WSR 18-21-025 EXPEDITED RULES DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

[Filed October 5, 2018, 1:39 p.m.]

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: WAC 458-18-220 Refunds—Rate of interest, 458-30-262 Agricultural land valuation—Interest rate—Property tax component, and 458-30-590 Rates of inflation—Publication—Interest rate—Calculation.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: The department proposes to amend:

- WAC 458-18-220 to provide the rate of interest for treasury bill auction year 2018, which is used when refunding property taxes paid in 2019, as required by RCW 84.69.100.
- WAC 458-30-262 to provide the interest rate and property tax component used when valuing classified farm and agricultural land during the 2019 assessment year, as required by RCW 84.34.065.
- WAC 458-30-590 to provide the rate of inflation published in 2018, which is used in calculating interest for deferred special benefit assessments of land removed or withdrawn from classification during 2019, as required by RCW 84.34.310.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: The department is required by statute to annually update these rules to provide the information identified above.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 84.34.065, 84.34.141, 84.34.360, and 84.69.100.

Statute Being Implemented: RCW 84.34.055, 84.34.065, 84.34.141, 84.34.310, 84.34.360, 84.68.030, and 84.69.100.

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Proponent: Department of revenue, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting: Leslie Mullin, 6400 Linderson Way S.W., Tumwater, WA, 360-534-1589; Implementation and Enforcement: Randy Simmons, 6400 Linderson Way S.W., Tumwater, WA, 360-534-1605.

This notice meets the following criteria to use the expedited adoption process for these rules:

Adopts or incorporates by reference without material change federal statutes or regulations, Washington state statutes, rules of other Washington state agencies, shoreline master programs other than those programs governing shorelines of statewide significance, or, as referenced by Washington state law, national consensus codes that generally establish industry standards, if the material adopted or incorporated regulates the same subject matter and conduct as the adopting or incorporating rule.

Explanation of the Reason the Agency Believes the Expedited Rule-Making Process is Appropriate: The department is required by Washington state statutes to annually update these rules.

NOTICE

THIS RULE IS BEING PROPOSED UNDER AN EXPEDITED RULE-MAKING PROCESS THAT WILL ELIMINATE THE NEED FOR THE AGENCY TO HOLD PUBLIC HEARINGS, PREPARE A SMALL BUSINESS ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT, OR PROVIDE RESPONSES TO THE CRITERIA FOR A SIGNIFICANT LEGISLATIVE RULE. IF YOU OBJECT TO THIS USE OF THE EXPEDITED RULE-MAKING PROCESS, YOU MUST EXPRESS YOUR OBJECTIONS IN WRITING AND THEY MUST BE SENT TO Leslie Mullin, Department of Revenue, P.O. Box 47453, Olympia, WA 98504-7453, phone 360-534-1589, fax 360-534-1606, email Leslie Mu@dor.wa.gov, AND RECEIVED BY December 26, 2018.

October 5, 2018 Erin T. Lopez Rules Coordinator

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-01-147, filed 12/20/17, effective 1/1/18)

WAC 458-18-220 Refunds—Rate of interest. The following rates of interest apply to refunds of taxes made pursuant to RCW 84.69.010 through 84.69.090 in accordance with RCW 84.69.100. The following rates also apply to judgments entered in favor of the plaintiff pursuant to RCW 84.68.030. The interest rate is derived from the equivalent coupon issue yield of the average bill rate for twenty-six week treasury bills as determined at the first bill market auction conducted after June 30th of the calendar year preceding the date the taxes were paid. The rate is applied to the amount of the judgment or the amount of the refund, until paid:

Year tax	Auction	
paid	Year	Rate
1984	1983	9.29%
1985	1984	11.27%
1986	1985	7.36%
1987	1986	6.11%
1988	1987	5.95%
1989	1988	7.04%
1990	1989	8.05%
1991	1990	8.01%
1992	1991	5.98%
1993	1992	3.42%
1994	1993	3.19%
1995	1994	4.92%
1996	1995	5.71%
1997	1996	5.22%
1998	1997	5.14%
1999	1998	5.06%
2000	1999	4.96%
2001	2000	5.98%

