than the annual minimum net income requirements during any quarter and whose net income falls below the annual minimum requirements when measured license year-to-date shall:
   (i) Take immediate steps to decrease prizes and/or expenses;
   (ii) Report the violation to commission staff as soon as discovered, but in no case later than thirty days following the end of the quarter. This notification shall be separate and additional to the quarterly activity report;
   (iii) Provide a written plan of actions to gain compliance to the commission no later than forty-five days following the end of the quarter. This plan shall be evaluated by commission staff and input provided to the licensee no later than thirty days after receipt;
   (iv) Provide the commission additional reports determined by the staff as necessary to monitor progress toward compliance; and
   (v) Upon request, a committee of the licensee's management, including the chief executive officer, executive director, or equivalent manager responsible for supervising the primary bingo manager, and the primary bingo manager shall meet with commission staff to discuss the action plan.
(b) Any licensee who fails to achieve the minimum net income requirement for their annual measurement period shall be limited in license class for the next annual license period to the license class equal to the level of net income actually achieved, not to exceed a license class that authorizes at least one-half of the maximum gross gambling receipts of the current license class. The annual measurement period used shall be the licensee's annual fiscal accounting year: Provided, That the reduction for the first violation shall be a maximum of two license classes. A licensee limited under this section will not be granted an increase in their authorized license class until it has demonstrated the ability to maintain net income requirements at or above the minimum.
level for the class of license sought. Achieving net income requirements at or above the minimum level for at least two quarters, one of which may be the last quarter in the previous license year, shall be prima facie evidence of such ability: Provided Further, That a licensee may petition the commissioners for a license to operate at a higher level. Any such petition would be heard at a regular public meeting of the commission under the requirements of WAC 230-50-850. Petitions for relief under this section must include: The impact the reduction would have on their programs; what portion of their programs are charitable as compared to nonprofit; and income available from other sources to fund programs. The commission may take testimony from other parties that may be affected by approval of the petition. Any approval granted under this section may be made contingent upon future compliance or other issues as determined by the commission.

(c) The commission deems the responsibility for maintaining prize payouts at or below the maximum annual limit to be that of the primary bingo manager. The organization's board of directors may relieve the primary bingo manager of this responsibility by informing the commission in writing. Unless relieved by the board of directors, the primary manager shall be responsible for all penalties imposed under this section. If the board relieves the manager of responsibility for prizes, the commission shall consider the organization fully responsible for compliance with this section. In this case, prize payouts will be considered when reviewing violations of this section. The primary manager shall not be compensated in any manner during periods of license suspension imposed under this section. Any primary bingo manager who fails to achieve the annual limit for the class of license issued to the organization, as set out in Table 1. below, shall:

(i) First violation - receive a written warning and be required to demonstrate in-depth knowledge of factors affecting prize payouts including, but not limited to, bingo game prize probabilities, expected payouts for each type of game, factors included in the computation, and methods for analysis of games. The scope and depth of their bingo management knowledge shall be demonstrated by requiring the manager to prepare and submit their current game schedules, records used to analyze games, and the expected payout for each game. The manager will be required to meet with commission staff to discuss the evaluation and other aspects of their game;

(ii) Second violation - three day suspension that includes at least one operating day;

(iii) Third violation - ten day suspension that includes at least four operating days;

(iv) Fourth violation - thirty-day suspension;

(v) Fifth violation - revocation of manager's license for at least one year.

Table 1.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group</th>
<th>License Class</th>
<th>Annual Gross Receipts</th>
<th>Annual Prize Payout Limits</th>
<th>Calendar Quarter Prize Payout Limits</th>
<th>Annual Minimum Net Income Requirements</th>
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<td>I</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>Up to $ 15,000</td>
<td>No Limits</td>
<td>No Limits</td>
<td>- Bingo *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B</td>
<td>$15,000 - 50,000</td>
<td>No Limits</td>
<td>No Limits</td>
<td>Pull Tabs **</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>C</td>
<td>50,001 - 100,000</td>
<td>No Limits</td>
<td>No Limits</td>
<td>No Limits ***</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>D</td>
<td>100,001 - 300,000</td>
<td>Max of 85.0%</td>
<td>No Limits</td>
<td>No Limits ***</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>E</td>
<td>300,001 - 500,000</td>
<td>Max of 84.0%</td>
<td>No Limits</td>
<td>No Limits ***</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>500,001 - 1,000,000</td>
<td>Max of 83.0%</td>
<td>Max of 86.5%</td>
<td>No Limits ***</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>G</td>
<td>1,000,001 - 1,500,000</td>
<td>Max of 80.0%</td>
<td>Max of 85.0%</td>
<td>At least 1.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>H</td>
<td>1,500,001 - 2,000,000</td>
<td>Max of 78.0%</td>
<td>Max of 84.0%</td>
<td>At least 2.0%</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I</td>
<td>2,000,001 - 2,500,000</td>
<td>Max of 76.0%</td>
<td>Max of 81.0%</td>
<td>At least 3.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>J</td>
<td>2,500,001 - 3,000,000</td>
<td>Max of 74.0%</td>
<td>Max of 79.0%</td>
<td>At least 5.0%</td>
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<tr>
<td>III</td>
<td>K</td>
<td>3,000,001 - 3,500,000</td>
<td>Max of 72.0%</td>
<td>Max of 77.0%</td>
<td>At least 7.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L</td>
<td>3,500,001 - 4,000,000</td>
<td>Max of 70.0%</td>
<td>Max of 75.0%</td>
<td>At least 9.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>M</td>
<td>Over 4,000,000</td>
<td>Max of 70.0%</td>
<td>Max of 73.0%</td>
<td>At least 11.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* = Combined net income from bingo games and sales of food, drink, or other retail items, if applicable, as a percent of bingo gross receipts. Local gambling taxes are not considered an expense for computing net income.

** = Combined net income from punchboards/pull tabs, bingo games and sales of food, drink, or other retail items, if applicable, as a percent of bingo gross receipts. Local gambling taxes are not considered an expense for computing net income.

*** = Combined net income must be equal to or greater than zero (0) if wages or rent is paid to operate the activity. Local gambling taxes are not considered an expense for computing net income.

WAC 230-20-065 Licensed bingo manager on premises. No bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization, except when operating at an authorized agricultural fair, or other special event as authorized by the commission, or under RCW 9.46.030(3), as now enacted or hereafter amended, or under a Class A or Class B or Class C license, shall operate a bingo game unless it is under the supervision of a licensed bingo manager who is on the premises at which the bingo game is licensed for operation during all hours of its operation.
WAC 230-20-070 Regulation of managers, operators, and other employees. (1) Amusement games and raffles. No person other than a bona fide member of a qualified bona fide charitable or qualified bona fide nonprofit organization, shall take any part in the management or operation of, including (with respect to amusement games) the furnishing of equipment for, or work as an employee upon, amusement games or raffles conducted by that organization under a license from the commission: Provided, however, That, except as to persons operating without a license under WAC 946-0315 and 946-0321, employees of the organization on a regular or part time basis employed primarily for purposes other than the conduct of such activities, shall be considered members of the organization for the purposes of this subsection.

(2) Bingo.

(a) No person other than a bona fide member or an employee of a charitable or nonprofit organization licensee shall take any part in the management or operation of bingo conducted under a license issued to that organization by the commission, and no licensee shall allow any person not one of its members or employees to do so. No person other than a bona fide member of a charitable or nonprofit organization operating without a license under RCW 946-0315 and 946-0321 shall take any part in the management or operation of bingo conducted by that organization and no such organization shall allow any person not one of its members to do so.

(b) No person who takes any part in the management or operation of a bingo game conducted by one licensee shall take any part in the management or operation of any bingo game conducted by any other organization, or any other branch of the same organization: Provided, That:

(i) A person participating in the conduct of bingo games by one Class A, B, or C licensee may also participate in the conduct of bingo games by other Class A, B, or C licensees on a voluntary basis only when such person receives no remuneration for services to other licensees and when the requirements of subsection (3) below are satisfied; or

(ii) A person participating in the operation of bingo games conducted by one licensee under any class of license may also participate in the operation of bingo games conducted by other licensees under any class of bingo license, but only when that person has no managerial or supervisory responsibilities in connection with the operation of bingo activities by any licensee and when the requirements of subsection (3) below are satisfied. An assistant bingo game manager as defined by WAC 230-02-418 shall not be deemed a person having managerial or supervisory responsibilities for the purpose of this section and may participate as an hourly employee in the bingo operations of other bingo licensees.

(3) Any licensee which desires to have any person who participates in any manner in the conduct of bingo games for another licensee participate in the conduct of its bingo games shall notify the commission, and local police officials, in writing, of the name and address of that person, the name and address of any licensees for whom that person is working, and the capacity in which that person is working for each licensee prior to the time that person participates in the conduct of the licensee’s bingo games. In addition, the licensee shall notify any other licensees for which the person works that the individual is now also working for it.

(4) No licensee shall allow any person to take any part in the management, supervision or operation of a bingo game except in conformance with this rule.

(5) Certain premises excepted. The limitations set forth above in (1) and (2) shall not apply to qualified agricultural fairs conducting amusement games or bingo.

WAC 230-20-090 Limits on compensation paid to members or employees. Compensation paid to persons employed to manage, operate or otherwise work at licensed bingo games shall not be in excess of that which is reasonable under the local prevailing wage scale.

Compensation paid to any person, including but not limited to, members and regular employees, shall not be in excess of that which is reasonably based upon the local prevailing wage scale, or local salary scale for a similar position.

Provided, That this rule shall not be construed to allow the payment of any wages in unlicensed bingo games conducted pursuant to RCW 946-0303.

WAC 230-20-101 Income from bingo games—Receipting required. All income from bingo games shall be accounted for by the licensee at the time the income is received from each individual player: Provided, That Class A, B, and C bingo licensees, organizations conducting bingo under the provisions of RCW 946-0321, and bingo activities conducted at a qualified agricultural fair are exempt from the requirements of this rule if the requirements of WAC 230-08-015 are followed. Each individual player shall be issued a receipt at the time of payment for the amount paid to participate in each game or set of games. This receipt shall be retained by the player as evidence that the number of cards being played have been properly purchased. The following methods are authorized for use to document receipt of bingo income:

(1) Cash register: A cash register receipt may be used to document receipt of bingo income if:

(a) A consecutively numbered receipt is printed and given to the customer. The following information shall appear upon the receipt:

(i) The name of the licensee operating the activity;

(ii) The date;

(iii) The amount of money paid for the opportunity to play each type of game;

(iv) The total amount of money paid; and

(v) The consecutive customer receipt number.

(1995 Ed.)
(b) The cash register shall have the ability to assign a consecutive four digit customer receipt number to every sales transaction processed. This numbering system must be of a type that can only be reset by service personnel and does not return to zero at the conclusion of any period of use or power interruption: Provided, That a cash register which does not meet the above standard but has adequate alternative control features may be used if written commission approval is received prior to use;

(c) Cash registers used to record receipts for Class D and above licensees shall have the ability to assign a consecutive three-digit number to notate each time transactions are subtotalled or when a set of transactions are totalled and closed;

(d) The cash register shall have sufficient keys to record separately each type of sale as required by WAC 230-08-080;

(e) The cash register must store and compute a total for each type of sale recorded and must be capable of providing such upon request;

(f) If the cash register is electronic, the memory unit must retain all transactions recorded during a session, regardless of whether or not its power source is interrupted;

(g) All cash register receipts for voids, overrings, returns, "no sales" and any other receipts not issued to a player must be retained with the daily bingo records;

(h) All transactions, customer receipt numbers, and control totals must be recorded on the tape retained in the cash register. The internal tape, showing these transactions, shall be retained with the daily records of the licensee for a period of not less than three years; and

(1) If the cash register is used by the licensee for purposes other than recording the receipts from bingo, the internal cash register tapes from all other uses shall be retained for not less than three years and be available upon request.

(2) Tickets: Tickets may be used for receipting of bingo income received by Class F and below licensees and by any class of licensee conducting bingo games authorized by WAC 230-20-242 if the following conditions are met:

(a) All tickets must be printed by a commercial printer with the following information:

(i) A consecutive number of at least four digits; and

(ii) The dollar value or the amount of money represented by each ticket if used to receipt for income.

(b) Each ticket on a roll shall represent the same specific amount of money;

(c) Tickets shall be issued consecutively from each roll, starting with the lowest numbered ticket;

(d) All tickets purchased or otherwise obtained must be accounted for by the licensee. All tickets purchased or otherwise obtained by the licensee after June 30, 1991, shall be documented on a vendor’s invoice. This invoice, or a photo-copy thereof, shall be maintained on the premises and available for inspection. The following information shall be documented on the purchase invoice for each roll of tickets purchased:

(i) Name of vendor;

(ii) Name of purchaser;

(iii) Date of purchase;

(iv) Number of rolls of tickets purchased; and

(v) The color, dollar value, total number of tickets, and beginning ticket number for each roll.

(e) An inventory record in a format prescribed by the commission shall be maintained of all tickets on the premises, which are used for income receipting of any type or for conducting bingo games authorized by WAC 230-20-242. All information regarding any tickets received by a licensee shall be entered in the inventory record prior to the beginning of the next bingo occasion. The following information must be recorded for each roll of tickets:

(i) The date each roll of tickets is purchased or obtained by the licensee;

(ii) The purchase invoice number;

(iii) The color;

(iv) The dollar value of the tickets;

(v) The beginning ticket number;

(vi) The total number of tickets on each roll; and

(vii) The individual making the entry into the inventory record shall acknowledge the entry by initializing the log at the time of entry.

(f) The licensee shall record the following information for each separate roll of tickets in its daily records:

(i) The color;

(ii) The value of each ticket;

(iii) The lowest numbered ticket issued as a receipt; and

(iv) The highest numbered ticket issued as a receipt.

(g) Any ticket, not issued as a receipt during a session, that bears a number falling below the highest numbered ticket issued during that session, shall not be used to receipt for any type of income by the licensee and must be retained by the licensee as a part of its daily records.

(3) Electronically generated bingo cards: Electronically generated bingo cards may be used to document receipting of bingo income: Provided, That if the sales transaction and issuance of cards to the customer are not completed and documented concurrently, the combination receipting method authorized in subsection (5) of this section must be used. For purposes of this title, "electronically generated bingo cards" means bingo cards or faces whose specific numbers or symbols and the sequence in which the numbers or symbols are arranged on the cards or faces has been predetermined by a licensed manufacturer and stored in electronic computer devices or data bases. If electronically generated bingo cards are used as receipts, the following conditions must be met:

(a) All cards must be printed on the premises of the licensed bingo operator, during the occasion in which the cards are intended for use, by means of a printer interfaced with the computer, and meet the requirements of WAC 230-20-240;

(b) If printed prior to the time of sale to a player, cards or sheets of cards must be sold consecutively at each individual sales point, beginning with the lowest card, sheet, or transaction number assigned. Cards or sheets of cards, which are not issued consecutively during a session, that have an audit number that is lower than the highest audit number issued as a receipt must be retained by the licensee as a part of their daily bingo records for at least one year;

(c) Requirements of WAC 230-20-192 (3) and (12) apply to these cards;

(d) Cards used in player selection games, authorized by WAC 230-20-241, must be printed on two-part, self-duplicat-
Bingo, Raffles and Amusement Games

230-20-101

ing paper and include an original and a duplicate copy: Provided, That a single copy card may be used if all data imprinted on the card is either imprinted on a continuous printed transaction journal retained in the card generating device or stored in the computer data base and printed out at the end of each session. The original must be given to the player and the duplicate copy will be retained by the operator as a part of the daily bingo records;

(e) All transactions recorded during a bingo session must be summarized and printed in the form of a permanent record at the end of each session. This record shall provide the following information:

(i) The beginning and ending card number;
(ii) The beginning and ending transaction number;
(iii) The total number of cards sold;
(iv) The total number of sales transactions;
(v) The total dollar amount of sales; and
(vi) The number and dollar amount of all voids, overrings, or sale returns.

(f) All electronically generated cards or sheets of cards must be imprinted with an audit system that includes at least the following information:

(i) Each card must be assigned a card number, as defined by WAC 230-20-192 (2)(b);
(ii) Each sheet of cards must be assigned a consecutive transaction number that does not repeat in less than 999,999 transactions;
(iii) The name of the licensee operating the activity;
(iv) The time and date of the transaction;
(v) The game number;
(vi) The amount of money paid for the opportunity to play each game: Provided, That if the combination receipting method authorized by subsection (5) of this section is used to receipt for income, the customer receipt number may be substituted for this requirement;
(vii) The total amount of money paid; and
(viii) The numbers and symbols and the card number assigned by the manufacturer or, if printed for use in "player selection games" authorized by WAC 230-20-241, the bingo numbers selected by the player.

(g) An electronic device used to store bingo cards and interface with a printer for providing such to players must contain the following controls:

(i) A record of all transactions occurring during a session must be retained in memory until the transactions have been totalled, printed, and cleared by the operator, regardless of whether or not the unit’s primary power source is interrupted;

(ii) The ability to compute a total of all transactions occurring during the current session and to print out such upon request;

(iii) The circuitry and programs that maintain and control the time and date of sale and transaction number, must be secured in a manner that prohibits change or resetting except by the manufacturer or qualified service personnel. A detailed record, supported by service documents shall be retained for each service call involving a change of the time, date, or transaction number; and

(iv) The electronically stored bingo cards must be secured in a manner that prevents an operator or player from modifying them. Cards issued to a player shall not be exchanged, transferred, refunded, or the price modified in any manner after completion of the sales transaction. Cards must be stored on erasable programmable read only memory (EPROM), compact disc read only memory (CDROM), write once read many disc drives (WORM), or other systems approved by the commission.

(4) Disposable (throwaway) bingo cards: Disposable bingo cards may be used to receipt for bingo income if the following requirements are met:

(a) Cards must meet all requirements of WAC 230-20-192;

(b) The inventory control record required by WAC 230-08-105 must be completed: Provided, That the requirements of subsection (2)(h) of this section are not required if disposable cards are used as income receipts;

(c) Cards or sheets of cards intended for playing a single game, including on-the-way games - the following shall be recorded for each set of cards:

(i) Serial number;
(ii) The color and/or border pattern;
(iii) The value of each card or sheet;
(iv) The lowest consecutive card or sheet number issued as a receipt;
(v) The last card or sheet number issued as a receipt;
(vi) Missing cards or sheets per the manufacturer’s packing record;

(d) Packs or packets of cards sold as a package and intended for playing a defined set of games within a session - the following shall be recorded for each set or collation of packs or packets of cards:

(i) The serial number of the top sheet or page of the packet;
(ii) The color and/or border pattern of the top sheet or page of the packet;
(iii) The lowest consecutive card, sheet, or packet number for the first packet issued as a receipt;
(iv) The card, sheet, or packet number of the last or highest packet issued as a receipt;
(v) The number of packets issued as receipts;
(vi) The number of packets returned and not issued;
(vii) Missing packets per the manufacturer’s packing record;

(e) Each disposable card, or sheet or packet of cards, from the same set or collation shall be consecutively issued at each individual sales point. Each card, or sheet or packet of cards, which were not issued consecutively during a session, and the audit number is lower than the highest audit number issued as a receipt, shall be retained by the licensee for a period of not less than one year: Provided, That cards, or sheets or packets of cards, required by this subsection to be retained may be sold at the next bingo session that the specific set of cards is used; and

(f) Disposable cards issued for each type of sale shall be recorded separately as required by WAC 230-08-080: Provided, That when more than one card or sheet number appears on a sheet of cards issued, then the primary card or
sheet numbering system designated by the manufacturer shall be used to determine the beginning number sold and the ending number sold. Each time the numbering of the sheets breaks in the set, a separate entry shall be made in the records.

(5) Combination receipting system: A combination receipting system utilizing a cash register and disposable or electronically generated bingo cards may be used to receipt for bingo income from package sales. Class G and above licensees shall use this method to receipt for income from disposable bingo card packets and electronically generated bingo cards if sales transactions and issuance of cards are not completed and documented concurrently. When a combination receipting system is used, the following requirements must be met:

(a) All requirements for cash register receipting set out in subsection (1) of this section shall be followed;
(b) If receipting for the sale of disposable bingo card packets:
   (i) Each packet of cards, from the same collation shall be consecutively issued at each individual sales point. Each packet of cards, which were not issued consecutively during a session, and the audit number is lower than the highest audit number issued, shall be retained by the licensee for a period of not less than one year: Provided, That packets of cards required to be retained by this subsection may be sold during the next bingo session that the specific collation of cards is used; and
   (ii) The information required by WAC 230-08-105 must be recorded in the inventory control record.
(c) If receiving for electronically generated bingo cards:
   (i) All requirements of subsection (3) of this section must be followed; and
   (ii) The totals from the transaction record shall be carried forward to the "daily bingo summary" and reconciled to sales per the cash register record.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 94-01-034, § 230-20-101, filed 12/6/93, effective 1/6/94; 90-24-005 (Order 218), § 230-20-101, filed 11/26/90.]

WAC 230-20-102 Bingo prizes—Record of winners.
All payments of prizes for bingo games shall be accounted for and documented in a manner that affords independent verification of the amount paid and the fact of distribution to winners. Provided, That Class A and B bingo licensees, organizations conducting bingo under the provisions of RCW 9.46.0321, and bingo activities conducted at a qualified agricultural fair are exempt from all portions of this rule if the requirements of WAC 230-08-015 are followed. Payment of all prizes shall be documented using the following procedures:

(1) A prize receipt shall be completed for each prize awarded at bingo games. The following minimum information shall be recorded for each prize awarded:
   (a) The date;
   (b) The game number;
   (c) The complete name and address of the winner: Provided, That an address is not required if the following control procedures are followed:
      (i) Prizes greater than $300 are paid by check or a combination of cash or check;
      (ii) Checks must be drawn on the licensee's gambling bank account;
      (iii) Checks will be made payable only to the winner: Provided, That checks for prizes won by players under age 18 may be made payable to the guardian or immediate family member accompanying the player;
   (d) The dollar amount of the prize or the licensee's cost of noncash prizes;
   (e) A full description of all noncash prizes;
   (f) The check number, if any portion of the prize is paid by check; and
   (g) The initials of the bingo worker making the payout and the cashier making the payment.

(2) Prize receipts shall be printed by a commercial printer and meet the following standards:
   (a) Manufactured of two-part, self-duplicating paper that provides for an original and a duplicate copy;
   (b) Imprinted with the name of the licensee and a consecutive ascending number that does not repeat in at least 100,000 occurrences; Provided, That Class E and smaller licensees may utilize receipts that are not imprinted with the licensee's name and which the consecutive number does not repeat in at least 1,000 occurrences; and
   (c) Provide space for the licensee to record the information required by subsection (1) above.

(3) Prize receipts shall be consecutively issued in an ascending order. Prize receipts bearing a number below the highest number issued during a session shall be voided and retained with the daily records.

(4) The original of each prize receipt shall be given to the winner and a duplicate copy shall be retained by the licensee as a part of its records for a period of not less than three years.

(5) All prize receipts purchased or otherwise obtained must be accounted for by the licensee. Prize receipts purchased or otherwise obtained by the licensee shall be documented on a vendor's invoice. This invoice, or a photocopy thereof, shall be maintained on the premises and available for inspection by commission staff. The following information shall be documented on the purchase invoice:
   (a) Name of the vendor;
   (b) Name of the purchasing organization;
   (c) Date of purchase;
   (d) Number of receipts purchased; and
   (e) The beginning and ending receipt number.

(6) Increases to the prize pool for progressive prize type games may be accrued and treated as prizes awarded during the current session if the following conditions are met:
   (a) Prize receipts will be issued only when the prize is actually awarded;
(b) Full details of accrued prizes outstanding at the end of each calendar quarter, will be furnished on the licensee's activity report;
(c) Once an election is made to accrue prizes for a particular game, all increases to that prize must be accrued;
(d) Prizes must be accrued after the completion of each session in which they are increased;
(e) A reconciliation of the prize fund shall be made on each "Daily summary - Cash control" record;
(f) The amount of prize accrued shall be deposited in the gambling receipts account per WAC 230-12-020;
(g) The balance of the gambling receipts banking account shall not be reduced at any time below the amount of prizes accrued and currently being offered: Provided, That accrued prizes may be transferred to a special bank account, for this purpose, if the balance is maintained at a level equal to or greater than the amount of prizes accrued and currently being offered; and

(b) In the event management elects to discontinue games for which prizes have been accrued, the operator shall amend all activity reports and tax returns previously submitted to reflect the actual prizes awarded.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 91-21-053 (Order 228), § 230-20-102, filed 10/15/91, effective 11/15/91. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 90-24-005 (Order 218), § 230-20-102, filed 11/26/90, effective 12/27/90.]

**WAC 230-20-103 Bingo cards to be sold upon the premises—Exceptions.** Bingo cards shall be sold upon the licensed premises during or immediately preceding the session for which the cards are intended for play; Provided, That licensees may sell an entry guarantee to persons desiring to reserve the right to participate in special bingo games. Such shall not be deemed sales of bingo cards for purposes of this title if licensees comply with the following restrictions:

(1) Entry guarantee events are limited to four sessions each calendar year: Provided, That each separate event shall be completed in its entirety, including all refunds authorized by subsection (9) of this section, prior to beginning sales for another event;
(2) Tickets shall not be sold prior to sixty days in advance of the event;
(3) Tickets must be used to document the sale of an entry guarantee. The following procedures and requirements apply to tickets used to document sale of entry guarantees:
   (a) All requirements of WAC 230-20-101 (2)(a), (b), (c), and (d) shall be followed; and
   (b) The following information must be imprinted on the tickets:
      (i) The name of the organization sponsoring the event;
      (ii) The time, date, and location of the event;
      (iii) The total number of tickets available for the event;
      (iv) The value of the ticket; and
      (v) Any conditions or contingencies related to redemption of the ticket, refunds, or cancellation of the event;
(4) The licensee shall record the name, mailing address, and phone number of each person purchasing an entry guarantee;
(5) The number of tickets sold shall not exceed the seating capacity of the premises;
(6) The value of an entry guarantee ticket shall not exceed fifty percent of the minimum "buy-in" for the event;
(7) Entry guarantee tickets shall be controlled as follows:
   (a) All unaccounted for tickets shall be treated as a cash shortage at the redemption value;
   (b) A record shall be maintained of all ticket disbursements;
   (c) Tickets shall only be redeemed for bingo cards upon the licensed premises during the session noted on the ticket;
   (d) Tickets redeemed for bingo cards shall be immediately cancelled by use of a hand stamp that imprints "REDEEMED" on each ticket;
   (e) Tickets redeemed shall be treated as gross gambling receipts for bingo at the session they are redeemed, and the daily bingo records shall be modified in the cash reconciliation section of the approved record format to document the number and dollar value of tickets redeemed; and
   (f) Gross receipts from the sale of tickets shall be deposited separately into the gambling account no later than two banking days after receipt. The ticket numbers relating to the funds deposited shall be a part of the deposit record;
(8) An event may be cancelled any time prior to the start of the scheduled bingo session. When an event is cancelled, the following procedures must be followed:
   (a) The entire purchase price of the tickets must be refunded to the customer;
   (b) All refunds must be made by check payable to the ticket purchaser. The ticket number must be recorded on the check; and
   (c) The check must be mailed to the customer no later than three days following cancellation of the event;
(9) Licensees must refund the entire purchase price to a customer requesting such prior to the start of the scheduled bingo session. The following procedures and restrictions apply to refunds:
   (a) Refunds must be made no later than thirty days following the event. After thirty days, all unredeemed tickets shall be considered void and recorded as contributions to the organization;
   (b) All refunds must be made by check payable to the ticket purchaser. The ticket number must be recorded on the check;
   (c) The person receiving the refund shall sign the back of the ticket; and
   (d) All refunded tickets shall be retained as a part of the records for the event.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 94-16-008 (Order 254), § 230-20-103, filed 7/20/94, effective 8/20/94.]

**WAC 230-20-110 Prohibited practices.** (1)(a) No charitable or nonprofit organizations shall operate or conduct any gambling activity on or within any leased premises if rental under such lease is to be paid, wholly or partly, on the basis of a percentage of the receipts or net profits derived from the operation of such activity,
(b) Nor shall the rental under such lease exceed the usual rental for such premises in the same locality,
(c) Nor shall any such organization fail to devote the entire net income of any gambling activity exclusively to the lawful purpose of the organization.
(2) No charitable or nonprofit organization shall hold or conduct any gambling activity if the compensation to any person taking part in the management or operation of such activity is based upon a percentage of the receipts or income derived from the operation of such game. The payment to such persons of compensation which is other than reasonable under the prevailing wage scale for employment of a comparable nature shall create a presumption of a violation of this subsection.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (1) and (10) and (13). 80-03-059 (Order 98), § 230-20-110, filed 2/25/80; Order 5, § 230-20-110, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230-20-111 Promotional activities—Performances as gifts—Advance approval required. In order to preserve the integrity and image of the charitable and nonprofit bingo industry, promotional activities including performances to entertain bingo patrons shall be deemed a promotional gift and subject to the monetary restrictions of WAC 230-20-242. For the purpose of this rule, a performance includes any show, comedy act, skit, play, dance, or similar activities, whether live or recorded, and whether or not consideration is paid or not paid to the performers of such activities.

(1) An organization that plans to offer any performance before, during, or after any bingo session shall present a written detailed outline of such and shall secure approval by the director of the commission prior to conducting the performance. The organization shall, in writing, request a review by the director at least sixty days in advance of the scheduled date of the performance.

(2) The director shall review the subject matter of the proposed performance and shall not approve any such performance which in the director's opinion is contrary to the public interest of preserving the integrity of charitable bingo.

(3) If the director denies a request to conduct a performance, the organization may request a review by the commission within thirty days of the decision. The decision of the commission shall be final.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 94-07-084 (Order 250), § 230-20-111, filed 3/16/94, effective 4/16/94; 93-15-041 (Order 242), § 230-20-111, filed 7/14/93, effective 8/14/93.]

WAC 230-20-120 No free food or beverages to be provided at bingo games, exceptions. No licensee for the operation of bingo games shall provide free or for a consideration which is less than the current normal and usual retail price in the city or county in which the gambling activity is operated for such prepared food or beverage, to players in such bingo games: Provided, That this provision shall not apply to Class A and B bingo licenses.

[Order 12, § 230-20-120, filed 2/14/74.]

WAC 230-20-130 Operation of bingo upon retail business—Conditions. (1) Bingo games shall not be operated upon a premises part of a retail sales or service business catering to the public except:

(a) When the room or other portion of the premises in which the bingo games are being conducted is separate and apart from the portion being used for the retail sales or service business. The area of the premises being used for bingo shall be separated from the area of the premises being used for the retail business, at minimum, by a transparent or solid barrier not less than seven feet high with no more than two openings between the two areas. Each such opening shall be no more than six feet in width; or

(b) When the business is closed to the public at all times during which the bingo games are conducted on the premises; or

(c) When the bingo games are being conducted upon the premises of a bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organization which is not also being used for a profit seeking business.

(2) In all cases the bingo operator must have, and exercise, complete control over that portion of the premises being used for bingo, at all times said games are being played: Provided, however, That at all times when the sale, service or consumption of intoxicating liquor is permitted in said portion of the premises, the responsibility for compliance with liquor laws and regulations shall also be that of the liquor licensee or permittee.

(3) The operator of a retail sales or service business shall limit his operation of pull tabs to that portion of the premises actually being used for such retail business and open to the public. He shall not operate pull tabs in the area of the premises being used by a bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organization to conduct bingo. The retail operator shall not be deemed to have operated pull tabs in the bingo area solely because the pull tab players may take them into that area, if the tabs are selected and purchased by the players, and prizes determined and paid, in the area used for the retail business.

(4) The owner, manager or any employee of the retail sales or service establishment may not be an officer of the bingo operator or participate in the operation of the bingo games on that premises.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (1) and (10). 80-06-038 (Order 102), § 230-20-130, filed 5/12/80; Order 68, § 230-20-130, filed 4/25/77; Order 53, § 230-20-130, filed 9/25/76; Order 27, § 230-20-130, filed 11/15/74.]

WAC 230-20-170 Bingo operation date limitations. (1) No bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization, except when operating at an authorized agricultural fair or under RCW 9.46.030(3), shall:

(a) Conduct or allow its premises to be used for conducting bingo on more than three occasions per week;

(b) Conduct bingo in any location which is used for conducting bingo on more than three occasions per week.

(2) As used herein, the word "occasion" shall mean conducting bingo games for no more than sixteen consecutive hours, which shall begin when the first number for the first game is called until the last winning number on the final winning bingo card has been verified: Provided, That no occasion shall be conducted between the hours of 2:00 a.m. and 6:00 a.m. Further, a "session" shall be defined as a continuous series of bingo games with no breaks other than short interim breaks.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (1), (7), (11), (14) and (17). 83-21-073 (Order 137), § 230-20-170, filed 10/19/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (8), (11) and (14). 83-13-050 (Order 134), § 230-20-270, filed (1995 Ed.)]
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WAC 230-20-190 Bingo card prices. No person shall be allowed to play in a bingo game for free nor without first paying the licensee's normal and usual charge therefor, except that this provision shall not apply to bingo games conducted under the authority of a Class A or B license issued by the commission or games conducted without a license under RCW 9.46.030(3).

