Chapter 434-208 WAC
ELECTIONS
(Formerly chapter 434-08 WAC)

WAC 434-208-060 Electronic filings. (1) In addition to those documents specified by RCW 29A.04.255, the secre-
tary of state or the county auditor shall accept and file in his or her office electronic transmissions of the following docu-
ments:

(a) The text of any proposed initiative, referendum, or recall measure and any accompanying documents required by law;

(b) Any minor party or independent candidate filing material for president and vice-president, except nominating petitions;

(c) Lists of presidential electors selected by political parties or independent candidates;

(d) Voted ballots and signed ballot declarations from service and overseas voters received no later than 8:00 p.m. on election day. Voted ballots and signed ballot declarations from voters who are neither service nor overseas voters received no later than 8:00 p.m. on election day, as long as hard copies are received no later than the day before certification of the election. Consistent with WAC 434-250-080, it is the first ballot and declaration received that may be processed and counted. Voted ballots received electronically no later than 8:00 p.m. on election day are timely even if the postmark on the return envelope is after election day;

(e) Resolutions from cities, towns, and other districts calling for a special election;

(f) Voter registration forms, unless the form is illegible or the signature image is poor quality requiring the county auditor to reject the form;

(g) Signed ballot declarations, and any accompanying materials, submitted pursuant to WAC 434-261-050; and

(h) Requests to withdraw.

(2) If payment of a fee is required, the electronic filing is not complete until the fee is received.

(3) No initiative, referendum, recall, or other signature petitions may be filed electronically.

WAC 434-208-110 References to time. References to times of day (i.e., 8:00 p.m.) are according to Pacific Time.

WAC 434-208-120 Emergencies. As chief election officer, the secretary of state shall make reasonable rules consistent with federal and state election laws to effectuate any provision of Title 29A RCW and to facilitate the execution of its provisions in an orderly, timely, and uniform manner relating to any federal, state, county, city, town, and district election. In the event of a natural or manmade disaster or catastrophe, the secretary of state will consult with county auditors of impacted counties to determine the impact of the disaster or catastrophe on the administration of the election, and how best to mitigate that impact. The secretary of state may adopt emergency rules and procedures necessary to facilitate administration of the election in the impacted counties. The emergency rules and procedures must be limited in duration and scope to that necessary to administer the election. A natural or manmade disaster or catastrophe may include, but is not limited to, fire, flood, mudslide, landslide, tsunami, extreme snow or wind, pandemic, technological failure, or broad scale violence or terrorism.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 29A.04.611. 10-03-072, § 434-208-120, filed 1/18/10, effective 2/18/10.]

WAC 434-208-130 Political parties. (1) For purposes of RCW 29A.04.086, "major political party" means a political party whose nominees for president and vice-president received at least five percent of the total votes cast for that office at the last preceding presidential election. A political party that qualifies as a major political party retains such status until the next presidential election at which the presidential and vice-presidential nominees of that party do not receive at least five percent of the votes cast.

(2) For purposes of RCW 42.17A.005, the secretary of state recognizes as a minor political party a political party whose nominees for president and vice-president qualified to appear on the ballot in the last preceding presidential election according to the minor party nomination process provided in RCW 29A.20.111 through 29A.20.201. A political party that qualifies as a minor political party retains such status until certification of the next presidential election. This definition is for purposes of chapter 42.17A RCW only.

(3) As allowed by WAC 434-215-012, 434-215-120, and 434-215-130, candidates for partisan office may state a preference for any political party and are not restricted to stating a preference for a political party that meets the definition of major or minor political party. A candidate's party preference does not imply that the candidate is nominated or endorsed by that party, or that the party approves of or associates with that candidate. With the exception of elections for president and vice-president, a party's status as a major or minor political party, or a candidate's preference for a major or minor political party, plays no role in how candidates qualify to appear on the primary election ballot, qualify to appear on the general election ballot, or are elected to public office.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 29A.04.611, 29A.04.620, and 29A.04.630. 11-24-064, § 434-208-130, filed 12/6/11, effective 1/6/12.]

WAC 434-208-140 Election notices. Election notices are governed by RCW 29A.04.220 and 29A.52.XXX (section 45, chapter 10 (ESSB 5124), Laws of 2011).

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