[1] Expedited

Year tax	Auction		COUNTY	PERCENT	COUNTY	PERCENT
paid	Year	Rate	Douglas	((1.05))	Skagit	((1.18))
2002	2001	3.50%		<u>1.12</u>		1.23
2003	2002	1.73%	Ferry	((0.96))	Skamania	((0.98))
2004	2003	0.95%		<u>1.05</u>		<u>1.12</u>
2005	2004	1.73%	Franklin	((1.18))	Snohomish	((1.12))
2006	2005	3.33%		<u>1.20</u>		<u>1.16</u>
2007	2006	5.09%	Garfield	((1.08)) <u>1.05</u>	Spokane	((1.33)) <u>1.36</u>
2008	2007	4.81%	Grant	((1.25))	Stevens	((0.97))
2009	2008	2.14%	Giant	1.30	Sievens	((0.57)) 1.06
2010	2009	0.29%	Grays Harbor	((1.34))	Thurston	((1.28))
2011	2010	0.21%	-	1.40		1.33
2012	2011	0.08%	Island	((0.89))	Wahkiakum	((0.86))
2013	2012	0.15%		<u>0.97</u>		<u>0.97</u>
2014	2013	0.085%	Jefferson	$((\frac{1.03}{1.00}))$	Walla Walla	$((\frac{1.26}{1.26}))$
2015	2014	0.060%		<u>1.09</u>		<u>1.34</u>
2016	2015	0.085%	King	((1.03)) <u>1.06</u>	Whatcom	((1.14)) <u>1.22</u>
2017	2016	0.340%	Kitsap	((1.14))	Whitman	$\frac{1.22}{((1.32))}$
2018	2017	1.130%	Kitsap	((1.14)) 1.17	vv muman	((1.32)) 1.42
<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2.085%</u>	Kittitas	((1.02))	Yakima	((1.20))
				<u>1.07</u>		<u>1.28</u>
ENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-01-147, 12/20/17, effective 1/1/18)		Klickitat	((0.95))			
1 12/20/1/, effect	11ve 1/1/10)			<u>1.05</u>		

AME filed 12/20/17, effective 1/1/18)

WAC 458-30-262 Agricultural land valuation— Interest rate—Property tax component. For assessment year ((2018)) 2019, the interest rate and the property tax component that are used to value classified farm and agricultural lands are as follows:

- (1) The interest rate is ((4.69)) 5.02 percent; and
- (2) The property tax component for each county is:

COUNTY	PERCENT	COUNTY	PERCENT
Adams	((1.20)) <u>1.39</u>	Lewis	((1.11)) <u>1.20</u>
Asotin	((1.14)) <u>1.24</u>	Lincoln	((1.17)) <u>1.25</u>
Benton	((1.16)) <u>1.31</u>	Mason	((1.17)) <u>1.24</u>
Chelan	((1.04)) <u>1.12</u>	Okanogan	((1.10)) <u>1.23</u>
Clallam	((1.00)) <u>1.07</u>	Pacific	((1.36)) <u>1.40</u>
Clark	((1.16)) <u>1.24</u>	Pend Oreille	((0.97)) <u>1.05</u>
Columbia	((1.13)) <u>1.20</u>	Pierce	1.41
Cowlitz	((1.18)) <u>1.21</u>	San Juan	((0.71)) <u>0.78</u>

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-01-147, filed 12/20/17, effective 1/1/18)

WAC 458-30-590 Rate of inflation—Publication— Interest rate—Calculation. (1) Introduction. This rule provides the rates of inflation discussed in WAC 458-30-550. It also explains the department of revenue's obligation to annually publish a rate of inflation and the manner in which this rate is determined.