WAC 230-20-192 Standards for disposable bingo cards—Definitions. Disposable bingo cards sold for use in the state of Washington after December 31, 1993, shall be manufactured and controlled using processes and procedures that ensure integrity of the activity and facilitates regulation by the commission. Manufacturers of disposable bingo cards shall comply with the following requirements:

(1) Manufacturers shall establish quality control procedures necessary to ensure manufacturing processes, including collating of cards into packs or packets, meet the requirements of this section. Quality control procedures shall be documented and provided to commission staff upon request;

(2) For purposes of this title, the following definitions apply:

(a) "Card" or "face" means a unique group and configuration of numbers or symbols imprinted on paper, cardboard, or other materials, and designed to be used to conduct bingo games;

(b) "Card number" means the number assigned by the manufacturer to identify a single card or face. A "card number" may also be referred to as a "face" or "perm" number;

(c) "Collate" means the process of cutting and/or assembling master sheets or precut sheets of cards from one or more sets of cards into packets or books for marketing purposes. "Collate" may also be referred to as "finish" or "finishing";

(d) "Collation" means a group of packets or books of cards assembled from more than one set of cards;

(e) "Consecutively numbered" means a numbering system normally beginning with the number one, increased by one for each individual unit added to the group, and ending with a number identical to the total number of units assigned to that group;

(f) "Cut" means the layout or orientation of cards or sheets of cards subdivided from a master sheet of cards or faces. A "cut" will be either square, horizontal, or vertical;

(g) "Disposable bingo card" means a nonreusable paper bingo card manufactured by a licensed manufacturer;

(h) "Duplicate cards" means two or more cards that are imprinted with the same numbers or symbols, regardless of the configuration or location of such numbers or symbols on the card;

(i) "On" means the number of cards or faces imprinted on a sheet or "cut." The term is normally preceded by the number of cards;

(j) "Pack" or "packet" means a group of cards or sheets of cards collated into a book when each page or sheet in the book is intended for use to play a separate bingo game, including "on-the-way" games, within a session;

(k) "Product line" means a specific type of card, identifiable by features or characteristics that are unique when compared to other types of cards marketed by the manufacturer. A "product line" includes all series and all cards within each series as identified by the manufacturer;

(l) "Serial number" means a number assigned to a set of cards by a manufacturer for identification and tracking purposes when the same number is not used to identify another set of cards from the same product line, color, border pattern, and series in less than 999,999 occurrences or twelve months, whichever occurs first: Provided, That if the product line is used as a determining factor for assignment of a serial number, the difference between various product lines must be readily identifiable by observation;

(m) "Series" of cards means a specific group of cards or faces that have been assigned consecutive card or face numbers by a manufacturer. Series are typically identified by the first and last card number in the group of cards, such as "1 to 9000 series";

(n) "Set" of cards means a specific group of cards from the same product line, which are the same color, border pattern, and imprinted with the same serial number. A "set" of cards may include more than one series of cards or faces;

(o) "Sheet number" means the number assigned by the manufacturer to identify an arrangement of more than one card that results from dividing master sheets of cards to facilitate marketing;

(p) "Skip" means the standard spread or difference between card or sheet numbers at different page levels in packs or packets;

(q) "Subset" means a portion of a set of cards or collation of packets that has been divided by a licensed distributor to facilitate marketing; and

(r) "Up" means the number of pages or sheets collated into each packet or book of cards. The term is normally preceded by the number of pages or sheets.

(3) Each card or face in a particular type or product line must be imprinted with a unique set of numbers or symbols and configuration of numbers or symbols. Duplicate cards within a specific product line are prohibited. Manufacturers of disposable bingo cards are responsible for ensuring that there are no duplicate cards in a set or collation of cards sold to distributors or operators: Provided, That duplicate cards can be collated into packets if they are located at different page levels in the packets and intended only for use during separate games, including "on-the-way" games, within a session. If a manufacturer discovers a duplicate card error or is notified of such by the commission staff or a licensee, it shall immediately comply with the following steps:

(a) Stop marketing the product line containing duplicate cards in Washington;

(b) Recall all sets of cards and/or collations of packets or books containing duplicate cards at the same page level;

(c) Take steps to correct manufacturing or collating processes necessary to ensure duplicate cards are not sold to operators, and inform the commission in writing regarding steps taken;

(d) Reimburse all operators who submit a claim for prizes paid as a result of selling sets or collations containing
duplicate cards when such claim has been validated by commission staff; and

(e) Reimburse the commission for all cost incurred investigating duplicate card complaints that result in findings that the error was caused by manufacturers.

(4) Packets of cards must be collated so that each page of the packet:

(a) Is from a different set of cards;
(b) Has skips that are consistent throughout the entire collation and contains cards that are different when compared to other cards or faces in the pack or packet; and
(c) Has a different color or border pattern.

(5) Each set must include an audit system that allows identification of that specific set and each specific card within that set, allows tracking of the transfer of cards from the point of manufacture to operators, and facilitates sale by the operator to the player: Provided, That audit systems that accomplish regulatory requirements using alternative controls may be approved by the commission staff. The audit system shall meet the following requirements:

(a) Each set of cards manufactured as a specific product line, using the same color and border pattern, will be assigned a unique serial number by the manufacturer. The serial number must be imprinted on each card or face;
(b) Each card or face must be identified by a card number imprinted on the face of the card: Provided, That cards used in "player selection" games, authorized by WAC 230-20-241, are exempted from this requirement if an alternative control numbering system is used; and
(c) Each sheet of cards within a set must be consecutively numbered: Provided, That sheets of cards do not have to be numbered if alternative audit controls are available and disclosed to the operator.

(6) Each set of cards or collation of packets of cards shall be sold intact as a single unit: Provided, That for ease of marketing to Class E and below operators and to operators of authorized unlicensed activities, distributors may divide sets or collations as authorized below:

(a) Cartons or packages assembled by manufacturers can not be opened prior to sale to an operator, except that distributors may open cartons or packages as authorized below:

(i) At an operator’s request to change the "on," "up," and "cut." When such modification is made, the distributor shall be responsible for resealing the carton and noting all changes on the packing label;
(ii) To provide cards to Class A or B bingo games and for unlicensed activities authorized by RCW 9.46.0321 or 9.46.0355; and
(iii) To provide cards to individuals for noncommercial recreational activities.

(10) Each separate packing or marketing unit containing a set of cards or collation of packets of cards must be identified in a manner that allows determination of the contents without opening the package. If the marketing unit contains more than one carton or package, the packing record must be located on carton or package number one. The packing record must include at least the following:

(a) Name of manufacturer;
(b) Description of product, including the "series," "on," "cut," and "up";
(c) Records entry labels that match the identification and inspection services stamp attached to the packing label on the outside of the carton or package;
(d) Serial number or, if packets, serial number of the top page;
(e) Color and border pattern or, if packets, colors and border patterns of all sets and the sequence they are collated in the packet; and
(f) A record of any missing cards, sheets of cards, or packets.

(11) Sets of cards, collations of packets, or any other marketing units established by a manufacturer shall be complete and contain the correct number of cards or packets and the specific cards or packets noted on the packing slip:
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Provided, That up to one percent of the cards in the set may be missing if all missing cards, sheets, or packets are documented on the packing record enclosed in carton or package number one of the marketing unit; and

(12) To provide the commission and operators the ability to verify the authenticity of winning cards, each manufacturer shall prepare and make available a master verification system for each type or product line of cards it manufactures. This master verification system shall provide a facsimile of each card within a set of cards by the card number. The master verification system shall display the exact numbers or symbols and the location or configuration of numbers or symbols on the card.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 94-01-033, § 230-20-192, filed 12/6/93, effective 1/6/94.]

WAC 230-20-210 Age limit for bingo. No person who is under the age of eighteen shall participate, nor shall be allowed to participate in any manner in the operation of any bingo game. No person who is under the age of eighteen years shall play, nor shall be allowed to play in any bingo game, unless that person is accompanied by a member of his immediate family, or guardian, who is not younger than eighteen years of age. For the purposes of this rule, “guardian” means, and is limited to, an individual appointed by a court of law as the legal guardian of the subject person. For the purposes of this rule, “immediate family” means, and is limited to, the subject individual’s spouse, children, parents, and grandparents.

It shall be the responsibility of the licensee and of those persons physically operating the bingo game to determine that no unauthorized person is allowed to participate in any manner in the operation of or play in any bingo game: Provided, That the age limit herein set forth shall not apply to bingo games lawfully conducted at an agricultural fair or school carnival.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070(10). 80-05-060 (Order 101), § 230-20-210, filed 4/21/80; Order 63, § 230-20-210, filed 12/3/76; Order 15, § 230-20-210, filed 4/17/74; Order 9, § 230-20-210, filed 12/19/73, 1:26 p.m.; Order 5, § 230-20-210, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230-20-220 Operators shall not play. No operator shall allow a person who receives any compensation, directly or indirectly, for the operation of, any bingo game conducted by the operator to play in a bingo game conducted by that operator.

No operator shall allow any person who, without payment, assists in the operation of any bingo game conducted by that operator to play in any bingo game conducted by that operator on the same bingo occasion. However, the second paragraph of this rule shall not apply to Class A, B, and C bingo licensees, or to games operating under the authority of WAC 9.46.0321.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 94-07-084 (Order 250), § 230-20-220, filed 3/16/94, effective 4/16/94. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (11) and (14). 82-01-065 and 82-03-033 (Order 115 and 116), § 230-20-220, filed 12/18/81 and 1/18/82; Order 65, § 230-20-220, filed 1/7/77; Order 53, § 230-20-220, filed 5/25/76; Order 5, § 230-20-220, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230-20-230 Free games for winners prohibited. No free cards, or any opportunity to play in a bingo game, shall be awarded or given to a person as a prize for, or conditioned upon, winning a bingo game or games, except those bingo games conducted under the authority of a Class A or B license issued by the commission or games conducted without a license under RCW 9.46.0321.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 94-07-084 (Order 250), § 230-20-230, filed 3/16/94, effective 4/16/94; Order 53, § 230-20-230, filed 5/25/76; Order 12, § 230-20-230, filed 2/14/74; Order 5, § 230-20-230, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230-20-240 Bingo equipment to be used. The conduct of bingo must include the following required items:

(1) A mechanical device that uses air flow for mixing and randomly withdrawing balls to determine the letters and numbers or symbols to be called must be utilized by all Class D and above operators. This device shall be constructed in the following manner:

(a) It will allow participants full view of the mixing action of the balls; and

(b) The operation cannot be interrupted to change the random placement of the balls at the exit receptacle of the device, except when the device is shut off as allowed by WAC 230-20-246.

(2) A set of seventy-five balls bearing the numbers one through seventy-five and the letters B, I, N, G, or O. The entire set of balls shall be available for inspection by the players before a bingo session begins to determine that all are present and in operating condition. Each numbered ball shall be the same weight as each of the other balls and free from any defects;

(3) Flashboards shall be utilized to display numbers called at all Class D and above bingo games. They must be visible to all players and clearly indicate all numbers that have been called: Provided, That malfunctions occurring during a bingo occasion need not be repaired during that occasion, but must be repaired before use on any other occasion;

(4) Bingo cards must be preprinted, manufactured cards that meet the following standards:

(a) Have twenty-five spaces, one of which may be a free space, arranged in five even columns headed with the letters B, I, N, G, and O, and except for the free space, imprinted with numbers and symbols: Provided, That bingo cards used for conducting player selection games are exempt from the requirements of this subsection if the requirements of WAC 230-20-241 are followed:

(b) After December 31, 1993, be manufactured by a licensed manufacturer: Provided, That electronically generated bingo cards authorized by WAC 230-20-101(3) may be produced by the operator using a printer interfaced with an electronic data base system: Provided further, That cards used in player selection games may be manufactured by unlicensed manufacturers if:

(i) The primary activity of such manufacturer is producing nongambling products;

(ii) Cards must meet the requirements of WAC 230-20-192 and 230-20-241. The licensee that initially purchases such cards from the unlicensed manufacturer shall assume responsibility for compliance with all commission requirements;

(iii) In addition to the requirements set out in WAC 230-08-024 and 230-08-040, the invoice transferring these
cards must include the beginning card number. If an
operator purchases such cards directly from an unlicensed
manufacturer, the operator shall assume responsibility for
compliance with this requirement.

(c) All disposable bingo cards must meet the require-
ments of WAC 230-20-192; and

(d) Electronically generated cards and supporting
equipment must meet the requirements of WAC 230-20-
101(3).

(5) Effective January 1, 1994, all Class G and above
bingo licensees shall conduct bingo games using disposable
bingo cards or electronically generated cards. All income
must be recorded for by using the audit system required by
WAC 230-20-192 in conjunction with appropriate receipting
system required by WAC 230-20-101 (3), (4), or (5);

(6) Effective January 1, 1994, duplicate cards, as
defined in WAC 230-20-192, are prohibited in the operation
of bingo games conducted by Class D or above licensees.
Operators are advised that conducting games using cards
manufactured by different manufacturers may result in
duplicate cards being placed in play and that the majority
of cards in the "1 to 9000 series" are duplicate, regardless of
the manufacturer. Duplicate card violations that result from
use of cards from different manufacturers shall be the
responsibility of the operator: Provided, That this section
shall not apply to braille cards, authorized by WAC 230-20-
246(4), if the operator takes steps to prevent duplicate cards
and informs players regarding limitations to prizes when
winners have duplicate cards because braille cards are being
played;

(7) If duplicate cards are inadvertently sold at bingo
games conducted by Class D or above licensees after June
30, 1994, the following procedures and restrictions apply:
(a) If all winners with duplicate cards are paid the entire
prize amount that would be due if there were no duplicate
cards, the licensee shall not be deemed to be in violation of
this section;

(b) The amount of the prize for games with winners
having duplicate cards shall be computed and paid using the
following guidelines:
(i) Games that provide a bonus for a single winner - If
all winners have duplicate cards then all winners shall be
paid the bonus;

(ii) Games that result in multiple winners, some of
which are players with duplicate cards - The split of the
prize pool will be computed by counting all duplicate card
winners as one. After the prize pool split is computed using
this method, all winners will be paid according to the
computed prize split;

(iii) If the prize pool contains noncash or merchandise
prizes, the amount added to the prize pool for computing the
split shall be the licensee's cost or retail value, whichever is
posted in the game schedule: Provided, That manufactures
shall not be responsible for increases to the prize pool
required by this subsection; and

(iv) If the prize is greater than one thousand dollars, the
operator shall not be required to increase the total prize pool
by more than fifty percent or five thousand dollars, whichever
is less: Provided, That this limitation shall only be
authorized once within a twelve-month period. If this
limitation has been used within the last twelve months, the
full prize amount shall be paid to all holders of duplicate
cards.

(c) Increases to prize pools as a result of duplicate card
errors, for which the licensee is not reimbursed by a manu-
facturer, may be deducted from prize payouts for computing
compliance with WAC 230-20-064;

(d) Details of circumstances that resulted in duplicate
cards being sold shall be documented and maintained as a
part of the daily bingo record for the session;

(e) The commission shall be notified within forty-eight
hours after discovery of a duplicate card error if:
(i) Caused by manufacturer printing, packaging, or
collation errors; or

(ii) Any player winning with a duplicate card was not
paid the entire prize amount.

(f) Licensees shall pursue reimbursement of all prizes
paid due to errors from the manufacturer responsible for
such errors.

WAC 230-20-241 Player selection games. A licensee
may offer bingo games in which players are allowed to
select their own numbers if the following conditions are met:

(1) The cards used to conduct the games must have
controls that provide an audit trail adequate to determine all
winning combinations are valid. The following types of
cards are authorized:

(a) Two-part disposable cards may be used if the
following conditions are met:

(i) The cards are printed on two-part, self-duplicating
paper that provides for an original and a duplicate copy;

(ii) The disposable card method of receipting for income
per WAC 230-20-101(4) is used;

(iii) Players shall mark their numbers on each card in a
distinct, clear, and legible manner prior to separation of the
duplicate and original. No alterations are allowed after
separation of the duplicate and original cards. Operators
shall establish and set forth in plain view, house rules setting
out any conditions by which an entry may be added, deleted
or changed prior to separation. Any such changes must be
verified by a worker authorized by the bingo manager;

(iv) All original cards shall be placed in containers that
shall be physically locked and controlled to assure no cards
are placed in the container after the first bingo ball is called;
and

(v) The player retains and plays the duplicate copy.

(b) Electronically generated cards may be used if the
following conditions are met:

(i) The electronically generated bingo card method of
receipting for income per WAC 230-20-101(3) is used;

(ii) All data required to be printed on the card by WAC
230-20-101 (3)b must be legible; and

(iii) Players do not mark or deface the card in any
manner that prevents reading of the bingo numbers or any of
the data imprinted on the card as set out in WAC 230-20-101 (3)(d).

(2) In addition to the requirements of WAC 230-20-102 and 230-20-246, a winning card of two hundred fifty dollars or more shall be verified by the winner's signature on the back of the card: Provided, That if a two-part card, allowed by subsection (1)(a) above, is used, the verifying neutral player's name and complete address must be recorded on the back of the original card;

(3) All winning cards and the duplicate copies, if required, shall be retained by the operator as a part of its daily bingo records; and

(4) Incomplete cards, cards with alterations that were not verified per subsection (1)(a)(iii) of this section, and cards for which all required imprinted data is not displayed and legible shall not be paid as winners. Incomplete, altered, and unreadable cards are the players' responsibility and refunds shall not be allowed: Provided, That a one-for-one exchange may be made by the game management in cases where errors are discovered prior to the start of the game or before the duplicate and original sheets have been separated. In this case the operator will mark "VOID" on the original, initial next to the players initials, and maintain the replaced card with the daily bingo records.


WAC 230-20-242 Activities conducted as a part of bingo games—Authorization—Restrictions. Bingo licensees may award prizes to winners of activities authorized by this section when such activities are conducted as a part of bingo games. Such activities shall be deemed to be bingo games if all players paying to participate are allowed to compete equally and all prizes awarded are treated as bingo game prizes for purposes of compliance with WAC 230-20-064. The following activities are authorized:

(1) Drawings. Each licensee shall be allowed to award prizes that are determined by a random drawing of tickets or by other random selection methods involving the numbering system on such tickets if the requirements of WAC 230-20-101(2) are followed and:

(a) All rules regarding these drawings, including requirements to qualify for participation, time and date of the drawing, and whether a player must be present to win are clearly posted and distinctly explained to the players;

(b) Tickets or other facsimiles used to enter such drawings are awarded only to players purchasing cards to play in bingo games;

(c) Tickets, from which the winners of any such drawing are selected, shall not be accumulated for a period that is longer than thirty days. Drawings may be conducted using tickets that accumulate during any bingo occasion, week, or any other period that does not exceed thirty consecutive days;

(d) Licensees may restrict the awarding of tickets to players that are:

(i) Winners of bingo games;

(ii) "Good neighbors"; or

(iii) Other players that meet predetermined specific requirements;

(e) The criterion for granting tickets, and the number of tickets awarded during each session, shall be recorded in the daily bingo record for each session. All winning tickets and other records shall be maintained as a part of the daily bingo records.

(2) Creativity and originality contests (competition to determine the best costume, flower arrangement, cake decorating, ugliest tie, or other activities requiring skill or original thought). A bingo licensee may conduct contests in which players may demonstrate their creativity and originality skills on up to four occasions annually. The following rules must be observed in conducting these contests:

(a) The total value of prizes shall not exceed five hundred dollars during any occasion;

(b) Only players who have paid to participate in bingo games during the current session may participate in the contest; and

(c) A record shall be completed setting out the criterion for selecting the winners, the number of participants in the contest, and all details required by WAC 230-08-080 and 230-20-102. Such records shall be maintained as a part of the daily bingo records.

(3) "Good neighbor" prize schemes. A licensee may award prizes based upon the seating location of a player or players in regards to a winner of a bingo game. The following requirements must be observed prior to awarding "good neighbor" prizes:

(a) All rules regarding these prizes, including the amount to be awarded to each "good neighbor" or group of "good neighbors" and all requirements to qualify for a prize, must be clearly posted and distinctly explained to the players; and

(b) A record shall be completed setting out the criterion for awarding such prizes, the number of such prizes awarded during each session, and all details required by WAC 230-20-102. Such record shall be maintained as a part of the daily bingo records.

(4) Second element of chance schemes may be used to increase the minimum prize for a bingo game after the winner(s) of the game has been determined by calling numbers and symbols if:

(a) The schemes do not involve the use of gambling devices specifically prohibited by public policy or commission rules;

(b) A player's minimum odds of winning the highest prize is equal to or greater than one winner out of one hundred twenty-five chances or the probability of winning the highest prize is .008 or greater;

(c) The scheme does not require the player to risk any portion of a prize already won;

(d) Every possible outcome of the scheme provides the player with an additional prize;

(e) All rules regarding play of the game are clearly posted and distinctly explained to the players. At least the following information shall be disclosed:

(i) The players minimum odds of winning the highest prize;

(ii) How a winner is determined;

(iii) Any contingencies or special requirements that may affect the outcome;

(iv) The cash value of the highest prize available; and

(1995 Ed.)
WAC 230-20-243  Hidden face bingo games.  Licensees may play bingo games that allow cards to be sold after numbers or symbols have been selected and called if the numbers or symbols imprinted on the cards can not be determined by any means prior to being opened by the player.  The following restrictions apply to games involving hidden face bingo cards:

1. Cards meeting the requirements of WAC 230-20-192 must be used;
2. The disposable bingo card recording method (WAC 230-20-101(4)) must be used to record for sales of these cards and all inventory requirements set out in WAC 230-08-105 apply;
3. To ensure that duplicate cards are not sold during a game, strict compliance with consecutive issuance of cards must be followed and each complete set and/or subset of cards must be sold in its entirety prior to issuance of any cards from a different set and/or subset: Provided, That cards from more than one set may be sold during a game if care is taken to ensure that duplicate cards are not sold;
4. All play must be completed during a single session and only involve cards that are sold during that session;
5. A new set of numbers or symbols shall be selected and called for each game or set of games if "on-the-way" games are played. Players that have paid to participate in the game must be present when the numbers or symbols are selected;
6. The licensee must have a separate display board, visible to the players, for displaying numbers called. The numbers must be constantly displayed until the game is completed: Provided, That for purposes of this section, alternative displays may be utilized in lieu of a flashboard, as required by WAC 230-20-240, if the numbers are displayed on the electronic flashboard during all number selection periods; and
7. The requirements of what constitutes a completed game must be documented and clearly posted for player review.

WAC 230-20-244  Electronic bingo card daubers—Definition—Operating restriction—Standards.  The commission deems that any device, apparatus, or scheme that allows a player in any gambling activity a material advantage over other players is against public policy and restriction of such is in the public’s interest.  Electronic bingo card marking devices or daubers are deemed to provide a player a material advantage unless operated in accordance with subsection (2) of this section.  For purposes of this title, the following definitions, restrictions, and standards apply to such devices:

1. Electronic bingo card daubers are defined as electronic appliances used by players to identify bingo cards that contain numbers or symbols input by a player.  These devices electronically store preprinted bingo cards purchased by a player, provide means for players to input numbers or symbols called by the operator, compare the numbers or symbols input by the player to bingo cards previously stored in an electronic data base, and identify to the player those stored bingo cards that contain the numbers or symbols input by the player: Provided, That player-owned devices, which are not directly interfaced with or connected to equipment used to conduct bingo games or the electronic data base in which electronically generated bingo cards are stored in any manner, are not "electronic bingo card daubers" for purposes of this title;
2. Electronic bingo card daubers will not be deemed to provide players a material advantage and may be used by players in bingo games when operated in the following manner:
   a. The player must perform at least the following functions:
      i. Input each number or symbol called by the operator into the memory of the dauber unit by use of a separate input function for each number symbol.  Automatic or global marking of numbers or symbols is prohibited;
      ii. Notify the operator when a winning pattern or "bingo" occurs by means that do not utilize the dauber unit or the associated system; and
      iii. Identify the winning card and display the card to the operator;
   b. Each player using an electronic dauber is limited to playing a maximum of sixty-six cards during any game;
   c. Operators shall not reserve electronic daubers for any player.  An operator must devise and disclose to players a scheme for assignment of dauber units to players during each session.  Such schemes shall allow all players an equal opportunity to utilize the available dauber units.  If a drawing is used to assign dauber units to players, the operator shall ensure that each player participating in the drawing has an equal chance to win: Provided, That operators that offer electronic dauber units shall reserve at least one device for players with disabilities that would restrict their ability to mark cards and such disabilities are consistent with definitions set forth in the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA).  If there are no requests for use of this unit prior to fifteen minutes before the scheduled start of the session, it may be made available for use by any players;
   d. If operators charge players a fee for use of the electronic daubers, such fees must be a flat fee and shall not be based on the number or dollar value of cards purchased.  Fees charged shall be treated as rental income and may be
used to reduce any expenses of operating these devices for compliance with net income requirements. Rental fees shall be considered bingo receipts for purposes of WAC 230-12-020: 

Provided, That players with disabilities that would restrict their ability to mark cards and such disabilities are consistent with the ADA shall not be required to pay a rental fee or to comply with minimum purchase requirements imposed on all players utilizing electronic daubers. Such players are required to comply with any minimum purchase requirement imposed on all players by an operator;

(e) Each player utilizing an electronic dauber must have in their possession cards that meet all requirements of WAC 230-20-240 and 230-20-101(3). Electronic images of cards or faces stored in such devices are for player convenience only and are not bingo cards for purposes of this title;

(f) If the electronic daubers are leased to an operator, the lease cannot be based in whole or part on the amount of bingo card sales or rental income derived from such devices; and

(g) The use of electronic daubers is prohibited when a licensee utilizes any marketing scheme for cards that results in a decrease in the per unit price of each card as the number of cards purchased increases: 

Provided, That a single discount level is authorized for each type of card sold if:

(i) The licensee has a minimum purchase requirement;

(ii) The discount applies to all additional cards purchased; and

(iii) "All you can play" schemes are prohibited;

(3) Electronic bingo card daubers must meet the following standards:

(a) Be manufactured by licensed manufacturers;

(b) Be sold, leased, and serviced by licensed distributors or manufacturers: 

Provided, That operators may perform routine maintenance on devices under their control;

(c) Not be capable of accessing the electronic computer system in any manner that would allow modification of the program which operates and controls the dauber units or the electronic device data base; and

(d) Be capable of complying with applicable requirements of WAC 230-20-101(3).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 94-17-090 (Order 255), § 230-20-244, filed 8/16/94, effective 9/16/94.]

WAC 230-20-246 Manner of conducting bingo. The conducting of a bingo game shall include, but is not limited to, the following rules:

(1) All sales of bingo cards shall take place upon the licensed premises during or immediately preceding the session for which the card is being sold;

(2) Bingo cards shall be sold and paid for prior to selection of the first symbol or number for a specified game or specified number of games: 

Provided, That cards may be sold after the start of a game, or number of games, if the late sale does not allow any player an advantage over any other player. Hard cards purchased or exchanged after the first symbol or number is selected may only be used during subsequent games. Any sales method that allows a player to select a specific disposable or throwaway card shall be deemed to allow the player an advantage;

(3) No operator shall reserve, or allow to be reserved, any bingo card for use by players except braille cards or other cards for use by visually impaired or disabled players;

(4) Visually impaired players may use their personal braille cards when a licensee does not provide such cards. The licensee shall have the right to inspect, and to reject, any personal braille card. A visually impaired or disabled person may use a braille card or reserved hard card in place of a purchased throwaway;

(5) All cards sold to participate for a specific prize or set of prizes shall be sold for the same price and be distinct and readily distinguished from all other cards in play: 

Provided, That similar cards used to participate for the same prize or set of prizes may be sold at a discount which is based solely on volume if each separate discount price is recorded using a separate sales identification code and records provide for an audit trail;

(6) All symbols and/or numbers shall be selected on the premises and in the presence of players paying to participate in the game. Immediately following the drawing of each ball in a bingo game, the caller shall display the symbol and/or number on the ball to the participants;

(7) The symbol and/or number on the ball shall be called out prior to the drawing of any other ball;

(8) After the symbol and/or number is called, the corresponding symbol and/or number on the licensee’s flashboard, if any, shall be lit for participant viewing. In a game where a symbol and/or number on the ball is not applicable to the game being played, it is not necessary to call that number and/or symbol to the participants before placing it for viewing on the flashboard;

(9) A game ends when a specific pattern has been achieved by a player or a specific number of symbols and/or numbers has been called. Each game shall be played using a separate selection process: 

Provided, That the same or a continuing selection process may be used to play the following games:

(a) Interim or "on-the-way" games; and

(b) Games for which cards are sold for different prices and players win a different prize depending on the price they pay to play.

(10) No bingo game shall be conducted to include a prize determined other than by the matching of symbols and/or numbers on a bingo card with symbols and/or numbers called by the licensee, in competition among all players in a bingo game except as authorized by WAC 230-20-242;

(11) The minimum amount of a prize or prizes available for each bingo game shall be established and disclosed to bingo game players prior to their purchase of a chance to participate in a bingo game. The minimum prize may be increased by the primary bingo manager prior to the start of a game or through the following schemes during the game:

(a) Schemes using standard bingo equipment and cards such as:

(i) Number of symbols or numbers called prior to a winner;

(ii) The specific number or symbol called;

(iii) The specific letter called;

(iv) Position of winning combinations on the card;

(v) Position of the card on the sheet of cards; and

(vi) Odd or even numbers or symbol.
(b) Schemes preprinted on disposable cards that rely on a number or symbol called during a game; or
(c) Second element of chance schemes authorized by WAC 230-20-242(4).

(12) Immediately upon a bingo player declaring a winning combination of letters and numbers, the winning card shall be verified by a game employee and at least one neutral player;

(13) Upon a bingo player declaring a winning bingo, the next ball out of the machine shall be removed from the machine prior to shutting the machine off and shall be the next ball to be called in the event the declared winning bingo is not valid;

(14) After a winning bingo is validated, the prize shall be awarded using the following procedures:
   (a) Each winner shall be required to provide proof that they have purchased the winning bingo card. The licensee shall review the prize winner's income receipt and determine that the player has properly purchased all cards played during the games, including the winning card;
   (b) Each prize winner shall be positively identified. The licensee shall require such proof of identification as is necessary to establish the prize winner's identity prior to paying any prize. The winner is responsible for furnishing proof to the licensee that all information required by this rule is true and accurate. Prizes may be withheld until the winner has provided adequate identification;
   (c) The prize shall be awarded and a record made by completing a prize receipt as required by WAC 230-08-080 and 230-20-102. A complete address and tax payer identification number should be recorded for each prize valued at $1,200 or more;
   (d) All prizes for a particular game must be available prior to starting the game and shall be awarded by the end of the related session;
   (e) All merchandise offered as prizes to bingo players shall have been paid in full, without lien or interest of others, prior to the merchandise being offered as a prize; Provided, That the licensee may enter into a contract to immediately purchase the merchandise when it is awarded as a prize, with the contract revocable if prize winners are allowed to exercise an option to receive a cash prize or the prize is no longer offered.

(15) No operator shall engage in any act, practice, or course of operation as would operate as a fraud to affect the outcome of any bingo game.

WAC 230-20-248 Loteria authorized—Class A licensees only. (1) Loteria is a type of bingo that utilizes symbols or pictures on playing cards instead of the normal 75 balls with numbers. The symbols or pictures are further identified with Spanish subtitles and each of the 54 cards contains a separate and distinct symbol or picture. The 54 individual cards are shuffled by the caller and then randomly drawn and announced to the players. The player uses a loteria card which contains a minimum of sixteen squares and each square has one of the 54 symbols or pictures. There are no duplicate symbols or pictures on the loteria card.

(2) Only Class "A" bingo licensees and those games operating without a license under RCW 9.46.0321 may utilize the game loteria when played in accordance with the following rules:
   (a) No prize shall exceed $10.00;
   (b) Except for use of letters, numbers, and balls, the game shall be conducted in the same manner as a bingo game pursuant to WAC 230-20-246;
   (c) The cards containing the symbols or pictures shall be thoroughly mixed and cut before the start of each new game;
   (d) Loteria is exempt from the requirement of 230-20-240; and
   (e) Loteria shall be subject to the same reporting requirements as Class A bingo.
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date and time of drawing, location of drawing, and name of organization conducting raffle.

(3) No person shall be required to pay, directly or indirectly, more than $5.00 in order to enter any raffle. After April 15, 1990, each raffle ticket must be sold for the same price as every other raffle ticket being used for that particular raffle. No free tickets, or any opportunity to participate in the drawing of any raffle, shall be awarded or given to a person as a prize or reward for selling raffle tickets or for purchasing a certain number of raffle tickets.

No person shall be required to obtain more than one ticket or to pay for anything other than the ticket, in order to enter the raffle: Provided, That licensed raffles conducted among members of the organization only, may be conducted using alternative sales methods if specifically authorized by the commission. This authority will be issued on an individual basis and will require a detailed written request.

(4) From October 15, 1988, through April 15, 1990, each raffle ticket must be sold for the same price as every other raffle ticket being used for that particular raffle. However, the sponsor may provide to a purchaser of a raffle ticket an opportunity to obtain by random method a discount on such a ticket, including the opportunity to obtain that ticket free, but only if the sponsor maintains records for each book of raffle tickets so that income from the sale of tickets in each book can be audited.

(5) If an entrant is required to be present at a raffle drawing in order to be eligible for the prize drawing, then a statement setting forth this condition shall be set forth conspicuously on each raffle ticket and on all promotional material concerning the raffle. When the participant is not required to be present at the drawing the ticket stub or other detachable section(s) of the ticket shall contain the purchaser’s name, complete address, and telephone number, and shall be maintained for a period of not less than three years from the end of the fiscal year in which the raffle was completed.

(6) In conducting a drawing in connection with any raffle, each ticket seller shall return to the licensee the stubs or other detachable section of all tickets sold. The licensee shall then place each stub or other detachable section of each ticket sold into a receptacle out of which the winning tickets are to be drawn. Such receptacle shall be designed so that each ticket placed therein has an equal opportunity with every other ticket to be the one withdrawn. Provided, an alternative drawing format to determine the winning ticket may be utilized if such format is approved by the director in writing prior to the sale of any ticket. The following requirements must be met prior to utilizing any such alternative drawing format:

(a) The organization must have a current raffles license;
(b) The alternate format must meet the definition of a drawing as defined by WAC 230-02-500;
(c) Any alternate format utilized to determine the winners must be closely controlled by the licensee;
(d) The request to utilize an alternative drawing format shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:
   (i) The time, date and location of the drawing;
   (ii) The type of random selection process to be used and complete details of its operation;
   (iii) The name and telephone number of the raffles manager; and

(iv) The signature of the organization’s chief executive officer.

(7) The raffle license issued by the commission or a photostatic copy of the license shall be conspicuously posted and displayed at the location at all times during the occurrence when a drawing is being conducted.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 34.05.220(4), (34.05)230 and 9.46.070 (11) and (14). 90-05-032 (Order 205), § 230-20-325, filed 2/14/90, effective 3/17/90.]

WAC 230-20-350 Licensees may join together to conduct a raffle. Persons holding a license to conduct a raffle or raffles, may join together with any other person or persons holding such a license to jointly conduct a raffle only if the following conditions are met:

(1) Approval to do so is received by each licensee from the commission for that particular raffle prior to the sale of any tickets in connection therewith;

(2) The method by which the income, expenditures for prizes, and all other expenses, received and expended in connection with the raffle will be apportioned among the licensees conducting the raffle is disclosed in writing to the commission, together with the application for the commission’s approval of the joint raffle;

(3) A separate bank account is established by one of the participating licensees, all of the proceeds from the raffle are deposited therein, and all of the expenses in connection with the raffle, including but not limited to, all payments for prizes, is made therefrom;

(4) Records are kept by each of the participating licensees which clearly disclose the amount of money received and expended by that licensee and by each other participating licensee in connection with the raffle. Records of expenses shall disclose for what purpose the money was spent.

(5) All gross receipts received by each individual participating organization shall count toward their individual license gross receipts limit.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (8), (11) and (14). 89-11-048 (Order 192), § 230-20-350, filed 5/16/89; Order 18, § 230-20-350, filed 5/21/74.]

WAC 230-20-360 Licensee for the conduct of bingo games at agricultural fairs shall not allow another to do so without a permit. An agricultural fair licensed for the operation of bingo shall not allow any other person to conduct bingo under the authority of the fair’s license unless approval of that person, and a permit therefor, has been obtained from the commission under WAC 230-04-191, or 230-04-193.


WAC 230-20-370 Licensees may rent equipment to conduct amusement games. A bona fide charitable or
nonprofit organization licensee, or any of its regular members, may rent or otherwise obtain equipment used by the organization to conduct bingo or amusement games from any person so long as any price paid for such equipment, or for use of such equipment, is reasonable, is a lump sum or hourly rate established in the competitive market, and is not based upon a percentage of the income or profit derived from the conduct of such activities.

[Order 18, § 230-20-370, filed 5/21/74.]

WAC 230-20-400 Certain lower volume licensees exempted from certain rules. Persons holding the licenses issued under the classes and circumstances set forth in WAC 230-04-065 or persons operating without a license under RCW 9.46.0315 and 9.46.0321 need not comply with the following rules of the commission, except as noted:

1. WAC 230-04-280 requiring notification to local law enforcement of their activity, but nonlicensees must comply with RCW 9.46.0315 and 9.46.0321.

2. WAC 230-08-080 requiring certain daily records: Provided, That all such persons in the alternative, must comply with WAC 230-08-015 (1), (2), and (3).

3. WAC 230-08-010 concerning operator records: Provided, That all such persons must, in the alternative, comply with WAC 230-08-015 (1), (2), and (3).

4. WAC 230-08-120 requiring quarterly reports: Provided, That holders of such classes of licenses must in the alternative, comply with WAC 230-08-015(4).

5. With respect to volunteer operators only, i.e., those not compensated for their work by the licensee, WAC 230-20-220 prohibiting certain persons from playing in bingo games.

6. WAC 230-20-120 concerning free food and beverages at bingo games.

7. WAC 230-20-190 concerning bingo card prices.

8. WAC 230-20-230 concerning free games for winners.


WAC 230-20-508 Authorized amusement games—Types, standards and classifications. The commission hereby authorizes the following amusement games, whether coin operated or not, to be operated by persons possessing a commercial amusement game license, or bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations possessing a license issued by the gambling commission or when conducted as authorized by RCW 9.46.0321 at an authorized location.

1. In all amusement games, a merchandise prize must be awarded to the player, if the player is successful at achieving the objective of the game, with one cost of play.

2. All amusement games operated within the state of Washington must meet the standards of at least one of the following classifications:

a. Group I - Ball toss/kick games: The player throws or kicks a ball or balls in order to achieve a specified goal. Upon achieving the goal of the game, the player is awarded a prize.

b. Group II - Dart games: The player throws or kicks a ball or balls in order to achieve a specified goal. Any game which has a target or target area. Upon successfully achieving the objective of the game, with one cost of play.

(i) All balls for each game must be uniform in size and weight.

(ii) All targets for each game must be of the same weight and size or the operator must color code the target and advise the player of the difference in targets if the difference is not visible to the player.

(iii) No target may have a loose or floating weight.

(iv) The weight of any target will not exceed seven and one-half pounds.

(v) When the goal is to estimate the speed of the ball thrown or kicked, a minimum of three balls will be used to estimate the speed by the player and one ball for the actual throw or kick.

(vi) When ping pong or similar light weight balls are utilized in games requiring the ball to be tossed into a dish, saucer, cup or similar container, water must be placed in the bottom of each such container.

b. Group II - Dart games: The player throws one or more darts into a target or target area. Upon successfully achieving a predetermined score, pattern, penetrating and/or breaking a target, or just sticking in the target, the player is awarded a prize.

(i) All darts must be uniform in size and in original condition with the point sharp or functional suction-cup darts and all feathers or tail sections intact.

(ii) The targets and target area for all dart games must be of a material capable of being penetrated and retaining a metal tip dart; or holding a suction-cup dart.

(iii) The target area will be in the rear of the stand and will be at least three feet but not more than fifteen feet from a foul line.

(iv) In “add em up games,” when the player must achieve a predetermined score, all darts stuck on the lines will receive another throw. The player has the right to add up the score of the darts thrown.

b. Group III - Hoop or ring toss games: The player must toss one or more hoops or rings over one or more targets which may consist of bottles, pegs, blocks, prizes, or any item capable of having a ring or hoop tossed over it.

(i) The operator must specifically advise the player as to the degree that the hoop(s) or ring(s) must go over the target.

(ii) All hoops or rings for each game must be uniform in size and shape and must be capable of going over the target.

(iii) All targets used at an individual stand must be the same size or the operator must disclose to the player by posting signs or using color codes to denote the different sizes.

b. Group IV - Coin/token toss games: The player or players toss one or more coins or tokens onto a surface or into a target or target area. The game must have a clear and unobstructed thirty-six inch vertical airspace above the target, target area, or surface. The target, target area, or surface must be level. Any game which has a target or target area of four square inches or less must award a prize if any part of the coin or token is within the target or target area.

b. Group V - Eye/hand coordination games: The player or players perform a task or tasks which requires the player to use the coordination between their hand(s) and eye(s) to successfully complete the task or tasks. The task or tasks may include one or a combination of the following:
(i) Striking a moving or fixed object or target to include a sequence of moving or fixed objects or targets;
(ii) Causing object(s) to be launched at target(s) from a device. The objects are aimed so they may land in, on, or through a target(s) to include catching or having the object(s) caught in the target(s);
(iii) Dropping object(s) onto target(s) or target area(s) or surface(s), to include covering the target(s), target area(s), or surface(s) with the object(s);
(iv) Capturing, lassoing, hooking, or getting a hold of an object(s) and causing them to move or change position;
(v) Guiding object(s) or images through a pattern, maze, or task;
(vi) Climbing on, over, through, or around object(s); or
(vii) Similar tasks.
(A) If a player is required to cover a spot or specific target area, then the target or target area must be a circular spot.
(I) The player must receive at least five circular discs to drop on the target or target area.
(II) The diameter of the circular discs used to cover the target or target area must be at least sixty-four percent of the diameter of the target spot or area.
(III) The target spot or area must be permanently affixed to a solid surface.
(B) A regulation billiard table, balls, and cue must be used for any game requiring a player to perform any task or tasks normally associated with playing billiards or pool.
(C) In games where objects are launched, tossed, or catapulted at target(s), the launching device shall respond in an identical manner on repetitive uses when an equal amount of force is applied or selected by the player.
(f) Group VI - Strength test games: The player(s) tests their own strength in performing a task or tasks for a predetermined number of times or length of time. This may include hand, arm, or whole body strength and may also require the player to use a tool or instrument to strike an object or target, which may cause the object to be propelled or travel a specific distance. The task(s) may require the object(s) to strike another object(s) to achieve the objective.
(g) Group VII - Crane games: The player, using one or more of a variety of control methods, maneuvers a crane or claw device into a position to attempt to retrieve a prize. All games must meet the following conditions:
(i) At least twenty seconds playing time per operation.
(ii) Crane or claw must be capable of reaching, picking up, and dispensing all prizes contained within the machine.
(iii) The controls for the machine must be clearly labelled as to their function.
(iv) Prizes must be loose and shall not be packed, arranged, lodged, or intertwined in the machine in any way which would prevent the prize from being picked up by the crane or claw and dispensed.
(h) Group VIII - Penny fall games: Penny fall games are electronic or electro-mechanical games in which:
(i) The player inserts a coin or token into a chute;
(ii) The player controls the direction the coin or token falls by aiming the chute;
(iii) The coin or token will land on a flat surface or surfaces which have a sweeper(s) and/or a pusher arm moving across the surface or surfaces;
(iv) The surfaces shall be level and contain similar coins or tokens;
(v) A carefully aimed coin or token will cause coins or tokens on the flat surface(s) to be pushed or swept into holes or chutes dispensing the tokens or awarding a set number of tickets to the player;
(vi) The game may contain additional factors which if properly negotiated or struck by a coin or token, will award additional tickets to the player;
(vii) The additional factor may be in the form of targets that when lit, grant the player bonus tickets when the coin or token passes over the target;
(viii) Any such additional targets or bonus opportunities must be activated prior to the player inserting the coin or token to start play and must remain activated for a period of time sufficient to allow the player to attempt to strike or negotiate the targets or bonus opportunities;
(ix) The skill of the player must be the determining factor in the outcome of the game; and
(x) Merchandise prizes may be placed on the coins, tokens, or other surfaces in the game and if the prize is pushed into a hole or chute then it is awarded to the player. All such prizes must fit into or down the hole or chute in the game which awards prizes to the player.
(i) Group IX - Ball roll down games: The player rolls one or more balls to a target or target area. Upon achieving the objective of the game, the player is awarded a prize.
(i) Ball roll down games may be either one player attempting to score a predetermined number of points by landing in a target or target area, or striking and/or knocking down a target or targets.
(ii) Ball roll down games may be more than one player attempting to score a predetermined number of points, striking and/or knocking down a target(s), or landing in a target area. The first player to accomplish the goal is awarded a prize.
(j) Group X - Shooting games: A game in which the player or players use a device to fire a projectile or projectiles to hit a target or targets. The projectiles may include pellets, BB's, corks, water, electronic beams, light beams, balls, or suction-cup darts. The targets may be stationary or mobile. The player or players may be required to:
(i) Completely shoot out or obliterate a target or portion thereof;
(ii) Hit a target or specific portion thereof; or
(iii) Hold an electronic beam, light beam, or water stream on a target or portion thereof to achieve a specific result.
(A) All safety requirements of the local city or county ordinances must be observed by the operator and player(s).
(B) A short range shooting gallery must give a player at least four shots to shoot out a target which has a diameter of one-quarter inch or less, or at least one shot per target which must be struck. Targets must be at least one-half inch square and may include a bullseye section which the player must shoot out without touching the outside of the target.
(C) Shoot-out-the-star games must give the player at least one hundred projectiles in an automatic type device to shoot out a star which is no more than one and one-quarter inch from point to point.
(D) Games may award a prize based upon the number of players participating and use a combined score to determine the winner.

(E) If suction-cup darts are used in the game, a player must receive another turn if the dart does not stick to the target area.

(F) If targets must be knocked over or off of a shelf, then the bases of the targets must be uniform front and rear.

(G) If a player is required to destroy or obliterate all or part of a target, then the player must have the right to visually inspect the target at the conclusion of the game.

(k) Group XI - Cake walks and fish pond games: Cake walks and fish ponds, as commonly known, are amusement games. Cake walks involve a number of players walking on a numbered or color-coded circle while music is played. When the music stops, the player’s prize is determined by the number or color of the portion of the circle they are standing on. Fish ponds are games where players receive a prize every time they compete, by either hooking or capturing a fish or similar object floating in a pool of water with a number or symbol on the bottom of the fish or object which corresponds to a prize or the operator may place a prize directly onto the “line” or catching device of the player from behind a curtain or similar obstruction.

(3) All classifications of amusement games must be operated as either an attended amusement game as defined by WAC 230-02-511 or as a coin or token activated amusement game as defined by WAC 230-02-514.

(4) No amusement game shall award additional plays as a prize.

(5) Operators may introduce new games that meet the standards of the applicable classification without prior approval of the commission: Provided, That an operator must provide to the commission at least sixty days prior to such introduction a description of the game, the rules of play, and a justification for the classification selected: Provided, further, That upon notification by the director that the proposed game does not meet the selected classification, or otherwise violates a provision of law or commission rule, the game may not be introduced, or if already introduced, must be removed from play until its operation is brought into compliance with such law or rules. New games not falling within the classifications of this rule may be approved by the director for a twelve-month test period pending submission of a petition to amend the rule.

WAC 230-20-509 Amusement games—Classification to be assigned by operator. Licensed operators of amusement games shall evaluate each game being operated under their control and determine the group type, specified by WAC 230-20-508, of each game. Operators shall prepare a list of all such games which they plan to operate during each license year and submit this list to the commission. Such list shall contain the following information:

(1) The name under which the game is being played; and

(2) The group type of each game.

WAC 230-20-600 Amusement games—Licensee to give notice to local police jurisdiction prior to conducting—Inspection of equipment by police. No person licensed to conduct amusement games shall conduct any such games at any location within the state of Washington without having first given notice to the local police agency of the jurisdiction within which the amusement games are to be conducted. Such notice shall be in writing, addressed to the head of the local police agency, and shall be delivered no less than ten days in advance of the date upon which the amusement games are to be conducted: Provided, That this time may be reduced by the chief officer of the local law enforcement agency for good cause shown.

Such notice shall include the following information:

(1) The name and address of the licensee, and the name and local address of the person exercising managerial authority over the conduct of the games at that location;

(2) The date or dates the amusement games will be conducted;

(3) The location at which the amusement games will be conducted.

The licensee shall not utilize any equipment in the conduct of the amusement games unless the equipment has been available for inspection by the local police agency for a period of two hours immediately preceding such utilization.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 94-01-036, 12/6/93, effective 1/6/94.]
conduct amusement games shall conduct any such game within the state of Washington wherein the winning of a prize depends upon the player's ability to throw or project an object unless all such objects available to any player in said game are uniform in size and weight. No licensee shall conduct more than one game of a similar type on the same premises utilizing similar objects of a different size or weight, unless the difference in such objects is readily apparent or designated by, for example, use of a color scheme.

[Order 55, § 230-20-620, filed 6/25/76.]

WAC 230-20-630 Amusement games—Fees, rules, prizes and variations in objects to be posted—Fees to be paid in cash or script—Prizes not to differ from those posted. (1) No person shall conduct any amusement game at any location within the state of Washington unless there is posted in a conspicuous place, readily visible to persons playing the game, a sign(s) made of permanent material, such as wood, poster board, metal or plastic with lettering at least one and one-half inches in height that contains the following information:

(a) Fees charged for playing;
(b) The rules by which the game is to be played;
(c) Prizes to be won;
(d) Any variation in the size or weight of objects utilized in the game which is not readily visible to the player;
(e) The name of the operator and an assigned concession number; and
(f) The group number of the game being conducted.

(2) Licensed amusement game operators shall assign each concession a number and a list of all concessions and their assigned numbers shall be kept available in the concession office.

(3) No amusement games shall be conducted wherein the price charged for playing said game is paid other than in cash, or in an amount other than that posted upon the premises of said game. The term "cash" as used herein shall include checks. In addition, the operator may accept as consideration, tokens, script or tickets, but only under the following conditions:

(a) The value of each token, ticket or item of script, as measured by the equivalent amount of cash which a player would have to present in lieu of said token, ticket or script, must be indicated on the face thereof;
(b) Said tokens, tickets or script are not redeemable for cash;
(c) Said tickets or script shall bear the name of the operator or sponsor.

(4) No amusement games shall be conducted within the state of Washington wherein the prize to be given to a prospective winner is other than that posted upon the premises of said game: Provided, however, That after an individual player has won two or more prizes, an operator may offer said player the opportunity to exchange said prizes for one or more other prizes, but only if the prize to be received by the player in exchange was on display during the play of the game. Any prize system which requires forfeiture of previously won prize(s) in exchange for another play is prohibited. Operators of amusement games may utilize a scheme for distribution of prizes wherein the winners of individual prizes receive tickets, which are subsequently redeemable in combination with other tickets won for a merchandise prize.


WAC 230-20-640 Amusement games—Sample of prizes to be displayed. No person licensed to conduct amusement games shall conduct any such game within the state of Washington unless there is on display in a place readily visible to all persons playing such game a sample of each type of prize available to be won.

[Order 55, § 230-20-640, filed 6/25/76.]

WAC 230-20-650 Amusement games—Coin toss games. No person licensed to conduct amusement games shall conduct any such game within the state of Washington wherein the ability of a player to win a prize depends upon causing a coin to land within the confines of a space unless the following conditions exist with respect to said game:

(1) There must exist an unobstructed air space, of at least thirty-six inches in height, above any surface upon which the landing of a coin will result in the awarding of a prize.

(2) Plates, spots, targets, etc. will not be inclined so as to give an advantage to the operator.

(3) If the area of an enclosed surface upon which the landing of a coin will result in the awarding of a prize is four square inches, or less, a prize must be awarded to any participant who causes a coin to land so that any part of said coin is within any part of said area.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 94-01-036, § 230-20-650, filed 10/15/81; Order 55, § 230-20-650, filed 6/25/76.]

WAC 230-20-660 Amusement games—Target shoot—Target to be brought to contestant on demand. No person licensed to conduct any games shall conduct any such game within the state of Washington wherein a person is required to shoot a firearm, air gun, pellet gun, BB gun or similar device at a target, and, as a condition of winning a prize, destroy or obliterate part or all of that target, unless the contestant is allowed to have the target brought to him for his inspection at his request, at any time and without limitation.

[Order 55, § 230-20-660, filed 6/25/76.]

WAC 230-20-670 Commercial amusement games—Operating restrictions. Class B or above commercial amusement game licensees locating and operating amusement games at premises not owned, leased, or otherwise controlled by them, as authorized by WAC 230-04-138(5) shall comply with the following restrictions:

(1) Each location where commercial amusement games are operated shall be required to obtain an amusement game license;

[Title 230 WAC—page 75]
WAC 230-20-680 Commercial amusement games—Operation restrictions. (1) No person shall operate commercial amusement games in any location except under the following conditions:
(a) The operation of amusement games must be closely monitored and controlled to ensure all games are operated in accordance with all provisions of this WAC title;
(b) The players are protected from fraud and game manipulation; and
(c) All games and/or machines are maintained in proper condition to ensure the operation is as approved by WAC 230-20-508.
(2) All locations where school-aged minors are allowed to play must be supervised by an adult during all hours of operation. The adult supervisor will ensure that school-age minors are prohibited from entry and/or playing amusement games in locations authorized by WAC 230-04-138 (1)(g), (i), (j), or (k) during school hours and after 10:00 p.m. on any day: Provided. That school-aged minors are prohibited from entry into licensed amusement game locations in regional shopping centers after the normal shopping area closing hours on Sunday through Thursday.

WAC 230-20-685 Commercial amusement games—Wager and prize limitations. For locations authorized under WAC 230-04-138 (1)(g), (i), (j), or (k) where school-aged minors are allowed to play, the following limitations shall apply.
(1) Prize limitations. No prize offered shall exceed a cost to the operator of one hundred dollars.
(2) Consideration. The maximum wager for play shall not exceed fifty cents.

WAC 230-20-700 Coin or token activated amusement games—Standards. (1) All coin or token activated amusement games operated at locations authorized under WAC 230-04-138 (1)(f), (g), (i), (j), (k), or (l) must have nonresettable coin-in meters, the removal or disconnection of which stops the play of the machine. The meter must be certified as accurate to within plus or minus 1 coin or token in 1,000 plays.
(2) All coin or token activated amusement games must have a coin acceptor capable of taking money for one play and may have an additional acceptor to include paper money. All games utilizing paper money acceptors shall either return change or clearly disclose to the customer that change is not returned by the device and where on the premises this change may be obtained prior to play. Operators using amusement games that do not return change must have a change-making bill acceptor or the ability to obtain change, in the immediate vicinity of such games.

Chapter 230-25 WAC
FUND RAISING EVENTS

WAC
230-25-020 Fund raising event—Licensee to give notice to local police jurisdiction prior to conducting—Inspection of equipment by police.
230-25-030 Fund raising event—Ten thousand dollars annual net receipt maximum.
230-25-033 Fund raising events on New Year’s Eve extending past midnight.
230-25-040 Fund raising event—House rules to be developed and posted—Limitations on wagers.
230-25-050 Wagering among participants not permitted.
230-25-055 Use of chips, script or similar items at fund raising event.
230-25-060 Coin-operated gaming devices prohibited.
230-25-065 Licensees may join together to conduct a fund raising event.
230-25-070 Fund raising events—Central accounting system required.
230-25-100 Fund raising events—Leasing of premises of retail business—Conditions.
230-25-110 Fund raising event—Use of equipment, lease or rental from licensee only.

Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 and 9.46.0331. 91-19-093 (Order 227), § 230-20-680, filed 9/18/91, effective 10/19/91.

Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 and 9.46.0331. 91-19-093 (Order 227), § 230-20-680, filed 9/18/91, effective 10/19/91.


Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 and 9.46.0331. 91-19-093 (Order 227), § 230-20-670, filed 10/19/92, effective 11/19/92.


Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.0331 (Order 228), § 230-20-670, filed 12/6/93, effective 1/6/94. Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 91-21-053 (Order 228), § 230-20-700, filed 10/15/91, effective 11/15/91.
**Fund Raising Events**

WAC 230-25-030  **Fund raising event—Ten thousand dollars annual net receipt maximum.** (1) No licensee authorized to conduct one fund raising event for a period of seventy-two consecutive hours once during a calendar year shall conduct such an event in such a manner as to allow the total of all gross wagers and bets received by the licensee, less the amount of money paid or committed by the licensee as winnings, and for the purchase cost of prizes given as winnings, to exceed ten thousand dollars at the conclusion of such fund raising event.

(2) No licensee authorized to conduct a fund raising event on two occasions during a calendar year for not more than twenty-four consecutive hours each shall conduct such event in any manner so as to allow the total of all gross wagers and bets received by the licensee, less the amount of money paid by the licensee as winnings and for the purchase cost of prizes given as winnings to exceed ten thousand dollars either at the end of any twenty-four consecutive hours upon which such event is conducted, or during the calendar year in which such activity is authorized.

(3) The licensee shall develop and post conspicuously and in detail in the area in which the gambling is taking place a scheme for the distribution to the participants of any receipts beyond those permitted to the organization by this rule, and shall offer all participants at the event an equal opportunity to participate in such scheme. The scheme must provide for such distribution to be money, payable to the winner by a check. The scheme may provide for such distribution to be of more money than is necessary to ensure that the licensee will not retain greater receipts than are permitted by law, but, at minimum, must ensure that the limit is not exceeded.

(4) Winners of all prizes shall be determined during the fund raising event. All cash prizes shall be paid by check, and merchandise prizes distributed to the winners not later than 30 calendar days following the conclusion of the event.

WAC 230-25-033  **Fund raising events on New Year’s Eve extending past midnight.** For the purposes of computing and applying limitations in chapter 9.46 RCW and these rules upon income to the licensee and upon the number of events, or consecutive hours in such events, in a calendar year, a fund raising event which (1) includes any part of December 31, and (2) continues past midnight into the new calendar year, shall be treated as if each hour of the event had been held solely in the calendar year designated by the licensee upon the license application submitted to the commission for the event.
WAC 230-25-040 Fund raising event—House rules to be developed and posted—Limitations on wagers. Prior to conducting a fund raising event, each licensee shall develop a set of house rules which will govern the type, scope and manner of all gambling activities to be conducted in conjunction with the fund raising event. Among other information, these rules shall establish the maximum amount of wagers which may be placed by persons participating in gambling activities which in any event shall not exceed ten dollars being wagered upon the outcome of any one operation of an element of chance.

In addition, the rules shall prohibit the giving of any thing of value to any person involved in the management or operation of the fund raising event, and prohibit any person involved in the management or operation of the fund raising event from accepting any thing of value.

A copy of the rules shall be posted conspicuously on the premises where the fund raising event is being conducted at all times during the fund raising event, and a copy thereof shall be made available, upon request, to any law enforcement officer or representative of the commission.

WAC 230-25-050 Wagering among participants not permitted. No licensee to conduct a fund raising event shall permit, as a part of that fund raising event, a gambling activity which involves a wagering of money or other items of value by one participant against another participant. This rule shall not be construed to prohibit gambling activities wholly administered by the licensee wherein the licensee collects wagers from among the participants and determines the winners and amounts of prizes on a parimutuel basis.

WAC 230-25-055 Use of chips, script or similar items at fund raising event. All chips, script or similar items, used as a substitute for money at a fund raising event shall be issued only during and at the fund raising event itself.

No such chips, script or similar items shall be redeemed by any licensee after the event is concluded.

WAC 230-25-060 Coin-operated gaming devices prohibited. In no event shall coin-operated pull tab dispensing devices, or any other mechanical gambling or lottery device activated by insertion of a coin or other object be utilized at or in connection with the conduct of, the fund raising event.

WAC 230-25-065 Licensees may join together to conduct a fund raising event. (1) Organizations holding a license to conduct a fund raising event may join together with other organizations holding such a license to jointly conduct a fund raising event providing that the following conditions are met:

(a) Prior approval to do so is received by each licensee from the commission for that particular fund raising event;

(b) The method by which any income or losses and expenditures will be received, expended, and apportioned among the licensees conducting the fund raising event is disclosed in writing to the commission, together with the application for the fund raising event. Changes to the original application must be approved by the commission;

(c) The percentage of income or loss agreed to by any organization shall not be greater than the percentage needed for them to reach the maximum of $10,000 for the calendar year;

(d) A lead organization and an event manager are designated in the application, with the lead organization having the responsibility for the central accounting system required by WAC 230-25-070, and compliance with WAC 230-25-030(3) regarding the distribution of receipts beyond those permitted in (2) below;

(e) Each licensee shall prepare a list of all persons from their organization taking part in the management or operation of the fund raising event. Such list shall be available on the premises and contain, at a minimum, the name, address, telephone number, and a brief statement signed by the chief executive officer certifying that each member listed is a bona fide member as specified in RCW 9.46.020(15) and WAC 230-25-260.

(f) A fund raising event report will be prepared and submitted by the lead organization as required by WAC 230-08-260; and

(g) Records are kept by each of the participating licensees which clearly disclose the amount of money received and expended in connection with the joint fund raising event;

(2) The amount of income derived from the joint fund raising event will not exceed the event limit of $10,000. In addition, each participating organization must comply with annual limits imposed by RCW 9.46.020(23) and WAC 230-25-030. The joint fund raising event shall count against only the lead organization or organizations receiving fifty percent or more of the allowable proceeds for the purposes of determining the number of such events an organization may conduct each year.

(3) The lead organization will be responsible for the deposit of the ending cash on hand and must comply with WAC 230-25-070(12). All funds due to any participating organization must be made by check and disbursed within 30 days following the end of the event.

WAC 230-25-070 Fund raising events—Central accounting system required. Each licensee for the operation of fund raising events shall establish and maintain a central accounting system in a form prescribed by the commission for all activities conducted at the fund raising
event. Licensees shall obtain accounting forms from the commission, or use machine copies of such forms.

Such system shall contain, but not be limited to, the following items:

(1) There shall be adequate personnel and physical areas to provide for the following minimum separation of duties:
   (a) A banker, cashier, or count room to handle the original bankroll, provide coin or chips to the games, redeem chips and cash checks for the players;
   (b) A runner to transport money, chips and lock boxes between stations of the event;
   (c) Pit bosses, each of whom shall supervise the operation of not more than six gambling stations and who shall supervise the transfer of lock boxes and chips/change trays to the count room;
   (d) An area for the counting of money which is segregated from the area in which gambling is conducted. All money received in connection with the fund raising event shall be brought to this area for counting. Once any such money has been brought to this area, three persons shall be assigned to the count area with a minimum of two in the counting area at all times.

(2) The beginning bankroll shall be verified by at least two persons who shall sign such verification.

(3) There shall be documentation containing verifying signatures for the transfer of money between any two stations of the event.
   (a) All count/fill slips shall be used sequentially.
   (b) All unused count/fill slips shall be retained along with all other count/fill slips as part of that funding event’s accounting records.

(4) All games shall be numbered and provided with lock boxes and money paddles. The money paddle shall remain in the lock box slot whenever it is not in use. The money slot of the lock box shall not exceed three and one-half inches in length and one-half inch in width.

(5) The keys to all lock boxes are to be kept in the count room at all times and the lock boxes are to be opened only in the count room by the count room personnel.

(6) All games are to be played using coin or chips and all currency tendered by the players shall be exchanged for coin or chips and immediately placed in the lock box by the dealer.

(7) All money and chips shall be transferred to the count room at the end of the day or event for final tabulation, reconciliation, and verification.

(8) The final tabulation and reconciliation shall be verified by at least three count room personnel who shall sign such verification.

(9) Access to the count room and the bankers and cashier’s areas shall be restricted to the persons assigned to those functions and to the runner(s) who transport money or chips to or from those stations.

(10) Records shall provide sufficient detail to determine the net receipts of each activity conducted.

(11) The records shall contain a reconciliation of the ending cash on hand to net receipts.

(12) The ending cash on hand shall be deposited intact within two banking days of the conclusion of the event, and a validated deposit slip shall be included as part of the event records. There shall be no expenditure of any kind made from the ending cash prior to deposit. However, this subsection shall not prohibit a licensee from exchanging its ending currency and coin for a check of equal value to reduce the risk and exposure of carrying or storing large amounts of money.

This section shall not apply to those licensees whose receipts from the fund raising event are limited to an admission charge or charge for a ticket, or tickets, to a drawing and who

(a) Conduct all activities with script, play money, or similar items which are redeemable only for merchandise prizes; and

(b) Who award only merchandise prizes that have been purchased by or donated to the licensee.

These licensees need only comply with WAC 230-08-010 and record their net receipts in sufficient detail to verify these amounts.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.020(23) and 9.46.070(14). 81-19-072 (Order 111), §230-25-070, filed 9/15/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070(7), (8) and (10). 78-11-049 (Order 87), §230-25-070, filed 10/20/78; Order 78, §230-25-070, filed 11/17/77.]