- (2) General duty of department Basis for inflation rate. Each year the department determines and publishes a rule establishing an annual rate of inflation. This rate of inflation is used in computing the interest that is assessed when farm and agricultural or timber land, which are exempt from special benefit assessments, is withdrawn or removed from current use classification.
- (a) The rate of inflation is based upon the implicit price deflator for personal consumption expenditures calculated by the United States Department of Commerce. This rate is used to calculate the rate of interest collected on exempt special benefit assessments.
- (b) The rate is published by December 31st of each year and applies to all withdrawals or removals from farm and agricultural or timber land classification that occur the following year.
- (3) Assessment of rate of interest. An owner of classified farm and agricultural or timber land is liable for interest on the exempt special benefit assessment. Interest accrues from the date the local improvement district is created until

Expedited [2] the land is withdrawn or removed from classification. Interest accrues and is assessed in accordance with WAC 458-30-550.

- (a) Interest is assessed only for the time (years and months) the land remains classified under RCW 84.34.020 (2) or (3).
- (b) If the classified land is exempt from the special benefit assessment for more than one year, the annual inflation rates are used to calculate an average rate of interest. This average is determined by adding the inflation rate for each year the classified land was exempt from the special benefit assessment after the local improvement district was created. The sum of the inflation rates is then divided by the number of years involved to determine the applicable rate of interest.
- (c) Example. A local improvement district for a domestic water supply system was created in January 1990 and the owner used the statutory exemption provided in RCW 84.34.320. On July 1, 1997, the land was removed from the farm and agricultural classification. An average interest rate was calculated using the inflation rates for 1990 through 1997. The owner was then notified of the amount of previously exempt special benefit assessment, plus the average interest rate.
- (4) **Rates of inflation.** The rates of inflation used to calculate the interest as required by WAC 458-30-550 are as follows:

YEAR	PERCENT	YEAR	PERCENT
1976	5.6	1977	6.5
1978	7.6	1979	11.3
1980	13.5	1981	10.3
1982	6.2	1983	3.2
1984	4.3	1985	3.5
1986	1.9	1987	3.7
1988	4.1	1989	4.8
1990	5.4	1991	4.2
1992	3.3	1993	2.7
1994	2.2	1995	2.3
1996	2.2	1997	2.1
1998	0.85	1999	1.42
2000	2.61	2001	1.89
2002	1.16	2003	1.84
2004	2.39	2005	2.54
2006	3.42	2007	2.08
2008	4.527	2009	-0.85 (negative)
2010	1.539	2011	2.755
2012	1.295	2013	1.314
2014	1.591	2015	0.251
2016	0.953	2017	1.553
<u>2018</u>	<u>2.169</u>		

WSR 18-21-120 EXPEDITED RULES DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE

[Filed October 17, 2018, 2:53 p.m.]

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: WAC 220-310-080 Game fish seasons—General rules, 220-312-020 Freshwater exceptions to statewide rules—Coast, 220-312-050 Freshwater exceptions to statewide rules—Eastside, and 220-312-060 Freshwater exceptions to statewide rules—Columbia.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: WAC 220-310-080, clarify commission adopted language to reflect intention of opening all rivers, streams, and beaver ponds to a standard season of Saturday before Memorial Day through October 31 unless provided for in WAC 220-312-010 through 220-312-060.

WAC 220-312-020, corrects the omission of the closure of all tributaries to the Elwha River (Clallam County) during the rule simplification process. This rule had previously been adopted by the commission.

WAC 220-312-050, corrects the omission of the closure to all steelhead fishing in the lower portion of the Chelan River (Chelan County). This is consistent with the current Endangered Species Act (ESA) listing for upper Columbia River steelhead.

WAC 220-312-050, corrects and clarifies river sections of Crab Creek (Adams/Grant/Lincoln counties) that was omitted when a proposed rule was not adopted by the commission and should have reverted back to previous sections.

WAC 220-312-060, corrects the omission of the closure to all steelhead fishing in two sections of the Columbia River from the Old Hanford townsite wooden power lines towers to Vernita Bridge and from Vernita Bridge to Priest Rapids Dam. This is consistent with the current ESA listing for upper Columbia River steelhead.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: These changes are necessary to correct omitted rules that have previously been adopted by the commission or are required by ESA listings. It also serves to clarify language to reflect intention of simplification.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 77.04.012, 77.04.020, 77.04.130.

Statute Being Implemented: RCW 77.04.012, 77.04.020, 77.04.130.