WAC 230-25-100  Fund raising events—Leasing of premises of retail business—Conditions. Fund raising events shall not be operated upon a premises part of a retail sales or service business catering to the public except when:

(1) The room or other portion of the premises in which the fund raising event is being conducted is separate and apart from the portion being used for the retail sales or service business;

(2) The business is closed to the public at all times during which the fund raising event is conducted on the premises; or

(3) The fund raising event is being conducted upon the premises of a bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organization which is not also being used for a profit seeking business.

No licensee shall conduct a fund raising event on or within any portion of a retail premise during the period any other fund raising event is being conducted on or within any portion of that retail premise.

As used in this rule, separate and apart means a permanent or temporary partition which provides a solid, distinct separation between the portion of the room or premises in which the fund raising event is being conducted and the portion of the room or premises being used for the retail sales or service business and which limits the flow between the fund raising event and the retail sales or service business to not more than two designated openings.

In all cases the fund raising event operator must have, and exercise, complete control over that portion of the premises being used for the fund raising event, at all times said event is being conducted: Provided, however, That at all times when the sale, service or consumption of intoxicating liquor is permitted in said portion of the premises, the responsibility for compliance with liquor laws and regulations shall also be that of the liquor licensee or permittee.

The owner, manager or any employee of the retail sales or service establishment may not be an officer of the fund raising event operator or participate in the operation of the fund raising event on that premises, and no gambling
activities, nor any part or facet of the operation or play of any gambling activity, may be conducted by the retail sales or service establishment or allowed by the operators of the fund raising event in any portion of the premises which is being used for the fund raising event.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.020(23) and 9.46.070(14). 81-19-072 (Order 111), § 230-25-100, filed 9/15/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070(1) and (10). 80-03-060 (Order 99), § 230-25-100, filed 2/25/80; Order 78, § 230-25-100, filed 11/17/77.]

WAC 230-25-110 Fund raising event—Use of equipment, lease or rental from licensee only. Only those persons holding a valid license to sell or distribute punchboards, pull tabs, or pull tab dispensing devices and/or fund raising event equipment shall be authorized to sell or lease gaming equipment to bona fide nonprofit or charitable organizations licensed to conduct fund raising events for use in connection with a licensed fund raising event. All rules and regulations of the commission relating to the sale or distribution of punchboards, pull tabs, or pull tab dispensing devices by such distributors, shall be likewise applicable to the sale or rental by them of gaming equipment and pull tabs for use in a licensed fund raising event, except to the extent such rules are inconsistent with the provisions of this section: Provided, commission approval of such gaming equipment shall not be required, nor shall identification stamps be required for such equipment: Provided further, a licensee to conduct fund raising events may sell, loan or rent equipment acquired for its own fund raising event to another such licensee(s) for up to four events per year without being licensed as a distributor of fund raising event equipment.

No sale or rental of gaming equipment for use in a licensed fund raising event shall be transacted except on commercially reasonable terms established in the competitive market. All rentals shall be a lump sum or hourly rate, and shall not be based upon a percentage of the income or profit derived from the conduct of the fund raising event.

No licensee to conduct fund raising events shall purchase or rent gaming equipment except from another such licensee, or from a licensed distributor. Any bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization licensed to conduct fund raising events may utilize such equipment, not otherwise prohibited by law or these regulations, as is owned or constructed by such licensee, or which is borrowed or leased from another bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization which has been licensed by the commission to conduct fund raising events.

No licensee to conduct fund raising events shall use, or permit the use of, equipment owned by it for any purpose other than the operation of licensed fund raising events, or other authorized gambling activities by the licensee: Provided, however, That the licensee may, within the twelve calendar month period following the conduct of the fund raising event for which it was licensed, loan or rent such equipment to another bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization for use in conjunction with a licensed fund raising event.


WAC 230-25-120 Limits upon amount for rent, lease or similar payments for fund raising events. Licensees shall not expend for rent or lease (or similar arrangements) of premises in which to hold a fund raising event, or for any equipment or service in connection with the fund raising event, an amount that exceeds the local prevailing or market price for such premises, equipment or service.

Maximum rental limits shall be:

(1) Premises and other goods or services: Not more than two hundred dollars for all, or any portion, of any twenty-four hour period.

This maximum fee shall include in addition to the use of the premises themselves any and all goods or services of any kind furnished by the person renting the premises to the licensee, or furnished by anyone with a substantial interest in, or immediate family relationship with, that person: Provided, That the limit shall not include (a) fees for gambling equipment which are governed by the maximums set out in (2) below; or (b) charges for food or drink to the licensee or patrons of the fund raising event when the purchase of such food or drink is not, directly or indirectly, a condition of rental of the premises and the licensee may elect to bring in food and drink from an outside source.

(2) Gambling devices and equipment:

(a) Not more than four hundred dollars from each licensee for all, or any portion of, the first twenty-four hour period for all gambling devices and related equipment to conduct the event, including, but not limited to, cards, dice, cash boxes, shoes, chips, noncoin operated pull tab dispensing devices, pull tab scales, delivery thereof and any schooling in its use. This limitation shall not apply to the sale of pull tabs or the rental of a bingo horse racing device.

(b) Not more than two hundred and twenty-five dollars from each licensee for each succeeding twenty-four hour period, or any portion thereof, for the same kinds of items set out in (a) above.

(3) Individual gambling station:

(a) Not more than thirty dollars for all of the equipment needed to set up each single specific gambling station (such as a single twenty-one table), except for a craps table or a roulette wheel station which shall not exceed $55 or for a station showing horse racing films with advance betting on the outcome of the races which shall not exceed $250, or each station facilitating the operation of an electronic horse racing game, with advance betting on the outcome of the races which, shall not exceed $325, for the first twenty-four hour period, or any portion thereof, including, but not limited to, the equipment, delivery and schooling in its use, to an overall maximum for all items of $400, for each licensee as set out in (2)(a) above.

(b) Not more than twenty dollars for each successive twenty-four hour period or any portion thereof, for the equipment needed to establish each single specific gambling station as set out in (a) above, to an overall maximum of $225 for each licensee as set out in (2)(b) above.

(4) The maximum charges or limits set out in subsections (1) through (3) above include any amount paid to reserve the use of applicable premises, services or equipment.

[Title 230 WAC—page 80]
No more than 50% of the total allowable fees or charges may be paid in advance of the event. Advance payment shall be made only by check which shall not be drawn or paid more than 90 days prior to the event.

The limits in subsections (2) and (3) above shall not apply to expenditures by the licensee for purchases outright, or construction by the licensee of, gambling equipment.

[WAC 230-25-150 Pull tabs at fund-raising events—Authorized. Pull tabs are authorized for use at fund raising events and shall be treated as conducted solely pursuant to the license to conduct a fund raising event. Except where superseded by WAC 230-25-160, all rules applicable to the operation of pull tabs set forth in chapter 230-30 WAC shall be applicable to pull tabs utilized at fund raising events.

[WAC 230-25-160 Pull tabs at fund-raising events—Operational requirements—Limitations. The following requirements shall be utilized in the sale of pull tabs at fund-raising events.

(1) All pull tab series for use at fund-raising events shall contain the inspection identification stamps and record entry labels and shall be purchased for specific use at fund-raising events.

(2) Pull tabs shall be removed from the packaging container and mixed before selling to the public. All pull tabs shall be sold out of a noncoin operated dispensing device (clear container). Pull tab prices shall be equal to the price set by the manufacturer for each specific series. The maximum price for any pull tab shall not exceed fifty cents.

(3) Up to a maximum of three pull tab series may be out for play at one time. All pull tabs shall be sold from a booth or similar confined area which prohibits public access to the pull tabs.

(4) Each pull tab series shall constitute a separate table and have a separate number. Each series shall have a separate corresponding lock box, money paddle, chip rack for making change and payment of prizes. All currency, coin, or chips used to purchase pull tabs, shall immediately be placed in the corresponding lock box by the attendant(s) on duty. All change given back to players shall be in the form of coins or coin.

(5) All winning pull tabs shall be defaced when cashed in and deposited in the corresponding lock box. Winning pull tabs shall be paid in chips and coin only. Provided: Winning pull tabs may be redeemed for additional tabs from the same series only. When a winning pull tab of five dollars or more is cashed, the attendant shall conspicuously delete all references to that prize being available to players from the flare prior to awarding the prize. In addition, for prizes over twenty dollars, the attendant(s) will verify the winner's identity and record the date, and initial the winning pull tab. The winner shall be required to print their name and date of birth in ink on the winning pull tab or to an attached sheet of paper.

(6) When a series is removed from play, the series (including the flare), the corresponding lock box and chip rack shall be transported to the count room by a runner at which time the box shall be opened for tabulation. All gross gambling receipts collected, prizes paid and tabs sold shall be tabulated and recorded on the pull tab accounting report furnished by the commission in accordance with the instructions attached to the accounting report.

(7) After completing the count, winning pull tabs shall be packaged separately or banded and placed with the unused portion of that particular series in the original shipping container. The organization must retain the used series for a period of one year.

(8) At the completion of the fund-raising event, all series still out for play shall be transported to the count room in accordance with subsections (6) and (7) of this section. All unopened pull tab series shall be returned to the licensed distributor who furnished the series for a full refund. Pull tab series purchased for fund-raising events shall not be sold, or transferred.

[WAC 230-25-200 Bingo at fund-raising event. Bingo games conducted as part of a licensed fund-raising event authorized by chapter 9.46 RCW shall be treated as conducted solely pursuant to the license to conduct that fund-raising event. All income, prizes awarded, and other expenses shall be separately accounted for, and reported to the commission, as fund-raising event activity. The following procedures apply to bingo conducted as part of a fund-raising event:

(1) All general requirements and limitations set out in chapter 230-25 WAC apply.

(2) Income from bingo games shall be applied only against the maximum income permitted for fund-raising events and shall not be applied against other maximum income limits imposed by chapter 9.46 RCW or the commission rules.

(3) All of the commission's rules applicable to the conduct of bingo games shall apply: Provided, That the following rules shall not be applicable to bingo games conducted as part of a fund-raising event:

(a) WAC 230-20-064;
(b) WAC 230-20-065;
(c) WAC 230-20-070;
(d) WAC 230-20-170;
(e) WAC 230-20-242; and
(f) WAC 230-20-246(10).

(4) If disposable bingo cards are used to conduct bingo games at fund-raising events and the organization has a license to conduct bingo, the inventory control procedures of WAC 230-08-105 shall apply. A reference to all cards or packets of cards used shall be made in the inventory control records. If the organization does not have a license to
conduct bingo, all unused cards or packets must be retained as part of the event record: Provided, That licensees may return unused cards or packets to the distributor if there are no breaks in the audit numbers of the unused portion. The distributor shall document the total number of cards or packets returned and the beginning and ending audit numbers.

WAC 230-25-220 Raffles or similar lotteries conducted at fund raising events. (1) No sales of tickets or drawing(s) in any raffle or similar lottery wherein the winner or winners are chosen by the drawing of a ticket or other card or device shall be done at, or in connection with, a licensed fund raising event unless all aspects of the raffle or similar lottery are done only at the fund raising event.

(2) If any ticket or card or device for a raffle or similar lottery is sold, or any drawing for a raffle or similar lottery held, other than at and during a licensed fund raising event then no portion of the raffle or similar lottery shall be conducted at or during any licensed fund raising event, nor shall the raffle or similar lottery be considered as being held under the license for any such fund raising event.

(3) Raffles or other similar lotteries wherein the winner or winners are chosen by the drawing of a ticket or other card or device conducted at, or as a part of, a licensed fund raising event authorized under RCW 9.46.030(1) shall be treated as conducted solely pursuant to the license to conduct that fund raising event. All income, prizes awarded, and other expenses shall be accounted for, and reported to the commission, as required for fund raising events and shall not be reported, or accounted for, as required for raffles conducted under a raffle license issued by the commission, or under a different statutory authority: Provided, That the requirements of WAC 230-20-325 applicable to raffles shall be applicable to all such lotteries conducted at a fund raising event, except that single chances on lotteries may be sold for up to $10 per chance.

Income from raffles or other lotteries conducted at, or as a part of, such a fund raising event shall be applied only against the maximum income permitted for fund raising events and shall not be applied against other maximum income limits imposed by chapter 9.46 RCW or the commission’s rules.

(4) All of the commission’s rules applicable to the conduct of raffles, whether general or specific, shall apply to the conduct of raffles and to the conduct of other similar lotteries wherein the winner or winners are chosen by the drawing of a ticket or similar card or device at, or as a part of, a fund raising event, except as provided in subsection (3) above and except the following rules which shall not be applicable:

(a) WAC 230-08-070;
(b) WAC 230-20-350;
(c) WAC 230-12-020.

(5) Subsections (1) through (4) above shall not be applicable where a drawing is held during a fund raising event for a raffle conducted pursuant to a raffle license issued by the commission subject to all the commission’s rules applicable to such raffles, and all tickets for said raffle are sold, and deposited into the drawing container prior to the beginning of the fund raising event.

WAC 230-25-230 Raffles or similar lotteries at fund raising events—Tickets to be sold and income to be accounted for separately. (1) Tickets for entry into a raffle or similar lottery held at, and as a part of, a fund raising event, wherein the winner or winners are determined by the drawing of a ticket from among tickets sold or issued, shall be sold or issued separately and each shall constitute a separate and equal chance to win with all other tickets sold or issued. No person shall be required to obtain more than one ticket, or to pay for anything other than the ticket, in order to enter any such raffle or similar lottery.

(2) The provisions of WAC 230-20-100 respecting receipting for, and accounting for, sales of raffle tickets and prizes shall apply to all such raffles and similar lotteries, which together shall be treated as raffles for the purposes of this rule. Each such raffle or similar lottery shall be accounted for separately from other activities in connection with the fund raising event.

WAC 230-25-235 Fund raising event—Rules for blackjack. The game of "21" (blackjack) when played as part of a licensed fund raising event shall be played in conformance with the following:

(1) Cards shall be dealt from a dealing shoe. The deal shall begin with the shoe containing four full decks of cards and proceed until, in the dealer's judgment, the cards should be reshuffled or the cards withdrawn for examination and/or replaced. The shoe shall then be refilled with four decks of cards and the process repeated.

(2) All cards shall be dealt to the players face up.

(3) Players are not to remove or pick up cards from the table and will not "shuffle" or "cut" the cards.

(4) Only "standard size" playing cards shall be used.

(5) Cards may be shuffled using a device, apparatus, or mechanism. No device, apparatus, mechanism or thing which may give a participant in a card game an advantage over any other participant in that game may be used by any organization or person.

WAC 230-25-240 Prizes to be awarded only to persons who were present, and purchased tickets or made wagers, at fund raising event. No prize or wager shall be paid or awarded in connection with a fund raising event to any person who is, or was, not present at the event himself and personally there made the wager, or obtained the ticket or chance, resulting in such award or payment.
on fund raising event under certain conditions—Food and beverage exception. The salary of a regular and full time employee, or a regular but part time employee if the organization has employed a person in that part time position for the past three consecutive years, of an organization licensed to conduct fund raising events shall not be deemed “payment” (as the term "paid" is used in RCW 9.46.0233) for work performed by the employee in connection with a fund raising event conducted by that organization when all of the following conditions are met:

1. The position held by the employee has been created for purposes unrelated to the conduct of fund raising events and requires the performance of duties unrelated to fund raising events year around. The employee’s contribution to fund raising events must be an incidental part of his or her total duties, consisting of less than 1% of total time worked for the organization; and

2. The employee is paid on a recurring basis on a regular and established rate throughout the calendar year, unrelated to the income produced by any fund raising event; and

3. The employee does not operate any gambling game or lottery at any fund raising event conducted by the organization but confines his or her services in connection with the event to assisting the organization’s other members with the overall planning and organization of the event and with supervision of the supporting services for the event. However, such an employee who is also a bona fide member of the organization or its bona fide auxiliary and is not otherwise scheduled for duty in his or her assigned employee duties at the time the fund raising event is to be held may participate in the conduct of the fund raising event as a bona fide member as set out in WAC 230-25-260.

4. For the purposes of this rule, the furnishing of food and nonalcoholic beverages to event volunteers, not to exceed $20 per volunteer per event, shall not be construed as payment or compensation.

WAC 230-25-270 Certain incidental functions at fund raising event not part of management and operation of event. Persons who perform only the following incidental functions in connection with a fund raising event shall not be deemed to be participating in the management or operation of such an event for the purposes of that portion of RCW 9.46.020(23) requiring that persons participating in the management or operation of the event be members of the licensee organization:

1. The serving of food and drink to participants in the event;

2. The parking of cars;

3. Acting as a police officer for the purposes of maintaining general crowd control and order at the event, or to detect persons cheating the participants or the house, when that person is a commissioned law enforcement officer with the power to make arrests in the jurisdiction in which the event is being held or is the employee of a commercial
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WAC 230-25-310 Fund raising event—List of workers to be available on premises. The licensee conducting a fund raising event shall prepare and have available on the premises a list of all persons taking part in the management or operation of the fund raising event. Such list shall contain the name, address, telephone number and a description of the type of membership in the organization of each person. The list shall be maintained as part of the licensee’s records of the event and shall be made available to any law enforcement officer or representative of the commission upon request.

WAC 230-25-315 Workers to wear identification tags. Each licensee conducting a fund raising event shall furnish to each person participating in the management or operation of the event an identification tag which at minimum shall contain that person’s name and designation of licensee organization. The licensee shall cause each such person to wear this tag at all times when the person is working at the fund raising event. The tag shall be worn in plain view so as to be easily seen and read by persons participating in the event. The type and style of tag shall be the option of the licensee.

WAC 230-25-320 Limits for operation and participation in fund raising events. No person under the age of eighteen years of age, and no person intoxicated or under the influence of any drug or substance shall be allowed to participate in the operation or management, or participate as a player, at any fund raising event.

WAC 230-25-330 Recreational gaming activity—Rules for play. An organization or association issued a permit shall conduct a recreational gaming activity in accordance with the following rules:

1. Any gambling device utilized for such activity must be rented or obtained from a licensed distributor of fund raising event equipment or a licensee authorized to conduct fund raising events (not applicable to homemade, nonprofessional devices);

2. Gambling of any type shall be prohibited on the premises where recreational gaming activity takes place;

3. Script or chips having no value shall be utilized for each activity;

4. There shall be no fee charged for the opportunity to participate or enter the premises. Provided: An organization may charge a fee for an accompanying dinner, meal, or entertainment associated with the activity, as long as such a fee is only related to those additional activities and the costs incurred in renting the devices utilized in the activity;

5. An organization may utilize a scheme whereby participants can redeem their script or chips for prizes; Provided: All prizes must be donated to or provided by the sponsoring organization;

6. The activity shall be limited to eight hours. The director may for good cause shown, grant additional time;

7. The sponsoring organization must notify local law enforcement officials at least ten days prior to the commencement of the activity, and specify the date, time and location of the activity.

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Salaries to be paid to persons to perform these functions does not exceed the local prevailing level of wages. Provided: That the payment to persons to perform these functions does not exceed the local prevailing level of wages.

(5) Persons whose participation is limited to supervising personnel carrying out the functions enumerated in (1), (2), (3) and (4).

Provided, That the payment to persons to perform these functions does not exceed the local prevailing level of payment for a similar function at other than fund raising events.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070(13). 79-01-026 (Order 88), § 230-25-270, filed 12/18/78.]

WAC 230-25-310 Fund raising event—List of workers to be available on premises. The licensee conducting a fund raising event shall prepare and have available on the premises a list of all persons taking part in the management or operation of the fund raising event. Such list shall contain the name, address, telephone number and a description of the type of membership in the organization of each person. The list shall be maintained as part of the licensee’s records of the event and shall be made available to any law enforcement officer or representative of the commission upon request.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070(13). 79-01-026 (Order 88), § 230-25-270, filed 12/18/78.]

WAC 230-25-315 Workers to wear identification tags. Each licensee conducting a fund raising event shall furnish to each person participating in the management or operation of the event an identification tag which at minimum shall contain that person’s name and designation of licensee organization. The licensee shall cause each such person to wear this tag at all times when the person is working at the fund raising event. The tag shall be worn in plain view so as to be easily seen and read by persons participating in the event. The type and style of tag shall be the option of the licensee.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.020(23) and 9.46.070(7). 78-11-049 (Order 87), § 230-25-310, filed 10/20/78.]

WAC 230-25-320 Limits for operation and participation in fund raising events. No person under the age of eighteen years of age, and no person intoxicated or under the influence of any drug or substance shall be allowed to participate in the operation or management, or participate as a player, at any fund raising event.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.020(23) and 9.46.070(14). 81-19-072 (Order 111), § 230-25-315, filed 9/15/81.]

WAC 230-25-330 Recreational gaming activity—Rules for play. An organization or association issued a permit shall conduct a recreational gaming activity in accordance with the following rules:

1. Any gambling device utilized for such activity must be rented or obtained from a licensed distributor of fund raising event equipment or a licensee authorized to conduct fund raising events (not applicable to homemade, nonprofessional devices);

2. Gambling of any type shall be prohibited on the premises where recreational gaming activity takes place;

3. Script or chips having no value shall be utilized for each activity;

4. There shall be no fee charged for the opportunity to participate or enter the premises. Provided: An organization may charge a fee for an accompanying dinner, meal, or entertainment associated with the activity, as long as such a fee is only related to those additional activities and the costs incurred in renting the devices utilized in the activity;

5. An organization may utilize a scheme whereby participants can redeem their script or chips for prizes; Provided: All prizes must be donated to or provided by the sponsoring organization;

6. The activity shall be limited to eight hours. The director may for good cause shown, grant additional time;

7. The sponsoring organization must notify local law enforcement officials at least ten days prior to the commencement of the activity, and specify the date, time and location of the activity.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 91-15-040 (Order 224), § 230-25-330, filed 7/17/91, effective 8/17/91.]

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230-30-015 Substitute flares.

230-30-016 Replacement of commission identification stamps on pull tab dispensing devices.

230-30-018 Transfer of any gambling devices requiring identification and inspection services stamps to be affixed—Requirement for documentation.

230-30-030 Punchboard and pull tab quality control—Special inspections and transfer invoices—Special fees to recover costs.

230-30-050 Punchboard and pull tab operation.

230-30-052 Punchboards and pull tabs operated by charitable or nonprofit organizations—Net income required.

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230-30-070 Control of prizes.

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230-30-080 Limitation on pull tab dispensing devices.

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230-30-100 Punchboards and pull tabs to display name of its licensed manufacturer.

230-30-102 Pull tab series assembly and packaging.

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230-30-104 Possession or sale of pull tab series in which winners or location of winners may be determined in advance—Prohibited.

230-30-105 Only one flare may be used with a punchboard or pull tab series.

230-30-106 Standards for flares, made by manufacturers, distributors, operators.

230-30-110 Possession of duplicate numbered-color coded pull tab series prohibited.

230-30-130 Flare to display pull tab series number.

230-30-200 Punchboard and pull tab business restrictions.

230-30-210 Buying from and selling to only licensees required.

230-30-212 Punchboards, pull tabs and related equipment may be sold with sale of business.
WAC 230-30-015 Substitute flares. A substitute flare may be utilized on punchboards or pull tabs. Substitute flares shall have the Washington state identification and inspection services stamp number assigned to the punchboard or pull tab series permanently recorded in ink on the face of the substitute flare. Such flare shall also show the series number assigned to that device by the manufacturer. If a substitute flare is used for a pull tab series, then the manufacturer’s flare, with the manufacturer’s series number and the identification and inspection services stamp obtained from the commission thereon, shall be attached to the back of the substitute flare in such a manner as to be clearly visible to a person playing the device.

The responsibility for recording the Washington state identification and inspection services stamp number on the substitute flap shall rest with the manufacturer, distributor, or operator who changes the original flare and attaches the substitute flare.

WAC 230-30-016 Replacement of commission identification stamps on pull tab dispensing devices. (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions in these rules, a licensed operator or distributor of pull tab dispensing devices may obtain a commission identification stamp to replace an identification stamp affixed to a pull tab dispensing device that has become unidentifiable due to wear: Provided, That the operator or distributor furnish to the commission:

(a) The invoice from the operator, distributor or manufacturer for the purchase of the dispensing device in question, or

(b) A complete notarized description of the pull tab dispensing device, serial number, manufacturer, and the commission stamp number previously affixed to the device.

(2) The request for replacement of the commission identification stamp shall be submitted on a form provided by the commission. The fee for replacement of the commission identification stamps shall be as required by WAC 230-04-202 and/or 230-04-203.

WAC 230-30-018 Transfer of any gambling devices requiring identification and inspection services stamps to be affixed—Requirement for documentation. (1) Persons selling or otherwise furnishing punchboards, pull tabs, or pull tab dispensing devices shall account for every such device received and/or transferred. All transfers shall be made by completing a sales invoice or credit memo. Each invoice or credit memo shall set out the identification and inspection services stamp number affixed to each device transferred.

(2) Manufacturers shall maintain records that will allow accountability for all identification and inspection services stamps issued to them by the commission, for at least three years after they are affixed to devices and sold. This accountability shall be by indefinite retention of unused or damaged stamps or by records as set out in WAC 230-08-025: Provided that damaged stamps may be returned to the commission and will be replaced with serviceable stamps if they are accompanied by a detailed listing of the damaged stamp numbers and a ten cent per stamp service charge.

WAC 230-30-030 Punchboard and pull tab quality control—Special inspections and transfer invoices—Special fees to recover costs. (1) Special inspections - the commission shall have the authority to select any punchboard or pull tab series, whether held by an operator, distributor, or manufacturer and to examine the quality and/or integrity of the punchboard or pull tab series in any manner, including punching out or pulling all chances remaining thereon: Provided, That if the punchboard or pull tab series so inspected is thereby altered in any manner and no defect,
alteration, deceptive condition, or other violation is discovered, then the owner shall be reimbursed by the commission for his cost for the punchboard or pull tab series, and the device shall become the property of the commission. Provided further, That for each such punchboard or pull tab series inspected which is found to be defective in any area related to a quality control deficiency, by the manufacturer, a fee not to exceed $100.00 per each such punchboard or pull tab series inspected may be assessed by the commission against the manufacturer of the punchboard or pull tab series to compensate the commission for the inspection.

(2) Transfer invoices - any manufacturer, distributor, or licensed representative of either, that fails to accurately complete any invoice for the sale or return of a punchboard, pull tab series, dispensing device, or related merchandise as required by WAC 230-30-018 may be assessed a fee of up to $50.00 per invoice. The fee shall be used to defray extra costs incurred by the commission in tracking transfers or other monitoring procedures as a result of errors or omissions.

WAC 230-30-050 Punchboard and pull tab operations. (1) No person under the age of eighteen years and no person visibly intoxicated or visibly under the influence of any narcotic, shall be allowed to play or sell any punchboard or pull tab device. It shall be the responsibility of the licensee and the responsibility of the person physically operating the punchboard or pull tab device to determine that no unauthorized person is allowed to play or sell.

(2) No operator shall permit the display or operation of any punchboard or pull tab which may have in any manner been marked, defaced, tampered with or otherwise placed in a condition, or operated in a manner, which may deceive the public or which affects the chances of winning or losing upon the taking of any chance thereon.

(3) All pull tabs must be dispensed from a coin-operated vending machine or a clear container which affords the player an opportunity to observe the complete series. If pull tabs are not sold out of a coin-operated vending machine, the complete series must be placed in a clear container and mixed prior to being offered for sale. Failure to mix may result in a minimum five day suspension of license for each series not mixed. Licensees may bundle pull tabs into stacks of up to $10, provided the bundles are thoroughly mixed prior to sale to the public.

(4) All records, reports and receipts relating to a punchboard or pull tab series in play must be retained on the licensed premises so long as the series or punchboard is in play and be made available on demand to law enforcement officers and representatives of the commission.

(5) When operators purchase merchandise to be used as prizes on punchboards or pull tab series from other than a licensed distributor, the following information must be on the invoice provided by the seller:

(a) The date of purchase;

(b) The company’s name and adequate business address;

(c) A full description of each item purchased;

(d) The quantity of items purchased;

(e) The cost per individual items purchased; and

(f) The sales invoice or receipt must be maintained by the operator for at least three years.

[WAC 230-30-052 Punchboards and pull tabs operated by charitable or nonprofit organizations—Net income required. Charitable or nonprofit organizations operating punchboards and pull tabs shall not pay excessive expenses. To ensure that licensees meet the intent of WAC 9.46.010 and to prevent the payment of excessive expenses, net income, as a percentage of gross receipts, shall not be less than the limits set out in subsections (1) and (2) below when measured over the annual license period. The limits set out in Table 1. of WAC 230-20-064 shall apply to organizations operating punchboards and pull tabs in conjunction with a bingo game. Net income limits:

(1) Class A and B licensees - Net income of at least 5.5%, before deduction of local taxes; and

(2) Class C and above licensees - Net income of at least 7.0%, before deduction of local taxes.

[WAC 230-30-055 Standards for construction of punchboards. All punchboards sold for use in the state of Washington must comply with the following standards:

(1) Patterns: The punchboard shall be manufactured with special care so as to eliminate any patterns between punchboards, or portions of punchboards, from which the location or approximate location of winning punches may be determined. Manufacturers shall employ at least the following steps to insure that no pattern exists.

(a) The form or permanent number sheets shall be mixed prior to cutting;

(b) After the strips (straws) have been crimped, all strips shall be thoroughly mixed prior to insertion in punchboards;

(c) When filling punchboards, workers shall alter the procedures for filling sets of punchboards; and

(d) No more than eight punchboards from any one set of boards shall be included in any case of punchboards for shipment to Washington.

(2) Serial numbers: Effective July 1, 1988, serial numbers set forth on the form or permanent number sheets shall be nonsequential so as to ensure that no pattern is created which would permit the tracking of boards through the serial number.

(3) Guaranteed numbers: All numbers or symbols designated as winners on the flare must be guaranteed by the manufacturer as being present in the board. The manufacturer may at their option place a sticker or equivalent on the
back of each punchboard setting forth additional numbers or symbols that are guaranteed to be in the board. The additional numbers or symbols on the back of the board shall not exceed 5% of the total punches in the board without the written permission of the commission.

(4) **Security:** All punchboards must be sealed so it is impossible to determine the number or symbol of any punch prior to being punched out of the board by any method or device including but not limited to the use of markings or light.

(5) **Step-up boards:**
(a) All cards, straws, or punches that contain the winners in the step-up portion of any punchboard shall be completely sealed so as to prevent premature winner identification and such items shall be thoroughly mixed so as to ensure that no pattern of winners exists.
(b) Step-up boards that contain winners covered by seals must have at least twenty-five different face sheets for use on that specific step-up board. Face sheets shall be utilized in such a manner so as to ensure random distribution during the manufacturing process.

**WAC 230-30-060 Punchboard restrictions.** No operator shall put out for play, and no manufacturer shall sell or furnish to any person, any punchboard:

(1) To which any key to any winning number, or symbol, exists other than a key which is furnished to the operator, which key designates the color codes for all chances on that board without regard to whether or not such chances are designated winners.

(2) Which has taped sides, corners, or edges.

(3) Wherein the winning punches or approximate location of any winning punches can be determined in advance of punching the punchboard in any manner or by any device, including, but not limited to, any patterns in manufacture, assembly, packaging or programming. Winning punches shall be randomly distributed and mixed among all other punches in the punchboard. The punchboard shall be manufactured or programmed with special care so as to eliminate any pattern as between punchboards, or portions of punchboards, from which the location or approximate location of the winning punches may be determined.

**WAC 230-30-065 Punchboard/pull tab price per play to be posted.** (1) No punchboard or pull tab series shall be placed out for public play unless the cost to the player for each punch or pull tab is clearly posted on the flare.

(2) Once placed out for public play, a punchboard or pull tab series flare may not be modified or otherwise changed, except for the deletion of those prizes valued at five dollars or more as required by WAC 230-30-070.

**WAC 230-30-070 Control of prizes.** All prizes from the operation of punchboards and pull tabs shall be awarded in cash or in merchandise.

(1) Prizes may not involve the opportunity of taking an additional chance or chances on another punchboard or of obtaining another pull tab or pull tabs. Where the prize involves the opportunity to punch again on the same punchboard, a prize must be awarded for each such punch which is not less than the highest amount of money, or worth not less than the most valuable merchandise prize, which might otherwise have been won by the punch for which the opportunity to take the second punch was awarded. Each such board must clearly indicate on its face the terms and conditions under which the opportunity to obtain the second, or step-up punch, may be obtained and the prizes which may be won by the step-up punch.

(2) **Display of prizes:**
(a) All prizes shall be displayed in the immediate vicinity of the punchboard or pull tab device and such prizes shall be in full view of any person prior to that person purchasing the opportunity to play;
(b) When the prize is cash, it shall be displayed as follows:
(i) If the punchboard or pull tab series contains the opportunity to win both cash and merchandise prizes, the money itself shall not be displayed, but a coupon designating the cash available to be won shall be substituted; and
(ii) If the only prizes which may be won are cash prizes, they shall be clearly and fully described or represented by a coupon displayed upon the prize flare attached to the face or displayed in the immediate vicinity of the pull tab dispensing device;
(c) The licensee shall display prizes so arranged that a customer can easily determine which prizes are available from any particular punchboard or pull tab series or device operated or located upon the premises;
(d) Upon determination of a winner of a merchandise prize, the licensee shall immediately remove that prize from any display and present it to the winner;
(e) Upon determination of a winner of any cash prize of five dollars or more, or of any merchandise prize with a retail value of five dollars or more, the licensee shall permanently and conspicuously delete all references to that prize from any flare, punchboard, or pull tab dispensing device upon which such reference may appear, and from any other list, sign, or notice which may be posted, in such a manner that all future customers will know the prize is no longer available. Operators may correct an inadvertently deleted prize by noting on the flare that such prize is still available. Such reference shall be permanently and conspicuously deleted when the prize is actually awarded. Failure to permanently and conspicuously delete a prize from the flare may result in the director initiating actions to revoke a license for violation of RCW 9.46.190 (defrauding a participant). The prize shall be paid or delivered to the winner only after all reference to such prize has been deleted from the flare.

(3) **Payment of prizes.** The licensee must pay or award to the customer or player playing the punchboard or pull tab...
series all such prizes that have not been deleted from the flaire of the punchboard or pull tab series when the punchboard or pull tab series is completely played out.

(4) Cash in lieu of merchandise prizes. No licensee shall offer to pay cash in lieu of merchandise prizes which may be won.

(5) Record of winners. When any person wins a cash prize of over twenty dollars or wins a merchandise prize with a retail value of more than twenty dollars from the play of any punchboard or pull tab series, the licensee or licensee’s representative shall make a record of the win. The record of the win shall be made in the following manner:

(a) The winners shall be required to print their name and date of birth, in ink, upon the side of the winning punch or tab opposite the winning symbol(s);

(b) The licensee or their representative shall then verify the winner’s identity and record the date and initial the winning punch or tab; and

(c) If the pull tab or punch is constructed or printed in such a manner as to preclude recording the information required in (a) and (b) of this subsection in a legible manner, the licensee may record the required information on a sheet of paper not less than three inches by five inches and staple the winning tab or punch thereto.

(6) Defacing winning punches or tabs. The licensee shall, within twenty-four hours after a winning pull tab or punch of five dollars or more has been presented for payment, mark or perforate the winning symbols in such a manner that the pull tab or punch cannot be presented again for payment.

(7) Value of merchandise prizes. For purposes of this rule, the retail value of a merchandise prize shall be the amount actually paid therefor by the licensed operator plus 50 percent of that actual cost.

(8) Spindle, banded, or “jar” type pull tabs played in a manner which awards merchandise prizes only. Pull tab series which award only merchandise prizes valued at no more than five dollars, are hereby permitted to employ schemes whereby certain predesignated pull tabs are free or the player is otherwise reimbursed the actual cost of said pull tabs. Flares for spindle-type pull tab series operated in this manner shall designate the total number of pull tabs in the series and the total number of pull tabs designated as free or reimbursable. Free or reimbursable pull tabs in these types of pull tab series shall not constitute a prize or prizes nor shall moneys collected and later reimbursed constitute revenue for the purposes of determining gross receipts.

WAC 230-30-072 Punchboard and pull tab inventory control—Retention requirements—Audit adjustments.

Each punchboard and pull tab series purchased or otherwise obtained by an operator shall be controlled and accounted for in the following manner:

(1) Each operator shall closely monitor punchboard and pull tab series purchased to assure that Washington state identification and inspection service stamp numbers are correctly entered in all records and each device purchased is recorded. The following control procedures apply:

(a) At the time a punchboard or pull tab series is delivered, each operator will assure that all required data is correctly recorded by the distributor by comparing the actual Washington state identification and inspection services stamp number attached to each punchboard and pull tab series to the number recorded on the purchase invoice;

(b) All purchases of punchboards or pull tab series shall be recorded on a standard distributor’s invoice, which will be used by the operator as a record to account for the punchboard or pull tab series between the time it is purchased and removed from play. Each invoice shall include space for the operator to either attach a records entry label or enter the Washington state identification and inspection services stamp number and the date the device was placed out for play: Provided, That in lieu of the distributor’s invoice recording system, licensees may use a separate inventory record to account for purchases and uses of punchboards and pull tabs. Entries required to be made by the distributor on the purchase invoice shall be entered by the operator on the alternative inventory record at the time devices are received. The inventory record may be manually maintained or generated from a computer data base. If generated from a computer data base, all requirements relating to computer data base records and printouts, as set out in WAC 230-08-010 (6) and (7) shall be followed. Inventory records shall include space for the following entries for each punchboard or pull tab series purchased or otherwise obtained:

(i) Distributor’s name;

(ii) Invoice number;

(iii) Date of purchase;

(iv) Name of the punchboard or pull tab series;

(v) Date placed into play;

(vi) The Washington state identification and inspection services stamp number entered by the distributor at the time of purchase; and

(vii) The Washington state identification and inspection services stamp number entered by the operator by attaching a records entry label at the time the device is placed into play: Provided, That a computer generated facsimile of the number may be imprinted on the inventory record in lieu of a records entry label;

(c) At the time a punchboard or pull tab series is placed into play, each operator shall record in the allotted space on...
the distributor’s invoice or the inventory record the following:

(i) Date placed into play; and

(ii) Washington state identification and inspection services stamp number by attaching a records entry label: Provided. That a computer generated facsimile of the number may be imprinted on the inventory record in lieu of a records entry label.

(d) If a device is returned to a distributor for any reason, including commission required recall, the operator shall record the date, invoice or credit memo number, and "returned" on the original purchase invoice or inventory log in the spaces allotted for "date-in-play" and "records entry label";

(2) Each punchboard or pull tab series which is returned from operation, together with the prize flaire, all unplayed tabs, and all winning punches or tabs, shall be retained by the operator and made available for inspection, on the licensed premises, by commission agents and/or local law enforcement and taxing agencies. If devices are stored off premises, they must be produced for inspection upon demand. The minimum retention time for devices removed from play shall be:

(a) Charitable or nonprofit licensees - at least four months following the last day of the month in which the device was removed from play; and

(b) Commercial stimulant licensees - at least two months following the last day of the month in which the device was removed from play: Provided, That all winning punches or pull tabs in excess of twenty dollars shall be retained for at least ninety days following the day the device was removed from play: Provided further, That any commercial stimulant licensee that fails to comply with all recordkeeping requirements of this title or misstates gross gambling receipts by more than one percent shall be required, after written notification by the director, to retain all devices for at least four months following the last day of the month in which it was removed from play. Any licensee so restricted may petition the director to remove the increased retention requirement imposed after a minimum of one year. Any such petition shall include documentation of the steps taken to correct recordkeeping deficiencies. For purposes of computing gross gambling receipts for determining compliance with the recording accuracy requirement, the procedures in subsection (5) of this section apply;

(3) Each punchboard or pull tab series which is not placed out for public play or returned to the distributor or manufacturer from whom it was originally purchased, must be retained on the licensed premises and made available for inspection by commission agents and/or local law enforcement and taxing agencies: Provided, That devices may be stored off premise if they are produced for inspection upon demand:

(4) Each punchboard or pull tab series which is deemed by the operator to be defective or unplayable, for any reason, shall not be returned to the distributor or manufacturer without approval from the commission. If it is found to be defective after it has been placed out for play, all other rules apply and it must be recorded as required by WAC 230-08-010: Provided, That the retention time required by subsection (2) above may be shortened by the commission upon inspection and written release by a commission agent;

(5) For purposes of compliance with the requirements of this section and license class compliance, gross gambling receipts from the operation of punchboards and pull tabs shall be adjusted for commission staff audit findings by using the following procedures:

(a) Unrecorded devices - gross gambling receipts shall be increased to account for any unrecorded devices purchased by an operator by adding the maximum amount that could be generated from the device, as determined by multiplying the total number of chances available by the price of a single chance. The adjustment shall be made to the records for the month in which the device was purchased; and

(b) Recording errors - gross gambling receipts shall be increased or decreased by an adjustment factor that is based upon the results of an audit of a sample of at least five devices randomly selected by the commission staff. The adjustment factor shall be determined by dividing the audited amount for the sample group of devices by the recorded amount for the same devices. The resulting product of this equation shall be applied to the total recorded gross gambling receipts for the calendar quarter from which the sample was taken and to the immediately preceding three quarters.

WAC 230-30-075 Punchboard and pull tab prize restrictions—Minimum percentage of prizes available.

No operator shall put out for play and no distributor or manufacturer shall sell or otherwise provide to any person in this state, or for use in this state, any punchboard or pull tab series that:

(1) Does not offer prizes that are equal to or greater than sixty percent of the total gross receipts available from the punchboard or pull tab series: Provided, That for the purposes of determining the percentage of prizes offered on any punchboard, or in any pull tab series, total merchandise prizes shall be computed at the amount actually paid therefor by the licensed operator plus fifty percent of that actual cost.

(2) Offers a single prize that exceeds:

(a) Five hundred dollars in cash; or

(b) A merchandise prize, or combination merchandise prize, for which the operator has expended more than five hundred dollars.

(3) Has multiple winners on an individual pull tab or punch that combined values exceed the single cash or merchandise prize limit in subsection (2) of this section.

(4) Offers prizes for purchasing the last ticket or last punch that exceeds:

(a) One hundred dollars cash; or

(b) Merchandise for which the licensee has expended more than one hundred dollars; or

(c) The highest prize offered.

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WAC 230-30-080 Limitation on pull tab dispensing devices. (1) No pull tabs shall be placed out for public play unless the total number of pull tabs originally in the series shall be clearly disclosed on the face of the device advertising the prizes available from that series of pull tabs. The total number of pull tabs originally in the series shall be placed upon the device by the operator prior to the series being sold to a distributor or operator.

(2) No pull tab shall be added to a series of pull tabs after that series has been shipped from its place of manufacture.

(3)(a) No pull tab series, or any portion thereof, shall be placed in, or if a spindle upon, any pull tab dispensing device until any other series of pull tabs previously in, or upon, the device has been played out or permanently removed from public play.

(b) Provided, that in the use of a multiple series dispenser, each series shall be played independently and in accordance with the provisions in (a) above.

(4) No pull tab once placed in, or if a spindle upon, a pull tab dispensing device out for public play shall be removed from the dispensing device until the series is permanently removed from public play, except only:

(a) Those pull tabs actually played by consumers,

(b) Those pull tabs removed by representatives of the commission, or other law enforcement agency inspecting the device, and

(c) Those tabs temporarily removed during necessary repair or maintenance of the device. Excepting only tabs removed under (b) and (c) hereinafter, once a pull tab has been removed from public play it shall not again be put out for public play.

(5) No person shall put out any pull tab series for public play unless the series of pull tabs is wholly contained within, or if a spindle upon, the device used for dispensing that series.

(6) No person shall sell or transfer to another person in this state, or for use within this state, or put out for public play, any pull tab series which contains more than 6,000 individual pull tabs.

WAC 230-30-097 Standards—Coin-operated pull tab dispensing devices. Operators may utilize coin-operated pull tab dispensing devices provided that such device meets the following standards:

(1) Devices must be manufactured by a manufacturer licensed by the Washington state gambling commission.

(2) Devices shall have conspicuously set forth thereon a stamp, seal, or label which identifies its manufacturer and the city and state of its manufacture.

(3) Devices shall have the manufacturer's serial number for that device stamped or embossed into its case.

(4) Devices shall be constructed so that consumers can clearly see each pull tab within the device, except that area at the bottom of the device, not to exceed one inch in height, covered for security or mechanical reasons.

(5) Devices shall have permanent lines or markings which divide the pull tabs remaining in the device into divisions of approximately twenty-five tabs so that the consumer can determine how many tabs remain within the device.

(6) Devices shall have one selection position for every one thousand two hundred pull tabs originally in the series.

(7) Devices utilizing bill acceptors or similar devices that do not return change shall clearly disclose that fact to the consumer.

WAC 230-30-100 Punchboards and pull tabs to display name of its licensed manufacturer. (1) No operator shall put out for play, and no distributor or manufacturer shall sell or otherwise furnish, any punchboard or series of pull tabs unless each such board or series shall have conspicuously set forth thereon a stamp, seal or label which identifies its manufacturer and the city and state of its manufacturer.

(2) Each individual pull tab shall have conspicuously set forth thereon the name of the manufacturer or label or trademark which identifies its manufacturer. The label or trademark must be filed with the commission prior to the printing of the pull tab.

(3) No operator shall put out for play and no distributor shall sell or otherwise furnish, any punchboard or series of pull tabs unless the manufacturer of punchboards or series of pull tabs has been licensed by the commission.
WAC 230-30-102 Pull tab series assembly and packaging. (1) Manufacturers of pull tabs shall manufacture, assemble, and package each pull tab series in one container and in such a manner that none of the winning pull tabs, nor the location or approximate location of any of the winning pull tabs can be determined, in advance of opening the pull tabs in any manner or by any device, including but not limited to any pattern in manufacture, assembly, packaging, markings, or by the use of a light.

(2) Winning pull tabs shall be distributed and mixed among all other pull tabs in a series so as to eliminate any pattern as between series, or portions of series, from which the location or approximate location of any of the winning tabs may be determined. The pull tab series must be assembled so that no placement of winners or losers exist that allows the possibility of prize manipulation or "pick out." Manufacturers shall not manufacture or offer for sale in Washington any pull tab series in which the winning pull tabs are not distributed and mixed among all other pull tabs within that series.

(3) Manufacturers will mix pull tabs prior to placing them in their final packing container. The mix shall insure that pull tabs are separated from the original collated row position and dispersed amongst all rows in the final packing container.

(4) Each series of pull tabs shall contain a packing slip placed inside the package containing the name of manufacturer, series number, date the series was packaged, and the name or identification of the person who packaged the series: Provided, That this information may be printed on the back of the flare or the outside of the package, box or container in which the pull tabs are packed.

(5) Manufacturers of pull tabs shall print on the outside of the die cut box, package or other container of pull tabs the following message "Washington State law requires that pull tabs not sold through a mechanical pull tab dispensing device be removed from the packaging container and mixed before selling to the public. Failure to remove and mix pull tabs from a packaging container may result in a minimum five day suspension of a license for each series not mixed." Provided, That the above information may be printed on a crack and peel sticker and placed on the outside of the package, box or container in which the pull tabs are packed.

(6) Manufacturers of pull tabs shall print on the outside of the die cut box, package or other container of pull tabs the following message "Provided, That this information may be printed on a colored packing slip and placed inside the package of pull tabs.

(7) Pull tabs shall be constructed so that it is impossible to determine the covered or concealed number, symbol, set of symbols, or game protection on the pull tab until it has been dispensed to and opened by the player, by any method or device, including but not limited to, the use of a marking, variance in size, variance in paper fiber, or light.

(8) All pull tabs, except banded and latex covered pull tabs, will be constructed using a two or three ply paper stock construction.

(9) The manufacturer shall conspicuously print on the face or cover sheet the series number and the name of the manufacturer or label or trademark identifying the manufacturer. On banded pull tabs, the series number and the name of the manufacturer or label or trademark identifying the manufacturer shall be printed so both are readily visible prior to opening the pull tab.

(10) The cover sheet shall be color coded when individual series numbers are repeated and may show the consumer how to open the pull tab to determine the symbols or numbers. The cover sheet will contain perforated and/or clean-cut openings centered over the symbols or numbers on the back of the face sheet in such a manner as to allow easy opening by the consumer after purchase of the pull tab, while at the same time, not permitting pull tabs to be opened prematurely in normal handling. Perforation should exist on both horizontal lines of the opening with either perforated or clean-cut on the vertical or elliptical line where the tab must be grasped for opening after bending the edge of ticket down. On latex covered pull tabs, either the face or back of the pull tab shall be color coded when individual series numbers are repeated and may show the consumer how to remove the latex to determine the symbols or numbers. On banded pull tabs, the paper stock shall be color coded when individual series numbers are repeated.

(11) Pull tabs will be glued or sealed so that it is impossible to determine the covered or concealed numbers, symbol or set of symbols on the pull tab until it has been dispensed to and opened by the player.

(12) Thickness. (a) Vendable pull tabs. Defined as pull tabs that are sold out of mechanical pull tab dispensing devices approved for such use in this state by the Washington state gambling commission.

(b) Nonvendable pull tabs. Defined as pull tabs that cannot be sold out of mechanical pull tab dispensing devices approved for use in this state by the Washington state gambling commission. Nonvendable pull tabs may be dispensed from fishbowls, receptacles, packing boxes or spindles. Manufacturers may use any thickness, provided they comply with all other rules of the commission.

(c) All pull tabs within a single pull tab series shall be of the same thickness.

(d) Length and width. (a) Vendable pull tabs. (i) Single opening and double sided tabs. The overall thickness of the pull tab shall be .045 inches plus or minus .003 inches.

(ii) Multiple opening tabs. The overall thickness of the pull tab shall be .026 inches plus or minus .002 inches.

(b) Nonvendable pull tabs. Defined as pull tabs that cannot be sold out of mechanical pull tab dispensing devices approved for use in this state by the Washington state gambling commission. Nonvendable pull tabs may be dispensed from fishbowls, receptacles, packing boxes or spindles. Manufacturers may use any thickness, provided they comply with all other rules of the commission.

(c) All pull tabs within a single pull tab series shall be of the same thickness.

(9) Length and width. (a) Vendable pull tabs. (i) Single opening and double sided tabs shall be 1 7/8 inches x 1 inch plus or minus 1/8 inch.
(ii) Multiple opening tabs shall be 3 1/2 inches by 1 7/8 inches plus or minus 1 inch.

(b) Nonvendable pull tabs - manufacturers may construct nonvendable pull tabs in any size provided the pull tab complies with all other rules of the commission.

(c) All pull tabs within a single pull tab series shall be uniform in length or width and not vary by more than 3/64 inch, provided that in no case shall winning pull tabs be identifiable by visible variation in dimension.

(9) All pull tabs will be constructed to insure that, when offered for sale to the public, the pull tab is virtually opaque and free of security defects wherein winning pull tabs cannot be determined prior to being opened through the use of high intensity lights or any other method.

(10) Each manufacturer shall establish his own game protection for each pull tab game or series of games. The game protection shall be a method of identifying winning pull tabs, after they have been purchased and opened, from nonwinning, altered or forged pull tabs. The manufacturer may use special numbers, colors, designs, ink or any combination to establish the game protection. Manufacturers will submit to the gambling commission a letter explaining the game protection and will keep the commission informed on any changes.

(11) Each manufacturer shall set forth in WAC 230-30-070(8) are exempt from this requirement.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 94-07-084 (Order 250), § 230-30-103, filed 3/16/94, effective 4/16/94. Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 91-21-053 (Order 228), § 230-30-103, filed 10/15/91; 87-15-052 (Order 169), § 230-30-103, filed 7/14/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (1), (2), and (11) and 9.46.110. 85-21-046 (Order 154), § 230-30-103, filed 10/14/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (5), (7), (8), (9), (11), (14) and (19). 84-13-038 (Order 140), § 230-30-103, filed 6/15/84; Order 78, § 230-30-103, filed 11/17/77; Order 43, § 230-30-103, filed 11/28/75.]

WAC 230-30-104 Possession or sale of pull tab series in which winners or location of winners may be determined in advance—Prohibited. (1) No operator, distributor or manufacturer, or representative thereof, with knowledge or in circumstances whereunder he reasonably should have known, shall possess, display, put out for play, sell or otherwise furnish to any person any pull tab series or pull tab from any series:

(a) In which the winning tabs have not been distributed and mixed among all other tabs in the series; or

(b) In which the location, or approximate location, of any of the winning tabs can be determined in advance of opening the tabs in any manner or by any device, including but not limited to, any pattern in the manufacture, assembly or packaging of the tabs by the manufacturer, by any markings on the tabs or container, or by the use of a light; or

(c) Which does not conform in any other respect to the requirements of these rules as to manufacture, assembly, or packaging of pull tabs.

(2) No manufacturer or distributor or representative thereof shall use as a sales promotion any statement, demonstration, or implication that any certain portion of a series of pull tabs contains more winners than other portions of the series or that any series of pull tabs may be sold by the operator in a particular manner that would give the operator any advantage in selling more of the pull tabs before having to pay out winners.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 and chapter 34.05 RCW. 90-21-053, § 230-30-104, filed 10/15/90, effective 11/15/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (8), (11) and (14). 85-03-024 (Order 142), § 230-30-104, filed 1/9/85; Order 78, § 230-30-104, filed 11/17/77.]

WAC 230-30-105 Only one flare may be used with a punchboard or pull tab series. No person shall place or have out in public view more than one flare advertising the prizes available from the operation of any punchboard, or from any series of pull tabs.

[Order 43, § 230-30-105, filed 11/28/75.]

WAC 230-30-106 Standards for flares, made by manufacturers, distributors, operators. (1) Except as set forth in paragraph (2) below, the flare advertising prizes available from the operation of any punchboard, or any series of pull tabs shall be made by the manufacturer only, winning numbers or symbols shall not be altered by any operator or distributor, and shall:

(a) Be placed only upon the upper face, or on the top, of any such punchboard or any device used to dispense the pull tabs; and

(b) Clearly set out each of the prizes available and the number or symbol which wins prizes; and

(c) Set out the winning numbers or symbols for prizes of five dollars or more in cash, or merchandise worth five dollars or more at retail, in such a manner that each may be easily and clearly deleted or marked off as each prize is won and awarded. For the purposes of this subsection the retail value of a merchandise prize shall be the amount actually paid by the licensed operator plus 50 percent of that actual cost.

(2) Substitute flares

(a) Distributors may make and apply substitute flares to punchboards and pull tab series provided that the conditions set forth in (c) below are satisfied;

(b) Licensed operators may make and use substitute flares on punchboards and pull tab series which offer merchandise or combination merchandise-cash prizes provided that the conditions set forth in (c) below are satisfied;

(c) Use of substitute flares:

(i) The substitute flare must comply with the requirements of (1)(a), (b) and (c) of this section;

(ii) Substitute flares must meet the requirements of WAC 230-30-015;

(iii) The winning numbers or symbols on the substitute flare are selected from the winning numbers or symbols on the flare made by the manufacturer, or from the optional numbers placed on the back of the board by the manufacturer. Provided flares and games which offer merchandise, or combination merchandise/cash prizes, in excess of $100.00 actual costs, must utilize numbers, not symbols to denote winners. Prices must be assigned to the winning numbers consecutively starting with the highest value prize being assigned the lowest available winning number; and

(iv) The substitute flare is stapled to the manufacturer’s flare and the manufacturer’s flare is defaced so that it is
unusable, but the identification and inspection services stamp is readable and visible.

(3) Spindle-type pull tab series when played in the manner set out in WAC 230-30-070(9) are exempt from this section.


WAC 230-30-110 Possession of duplicate numbered-color coded pull tab series prohibited. (A) Each manufacturer of pull tabs shall assign a series number to each series of pull tabs be manufactures and place that series number on each pull tab in that series. A manufacturer may, in addition, assign a color trim to that series and if so, each pull tab in the series shall also reflect that color trim.

No manufacturer, manufacturer’s representative, distributor or distributor’s representative shall sell or furnish to any operator a series of pull tabs with the same series number and color code combination as a series which that operator has previously purchased or obtained but upon which play has not been completed.

(B) No person licensed as an operator of punchboards or pull tabs shall ever obtain or possess, or shall ever allow upon the licensed premises, a series of pull tabs, or portion thereof, with the same series number, or series number or color code combination, as any other series of pull tabs or portion thereof in his possession, or on the licensed premises: Provided, That this rule shall not prevent a person from retaining upon the licensed premises pull tabs remaining from series removed from play for the purposes of complying with federal or state law or regulation if that person

(1) Has punched a hole through each such pull tab removed and retained with a standard hole punch not less than 1/8” in diameter immediately upon removal of the pull tabs from play, and

(2) Made a written record of the series number, color code if any, and the number of tabs remaining in that series, immediately upon removing that series from play, and

(3) The written record so made is maintained upon the licensed premises for a period of not less than three years after the series is removed.

[Order 27, § 230-30-110, filed 11/15/74.]

WAC 230-30-130 Flare to display pull tab series number. Each flare describing the prizes and winning numbers or symbols for a series of pull tabs in play shall clearly set out the series number assigned to that pull tab series by the manufacturer. The series number will be placed upon the flare by the manufacturer prior to the series being sold to a distributor or operator.


WAC 230-30-200 Punchboard and pull tab business restrictions. (1) No operator shall buy, receive or otherwise obtain, nor shall any manufacturer or distributor, or anyone connected therewith, sell or deliver any punchboard, pull tab, pull tab dispensing device or related equipment, or merchandise for prizes to be awarded in connection with such activities, to any operator, except a cash basis nor shall any operator permit any manufacturer or distributor or anyone connected therewith, to acquire any interest, including a security interest, in any such equipment or merchandise. A cash basis shall consist of payment in full, either by cash or by check, with payment made to the seller by the operator upon, or prior to, actual physical delivery of the merchandise to the operator: Provided, That when a check is used for payment to constitute a cash basis payment it shall be presented for payment into the banking system by the end of the tenth calendar day following the day the check is written. If an operator can demonstrate by a preponderance of evidence that it has properly made a payment by check, as required by this section, then it will not be held liable for a violation of this rule if the violation is caused solely by the failure of the manufacturer or distributor to deposit the check into the banking system in a timely fashion.

(2) No operator shall accept a loan of money or any thing of value from any manufacturer or distributor, or from anyone connected therewith.

(3) If the operator is acquiring a pull tab dispensing device(s) and/or related equipment(s) with a unit purchase price exceeding one thousand United States dollars, the distributor or an independent leasing company may extend financing to the operator, for all or a portion of the purchase price, in the form of:

(a) A lease agreement, term of which shall not exceed forty-eight months.

(b) A rental agreement, term of which shall not exceed forty-eight months.

(c) A rental agreement, term of which shall not exceed forty-eight months, in which a portion of the rent may be applied to the purchase price at the end of the agreement (rent to own).

(4) Copies of all lease or rental agreements, as set forth in subsection (3) of this section, shall be provided by the operator to the commission within thirty days of the execution of those agreements.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 92-19-107 (Order 231), § 230-30-200, filed 9/18/92, effective 10/19/92. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070(13). 81-13-033 (Order 110), § 230-30-200, filed 6/15/81; Order 18, § 230-30-200, filed 5/21/74; Order 5, § 230-30-200, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-30-210 Buying from and selling to only licensees required. No manufacturer, distributor or distributor’s representative, shall sell or otherwise make available to any person any punchboards, pull tabs, pull tab dispensing devices or related equipment in this state unless it has first determined that such person has a valid license issued by the commission to sell or otherwise distribute such equipment within this state, or to operate such activity on a particular premise within this state.

No operator, distributor or distributor’s representative, shall purchase or otherwise obtain from any person any punchboard, pull tab, device for the dispensing of pull tabs or related equipment in this state until it has first determined that the person selling or otherwise offering such equipment has a valid license issued by the commission to sell the
WAC 230-30-212 Punchboards, pull tabs and related equipment may be sold with sale of business. Notwithstanding any other provision in these rules, a licensed operator who is selling the retail business in connection with which he is operating punchboards, pull tabs and pull tab dispensing devices may transfer such of those items as he has on hand to the buyer as a part of the transaction, provided:

1. The buyer has been licensed by the commission to operate punchboards and pull tabs or has applied to the commission for such a license.

2. Each such item sold together with the business is reported to the commission in writing by the seller. This report shall include a complete description of each item sold together with the number of the commission’s stamp assigned to each item, and the number assigned by the manufacturer to each board, series of pull tabs or device.

WAC 230-30-213 Sale of punchboards, pull tabs and pull tab dispensing devices when license revoked, expired or voluntarily surrendered. (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions in these rules, a licensed operator or distributor of punchboards and pull tabs whose license has been revoked, expired or voluntarily surrendered may sell complete pull tab series, pull tab dispensing devices and unused punchboards in inventory to a licensed distributor or a licensed manufacturer of those devices: Provided, That the seller notifies the commission within ten days of the transaction in writing of the following:

(a) The date the license is revoked, expired or surrendered.

(b) A complete description of the items to be sold including commission identification stamp number.

(c) The name and license number of the distributor or manufacturer who will buy the equipment.

(2) Licensed distributors and manufacturers of punchboards and pull tabs may buy complete pull tab series, pull tab dispensing devices and unused punchboards from a licensed operator whose license has been revoked, expired or voluntarily surrendered: Provided, That:

(a) The transaction is for cash only,

(b) The licensed operator has furnished the written notification to the commission of the transaction required above.

(3) The distributor or manufacturer will prepare an invoice for the transaction with a complete description of all equipment purchased together with the commission stamp number on each item. A copy of the notice given to the commission by the operator will be attached to the invoice. The records of these transactions shall be retained by each party for not less than three years following the transaction, unless released by the commission from this requirement as to any particular record.

WAC 230-30-215 Trade-in of used pull tab dispensing devices permitted provided certain records are maintained. "Trade-in" of pull tab dispensing devices by an operator is prohibited, except when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

1. The trade-in is accomplished in connection with, and as a part of, an occasional transaction wherein a licensed operator is purchasing other pull tab dispensing devices from a licensed distributor or manufacturer.

2. The portion of the purchase price of the devices purchased by the operator to be deducted as a credit for the devices traded in is the fair market price of such trade-in items, taking into account their age, condition and functional obsolescence. The trade-in credit shall be for value received and shall not be used by the distributor or manufacturer to grant a discount in the price of the devices sold to the operator when such discount is not available to all other customers of the distributor or manufacturer.

3. A record shall be kept of each transaction by all parties to it which includes:

(a) A complete description of each device sold to the operator, its sales price and the identifying number of the device set out on the stamp affixed thereto by the commission.

(b) A complete description of each device traded in to the distributor or manufacturer, the amount of money deducted from the sales price of the items purchased by the operator as a result of the device being traded in, and the identifying number of the device set out on the stamp affixed thereto issued by the commission. These records shall be in addition to those elsewhere required. The records of these transactions shall be retained by each party for not less than three years following the transaction.

WAC 230-30-220 Interest in separate business involving punchboards and pull tabs at a different marketing level prohibited. No manufacturer, distributor or operator of punchboards, pull tabs, pull tab dispensing devices or related equipment shall:

1. Have any interest, directly or indirectly, in any other of these businesses operating in whole or in part at a different marketing level;

2. Allow any of its officers, or any other person with a substantial interest in such business, to have any interest in any other of these businesses operating in whole or in part at a different marketing level;

3. Employ any person in any capacity or allow any person to represent the business in any way if such person is also employed by, or represents any other of these businesses operating in whole or in part at a different marketing level;

4. Allow any other of these businesses operating in whole or in part at a different marketing level, or any person with a substantial interest therein, to have any interest directly or indirectly, in it;

5. Have any interest, directly or indirectly, in any business of any kind in which any other of these businesses operating in whole or in part at a different marketing level, or any person having a substantial interest therein, also has a substantial interest;
(6) Allow any other business of any kind in which any other of these businesses, or any person having a substantial interest therein, to have any interest, directly or indirectly, in it;

(7) For the purposes of this rule, the different marketing levels shall be:
(a) Operator;
(b) Distributor;
(c) Manufacturer;
(8) This rule shall not prohibit the same person licensed and operating as a manufacturer from being also licensed and operating as a distributor.

[Order 18, § 230-30-220, filed 5/21/74; Order 5, § 230-30-220, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-30-300  Recall of defective punchboards, pull tabs or pull tab dispensing devices. (1) Upon a determination that punchboards, pull tabs or pull tab dispensing devices for sale in Washington do not meet commission standards, the director may order all defective products and all similarly constructed or printed products be recalled by the manufacturer(s).

(2) If the director orders such a recall, the manufacturer of the product shall be immediately notified regarding the items to be recalled, reason for the recall, effective date of the recall, and any other specific requirements. The verbal notification shall be followed with a written notification. Immediately upon the oral notification, manufacturers shall cease sale in the state and initiate actions to ensure complete compliance with the recall. Manufacturers will notify all distributors within 72 hours of the items recalled, effective date of recall, and arrange for the prompt return of the defective items. Distributors, when notified in writing by either manufacturer or commission of the recall, shall immediately stop sales and/or delivery of the product.

(3) The commission shall notify, in writing, each licensed distributor of gambling paraphernalia of the recall, effective dates thereof, the products involved, and of any special instructions if applicable. The commission shall then notify, in writing, each licensed operator as to the items recalled, effective date and special instructions, if applicable. Operators shall not utilize any defective punchboards, pull tabs or pull tab dispensing devices after receiving written notification from the commission.