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Proponent: Washington department of fish and wildlife, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting: Kelly Henderson, 1111 Washington Street S.E., Olympia, WA, 360-902-2684; Implementation: Laurie Peterson, 1111 Washington Street S.E., Olympia, WA, 360-902-2790; and Enforcement: Chief Steve Bear, 1111 Washington Street S.E., Olympia, WA, 360-902-2373.

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This notice meets the following criteria to use the expedited adoption process for these rules:

Corrects typographical errors, make address or name changes, or clarify language of a rule without changing its effect.

Explanation of the Reason the Agency Believes the Expedited Rule-Making Process is Appropriate: This is only to update the WAC to have the current information that is already in effect.

NOTICE

THIS RULE IS BEING PROPOSED UNDER AN EXPEDITED RULE-MAKING PROCESS THAT WILL ELIMINATE THE NEED FOR THE AGENCY TO HOLD PUBLIC HEARINGS, PREPARE A SMALL BUSINESS ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT, OR PROVIDE RESPONSES TO THE CRITERIA FOR A SIGNIFICANT LEGISLATIVE RULE. IF YOU OBJECT TO THIS USE OF THE EXPEDITED RULE-MAKING PROCESS, YOU MUST EXPRESS YOUR OBJECTIONS IN WRITING AND THEY MUST BE SENT TO Scott Bird, Department of Fish and Wildlife, 1111 Washington Street S.E., phone 360-902-2403, fax 360-902-2155, email Rules.Coordinator@dfw.wa.gov, AND RECEIVED BY December 25, 2018.

October 17, 2018 Scott Bird Rules Coordinator

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-06-045, filed 3/1/18, effective 4/1/18)

- WAC 220-310-080 Game fish seasons—General rules. It is unlawful to fish for game fish except during the seasons and times below.
- (1) Freshwater lakes, ponds and reservoirs: Open year-round except as provided for in WAC 220-312-010 through 220-312-060.
- (2) Freshwater rivers, streams, and beaver ponds: (((a) Rivers, streams, and beaver ponds are open to fishing for game fish unless otherwise provided in department rule.
- (b) All rivers, streams, and beaver ponds listed in WAC 220-312-010 through 220-312-060:)) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through October 31 except as ((otherwise)) provided for in WAC 220-312-010 through 220-312-060.
- (3) Saltwater (all waters downstream and seaward of the mouths of rivers and streams generally defined in WAC 220-200-060 and specifically defined in WAC 220-300-220): Open year-round, except:
- (a) Lake Washington Ship Canal Those waters of Area 10 west of the Lake Washington Ship Canal to a north-south line 175 feet west of the Burlington-Northern Railroad Bridge are closed waters.
- (b) Toliva Shoal Waters within 500 yards of the Toliva Shoal buoy are closed waters from June 16 through April 30.
- (c) Freshwater Bay Waters south of a line from Angeles Point westerly to Observatory Point are closed July 1 through October 31.
- (d) Tulalip Bay Waters of Tulalip Bay east of a line from Hermosa Point to Mission Point are closed waters.

- (e) Agate Pass Waters of Catch Record Card Area 10 west of a line from Point Monroe to Indianola and east of a line from Point Bolin to Battle Point are closed to game fish angling from January 1 through March 31; however, a person can fish with gear meeting the fly-fishing-only requirements of WAC 220-310-150 as long as he or she does not use lead-core fly line. It is unlawful to retain any fish taken during the period January 1 through March 31.
- (f) Those waters of Hood Canal inshore from yellow marker buoys to the mouth of Finch Creek, and waters within the channel created when tidelands are exposed, are closed the entire year.

However, persons with disabilities who permanently use a wheelchair and who have a designated harvester card under WAC 220-220-240 may fish from the ADA-access site at the Hoodsport Salmon Hatchery, as long as such persons follow all department rules that apply to the adjoining waters of Marine Area 12.