(4) Prior to any reintroduction in the state of any recalled or similar item, the manufacturer must first submit the revised or reworked item to the commission for review, evaluation and approval. The manufacturer will be notified in writing, of the approval or disapproval and a copy of the approving letter will be sent by the manufacturer to the distributor with the next five shipments of the reworked item.

(5) Manufacturers shall reimburse distributors the actual cost paid by the distributor for each punchboard, pull tab series or pull tab dispensing device recalled by order of the director. Manufacturers of recalled punchboards, pull tab series or pull tab dispensing devices shall compensate distributors for time and expenses incurred during a recall. Such compensation shall not exceed fifty cents per punchboard or pull tab series actually returned by the distributor to the manufacturer or, twenty-five dollars per pull tab dispensing device.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070(8), 9.46.0325 and 9.46.070. 93-10-005 (Order 238), § 230-30-300, filed 4/21/93, effective 7/1/93. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (8), (11) and (14). 88-07-059 (Order 175), § 230-30-300, filed 3/15/88.]

WAC 230-30-500  Rules applicable to operators of punchboards and pull tabs applicable as well to operators of either activity. Each rule of the commission which applies to operators of both punchboards and pull tabs shall apply as well to operators of either one of these activities.

[Order 25, § 230-30-500, filed 10/23/74.]

Chapter 230-40 WAC
CARD GAMES

WAC
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DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER


[Title 230 WAC—page 95]
Chapter 230-40  
Title 230 WAC: Gambling Commission

230-40-300  Rules of card games and related house rules to be posted. 


WAC 230-40-010  Types of card games authorized. 
Only card games that have been specifically authorized are allowed to be played in public or social card rooms licensed by the commission. The commission hereby authorizes the following card games:


(2) Hearts.
(3) Pinochle.
(4) Cribbage.
(5) Rummy.
(6) Mah-jongg (tiles).
(7) Pan.
(8) Pitch.
(10) Pai-Gow poker.
(11) Pan-9.

WAC 230-40-015  Rules by which the authorized card games shall be played. (1) Card games authorized by the commission shall be played only in the manner set out in that publication. Each such immaterial modification, or rule of conduct, that only a maximum of five betting rounds per hand are permitted.

(2) Each licensee may establish rules of conduct for the card players on its premises. Provided further, that no table shall have more then twelve players.

(3) The commission may permit a licensee to exceed the player limits on specific occasions for good cause shown. Requests to exceed the limit shall be submitted to the commission in writing not less than 30 days preceding the date upon which the licensee wishes to exceed the limit. The request shall indicate the date(s) involved, the reasons why the request is made, and the number of games and players in the games which the licensee desires to allow on that occasion.

WAC 230-40-020  Portion of premises used for card playing limited. Only those specific parts or portions of licensed premises which have been approved by the commission for licensed card games shall be used for that purpose. Card playing operating under the authority of a license issued by the commission involving wagers shall not take place upon any other portion or part of the premises. Social card games authorized by RCW 9.46.030(9) shall not be allowed by the organization in the same room or rooms with the licensed card games.

WAC 230-40-030  Number of tables and players limited. (1) No licensee to allow a public card room on its premises shall allow more than five separate tables at which card games are played, nor shall allow more than ten players to participate at any one table at any given time. Provided: When poker is played, additional players are authorized to participate at the card table(s) as follows:

(a) Class E-1  2 players
(b) Class E-2 thru E-5  and Class D  4 players

Provided further, that no table shall have more then twelve players.

(2) No licensee to allow a social card room on its premises shall allow more than ten players to participate at any one table at any given time. Provided, when poker is played, they may have two tables with 12 players at each table.

(3) The commission may permit a licensee to exceed the player limits on specific occasions for good cause shown. Requests to exceed the limit shall be submitted to the commission in writing not less than 30 days preceding the date upon which the licensee wishes to exceed the limit. The request shall indicate the date(s) involved, the reasons why the request is made, and the number of games and players in the games which the licensee desires to allow on that occasion.

WAC 230-40-050  Fees for card playing. No fee shall be charged a person, directly or indirectly, to play in a card game in excess of those fees set forth below:

(1) For all card games, except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the fee shall not exceed $3.00 per half hour, or portion thereof, per player. The following procedures apply to collection of such fees:

(a) The fee charged shall be collected by the licensee in cash, or in wagering chips, directly from the player upon each half hour only.

(b) No player shall be required to pay for or purchase any other goods or services as a condition of playing cards beyond the $3.00 per half hour per player, except under subsection (3) of this section.

(c) The fee schedule applicable to the type of games and number of tables in the card room shall be conspicuously posted on the premises where it can be clearly seen by the players in the card game.

[Title 230 WAC—page 96]
posted on the premises where it can be clearly seen by the players in the card games.

(2) A person requesting a new deck of cards beyond those regularly furnished by the operator, as required by WAC 230-40-070(2), may be charged a fee not to exceed the actual cost to the licensee of the deck. Further, Class D licensees may charge a fee not to exceed actual cost to the licensee per deck for each deck of playing cards furnished to a table as required by these rules, or as requested by any player at the table. The fee shall be collected in cash directly from the players, or the player requesting the deck, at the time the deck is introduced into the game.

(3) This rule shall not prevent a bona fide nonprofit or charitable organization which has been established and operated for purposes other than card playing from charging its usual membership fee to belong to the organization.

(4) The licensee shall collect the same fee from all players at a table except licensed card room employees or the licensed owner. If the licensee elects to allow free play, then all players at a table must be allowed to play for free.

(5) The amount collected each half hour shall be recorded by the licensee immediately following the collection of the fees on a standard card room format prescribed and supplied by the commission to the licensee.

(6) All records required by this rule shall be maintained for a period of three years from the end of the licensee's fiscal year for which the record is kept.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 94-17-091 (Order 256), § 230-40-050, filed 8/16/94, effective 9/16/94. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (1), (2), (4), (5), (6), (9), (11), (14) and (17) and 9.46.020 (19) and (23). 85-17-015 (Order 153), § 230-40-050, filed 8/12/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.020 (20)(d), 9.46.050(3) and 9.46.070 (1), (2), (5), (8), (9), (11) and (12). 85-03-026 (Order 144), § 230-40-050, filed 1/9/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (8) and (17). 83-23-055 (Order 138), § 230-40-050, filed 11/15/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070(11). 82-11-028 (Order 120), § 230-40-050, filed 5/11/82; 80-09-067 (Order 103), § 230-40-050, filed 10/1/80; 78-06-074 (Order 72), § 230-40-050, filed 8/16/78; 77-26-074 (Order 42), § 230-40-050, filed 9/18/77; Order 38, § 230-40-050, filed 5/9/75; Emergency Order 37, § 230-40-050, filed 5/9/75; Order 35, § 230-40-050, filed 3/14/75; Order 29, § 230-40-050, filed 1/23/75; Order 23, § 230-40-050, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-40-055 Card tournaments for fee and prizes—Reporting requirements. (1) A card tournament wherein a fee is charged to the participants and prizes are awarded to the winning players shall be licensed by the commission. Card room licensees with a Class A, B, or E license may conduct a card tournament for a fee without obtaining a card tournament license: Provided, That Class B licensees are limited to only those card games authorized under their licensing class. Card room licensees with a Class D or R license must first obtain a card tournament license before they can conduct a card tournament in which the players are charged a fee to enter. The licensee shall notify the commission ten days in advance of any card tournament where the single or multiple buy-in exceeds fifty dollars. A card tournament shall not exceed ten consecutive calendar days.

(2) The fee for a player to enter a card tournament for prizes shall not exceed fifty dollars, including all separate fees which might be paid by a player for various phases, events of the tournament, food and drink offerings, and promotional material. The fee to enter a tournament and a description of all goods and services to be provided as a part

of the tournament must be fully disclosed to each entrant prior to their paying such fee. Such disclosure must be posted conspicuously on the premises at the time payment is received and remain posted until the tournament is complete. This same information must be included in all advertisements for said tournament. Operators may offer "free roll" or customer appreciation tournaments: Provided, That the pretournament play requirements do not exceed the fifty-dollar entry fee limitation. Entrants in such tournaments must initially be provided with the same number of chips or points and the same opportunity for rebuys. All prizes awarded for free roll or customer appreciation tournaments may be deducted as prizes for determining adjusted net gambling receipts for compliance with WAC 230-12-075.

(3) All fees paid to enter a tournament shall be reported as gross gambling receipts: Provided, That if an operator prepares and provides food and drink items to all tournament entrants on the licensed premises as a part of their entry fee, the fair market value of the food and drink provided, not to exceed twenty-five dollars or fifty percent of the entry fee, which ever is greater, shall be treated as sales of food and drink for on premise consumption and not included as gross gambling receipts. Such sales, must be properly supported by records: Provided further, That if an operator provides items promoting the tournament or licensed business, such as hats, t-shirts, etc., to all participants as a part of their entry fee, the actual cost of such items, supported by invoices and other such records, shall be deducted as prizes in determining adjusted net gambling receipts for compliance with WAC 230-12-075.

(4) In addition to the entry fee, a minimum buy-in of chips may be required. The total buy-in per player shall not exceed two hundred dollars per tournament and may be either a single or multiple buy-in during the course of the tournament. A record of the buy-ins for each participant will be maintained by the licensee in a format provided by the commission. All buy-ins of chips are not gross gambling receipts and shall be returned to the participants in the form of prizes. Prizes from buy-ins are not deductible for commercial stimulant purposes.

(5) The chips used in card tournaments shall have no monetary value and may be redeemed only for prizes established by the licensee. The licensee may award prizes in excess of those entry fees collected as authorized in subsection (2) of this section. The licensee's actual cost for prizes awarded to the players may be deducted as prizes for determining adjusted net gambling receipts generated by the entry fees.

(6) The licensee shall adopt tournament rules to facilitate the operation of card tournaments: Provided, That all tournament rules for tournaments where the single or multiple buy-in exceeds fifty dollars must be submitted to the commission for approval. All tournament rules must be posted where all tournament participants can see and read the rules.

(7) The licensee shall maintain a record of all such fees collected and the number of participants for each tournament conducted. This information shall be entered in a format approved by the commission. The total gross gambling receipts for the tournament shall be entered on the card room daily control sheet for the time and date the tournament
begins and the record of participants shall be attached and maintained with that daily control sheet.

(8) The licensee shall maintain a record of all prizes awarded to include the amount the licensed operator actually paid for each prize and the name and complete address of each winning participant: Provided, That the name and address of each participant receiving promotional items as set forth in subsection (3) of this section shall not be required on the prize record. The record shall be attached to the daily control sheet used on the date the majority of the prizes are awarded.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 94-07-084 (Order 250), § 230-40-055, filed 3/16/94, effective 4/16/94. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 and 9.46.0325. 93-12-082, § 230-40-055, filed 5/28/93, effective 7/1/93. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.0281 and 9.46.070 (11), (12) and (14). 88-22-019 (Order 184), § 230-40-055, filed 1/24/88. Statutory Authority: Chapter 9.46 RCW. 86-17-057 (Order 160), § 230-40-055, filed 8/18/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (1), (2), (4), (5), (6), (9), (11), (14) and (17) and 9.46.020 (19) and (23). 85-17-015 (Order 153), § 230-40-055, filed 8/12/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.020 (20)(d), 9.46.050(3) and 9.46.070 (1), (2), (5), (8), (9), (11) and (12). 85-03-026 (Order 144), § 230-40-055, filed 1/9/85.]

WAC 230-40-060 Persons shall not share in winnings or charge additional fee for playing cards. No organization, corporation or person shall collect or obtain or charge any percentage of, or shall collect or obtain any portion of the money wagered or won by any of the players, except that a player may collect his winnings. No organization, corporation or person shall collect or obtain any money or thing of value from, nor shall charge or impose any fee upon, any person which either enables him to play or results from his playing card games, except the fee or fees specifically allowed by RCW 9.46.020 (20)(d) or these rules: Provided, That this rule shall not prevent an organization which has been established and operated for purposes other than card playing from charging its usual membership fee to belong to the operation.

[Order 72, § 230-40-060, filed 7/26/77; Order 29, § 230-40-060, filed 1/23/75; Order 23, § 230-40-060, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-40-063 Charge for cutting cards. After the shuffle, the dealer will offer the cards for a cut. Following this initial offer of a cut, the licensee may require that a player pay not more than one dollar for the privilege of cutting the cards, provided that the cards may not be cut more than twice during each hand or game and that any and all such fees be placed into the pot for that hand or game.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (8) and (11). 83-11-034 (Order 133), § 230-40-063, filed 5/16/83.]

WAC 230-40-070 Licensee to furnish all cards, chips and other services. Each licensee shall furnish the following items and services in connection with all card games conducted on its premises at no additional charge to the players:

(1) Chips. Chips for use in wagering shall be of generally conventional size and design. Chips furnished by a licensee shall be so designed that they are readily identifiable as having been furnished by that particular licensee.

(2) Cards or mah-jongg tiles. The deck, or decks of cards being used at a given table where any poker game is being played shall be changed at a minimum every half hour by the licensee.

Playing cards or mah-jongg tiles furnished shall be of generally conventional size and design. Playing cards or tiles that have been shaved, sanded, cut, carved, or otherwise marked in any manner which may make certain cards or tiles identifiable to players other than as allowed by the rules of the particular game are prohibited.

(3) Bank services. The licensee shall sell its chips to all players desiring to buy them not in excess of any limits set by the commission and redeem all chips at the value for which they were sold. The value at which the various types of chips are sold and redeemed shall be conspicuously posted and visible to each person prior to that person purchasing chips. Money taken in on chips sold and table fees collected shall be kept separate and apart from all other money received by the licensee.

(4) Chips may be sold for cash only and no credit of any nature shall be extended by an operator to a person purchasing chips: Provided, That an operator may accept a check in accordance with WAC 230-12-053. Counter checks are prohibited. Each receipt by a person of a quantity of chips from the operator shall be a separate transaction for the purpose of this rule. Checks received for chips retained by the operator after close of business shall be deposited by the operator not later than the second day following receipt upon which the operator's bank is open for business.

(5) No licensee shall allow any cards or chips not furnished by the licensee on that business day to be used in any card game conducted upon its premises. No licensee shall allow any other person to buy or sell chips for use in card games upon its premises nor provide any other item or service for use in connection with the game.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (8) and (11) and (14). 89-11-048 (Order 192), § 230-40-070, filed 5/16/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (11), (14) and 9.46.0218 [9.46.0221]. 89-05-024 (Order 186), § 230-40-070, filed 2/13/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (1), (2), (4), (5), (6), (9), (11), (14) and (17). 86-13-055 (Order 158), § 230-40-070, filed 6/13/86; Order 74, § 230-40-070, filed 8/17/77; Order 40, § 230-40-070, filed 6/26/75; Order 29, § 230-40-070, filed 1/23/75; Order 23, § 230-40-070, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-40-080 Person not to bring their own cards or chips. No person shall bring onto a premises licensed to allow the playing of card games, nor introduce into any card game, any playing card or cards, or any poker chip or chips for use in wagering, other than those obtained from the licensee on that business day.


WAC 230-40-090 Devices, mechanisms, giving advantage—Prohibited. No device, apparatus, mechanism, or thing which may give a participant in a card game an advantage over any other participant in that game may be used by any person.

[Order 23, § 230-40-090, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-40-120 Limits on wagers in card games. Social and public card room licensees shall not allow wagering limits set by the commission to be exceeded in any
card game. The number and value of wagers in card games are limited as follows:

1. The maximum number of wagers in any betting round shall be three, comprised of an initial wager plus two raises.

2. The maximum number of a wager in any betting round shall be as follows:
   a. Games with a single betting round - ten dollars per wager;
   b. Games with multiple betting rounds:
      i. Two betting round games - wagers for the first round shall not exceed five dollars, and the second round shall not exceed ten dollars;
      ii. Three betting round games - wagers for the first two betting rounds shall not exceed five dollars, and wagers for the third betting round shall not exceed ten dollars;
      iii. Four betting round games - the wagers for each round may be structured by house rule: Provided, That the total wagers for all four betting rounds shall not exceed twenty-five dollars, and any single wager shall not exceed ten dollars; and
      iv. Five betting round games - the wagers for each round may be structured by house rule: Provided, That the total wagers for all five betting rounds shall not exceed thirty dollars, and any single wager shall not exceed ten dollars.
   c. Games that do not allow raises - single wager not to exceed ten dollars for each betting round.
   d. Games based on achieving a specific number of points - each point shall not exceed five cents in value.

3. An ante, except for panguingue (pan), shall not be more than ten dollars. The ante may, by house rule, be made by one or more players, but the total ante may not exceed ten dollars. No one player can ante more than the maximum wager allowed in the first round. An ante may be used as part of a player's wager.

4. Panguingue (pan) - maximum value of a chip for payoff will not exceed four dollars. Ante will not exceed one chip. No doubling of conditions. Players going out may collect not more than two chips from each participating player.

(6) Provided, Washington blackjack shall be subject to the rules and wagering limits set forth in WAC 230-40-125.

Card Games 230-40-125 Washington blackjack—Rules of play—Wagering limits. Washington blackjack is a nonhouse banking, card game and shall be permitted in Class A and E card rooms only and shall be played only in the following manner:

1. One or two standard fifty-two-card decks shall be used with suits disregarded and each card valued numerically only: Ace, 1 or 11; face cards (K, Q, J), 10 each; others according to their spots, 10 to 2. One or two decks may be used when there are six or less players. Two decks shall be used when there are seven or more players. The cards shall be dealt from a shoe at all times. The game is played with a dealer/banker and only a player may be a dealer/banker.

2. When starting a new table the cards are cut to determine who the first dealer/banker will be. The dealer shall announce the amount of money that he or she will put into the bank. A minimum bank may be established as per individual house rule.

3. Once the bank has been established, the player to the immediate left of the dealer places his/her wager on the bet line and the dealer covers that wager by matching it with a like amount of chips. Each player makes their wager in turn and each wager is immediately matched by the dealer. The maximum wager shall not be more than ten dollars and the minimum wager may be set by house rule. If the bank runs out of money (tapped out) prior to the commencement of the deal, then only those players with a wager covered will be dealt a hand. No player may be dealt more than one hand.

4. The play begins with the dealer dealing one card face up to each covered player including himself/herself, one more card face up to each covered player, and then one down card to himself/herself. If a player holds an ace and a face card or a ten, it is a "natural" 21 and the player collects 1.5 times the amount of their bet from the dealer, unless the dealer also has a natural which results in a tie (push). All ties result in the players and the dealer recovering their wagers.

5. If the dealer has a "natural," he/she collects the wagers from players who do not have a "natural." If the dealer does not have a "natural," he/she pays off any player with a "natural" starting with the one closest to their left. Should the dealer not have enough money in the bank to make up the 1.5 for one payoff due on a "natural," then those hands and wagers will be frozen in place until the additional wagers are made up or the hand is over. If after the hand is over, a dealer cannot cover the 1.5 for one, the player shall get the amount of wager that was covered by the dealer.

6. If the dealer does not have a "natural," play continues with the player on the dealer's immediate left. The dealer deals cards face up, one by one, as that player calls for them. The player's aim is to total 21 or as close to 21 without going over. When a player is satisfied with their total, they shall declare "stand." If more cards are wanted, the player declares "hit." If a player goes over a 21 point count, the hand is a "bust" and they must turn the hand down, while the dealer collects the bet.

7. The dealer does the same with each remaining player. Any player who stands must wait while the dealer draws his or her cards. If the dealer goes bust, each standing player is paid the amount of their wager. If the dealer "stands," the down card is turned up and players whose totals are higher than the dealer's are paid. The dealer collects from any player whose total is less. Action is always to the left of the dealer. Any frozen wagers
(8) Upon completion of the shuffle, the player to the right of the dealer shall cut the cards. After the cards have been placed into the shoe the dealer shall insert a blank card approximately three quarters of the way through the deck(s). A dealer may deal from the shoe until he/she reaches the blank card. After the blank card appears, the dealer may continue dealing that hand, but will not start a new hand. The deal must then pass to the player on the dealer’s immediate left. The discards may only be reshuffled to complete the last hand.

(9) Once wagers are placed and covered on the bet line, no player, including the dealer, may touch those wagers until the winner has been determined. Any player touching the wagers may be ruled to have fouled and their wager forfeited.

(10) Any player who lifts their cards up from the table or slides their cards out of their own playing area shall be ruled to have fouled and their wager may be forfeited.

(11) No player may "buy" the bank. The deal must pass around the table to the left and no player can authorize another player to deal for him or her. A new player entering the game may not participate as the dealer/banker until at least two other players have dealt. No player may deal more than one consecutive shoe before passing the deal: Provided, That when there are less than five players at a table a player may deal more than one consecutive shoe only when the remaining players have passed the deal.

(12) The dealer must stand on 17 or above and must take hits on 16 or below. If a dealer has an ace, it shall be counted as 11 (eleven) if it brings his or her total to 17 or more (but not over 21).

(13) The conditions for doubling down shall be set by house rule, provided that the wager may be doubled and the player received only one more card. The player must then stand on those three cards. If the dealer’s bank is insufficient to cover a double down wager, the player may wager an amount equal to the dealer’s remaining bank. The dealer must then cover that wager. If the dealer has no bank then a player may not double down.

(14) If the dealer’s face-up card is a ten, face card or ace, he/she may look at their face-down card to see if they have a natural; if his/her face-up card is anything else, they may not look at their face-down card until their turn comes to draw. Should the dealer violate this rule their hand may be ruled to have been fouled, which shall result in forfeiture of all remaining dealer wagers.

(15) If a player’s first two cards are a pair, then that player may split the pair into two separate hands. The amount of the player’s original bet then goes on one of the cards, and they must place an equal amount as a bet on the other card. When this player’s turn to draw comes, they receive an up-card for each hand and then play each hand in order. If the dealer does not have enough in their bank to cover the doubled bet, the dealer must cover an amount equal to the value of their remaining bank. The player then has the option to divide the wagers in any manner between the two hands, not to exceed the allowable limit per hand. If the dealer has no bank then the player may divide their wager in any manner between the two hands. If a player’s original bet was a minimum allowed in that game then they may not split their pair. A player may only split a pair once.

(16) The dealer will pay only on the value of the cards held by the player and shall not pay on the number of cards received or the card sequence.

(17) There shall be no credit or I.O.U. issued by any player or management.

WAC 230-40-130 Wagers to be made with chips only. All wagers made in connection with a card game shall be made with chips furnished by the licensed premises. No money, nor other thing of value, shall be used directly in the game itself.

[Order 23, § 230-40-130, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-40-140 Change in method of wagering prohibited. Once a method of betting is chosen for a particular hand or game, that method must be used until the hand or game is completed.

[Order 23, § 230-40-140, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-40-150 Side bets prohibited. Side bets among the participants are prohibited.

[Order 23, § 230-40-150, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-40-160 Wagers by other than participants prohibited. Only persons actually playing in the card game may wager upon the outcome of the game. Wagers by persons other than those playing which in any way involves the outcome of the game, or of any aspect of the game, are prohibited.


WAC 230-40-200 Participants to compete on equal terms—Deal to rotate among players. Participants in card games shall compete on equal terms with all other participants in the game, and solely as a participant therein. The deal in any series of card games shall be passed from player to player. No player who deals a game shall deal another game until each other player at the table has dealt a game in his turn: Provided, That any player may voluntarily waive his right to deal any particular game. Licensees shall take all necessary measures to insure that card games played upon their premises are played in this manner.
WAC 230-40-225  House dealer allowed in "pan" or poker games. Notwithstanding the provisions of WAC 230-40-200, any licensee may furnish a dealer or "mucker" in any pan or poker game played on the licensed premises. Dealers shall have no financial interest, directly or indirectly, in the outcome of such game and shall not otherwise participate or play in the game.


WAC 230-40-230  No person shall have someone play for him or assist another participant. No persons shall allow a representative to sit in on a card game on his behalf for any purpose, or to render assistance to any participant in the game in a manner which gives that participant an advantage over other participants. No person shall act as such a representative.


WAC 230-40-250  Licensee to prevent cheating in card games. A licensee to allow certain premises to be used to play cards and his employees or agents shall not allow any player to play in such a manner as to cheat the persons with whom he is playing. The licensee shall take all necessary steps to prevent this and shall be responsible to insure that the games played upon the licensed premises are fairly played.

Any incident wherein a person is found cheating shall be reported immediately to the applicable local police or sheriff's office.


WAC 230-40-310  No free or discount food, beverage or merchandise to be offered at public card room. No licensee for the operation of a public card room shall provide food, beverage or other merchandise to card players, or prospective card players, for a price or other consideration which is less than the price or other consideration at which such food, beverage or other merchandise is available to all persons patronizing the business which is stimulated by the card room.

No advertising which is inconsistent with this rule shall be permitted.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (1), (2), (4), (5), (6), (11), (14) and (17), 86-13-055 (Order 150), § 230-40-310, filed 6/13/86; Order 45, § 230-40-310, filed 12/30/75.]

WAC 230-40-315  No food or drink sales on time basis in card room. All sales of food or drink in the licensed card room must be charged for and collected at the time the food or drink is delivered to the customer. No licensee may charge a person playing cards in a licensed card room for food or drink on a time basis. For the purpose of determining whether a card room operator is operating the licensed card room as a commercial stimulant, the calculation of gross sales of food and drink shall not include any sale of food or drink on a time basis to a person playing cards in the licensed card room.

For purposes of this rule, a "time basis" means a charge for the consumption or opportunity to consume food or drink over a period of time.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.020(5) and 9.46.070(14). 82-06-007 (Order 119), § 230-40-315, filed 2/19/82.]

WAC 230-40-320  Minors or intoxicated persons shall not play cards or provide services to the game. (1) No person who is visibly under the influence of liquor or any narcotic or other such substance shall be allowed to play, or continue to play, in any card game or to participate in providing any services for the game.

(2) No person who is under the age of 18 years shall be allowed to play in any card game or to participate in providing any services to the game.

(3) It shall be the responsibility of the licensee, and of those persons physically operating the card games, to determine that no unauthorized person is allowed to participate in any manner in the playing of, or providing services to, any card game.

[Order 23, § 230-40-320, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-40-331  Bona fide nonprofit or charitable organizations—Members only to play social card and dice games—Exception. No bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization shall permit any person other than its members and members of a chapter or unit organized under the same state, regional, or national charter or constitution to play social card games or social dice games on its premises. Provided, That such organizations, when licensed to allow a social card room on its premises may permit no more than twenty-five percent of the persons playing in the licensed card room at any one time to be guests of members.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (5), (7), (8), (9), (11), (14) and (19). 84-13-038 (Order 140), § 230-40-331, filed 6/15/84; Order 78, § 230-40-331, filed 11/17/77.]

WAC 230-40-400  Hours limited for card games. Licensees shall not allow the use of their premises for card playing between the hours of 2:00 a.m. and 6:00 a.m.

No card games shall be allowed in any public card room at any time the profit seeking retail business to be stimulated thereby is not open to the public for business.

At all times during the hours of operation of a Class E card room, the operator or a licensed card room employee must be on duty and in the licensed card room area.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070(11). 82-04-010 (Order 118), § 230-40-400, filed 1/22/82; Order 58, § 230-40-400, filed 8/17/76; Order 46, § 230-40-400, filed 6/26/75; Order 23, § 230-40-400, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-40-450  Pictures to be posted with employee licenses. The operator of a licensed public card room shall post together with each of the licenses of employees for which licenses are required a picture of that employee. Such picture shall be of a passport type not less than 2" x 3" and clearly showing a full front facial view of that employee.
WAC 230-40-500 House rules to be developed and posted. Each bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization which is licensed pursuant to RCW 66.24.400 who allows the use of the premises, furnishings, and other facilities to be used by its members to participate in social card games and social dice games as authorized by RCW 9.46.030(7) without a license by the commission shall develop, adopt and post rules of conduct for the members participating in the activities, including but not limited to general rules of play, portions of premises to be used, hours of play allowed, and the organization’s restriction on members authorized to participate.

[Order 78, § 230-40-500, filed 11/17/77.]

Chapter 230-46 WAC UNLICENSED ACTIVITIES

WAC 230-46-010 Purpose.

WAC 230-46-020 Definitions.

WAC 230-46-025 Telephone charges—Valuable consideration.

WAC 230-46-070 Punchboards/pull tabs and pull tab dispensing devices not to be used in promotional contests—Exception.

WAC 230-46-100 Bona fide charitable/nonprofit organizations—Limited social card games without obtaining a license—Conditions.

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER


WAC 230-46-040 Promotional contests limited to seven days unless optional methods of entry are included. [Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (3), (8) and (11). 85-09-040 (Order 149), § 230-46-040, filed 4/15/85.] Repealed by 86-07-044 (Order 156), filed 3/17/86.


WAC 230-46-010 Purpose. The Washington state gambling commission deems it to be in the public interest to interpret RCW 9.46.030(10) so as to insure uniformity and fairness to all sponsors of said promotional contests of chance. It is further the purpose of these regulations to notify all sponsors and their affiliates as to what types of promotional contests of chance are legal and not legal in the state of Washington.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.030(10) and 9.46.070 (14) and (20). 86-08-007 (Order 156), § 230-46-010, filed 3/20/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (3), (8) and (11). 85-09-040 (Order 149), § 230-46-010, filed 4/15/85.]

WAC 230-46-020 Definitions. (1) "Lottery" means a scheme for the distribution of money or property by chance, among persons who have paid or agreed to pay a valuable consideration for the chance.

(2) "Promotional contest of chance" means a scheme designed to promote a specific business, product(s) or service, and not the scheme itself, in which a person, association, or an organization may distribute money or property among individuals who have agreed to participate in a contest of chance equally with other participants, providing no participant is required to do more than the allowable methods of entry authorized under the provisions of RCW 9.46.0355.

(3) "Promotional material" means all material which defines the rules of a particular promotional contest of chance, which may extend to a description or an explanation of a product(s), service(s), or combination(s) thereof being promoted.

(4) "Perusing promotional material" means to read or examine contest rules and/or the specific product(s), service(s), or combination(s) thereof being promoted.

Provided, That the contest rules or its promotional material shall disclose any additional requirement(s) to attend a demonstration, tour a facility or specific areas, visit a specified location or similar activity, to include the approximate length of time in connection with a promotional scheme: Provided further, That any tour, demonstration, visit, or combination of requirement(s) will not extend beyond a total of two consecutive hours in duration.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (11) and (14). 88-17-050 (Order 182), § 230-46-020, filed 8/16/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.030(10) and 9.46.070 (14) and (20). 86-08-007 (Order 156), § 230-46-020, filed 3/20/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 (3), (8) and (11). 85-09-040 (Order 149), § 230-46-020, filed 4/15/85.]

WAC 230-46-025 Telephone charges—Valuable consideration. Any participant required to place a telephone call as a means of entry for a promotional contest of chance, shall not be required to pay any additional charges over and above the actual cost for placing such a call as established by a registered telephone company. Any charges over and above the actual cost of placing the telephone call, such as those associated with a 1-900 number whereby an additional service fee or other charges may be levied, shall be deemed a valuable consideration and beyond the allowable methods of entry authorized by RCW 9.46.0355.


WAC 230-46-070 Punchboards/pull tabs and pull tab dispensing devices not to be used in promotional contests—Exception. (1) Punchboards/pull tabs and pull tab dispensing devices may not be used as a part of any promotional contest of chance as authorized in RCW 9.46.0355. This prohibition shall not apply to promotional game cards which could otherwise qualify as pull tabs when such game cards meet the following standards:

(a) The promotional game cards are readily distinguishable from any specific pull tab series or pull tab type used within the state of Washington;

(b) The promotional game cards are designed and manufactured for a specific and unique promotional contest of chance;
Unlicensed Activities

| 230-46-070 | Standards of ethical conduct. |
| 230-50-090 | Appearance by former employee of commission or former member of attorney general’s staff. |
| 230-50-100 | Computation of time. |
| 230-50-110 | Adjudicated proceedings—Notice of hearing—Requirements. |
| 230-50-150 | Adjudicated proceedings—Service of process—By whom served. |
| 230-50-170 | Service of process—Upon whom served. |
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| 230-50-200 | Adjudicated proceedings—Service of process—When service complete. |
| 230-50-210 | Adjudicated proceedings—Service of process—Filing with agency. |
| 230-50-225 | Adjudicated proceedings—Discovery. |
| 230-50-230 | Adjudicated proceedings—Subpoenas, issuance, service, fees, quashing and enforcement. |
| 230-50-235 | Brief adjudicative proceedings—Discovery issuance, service, fees, quashing and enforcement. |
| 230-50-237 | Adjudicated proceedings—Depositions and interrogatories—Right to take. |
| 230-50-300 | Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Scope. |
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| 230-50-340 | Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Protection of parties and deponents. |
| 230-50-350 | Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Oral examination and cross-examination. |
| 230-50-360 | Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Recreation. |
| 230-50-370 | Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Signing attestation and return. |
| 230-50-380 | Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Use and effect. |
| 230-50-390 | Adjudicated proceedings—Depositions and interrogatories—Fees of deponents—Costs of deposition. |
| 230-50-400 | Depositions upon interrogatories—Submission of interrogatories. |
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| 230-50-520 | Presumptions. |
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| 230-50-550 | Adjudicated proceedings—Initial or final order. |
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| 230-50-630 | Submission of documentary evidence in advance. |
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| 230-50-650 | Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic and statistical data—Number and qualifications of witnesses. |
| 230-50-660 | Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic and statistical data—Written sworn statements. |
| 230-50-670 | Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic and statistical data—Supporting data. |
| 230-50-700 | Continuances. |
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Chapter 230-50 WAC

HEARINGS—PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE

WAC

230-50-010 Adjudicated proceedings—Hearings. 
230-50-012 Summary suspensions.
230-50-015 Stay of summary suspension.
230-50-020 Adjudicated proceedings—Appointment of administrative law judge.
230-50-060 Adjudicated proceedings—Appearance and practice before the commission—Who may appear.
230-50-080 Solicitation of business unethical.

(c) The promotional game cards clearly display the name of the sponsoring business or the name of the product(s) being promoted;
(d) The promotional game cards do not or have never contained a price per play on the card; and
(e) The official rules of play including the language "no purchase necessary" are printed on the back of each promotional game card.

(2) Promotional game cards, punchboards/pull tabs or dispensing devices found to be in violation of this prohibition shall be subject to immediate seizure pursuant to RCW 9.46.230.


WAC 230-46-100 Bona fide charitable/nonprofit organizations—Limited social card games without obtaining a license—Conditions. Bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations may, as defined by RCW 9.46.0209, allow limited social card games to be played upon their premises without obtaining a license under the conditions set out below:

(1) Only bona fide members of the organization and members of a chapter or unit organized under the same state, regional, or national charter, who are players, as defined by RCW 9.46.0265, are allowed to participate;
(2) No person is, directly or indirectly, charged a fee to participate;
(3) Only bona fide members of the organization and members of a chapter or unit organized under the same state, regional, or national charter, who are not compensated for such services, are permitted to perform any work or service in support of such card games;
(4) The types of card games played are limited to the following:
  (a) Hearts;
  (b) Rummy;
  (c) Pitch;
  (d) Pinochle;
  (e) Cribbage; and
  (f) Bridge;
(5) All restrictions regarding the granting of credit, method and amount of wages, and rules of play set out in this title and chapter 9.46 RCW are complied with.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 94-23-007, 11/3/94, effective 1/1/95.
[Title 230 WAC—page 103]
Hearings.

[Title 230 WAC—page 104]
of the public. Suspension of a license under this provision shall take effect immediately upon service of the summary suspension order unless otherwise provided in the order.

(2) The commission deems the following actions or activities to constitute immediately dangerous to the public safety and welfare which may require the immediate cessation of licensed or permitted activities:

(a) Failure or refusal to comply with the provisions, requirements, conditions, limitations, or duties imposed by chapter 9.46 RCW and any amendments thereto, or any rules adopted by the commission pursuant thereto;

(b) Knowingly causing, aiding, abetting, or conspiring with another to cause any person to violate any of the laws of this state or the rules of the commission;

(c) Obtaining a license or permit by fraud, misrepresentation, concealment, or through inadvertence or mistake;

(d) Conviction of, or forfeiture of a bond upon a charge of, or having pleaded guilty to, forgery, larceny, extortion, conspiracy to defraud, willful failure to make required payments or reports to a governmental agency at any level, or filing false reports therewith, or of any similar offense or offenses, or of bribing or otherwise unlawfully influencing a public official or employee of any state or the United States, or of any crime, whether a felony or misdemeanor involving any gambling activity or physical harm to individuals or involving moral turpitude;

(e) Allowing any person who has been convicted of, or forfeited bond upon, any of the offenses included under (d) of this subsection, to participate in the management or operation of any activity regulated by the commission without prior written approval of the commission or its director;

(f) Licensee is subject to current prosecution or pending charges, or a conviction which is under appeal, for any of the offenses included under (d) of this subsection;

(g) Denying the commission or its authorized representatives, including authorized local law enforcement agencies, access to any place where a licensed activity is conducted or failure to promptly produce for inspection or audit any book, record, document, or item required by law or commission rule;

(h) Making a misrepresentation of, or failure to disclose, a material fact to the commission;

(i) Licensee has pursued or is pursuing economic gain in an occupational manner or context which is in violation of the criminal or civil public policy of this state if such pursuit creates probable cause to believe that the participation of such person in gambling or related activities would be inimical to the proper operation of an authorized gambling or related activity in this state. For the purposes of this section, occupational manner or context shall be defined as the systematic planning, administration, management, or execution of an activity for financial gain; and

(j) Licensee is a career offender or a member of a career offender cartel or an associate of a career offender or career offender cartel in such a manner which creates probable cause to believe that the association is of such a nature as to be inimical to the policy of chapter 9.46 RCW or to the proper operation of the authorized gambling or related activities in this state. For the purposes of this section, career offender shall be defined as any person whose behavior is pursued in an occupational manner or context for the purpose of economic gain utilizing such methods as are deemed criminal violations of the public policy of this state. A career offender cartel shall be defined as any group of persons who operate together as career offenders.

(3) When a license or permit has been summarily suspended by the director, an adjudicated proceeding shall be commenced and the licensee or permittee shall be afforded an opportunity for a hearing before an Administrative Law Judge or the commission, upon the question of the suspension or revocation of the license or permit, or upon the renewal of the license or permit should it expire during the period of summary suspension. If an application for an adjudicated proceeding and request for hearing is timely filed by the licensee or permittee, then a hearing shall be held within 90 days of the effective date of the summary suspension ordered by the director.


WAC 230-50-015 Stay of summary suspension. (1) Upon summary suspension of a license or permit by the director pursuant to WAC 230-50-012, an affected licensee or permittee may petition the commission for a stay of suspension pursuant to RCW 34.05.467 and 34.05.550(1). Such petition must be received by the commission within fifteen days of service of the summary suspension order.

(2) Within seven days of receipt of a petition for stay, a hearing shall be held before an administrative law judge appointed by the commission pursuant to WAC 230-50-020, or if an administrative law judge is not available during this period, before a commissioner designated by the chairperson. The hearing shall be limited to consideration of whether a stay should be granted, or whether the terms of the suspension may be modified to allow the conduct of limited activities under current licenses or permits.

(3) Any hearing conducted pursuant to subsection (2) of this section shall be conducted under RCW 34.05.485, brief adjudicated proceedings. The agency record for the hearing shall consist of the information upon which the summary suspension was based and may be supplemented by any information obtained by the commission subsequent to the date of the suspension order. The licensee or permittee shall have the burden of demonstrating by clear and convincing evidence that:

(a) The licensee or permittee is likely to prevail upon the merits at hearing;

(b) Without relief, the licensee or permittee will suffer irreparable injury. For purposes of this section, elimination of income from licensed activities shall not be deemed irreparable injury;

(c) The grant of relief will not substantially harm other parties to the proceedings; and

(d) The threat to the public safety or welfare is not sufficiently serious to justify continuation of the suspension, or that modification of the terms of the suspension will adequately protect the public interest.
WAC 230-50-018  Review of orders on stay. (1) The licensee, permittee, or agency may petition the commission for review of an initial order on stay. Petition for review must be in writing and received by the commission within twenty-one days of service of the initial order. If neither party has requested review within twenty-one days of service, the initial order shall be deemed the final order of the commission for purposes of RCW 34.05.467.

(2) If the commission receives a timely petition for review, the commission shall consider the petition at the next regularly scheduled meeting of the commission. Consideration on review shall be limited to the record of the hearing on stay. A commissioner acting as hearing officer pursuant to WAC 230-50-015(2) shall not be disqualified from considering the petition for review of an initial order on stay unless a party demonstrates grounds for disqualification in accordance with RCW 34.05.425.

(3) The order of the commission on the petition for review shall be effective upon service unless another date is specified in the order and is final pursuant to RCW 34.05.467. Final disposition of the petition for stay shall not affect subsequent administrative proceedings for suspension or revocation of a license or permit.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 92-19-107 (Order 231), § 230-50-018, filed 9/18/92, effective 10/19/92.]

WAC 230-50-020  Adjudicated proceedings—Appointment of administrative law judge. (1) The commission hereby appoints the office of administrative hearings and the administrative law judges to preside at all hearings which result from the commencement of adjudicated proceedings unless the commission, by its own order declares its intent to preside at a specific proceeding or the proceeding is an appeal of an initial order issued by an administrative law judge. The administrative law judge may hereinafter be referred to as the "presiding officer."

(2) All hearings shall be conducted in compliance with these rules, chapters 34.05 RCW and 10-08 WAC as applicable.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 34.05 RCW. 89-24-003 (Order 200), § 230-50-020, filed 11/27/89, effective 12/28/89; Order 9, § 230-50-020, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-030  Adjudicated proceedings—Hearings—Interpreter—Timing. Hearings conducted as part of adjudicated proceedings provided for in WAC 230-50-010 shall be initiated as follows:

(1) The chair person of the commission, some member of the commission acting in the absence of the chairperson or the director, shall give written approval to initiate a notice of administrative charges and opportunity for an adjudicated proceeding. After such approval is granted, the entire commission file and/or record on the licensee shall be forwarded to the assistant attorney general assigned to prosecute at the hearing. The notice shall be served upon the licensee or applicant in accordance with WAC 230-50-010. An application for adjudicated proceeding and request for hearing must be filed with the commission pursuant to WAC 230-50-010.

(2) Upon receipt of an application for adjudicated proceeding and request for hearing form, the director shall issue a notice of hearing. The notice of hearing shall contain all charges upon which the hearing will be conducted, and shall be served on the licensee, applicant, permittee or attorney representing the party at least 7 days prior to the date of the hearing. A copy of the notice of hearing shall be served upon the presiding officer assigned to the proceeding.

(3)(a) All notices of hearing shall be accompanied by a standard statement in at least five common foreign languages, such languages to be those known by the commission staff to be languages used by some licensees, along with forms to request an interpreter to include assistance for hearing impaired persons at the hearing.

(b) Nothing herein contained shall prevent the commission or the director, as authorized by the commission, to temporarily suspend licenses, subject to final action of the commission, as authorized by RCW 9.46.070(1) and WAC 230-50-012.

(4) The presiding officer will be appointed and a notice of hearing issued within 90 days from the date upon which the commission received the application for adjudicated proceeding and request for hearing from the licensee, applicant or permittee, unless all parties agree to an extension of time beyond the 90 days by mutual consent. Any deviation for the 90 day requirement shall be in writing and made a part of the permanent record of the proceeding.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 and chapter 34.05 RCW. 91-03-063 (Order 219), § 230-50-030, filed 1/16/91, effective 2/16/91. Statutory Authority: Chapter 34.05 RCW. 89-24-003 (Order 200), § 230-50-030, filed 11/27/89, effective 12/28/89; Order 45, § 230-50-030, filed 12/30/75; Order 42, § 230-50-030, filed 9/18/75; Order 9, § 230-50-030, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-060  Adjudicated proceedings—Appearance and practice before the commission—who may appear. No person may appear in a representative capacity before the Washington state gambling commission, hereinafter referred to as the commission, or its designated administrative law judge other than the following:

(1) Attorneys at law duly qualified and entitled to practice before the supreme court of the state of Washington.

(2) Attorneys at law duly qualified and entitled to practice before the highest court of record of any other state, and if not otherwise prohibited by our state law...

(3) A bona fide officer, authorized manager, partner, or full time employee of an individual firm, association, partnership, or corporation who appears for such individual firm, association, partnership or corporation.

(4) An individual representing himself, pro se.

(5) Such interpreters for persons with a limited understanding of the English language or hearing impaired persons as provided for in WAC 10-08-150.

(6) Such other persons as may be permitted by the commission upon a showing by a party to the hearing of...
such a necessity or such a hardship as would make it unduly burdensome upon him to have a representative as set forth under subsections (1), (2) and (3) above.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 34.05 RCW. 89-24-003 (Order 200), § 230-50-060, filed 11/27/89, effective 12/28/89; Order 9, § 230-50-060, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-080 Solicitation of business unethical. It shall be unethical for persons acting in a representative capacity before the commission to solicit business by circulars, advertisements or by personal communication or interviews not warranted by personal relations: Provided, That such representatives may publish or circulate business cards. It is equally unethical to procure business indirectly by solicitors of any kind.

[Order 9, § 230-50-080, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-090 Standards of ethical conduct. All persons appearing in proceedings before the commission in a representative capacity shall conform to the standards of ethical conduct required of attorneys before the courts of Washington. If any such person does not conform to such standards, the commission may decline to permit such person to appear in a representative capacity in any proceeding before the commission.

[Order 9, § 230-50-090, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-100 Appearance by former employee of commission or former member of attorney general's staff. No former commissioner, employee of the commission or member of the attorney general's staff may at any time within two years after severing his relationship or employment with the commission or the attorney general appear, except with the written permission of the commission, in a representative capacity on behalf of any party in a formal proceeding wherein he previously took an active part on behalf of the commission.

[Order 9, § 230-50-100, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-110 Computation of time. In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by the commission rules, by order of the commission or by an applicable statute, the day of the act, event, or default after which the designated period of time begins to run is not to be included. The last day of the period so computed is to be included, unless it is a Saturday, Sunday or a legal holiday, in which event the period runs until the end of the next day which is neither a Saturday, Sunday nor a holiday. When the period of time prescribed or allowed is less than seven days, intermediate Saturdays, Sundays and holidays shall be excluded in the computation. This section shall not apply to periods of license suspension.

[Order 9, § 230-50-110, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-150 Adjudicated proceedings—Notice of hearing—Requirements. All parties that have filed a timely application for adjudicated proceeding shall be served with a notice of hearing at least seven days before the date set for the hearing unless all parties consent to a shorter period. The notice shall state the time, and place of the hearing and all other requirements of RCW 34.05.434(2); Provided, That brief adjudicative proceedings, conducted pursuant to WAC 230-50-010(7) and RCW 34.05.485, shall normally be conducted telephonically and the place of the hearing will not be set in the notice of hearing, and if any party thereon shall request to appear in person and, in such cases, a place will be set and all parties notified.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 92-19-107 (Order 231), § 230-50-150, filed 9/18/92, effective 10/19/92. Statutory Authority: Chapter 34.05 RCW. 89-24-003 (Order 200), § 230-50-150, filed 11/27/89, effective 12/28/89; Order 9, § 230-50-150, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-160 Adjudicated proceedings—Service of process—By whom served. The commission shall cause to be served all orders, notices and other documents issued by it, together with any other documents which it is required by law to serve. Every other document shall be served by the party filing it.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 34.05 RCW. 89-24-003 (Order 200), § 230-50-160, filed 11/27/89, effective 12/28/89; Order 9, § 230-50-160, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-170 Service of process—Upon whom served. All papers served by either the commission or any party shall be served upon all counsel of record at the time of such filing and upon parties not represented by counsel or upon their agents designated by them or by law. Any counsel entering an appearance subsequent to the initiation of the proceeding shall notify all other counsel thereof and all parties not represented by counsel of such fact.

[Order 9, § 230-50-170, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-180 Service of process—Service upon parties. The final order and any other paper required to be served by the commission upon a party, shall be served upon such party or upon the agent designated by him or by law to receive service of such papers, and a copy shall be furnished to counsel of record.

[Order 9, § 230-50-180, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-190 Adjudicated proceedings—Service of process—Method of service. Service of all orders, notices and other documents shall be made personally or by first class, registered or certified mail, telegraph, or by commercial parcel service company.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 34.05 RCW. 89-24-003 (Order 200), § 230-50-190, filed 11/27/89, effective 12/28/89; Order 9, § 230-50-190, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-200 Adjudicated proceedings—Service of process—When service complete. Service of notices and other documents shall be regarded as complete as follows:

(1) By personal service, upon delivery to the person, attorney representing the party, designated agent of the party, any person over the age of 18 residing at the residence of the party or corporate officer.
(2) By mail, upon deposit in the United States mail properly stamped and addressed; service is complete on the third day after mailing, excluding the date of mailing.

(3) By telegraph, upon deposit with a telegraph company, properly addressed and with all charges paid.

(4) By electronic facsimile device of confirmation of the transmission and the same day deposit in the United States mail according to section 2 above.

(5) By commercial parcel delivery service, upon delivery to the parcel delivery company, properly addressed and with all charges paid.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 34.05 RCW. 89-24-003 (Order 200), § 230-50-200, filed 11/27/89, effective 12/28/89; Order 9, § 230-50-200, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-210 Adjudicated proceedings—Service of process—Filing with agency. Documents required to be filed with the commission shall be deemed filed upon actual receipt of the documents in the headquarters office of the commission accompanied by proof of service upon parties required to be served, or by delivery to any office of the commission during normal business hours and at such time as a member of the staff of the commission is occupying such office so as to personally receive the papers. Delivery of documents to any office of the commission other than the headquarters office when said office is not occupied by a commission staff member who can personally accept the documents shall NOT constitute a lawful service of papers for any matter under the jurisdiction of the gambling commission.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 34.05 RCW. 89-24-003 (Order 200), § 230-50-210, filed 11/27/89, effective 12/28/89; Order 9, § 230-50-210, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-225 Adjudicated proceedings—Discovery. The presiding officer of an adjudicated proceeding may issue subpoenas and protective orders as a part of an adjudicated proceeding. The agency may issue subpoenas as may the attorney representing the licensee, applicant or permittee, or the licensee, applicant or permittee may issue subpoenas if they represent themselves. All such subpoenas must be filed with the presiding officer assigned to conduct the hearing, together with proof of proper service, at least 7 days prior to the date of the hearing which they are issued for.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 34.05 RCW. 89-24-003 (Order 200), § 230-50-225, filed 11/27/89, effective 12/28/89.]

WAC 230-50-230 Adjudicated proceedings—Subpoenas, issuance, service, fees, quashing and enforcement. (1) Every subpoena shall state the name of the commission, the title of the proceeding and shall command the person to whom it is directed to attend and give testimony, produce books, records, documents or things under his or her control at a specified time and place.

(2) Subpoenas shall be issued and enforced, and witness fees paid as provided for in RCW 34.05.446.

(a) Subpoenas may be served by any suitable person 18 years of age or older, by exhibiting and reading the subpoena to the witness, or by giving him or her a copy thereof, or by leaving such copy at the place of his or her abode. When service is made by any other person than an officer authorized to serve process, proof of service shall be made by affidavit.

(b) The presiding officer, upon motion made promptly and in any event at or before the time specified in the subpoena for compliance therewith, may:

(i) Quash or modify the subpoena if it is unreasonable and oppressive, or

(ii) Condition denial of the motion upon the advancement by the person in whose behalf the subpoena is issued of the reasonable cost of producing the books, papers, documents, or tangible things.

(c) Upon application, and for good cause shown, the commission will seek judicial enforcement of subpoenas issued to parties and which have not been quashed.

(d) The attendance of witnesses and such production of evidence may be required from any place within the state of Washington to any location where a hearing is being conducted.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 34.05 RCW. 89-24-003 (Order 200), § 230-50-230, filed 11/27/89, effective 12/28/89; Order 9, § 230-50-230, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-235 Brief adjudicative proceedings—Discovery limitations. In all brief adjudicative proceedings, discovery requests to the agency shall be limited to requests for production of written reports and supporting documents relevant to the charges. Interrogatories and depositions shall not be allowed.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070. 92-19-107 (Order 231), § 230-50-235, filed 9/18/92, effective 10/19/92.]

WAC 230-50-300 Adjudicated proceedings—Depositions and interrogatories—Right to take. Unless otherwise provided, any party may take the testimony of any person, including a party, by deposition upon oral examination or written interrogatories for use as evidence in the proceeding. The deposition of a commissioner, the director, deputy director, or an assistant director may only be taken upon application to the presiding officer, for good cause shown and only in those circumstances where the statements or depositions of other staff members would not reveal the information, evidence or details needed by the party for the case. The attendance of witnesses to a deposition may be compelled by use of a subpoena. Depositions shall be taken only in accordance with this rule and the rules on subpoenas.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 34.05 RCW. 89-24-003 (Order 200), § 230-50-300, filed 11/27/89, effective 12/28/89; Order 9, § 230-50-300, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-310 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Scope. Unless otherwise ordered, the deponent may be examined regarding any matter to the same extent permitted by the Washington civil rules for superior court with respect to depositions and interrogatories.

[Order 9, § 230-50-310, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-320 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Officer before whom taken. Within the United States or within a territory or insular possession subject to the dominion of the United States depositions shall
be taken before an officer authorized to administer oaths by the laws of the state of Washington or of the place where the examination is held; within a foreign country, depositions shall be taken before a secretary of an embassy or legation, consul general, vice consul or consular agent of the United States, or a person designated by the commission or agreed upon by the parties by stipulation in writing filed with the commission. Except by stipulation, no deposition shall be taken before a person who is a party or the privy of a party, or a privy of any counsel of a party, or who is financially interested in the proceeding.

[Order 9, § 230-50-320, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-330 Adjudicated proceedings—Depositions and interrogatories—Notice. A party desiring to take the deposition of any person upon oral examination shall give reasonable notice of not less than seven days in writing to the commission and all parties. The notice shall state the time and place for taking the deposition, the name and address of each person to be examined, if known, and if the name is not known, a general description sufficient to identify him or the particular class or group to which he belongs. On motion of a party upon whom the notice is served, the commission or its hearing officer may for cause shown, enlarge or shorten the time. If the parties so stipulate in writing, depositions may be taken before any person, at any time or place, upon any notice, and in any manner and when so taken may be used as other depositions.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 34.05 RCW. 89-24-003 (Order 200), § 230-50-330, filed 11/27/89, effective 12/28/89; Order 9, § 230-50-330, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-340 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Protection of parties and deponents. After notice is served for taking a deposition, upon its own motion or upon motion reasonably made by any party or by the person to be examined and upon notice and for good cause shown, the commission or its designated hearing officer may make an order that the deposition shall not be taken, or that it may be taken only at some designated place other than that stated in the notice, or that it may be taken only on written interrogatories, or that certain matters shall not be inquired into, or that the scope of the examination shall be limited to certain matters, or that the examination shall be held with no one present except the parties to the action and their officers or counsel, or that after being sealed, the deposition shall be opened only by order of the commission, or that business secrets or secret processes, developments, or research need not be disclosed, or that the parties shall simultaneously file specified documents or information enclosed in sealed envelopes to be opened as directed by the commission, or that the commission may make any other order which justice requires to protect the party or witness from annoyance, embarrassment, or oppression. At any time during the taking of the deposition, on motion of any party or of the deponent and upon a showing that the examination is being conducted in bad faith or in such manner as unreasonably to annoy, embarrass, or oppress the deponent or party, the commission or its designated hearing officer may order the officer conducting the examination to cease forthwith from taking the deposition or may limit the scope and manner of the taking of the deposition as above provided. If the order made terminates the examination, it shall be resumed thereafter only upon the order of the agency. Upon demand of the objecting party or deponent, the taking of the deposition shall be suspended for the time necessary to make a motion for an order.

[Order 9, § 230-50-340, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-350 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Oral examination and cross-examination. Examination and cross-examination shall proceed as at an oral hearing. In lieu of participating in the oral examination, any party served with notice of taking a deposition may transmit written cross interrogatories to the officer, who, without first disclosing them to any person, and after the direct testimony is complete, shall propound them seriatim to the deponent and record or cause the answers to be recorded verbatim.

[Order 9, § 230-50-350, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-360 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Recordation. The officer before whom the deposition is to be taken shall put the witness on oath and shall personally or by someone acting under his direction and in his presence, record the testimony by typewriter directly or by transcription from stenographic notes, wire or record recorders, which record shall separately and consecutively number each interrogatory. Objections to the notice, qualifications of the officer taking the deposition, or to the manner of taking it, or to the evidence presented or to the conduct of the officer, or of any party, shall be noted by the officer upon the deposition. All objections by any party not so made are waived.

[Order 9, § 230-50-360, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-370 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Signing attestation and return. (1) When the testimony is fully transcribed the deposition shall be submitted to the witness for examination and shall be read to or by him, unless such examination and reading are waived by the witness and by the parties. Any changes in form or substance which the witness desires to make shall be entered upon the deposition by the officer with a statement of the reasons given by the witness for making them. The deposition shall then be signed by the witness, unless the parties by stipulation waive the signing or the witness is ill or cannot be found or refuses to sign. If the deposition is not signed by the witness, the officer shall sign it and state on the record the fact of the waiver or of the illness or absence of the witness or the fact of the refusal to sign together with the reason, if any, given therefor; and the deposition may then be used as fully as though signed, unless, following a motion to suppress, the commission or its hearing officer holds that the reasons given for the refusal to sign require rejection of the deposition in whole or in part.

(2) The officer shall certify on the deposition that the witness was duly sworn by him and that the deposition is a true record of the testimony given by the witness. He shall then securely seal the deposition in an envelope indorsed with the title of proceeding and marked 'deposition of (here

(1995 Ed.)

[Title 230 WAC—page 109]
WAC 230-50-370 Depositions and interrogatories—Use and effect. Subject to rulings by the commission, a commissioner or a hearing officer upon objections a deposition taken and filed as provided in this rule will not become a part of the record in the proceeding until received in evidence by the hearing officer upon his own motion or the motion of any party. Except by agreement of the parties or ruling of the commission or the hearing officer, a deposition will be received only in its entirety. A party does not make a party, or the privy of a party, or any hostile witness his witness by taking his deposition. Any party may rebut any relevant evidence contained in a deposition whether introduced by him or any other party.

[Order 9, § 230-50-370, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-380 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases. Where the deposition shall be entitled to the same fees as are allowed by WAC 230-50-230. Provided, That all costs incidental thereto shall be paid by the party desiring such deposition.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 34.05 RCW. 89-24-003 (Order 200), § 230-50-390, filed 11/27/89, effective 12/28/89; Order 9, § 230-50-390, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-390 Adjudicated proceedings—Depositions and interrogatories—Fees of deponents—Costs of deposition. Deponents whose depositions are taken shall be entitled to the same fees as are allowed by WAC 230-50-230. Provided, That all costs incidental thereto shall be paid by the party desiring such deposition.

WAC 230-50-400 Depositions upon interrogatories—Submission of interrogatories. Where the deposition is taken upon written interrogatories, the party offering the testimony shall separately and consecutively number each interrogatory and file and serve them with a notice stating the name and address of the person who is to answer them and the name or descriptive title and address of the officer before whom they are to be taken. Within ten days thereafter a party so served may serve cross-interrogatories upon the party proposing to take the deposition. Within five days thereafter, the latter may serve redirect interrogatories upon the party who served cross-interrogatories. Failure by a licensee to comply shall result in automatic forfeiture of any license issued by the commission.

[Order 9, § 230-50-400, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-410 Depositions upon interrogatories—Interrogation. Where the interrogatories are forwarded to an officer authorized to administer oaths as provided in WAC 230-50-320 the officer taking the same after duly swearing the deponent, shall read to him seriatim, one interrogatory at a time and cause the same and the answer thereto to be recorded before the succeeding interrogatory is asked. No one except the deponent, the officer and the court reporter or stenographer recording and transcribing it shall be present during the interrogation.

[Order 9, § 230-50-410, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-420 Depositions upon interrogatories—Attestation and return. The officer before whom interrogatories are verified or answered shall (1) certify under his official signature and seal that the deponent was duly sworn by him, that the interrogatories and answers are a true record of the deponent’s testimony, that no one except deponent, the officer and the stenographer were present during the taking, and that neither he nor the stenographer, to his knowledge, is a party, privy to a party, or interested in the event of the proceedings, and (2) promptly send by registered or certified mail the original copy of the deposition and exhibits with his attestation to the commission, or its designated hearing officer, one copy to the counsel who submitted the interrogatories and another copy to the deponent.

[Order 9, § 230-50-420, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-500 Official notice—Matters of law. The commission or its hearing officer, upon request made before or during a hearing, or upon its own motion, will officially notice:

1. Federal law. The Constitution; congressional acts, resolutions, records and committee reports, decisions of federal courts and administrative agencies; executive orders and proclamations; and all rules, orders and notices published in the federal register;
2. State law. The Constitution of the state of Washington, acts of the legislature, resolutions, records and committee reports; decisions of administrative agencies of the state of Washington, executive orders and proclamations by the governor; and all rules, orders and notices filed with the code reviser;
3. Governmental organization. Organization, territorial limitations, officers, departments, and general administration of the government of the state of Washington, the United States, the several states and foreign nations;
4. Agency organization. The commission’s organization administration, officers, personnel, official publications, and practitioners before its bar.

[Order 9, § 230-50-500, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-510 Official notice—Material facts. In the absence of controverting evidence, the commission and its hearing officers, upon request made before or during a hearing, or upon its own motion, may officially notice:

1. Agency proceedings. The pendency of, the issues and position of the parties therein, and the disposition of any proceeding then pending before or theretofore concluded by the commission;
2. Business customs. General customs and practices followed in the transaction of business;
3. Notorious facts. Facts so generally and widely known to all well informed persons as not to be subject to reasonable dispute, or specific facts which are capable of immediate and accurate demonstration by resort to accessible sources of generally accepted authority, including but not
Hearings—Practice and Procedure

230-50-510

exclusively, facts stated in any publication authorized or permitted by law to be made by any federal or state officer, department or agency;

(4) **Technical knowledge.** Matters within the technical knowledge of the commission as a body of experts, within the scope or pertaining to the subject matter of its statutory duties, responsibilities or jurisdiction;

(5) **Request or suggestion.** Any party may request, or the hearing officer or the commission may suggest, that official notice be taken of a material fact, which shall be clearly and precisely stated, orally on the record, at any prehearing conference or oral hearing or argument, or may make such request or suggestion by written notice, any pleading, motion, memorandum, or brief served upon all parties, at any time prior to a final decision;

(6) **Statement.** Where an initial or final decision of the commission rests in whole or in part upon official notice of a material fact, such fact shall be clearly and precisely stated in such decision. In determining whether to take official notice of material facts, the hearing officer or the commission may consult any source of pertinent information, whether or not furnished as it may be, by any party and whether or not admissible under the rules of evidence;

(7) **Controversion.** Any party may controvert a request or a suggestion that official notice of a material fact be taken at the time the same is made if it be made orally, or by a pleading, reply or brief in response to the pleading or brief or notice in which the same is made or suggested. If any decision is stated to rest in whole or in part upon official notice of a material fact which the parties have not had a prior opportunity to controvert, any party may controvert such fact by appropriate exceptions if such notice be taken in an initial or intermediate decision or by a petition for reconsideration if notice of such fact be taken in a final report. Such controversion shall concisely and clearly set forth the sources, authority and other data relied upon to show the existence or nonexistence of the material fact assumed or denied in the decision;

(8) **Evaluation of evidence.** Nothing herein shall be construed to preclude the commission or its authorized agents from utilizing their experience, technical competence, and specialized knowledge in the evaluation of the evidence presented to them.

[Order 9, § 230-50-510, filed 12/19/73.]

**WAC 230-50-520 Presumptions.** Upon proof of the predicate facts specified in the following six subdivisions hereof without substantial dispute and by direct, clear, and convincing evidence, the commission, with or without prior request or notice, may make the following presumptions, where consistent with all surrounding facts and circumstances:

(1) **Continuity.** That fact of a continuous nature, proved to exist at a particular time, continues to exist as of the date of the presumption, if the fact is one which usually exists for at least that period of time;

(2) **Identity.** That persons and objects of the same name and description are identical;

(3) **Delivery.** Except in a proceeding where the liability of the carrier for nondelivery is involved, that mail matters, billed and delivered respectively to the post office, telegraph, cable or radio company, or authorized common carrier of property with all postage, tolls and charges properly prepaid, is or has been delivered to the addressee or consignee in the ordinary course of business;

(4) **Ordinary course.** That a fact exists or does not exist, upon proof of the existence or nonexistence of another fact which in the ordinary and usual course of affairs, usually and regularly coexists with the fact presumed;

(5) **Acceptance of benefit.** That a person for whom an act is done or to whom a transfer is made has, does or will accept same where it is clearly in his own self-interest so to do;

(6) **Interference with remedy.** That evidence, with respect to a material fact which in bad faith is destroyed, removed, suppressed or withheld by a party in control thereof, would if produced, corroborate the evidence of the adversary party with respect to such fact.

[Order 9, § 230-50-520, filed 12/19/73.]

**WAC 230-50-530 Stipulations and admissions of record.** The existence or nonexistence of a material fact, as made or agreed in a stipulation or in an admission of record, will be conclusively presumed against any party bound thereby, and no other evidence with respect thereto will be received upon behalf of such party, provided:

(1) **Upon whom binding.** Such a stipulation or admission is binding upon the parties by whom it is made, their privies and upon all other parties to the proceeding who do not expressly and unequivocally deny the existence or nonexistence of the material fact so admitted or stipulated, upon the making thereof, if made on the record at a prehearing conference, oral hearing, oral argument or by a writing filed and served upon all parties within five days after a copy of such stipulation or admission has been served upon them;

(2) **Withdrawal.** Any party bound by a stipulation or admission of record at any time prior to final decision may be permitted to withdraw the same in whole or in part by showing to the satisfaction of the hearing officer or the commission that such stipulation or admission was made inadvertently or under a bona fide mistake of fact contrary to the true fact and that its withdrawal at the time proposed will not unjustly prejudice the rights of other parties to the proceeding.

[Order 9, § 230-50-530, filed 12/19/73.]

**WAC 230-50-550 Adjudicated proceedings—Initial or final order.** Every decision and order, whether it be an initial or final, shall:

(1) Be correctly captioned as to the name of the agency and name of proceeding;

(2) Designate all parties and counsel to the proceeding;

(3) Include a concise statement of the nature and the background of the proceeding;

(4) Be accompanied by appropriate numbered findings of fact and conclusions of law and a statement from the presiding officer of the credibility of the witnesses, if the decision rendered is based upon that, all or in part;

(5) Whenever practical, include the reason or reasons for the particular order or remedy afforded. Findings shall
be accompanied by a concise and explicit statement of the underlying evidence of record to support the findings;

(6) Whenever practical, be referenced to specific laws or rules and provisions thereof which are appropriate thereto.

[W] [Statutory Authority: Chapter 34.05 RCW. 89-24-003 (Order 200), § 230-50-550, filed 11/27/89, effective 12/28/89; Order 9, § 230-50-550, filed 12/19/73.]


Any party to an adjudicative proceeding may file a petition for review of an initial order.

(1) The petition for review shall be filed with the commission within twenty days of the date of service of the initial order unless a different place and time limit for filing the petition are specified in the initial order in its statement describing available procedures for administrative relief. Copies of the petition shall be served upon all other parties or their representatives at the time the petition is filed.

(2) The petition for review shall specify the portions of the initial order to which exception is taken and shall refer to the evidence of record which is relied upon to support the petition.

(3) Any party may file a reply to a petition for review. The reply shall be filed with the office where the petition for review was filed within ten days of the date of service of the petition and copies of the reply shall be served upon all other parties or their representatives at the time the reply is filed.

(4) At least a majority of the commission members shall review the petition within 120 days after the petition was filed and render a final order in accordance with WAC 10-08-210.

(5) A petition for reconsideration of a final order under WAC 230-50-510 shall be filed with the commission in accordance with WAC 230-50-210 within ten days of the service of the final order. Such petition shall be administered in accordance with WAC 34.05.470.

(6) An initial order issued by an administrative law judge or the commission shall become the final order in the proceedings unless a petition for reconsideration is filed in accordance with the requirements of this rule.


**WAC 230-50-570** Adjudicated proceeding—Stay.

A party may petition the commission or its designee for a stay of a final order in accordance with WAC 34.05.487. For purposes of this rule, the commission hereby delegates to the director, the authority to issue a temporary stay until such time as a reviewing court can rule on a permanent stay. The decision of the director denying a stay is not subject to judicial review.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 34.05 RCW. 89-24-003 (Order 200), § 230-50-570, filed 11/27/89, effective 12/28/89.]
**SIGN HERE**

**Licensee or Representative**

In the Matter of the (Suspension/Revocation/Denial) of the (License/Application) to Conduct Authorized Gambling Activities of (Licensee/Applicant) ...

APPLICATION FOR ADJUDICATED PROCEEDING AND REQUEST FOR HEARING

THIS IS AN IMPORTANT NOTICE WHICH DETERMINES WHETHER OR NOT YOU WILL HAVE THE RIGHT TO A HEARING IN THIS MATTER. PLEASE READ THIS NOTICE CAREFULLY. IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS REGARDING YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS IN THIS MATTER YOU SHOULD CONTACT AN ATTORNEY.

In order to request and preserve your right to a hearing you MUST complete and sign this form, then return it by mail within 20 days to:

The Washington State Gambling Commission
649 Woodland Square Loop, SE
P.O. Box 42400
Olympia, Washington 98504-2400

FAILURE TO COMPLETE AND RETURN THIS FORM AS INSTRUCTED WILL RESULT IN THE ENTRY OF A DEFAULT ORDER AGAINST YOU PURSUANT TO RCW 34.05.440, and WAIVER of your rights to appeal in this matter.

YOU HAVE 20 DAYS FROM THE DATE OF RECEIPT OF THIS FORM TO COMPLETE AND RETURN IT TO THE ADDRESS ABOVE.

BRIEF EXPLANATION OF RIGHTS AND PROCEEDINGS:

You have the right to apply for an ADJUDICATIVE PROCEEDING, which includes a hearing on the allegations set forth in the notice of administrative charges. The hearing will be conducted by a state Administrative Law Judge pursuant to state law and administrative codes. You have the right to be represented by an attorney of your choice and at YOUR OWN EXPENSE.

You have the right to produce witnesses, and evidence relevant to the violations alleged. See WAC 230-50 for additional rights.

You have the right to have an interpreter for the proceedings if you or any witness which you will call is a limited English speaking person OR a hearing impaired person.

In order to request an interpreter, you MUST complete the attached REQUEST FOR INTERPRETER FORM and RETURN IT along with this form to the Washington State Gambling Commission at the address as stated on this form WITHIN 20 days of receipt of these documents. FAILURE TO DO SO WILL RESULT IN A WAIVER OF YOUR RIGHTS TO A HEARING IN THIS MATTER AND ENTRY OF A DEFAULT ORDER PURSUANT TO RCW 34.05.440 and WAC 230-50-010.

Dated this .... day of .........., 19...

In order to request and preserve your right to a hearing you MUST complete and sign this form, then return it by mail within 20 days to:

The Washington State Gambling Commission
649 Woodland Square Loop, SE
P.O. Box 42400
Olympia, Washington 98504-2400

FAILURE TO COMPLETE AND RETURN THIS FORM AS INSTRUCTED WILL RESULT IN THE ENTRY OF A DEFAULT ORDER AGAINST YOU PURSUANT TO RCW 34.05.440, and WAIVER of your rights to appeal in this matter.

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You have the right to apply for an ADJUDICATIVE PROCEEDING, which includes a hearing on the allegations set forth in the notice of administrative charges. The hearing will be conducted by a state Administrative Law Judge pursuant to state law and administrative codes. You have the right to be represented by an attorney of your choice and at YOUR OWN EXPENSE.

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In order to request an interpreter, you MUST complete the attached REQUEST FOR INTERPRETER FORM and RETURN IT along with this form to the Washington State Gambling Commission at the address as stated on this form WITHIN 20 days of receipt of these documents. FAILURE TO DO SO WILL RESULT IN A WAIVER OF YOUR RIGHTS TO A HEARING IN THIS MATTER AND ENTRY OF A DEFAULT ORDER PURSUANT TO RCW 34.05.440 and WAC 230-50-010.

Dated this .... day of .........., 19...

You may attach a letter or a statement of your position in this matter if you choose to do so. Please indicate whether or not you attached either.
Check Mark                                      Signature

1) ...... I WANT TO HAVE A HEARING IN THIS ADJUDICATED PROCEEDING  

2) ...... I will be represented by an attorney in this matter, his/her name, address and phone number are as follows:  
Name ...........................................  
Address ...........................................  
Phone Number .....................................  

3) ...... I will NOT be represented by an attorney in this matter.  

4) ...... I DO NOT want a HEARING AND WAIVE MY RIGHTS TO A HEARING IN THIS MATTER.  

5) ...... I will agree to a stipulated settlement as stated on Page 3 and have signed the order on page 4.  

Please indicate those charges, if any, which you admit occurred  

You may attach a letter or a statement of your position in this matter if you choose to do so. Please indicate whether or not you attached either.  

I attached a letter or statement  
I did NOT attach a letter or statement  

A hearing, if requested, shall be conducted by a state Administrative Law Judge in a location near your place of business or residence, but not necessarily in the city or county in which you do business or reside. You will be notified at least seven (7) days in advance of the proceeding. If you do not understand any portion of these documents, you are strongly encouraged to contact an attorney.  

You MUST complete, sign, date and then mail this document together with the REQUEST FOR INTERPRETER form, to the Washington State Gambling Commission at the address as stated on this form WITHIN 20 days of receipt of these documents. FAILURE TO DO SO WILL RESULT IN A WAIVER OF YOUR RIGHTS TO A HEARING IN THIS ADJUDICATIVE PROCEEDING AND ENTRY OF A DEFAULT ORDER PURSUANT TO RCW 34.05.440 AND WAC 230-50-010.  

DATED THIS ....... DAY OF .........  19 ......  

**SIGN HERE**  
LICENSEE OR REPRESENTATIVE  

I will agree to a stipulated settlement in this matter and the entry of the attached order on the following terms:  

A suspension of ... days for my gambling license(s).  
A fine of ... in lieu of the ... day suspension of my gambling license(s).  

The order finds that the violation(s) were in fact committed. The dates for the suspension or fine will be as stated in the order. (Insert name of commission staff member) of the staff of the Commission can be contacted regarding changing the dates for the suspension and/or payment of the fine before the order is signed. The dates of the suspension as set are no more than 90 calendar days from the date of mailing of this form to you and the fine is due PRIOR to the dates of the suspension. By signing as indicated I agree to this settlement.  

**SIGN HERE**  
LICENSEE OR REPRESENTATIVE  

DATE  

YOU MUST ALSO SIGN THE ORDER ON PAGE FOUR WHERE INDICATED.
Hearings—Practice and Procedure 230-50-580

IV

That the hearing is set for . . . . . . . at the hour of . . . . . . . in the city of . . . . . . . at . . . . . . . The hearing is being conducted under the authority of chapter 9.46 RCW and amendments thereto, and will be conducted pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW and 230-50 WAC. Should the licensee and representatives fail to appear at the hearing as scheduled a default order pursuant to RCW 34.05.440 will be entered.

The proceeding will determine whether a suspension/revocation or denial should be imposed.

(Director’s Name)

(6)

STATE OF WASHINGTON
GAMBLING COMMISSION

An Adjudicated Proceeding in the Matter of the (Suspension/Revocation/Denial) of the (License/Application) to Conduct Gambling Activities of:

Licensee.

No. __________________________________________

REQUEST FOR INTERPRETER AND/OR TRANSLATION OF DOCUMENTS

I, . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . , being a party in this proceeding hereby state that I am a limited English speaking person or hearing impaired person or that I will be calling a witness who is a limited English speaking or hearing impaired person and that (it/they) require an interpreter as indicated below:

(Check all items that apply and fill in the blank spaces.)

. . . . I will require an interpreter for the . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . language.

. . . . I will require an interpreter for a hearing impairment.

. . . . I will be calling a limited English speaking witness who will require an interpreter in the . . . . . . . . . . . . . . language.

. . . . I will be calling a hearing impaired person who will require an interpreter.

. . . . I request all documents in this proceeding be translated into the . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . language.

Signed: ____________________________

Dated: ____________________________

(7)

STATE OF WASHINGTON
GAMBLING COMMISSION

In the Matter of the Summary Suspension of the License to Operate Gambling Activities of:

Licensee.

(Pleasee’s Name)

No. ___________ FINDINGS, CONCLUSIONS, AND ORDER OF SUMMARY SUSPENSION OF LICENSES

Pursuant to RCW 34.05.422(4), the Commission may summarily suspend a license pending proceedings for revocation or other action. The Commission has authorized the Director to summarily suspend a license pursuant to WAC 230-50-012. This matter then having been brought before the Director for a summary disposition pursuant to this authority on (date), and the Director acting pursuant to this authority has issued this order and caused it to be served upon the licensee. The order contained herein shall be deemed effective immediately upon its service to the licensee, authorized representative thereof, or will be conducted pursuant thereto. By this authority, an authorized agent of the Commission shall under the terms hereof seize all current licenses authorizing gambling activity and all such gambling activity shall cease as ordered herein.

FINDINGS OF FACT

I

That (director’s name) is the Director of the Washington State Gambling Commission and issues this order in that capacity.

(1995 Ed.)
(2) You have a right to petition for a stay of this order. You may request a stay by filing a written request with the Commission. Any request for a stay must be received by the Commission within fifteen (15) days of service of this order upon you. If a timely request for a stay is received by the Commission, a hearing regarding a request for stay will be conducted in accordance with WAC 230-50-015. A request for a stay does not constitute a request for a hearing as provided in paragraph (1) of this Statement of Rights.

Dated this . . . . day of . . . . , 199 . . .

(Administrator's Name)
Director . . . . .

STATE OF WASHINGTON
COUNTY OF THURSTON

(Director's Name), being first duly sworn on oath, deposes and says:
That he has read the foregoing Order of Summary Suspension of License and Notice of Hearing, knows the contents thereof, and believes the same to be true, and that he is the duly appointed and qualified Director of the Washington State Gambling Commission and in that capacity has executed said Order of Summary Suspension of the License and Notice of Hearing.

(Administrator's Name)
Director . . . . .

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO before me this . . . . day of . . . . , 199 . . .

(Notary Public's Name)

STATE OF WASHINGTON
COUNTY OF THURSTON

(Notary Public's Name) notary public in and for the State of Washington residing at . . . . .


WAC 230-50-610 Adjudicated proceedings settlement conferences and prehearing conferences. In any proceeding the commission or its designated presiding officer upon its or his own motion, or upon the motion of one of the parties or their qualified representatives, may in its or his discretion direct the parties or their qualified representatives to appear at a specified time and place for a conference to consider:

(1) The simplification of the issues;
(2) The necessity of amendments to the pleadings;
(3) The possibility of obtaining stipulations, admissions of facts and of documents;
(4) The limitation of the number of expert witnesses;
(5) Such other matters as may aid in the disposition of the proceeding.

(6) Discussion of a settlement of the matter and/or agreement on a penalty. If a settlement or a stipulation is reached, it must be in a written order to be signed by all interested parties agree upon the witness or witnesses who are to give expert or opinion testimony, either by selecting one or more to speak for all parties or by limiting the number for each party; and, if the interested parties cannot agree, require them to submit to him and to the other parties written statements containing the names, addresses and qualifications of their respective opinion or expert witnesses, by a date determined by him and fixed sufficiently in advance of the hearing to permit the other interested parties to investigate such qualifications.

[Title 230 WAC—page 116]
WAC 230-50-660 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic and statistical data—Written sworn statements. The commission, the hearing officer or other appropriate officer, in all classes of cases in which it is practicable and permissible, shall require, and when not so permissible, shall make every effort to bring about by voluntary submission, that all direct opinion or expert testimony and all direct testimony based on economic or statistical data be reduced to written sworn statements, and, together with the exhibits upon which based, be submitted to it or him and to the other parties to the proceeding by a date determined by the hearing officer and fixed a reasonable time in advance of the hearing; and that such sworn statements be acceptable as evidence upon formal offer at the hearing, subject to objection on any ground except that such sworn statements shall not be subject to challenge because the testimony is not presented orally, and provided that witnesses making such statements shall not be subject to cross examination unless a request is made sufficiently in advance of the hearing to insure the presence of the witnesses.

[Order 9, § 230-50-660, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-670 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic and statistical data—Supporting data. The hearing officer or other appropriate officer, in his discretion but consistent with the rights of the parties, shall cause the parties to make available for inspection in advance of the hearing, and for purposes of cross examination at the hearing, the data underlying statements and exhibits submitted in accordance with WAC 230-50-660, but, wherever practicable he shall restrict to a minimum the placing of such data in the record.

[Order 9, § 230-50-670, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-680 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic and statistical data—Effect of noncompliance with WAC 230-50-650 or 230-50-660. Whenever the manner of introduction of opinion or expert testimony or testimony based on economic or statistical data is governed by requirements fixed under the provisions of WAC 230-50-650 or 230-50-660, such testimony not submitted in accordance with the relevant requirements shall not be received in evidence in the absence of a clear showing that the offering party had good cause for his failure to conform to such requirements.

[Order 9, § 230-50-680, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-700 Continuances. Any party who desires a continuance shall, immediately upon receipt of notice of a hearing, or as soon thereafter as facts requiring such continuance come to his knowledge, notify the commission or its designated hearing officer of such desire, stating in detail the reasons why such continuance is necessary. The commission or its designated hearing officer, in passing upon a request for continuance, shall consider whether such request was promptly and timely made. For good cause shown, the commission or its designated hearing officer may grant such a continuance and may at any time order a continuance upon its or his own motion. During a hearing, if it appears in the public interest or in the interest of justice that further testimony or argument should be received, the commission, hearing officer or other officer conducting the hearing may in his discretion continue the hearing and fix the date for introduction of additional evidence or presentation of argument. Such oral notice shall constitute final notice of such continued hearing.

[Order 9, § 230-50-700, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-750 Rules of evidence—Admissibility criteria. Subject to the other provisions of these rules, all relevant evidence is admissible which, in the opinion of the commission or the officer conducting the hearing, is the best evidence reasonably obtainable, having due regard for its necessity, availability and trustworthiness. In passing upon the admissibility of evidence, the commission or the officer conducting the hearing shall give consideration to, but shall not be bound to follow, the rules of evidence governing civil proceedings, in matters not involving trial by jury in the superior courts of the state of Washington.

[Order 9, § 230-50-750, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-760 Rules of evidence—Tentative admission—Exclusion—Discontinuance—Objections. When objection is made to the admissibility of evidence, such evidence may be received subject to a later ruling. The commission or the officer conducting the hearing may, in its or his discretion, either with or without objection, exclude inadmissible evidence or order cumulative evidence discontinued. Parties objecting to the introduction of evidence shall state the precise grounds of such objection at the time such evidence is offered.

[Order 9, § 230-50-760, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-800 Petitions for rule making, amendment or repeal. (1) Any person may petition the commission requesting the adoption, amendment, or repeal of any rule.

(2) Where the petition requests the adoption of a rule, the requested or proposed rule must be set out in full. The petition must also include all the reasons for the requested rule together with briefs of any applicable law. Where the petition requests the amendment or repeal of a rule presently in effect, the rule or portion of the rule in question must be set out as well as a suggested amended form, if any. The petition must include all reasons for the requested amendment or repeal of the rule.

(3) The petition must include a small business economic impact statement in accordance with RCW 19.85.040

(4) All petitions shall be considered by the commission and the commission may, in its discretion, order a hearing for the further consideration and discussion of the requested adoption, amendment, or repeal, of any rule.

(5) The commission shall notify the petitioning party within sixty days by (a) denying the petition in writing and stating the reason for denial, or (b) initiate rule-making procedures in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW.

(6) Any person petitioning the commission requesting the adoption, amendment or repeal of any rules shall generally adhere to the following form for such purpose:

[Title 230 WAC—page 117]
(a) At the top of the page shall appear the wording "before the Washington state gambling commission." On the left side of the page below the foregoing following caption shall be set out: "In the matter of the petition of (name of petitioning party) for (state whether adoption, amendment or repeal) of rule (or rules)." Opposite the foregoing caption shall appear the word "petition."
(b) The body of the petition shall be set out in numbered paragraphs. The first paragraph shall state the name and address of the petitioning party and whether petitioner seeks the adoption of new rule or rules, or amendment or repeal of existing rule or rules. The second paragraph, in case of a proposed new rule or amendment of an existing rule, shall set forth the desired rule in its entirety. Where the petition is for amendment, the new matter shall be underscored and the matter proposed to be deleted shall appear in double parentheses. Where the petition is for repeal of an existing rule, such shall be stated and the rule proposed to be repealed shall either be set forth in full or shall be referred to by commission rule number. The third paragraph shall set forth concisely the reasons for the proposal of the petitioner and shall contain a statement as to the interest of the petitioner in the subject matter of the rule. Additional numbered paragraphs may be used to give full explanation of petitioner’s reason for the action sought.
(c) Petitions shall be dated and signed by the person or entity named in the first paragraph or by his attorney. The original and two legible copies of the petition shall be filed with the commission. Petitions shall be on white paper, either 8-1/2” X 11” or 8-1/2” X 13” in size.

WAC 230-50-850  Declaratory order. (1) Any person may petition the commission for a declaratory order with respect to the applicability to specified circumstances of a rule, order, or statute enforceable by the agency. The petition shall set forth facts and reasons on which the petitioner relies to show:
(a) That uncertainty necessitating resolution exists;
(b) That there is actual controversy arising from the uncertainty such that a declaratory order will not be merely an advisory option;
(c) That the uncertainty adversely affects the petitioner;
(d) That the adverse effect of uncertainty on the petitioner outweighs any adverse effects on others or on the general public that may likely arise from the order requested.
(2) Within fifteen days after receipt of a petition for a declaratory order, the commission shall give notice of the petition to all persons to whom notice is required by law, and may give notice to any other person it deems desirable.
(3) Within thirty days after receipt of a petition for a declaratory order the commission, in writing, shall do one of the following:
(a) Enter an order declaring the applicability of the statute, rule, or order in question to the specified circumstances;
(b) Set the matter for specified proceedings to be held no more than ninety days after receipt of the petition and give reasonable notification to the person(s) of the time and place for such hearing and of the issues involved;
(c) Set a specified time no more than ninety days after receipt of the petition by which it will enter a declaratory order; or
(d) Decline to enter a declaratory order, stating the reasons for its action.
(4) The time limits of subsection (3)(b) and (c) of this section may be extended by the commission for good cause.
(5) The commission may not enter a declaratory order that would substantially prejudice the rights of a person who would be a necessary party and who does not consent in writing to the determination of the matter by a declaratory order proceeding.
(6) A declaratory order has the same status as any other order entered by the commission in an adjudicative proceeding. Each declaratory order shall contain the names of all parties to the proceeding on which it is based, the particular facts on which it is based, and the reasons for its conclusions.
(7) Any person petitioning the commission for a declaratory order pursuant to RCW 34.05.240, shall generally adhere to the following form for such purpose.
(a) At the top of the page shall appear the wording "before the Washington state gambling commission." On the left side of the page below the foregoing following caption shall be set out: "In the matter of the petition of (name of petitioning party) for a declaratory order." Opposite the foregoing caption shall appear the word "petition."
(b) The body of the petition shall be set out in numbered paragraphs. The first paragraph shall state the name and address of the petitioning party. The second paragraph shall state the action sought.
(c) Petitions shall be dated and signed by the person or entity named in the first paragraph or by his attorney. The original and two legible copies of the petition shall be filed with the commission. Petitions shall be on white paper, either 8-1/2” X 11” or 8-1/2” X 13” in size.

Chapter 230-60 WAC
PUBLIC RECORDS—DISCLOSURE

WAC 230-60-005 Purpose.
230-60-010 Definitions.
230-60-025 Public records available—Location—Time available.
230-60-030 Public records officers.
230-60-035 Office hours.
230-60-040 Requests for public records.
230-60-045 Copying.
230-60-050 Exemptions.
230-60-055 Review of denials of public records requests.
230-60-060 Protection of public records.
230-60-065 Records index.
230-60-100 Interpretive and policy statements.

[Title 230 WAC—page 118]
WAC 230-60-005 Purpose. The purpose of this chapter shall be to ensure compliance by the Washington state gambling commission with the provisions of chapter 1, Laws of 1973 (Initiative 276), sections 25-32, RCW 42.17.250-42.17.320, dealing with public records.

WAC 230-60-010 Definitions. (1) The following definitions and all definitions set forth in RCW 42.17.020 shall apply to this chapter:

(2) "Raw data" means facts, symbols, or observations which have all of the following characteristics:

(a) They have not been processed, edited or interpreted.

(b) They are unevaluated and unorganized.

(c) The fact, symbol, or observation does not, of itself, impart meaning to a potential user or fulfill a recognized need.

(d) To be useable the fact, symbol, or observation must go through some transformation process.

(3) "Information" means raw data that are organized, evaluative and interpreted to impart meaning to potential users and fulfill a recognized need.

(4) "Listing (list)" means a series of items of any kind including names, words or numbers no matter what the arrangement or purpose. When applied to the release of commission record information it means the names of two or more individuals contained in:

- Data processing magnetic tapes
- Data processing print-outs 1, 2, 3, or 4 part utility paper or copies of such print-outs
- Data processing print-outs in the form of labels
- Any form of writing.

(5) "Tabulation" means the systematic arrangement of facts, statistics, and similar information, except the names of individuals, in column or table format.

(6) "Individual" means a natural person.

(7) "Commercial purpose" means the using of information obtained, or intending to use the information obtained, to contact or in some way personally affect an individual identified on the list when the purpose of the contact would be to facilitate that person’s (the requestor’s) profit expecting business activity.

WAC 230-60-025 Public records available—Location—Time available. All public records of the commission are deemed to be available for public inspection and copying pursuant to these rules, except as otherwise provided by chapter 42.17 RCW, and WAC 230-60-050. The records available, their location, and the times they are available for inspection as follows:

(1) Public records - The following are deemed public records:

(a) The license application form and all supplemental information submitted at the commission’s request: Provided, that statements regarding arrest or conviction records of persons are not public records and will not be disclosed;

(b) All activity reports and attachments required to be submitted to the commission on a periodic basis;

(c) All completed administrative proceedings; and

(d) All opinions and interpretive statements;

(e) All policies and procedures: Provided, That investigative procedures that, when disclosed, would hinder the commission’s ability to conduct inspections, audits, or other investigative procedures will not be disclosed.

(2) Location of public records - All public records of the commission are located at the administrative office in Lacey.

(3) Times public records are available - All public records are available during normal office hours as set out in WAC 230-02-030: Provided, That public records may not be available during the period 12:00 noon to 1:00 p.m. unless a prior written request is made.

WAC 230-60-030 Public records officers. The commission’s public records shall be in the charge of the public records officers as designated by the director. The persons so designated shall be located in the main administrative offices of the commission. The public records officers shall be responsible for the following: The implementation of the commission’s rules and regulations regarding release of public records, coordinating the staff of the commission in this regard, maintaining, keeping current, and publishing an index of all agency records as required by RCW 42.17.260 and WAC 230-60-065, and generally insuring compliance by the staff with the public records disclosure requirements of chapter 42.17 RCW.

WAC 230-60-035 Office hours. Public records shall be available for inspection and copying during the customary office hours of the commission. For the purposes of this chapter, the customary office hours shall be from 8:00 a.m. to noon and from 1:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays.

(1995 Ed.)
WAC 230-60-040 Requests for public records. In accordance with requirements of chapter 42.17 RCW that agencies prevent unreasonable invasions of privacy, protect public records from damage or disorganization, and prevent excessive interference with essential functions of the agency, public records may be inspected or copied, or copies of such records may be obtained, by members of the public upon compliance with the following procedures:

1. A request shall be made in writing upon a form prescribed by the commission which shall be available at its administrative office. The form shall be presented to any member of the commission staff designated by the responsible public records officer to receive requests, at the administrative office of the commission during customary office hours or by mail. The request shall include the following information:
   (a) The name of the person requesting the record.
   (b) The time of day and calendar date on which the request was made.
   (c) The nature of the request.
   (d) A reference to the requested record as it is described in the current commission record index.

   Note: If the material is not identifiable by reference to the commission’s current index, an accurate description of the record is requested.

   (e) The signature and other identifying information of the requestor.

2. In all cases in which a member of the public is making a request, it shall be the obligation of the staff member to whom the request is made to assist the member of the public in appropriately identifying the public record requested.

3. Persons not specifically authorized by law to obtain lists of names of individuals from public records will be required to complete a statement agreeing not to release or use the information for commercial purposes.

WAC 230-60-045 Copying. A fee, determined by actual cost for time and services rendered, for inspection of public records, may be charged. The commission shall charge a fee in the amount necessary to reimburse the commission for its actual costs incidental to providing copies of public records, except as noted in the following schedule of fees:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ITEM</th>
<th>FEE</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Copy of license application, supporting documents, correspondence,</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>minutes of commission meetings, licenses approval list, list of</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>commission licensees, reports required to be filed by the</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>licensees on a periodic basis concerning the operation of</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>licensed activity, commission legislative reports, and other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>similar material</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application for license(s) and/or supporting forms</td>
<td>No fee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Letter of certification to accompany copy of record or document.</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Governmental agencies - no fee)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Specially produced listing, magnetic tapes, or labels</td>
<td>Cost of services, including</td>
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<tr>
<td>Record look up</td>
<td>overhead</td>
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<tr>
<td>Postal charges</td>
<td>No charge for requests taking</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>five minutes or less, actual</td>
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<td></td>
<td>cost including overhead, for</td>
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<td>single requests or a combina­</td>
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<td>tion of multiple requests</td>
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<td>taking longer than five minutes</td>
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<td>to complete</td>
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</table>

WAC 230-60-050 Exemptions. (1) The commission will not release for public inspection or copying any public record it has determined to be exempt under the provisions of chapter 42.17 RCW.

(2) In addition, pursuant to RCW 42.17.260, the commission will delete identifying details when it makes available or publishes any public record to the extent required to prevent an unreasonable invasion of personal privacy, protected by chapter 42.17 RCW. The public records officer shall set out his reasons for such deletion in writing.

(3) All denials of requests for public records must be accompanied by a written statement specifying the reason for the denial, including a statement of the specific exemption authorizing the withholding of the record and a brief explanation of how the exemption applies to the record withheld.

WAC 230-60-055 Review of denials of public records requests. (1) Upon any denial of a request for a public record, the public records officer or staff member who denied the record shall initiate a prompt review of the decision by referring the request and denial to the director or
Public Records—Disclosure

his designee. The director or his designee shall immediately consider the matter and either affirm or reverse such denial or call a specific meeting of the commission, or appropriate staff, as soon as legally possible to review the denial. In any case, the request shall be returned with a final decision as soon as possible following the original denial.

(2) Administrative remedies shall not be considered exhausted until the commission has returned the review of a denial with a decision or until the close of the second business day following denial of inspection, whichever occurs first.

[Order 75, § 230-60-055, filed 9/16/77.]

WAC 230-60-060 Protection of public records. The commission is both a law enforcement and regulatory agency and a licensing agency. The records consist mainly of operational or investigatory files that are subject to high usage. In order to ensure that essential functions of the agency are continually carried out, and the public records are not damaged, altered, disorganized, or lost, access to the record storage areas is restricted. Public records will be inspected in the administrative offices in which they are filed and maintained. Inspection shall be in the presence of the authorized commission staff employee. Inspection shall be denied and the records will be withdrawn if the individual inspecting the records is doing so in a manner to damage, alter, or substantially disorganize them. Inspection shall be denied and records withdrawn if the individual inspecting the records attempts to remove them from the prescribed location or is excessively interfering or will unduly interfere with other essential functions of the commission.

[Order 75, § 230-60-060, filed 9/16/77.]

WAC 230-60-065 Records index. (1) Pursuant to RCW 42.17.260 the commission shall maintain a system of indexing for the dissemination of public records. The system shall be updated on a quarterly basis and be available at commission headquarters. The system will allow for the identification and location of the following records:

(a) All records issued before July 1, 1990, for which the agency has maintained an index;

(b) Final orders entered after June 30, 1990, that are issued in adjudicative proceedings as defined in RCW 34.05.010(1) and that contain an analysis or decision of substantial importance to the agency in carrying out its duties;

(c) Declaratory orders entered after June 30, 1990, that are issued pursuant to RCW 34.05.240 and that contain an analysis or decision of substantial importance to the agency in carrying out its duties;

(d) Interpretive statements as defined in RCW 34.05.010(14) that were entered after June 30, 1990; and

(e) Policy statements as defined in RCW 34.05.010(14) that were entered after June 30, 1990.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.46.070 and chapter 34.05 RCW. 90-21-053, § 230-60-065, filed 10/15/90, effective 11/15/90; Order 75, § 230-60-065, filed 9/16/77.]

WAC 230-60-100 Interpretive and policy statements. (1) The commission shall prepare interpretive or policy statements to advise the public of the commission's current opinions, approaches and likely course of action. These statements shall be prepared when it is not feasible or practicable to adopt rules.

(2) Persons interested in obtaining copies of interpretive or policy statements shall write to the director requesting they receive copies of all statements issued by the agency.

(3) The commission shall prepare a roster of persons who have requested copies of interpretive or policy statements. Whenever a interpretive or policy statement is issued the commission shall send a copy of the statement to each person listed on the roster. The roster shall be updated annually and eliminate those persons who do not indicate a desire to continue on the roster.

(4) Persons requesting the interpretive or policy statements shall pay for the mailing costs and the following cost per sheet of paper:

(a) $.25 per page for the first ten pages;

(b) $.10 per page for any pages thereafter.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 34.05.220(4), 34.05.230 and 9.46.070 (11) and (14). 90-05-032 (Order 205), § 230-60-100, filed 2/14/90, effective 3/17/90.]