(4) A violation of this section is an infraction, punishable under RCW 77.15.160, unless the person has harvested game fish. If the person has harvested game fish, the violation is punishable under RCW 77.15.380, Unlawful recreational fishing in the second degree—Penalty, unless the game fish are taken in the amounts or manner to constitute a violation of RCW 77.15.370, Unlawful recreational fishing in the first degree—Penalty.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-15-065, filed 7/16/18, effective 8/16/18)

WAC 220-312-020 Freshwater exceptions to statewide rules—Coast. (1) Aberdeen Lake (Grays Harbor County): Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.

- (2) Bear Creek (Clallam County) (Bogachiel River tributary):
- (a) It is unlawful to use anything other than one barbless hook.
 - (b) It is unlawful to use bait.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release wild rainbow trout.
- (3) Bear Creek (Clallam County) (Sol Duc River tributary):
- (a) It is unlawful to use anything other than one barbless hook.
 - (b) It is unlawful to use bait.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout.
 - (4) Bear River (Pacific County):
- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31.
- (b) From August 16 through November 30: Night closure.
- (c) From the mouth (Highway 101 Bridge) to Lime Quarry Road (approximately 2 river miles):
 - (i) From August 16 through November 30:
 - (ii) Barbless hooks required.
 - (iii) Anti-snagging rule.

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- (iv) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (v) Salmon:
 - (A) Open September 1 through January 31.
- (B) Limit 6 fish; only 4 may be adults of which only one may be a wild adult coho.
 - (C) Release wild Chinook.
- (d) From the Lime Quarry Road upstream to the Longview Fiber Bridge:
 - (i) Selective gear rules.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (5) Beaver Creek (Clallam County) (Sol Duc River tributary):
 - (a) From the mouth upstream to Beaver Falls:
- (b) It is unlawful to use anything other than one barbless hook.
 - (c) It is unlawful to use bait.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout.
- (6) Beaver Lake (Clallam County): Selective gear rules.
- (7) Big River (Clallam County), outside of Olympic National Park:
- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through October 15, and January 1 through the last day of February.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (8) Big River tributaries (Clallam County), outside of Olympic National Park: Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through October 15.
- (9) Black River (Grays Harbor/Thurston counties): From the mouth to the bridge on 128th Ave. S.W.:
 - (a) Anti-snagging rule.
 - (b) Night closure.
 - (c) Barbless hooks required.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (e) Salmon: Open October 1 through November 30.
 - (i) Daily limit 6, of which 2 may be adults.
 - (ii) Release adult Chinook and wild adult coho.
- (10) **Bogachiel Hatchery Pond, South (Clallam County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31
 - (11) Bogachiel River (Clallam County):
- (a) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (b) It is unlawful to use anything other than one barbless hook.
 - (c) From the mouth to Highway 101 Bridge:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 30.
- (ii) It is unlawful to use bait the Saturday before Memorial Day through August 31 and February 16 through April 30.

- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Release wild rainbow trout.
 - (B) Cutthroat trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (C) November 1 through last day in February: Steelhead: Daily limit 3 hatchery steelhead; minimum length 20 inches.
 - (iv) Salmon:
 - (A) From July 1 through August 31:
 - (I) Limit 6; no more than 2 adults may be retained.
 - (II) Release wild adult Chinook and wild adult coho.
- (B) From September 1 through November 30: Limit 3; no more than one adult may be retained.
- (d) From Highway 101 Bridge to Olympic National Park boundary:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 30.
 - (ii) It is unlawful to use bait.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Release wild rainbow trout.
 - (B) Cutthroat trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (12) Calawah River (Clallam County):
- (a) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (b) It is unlawful to use anything other than one barbless hook.
 - (c) From the mouth to the Highway 101 Bridge:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 30.
- (ii) It is unlawful to use bait the Saturday before Memorial Day through August 31 and February 16 through April 30.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Release wild rainbow trout.
 - (B) Cutthroat trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (C) From November 1 through the last day in February: Steelhead: Daily limit 3 hatchery steelhead; minimum length 20 inches.
 - (iv) Salmon:
 - (A) Open July 1 through August 31:
 - (I) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained.
 - (II) Release wild adult Chinook and wild adult coho.
 - (B) Open September 1 through November 30:
 - (I) Limit 3; only one adult may be retained.
 - (II) Release wild adult coho.
 - (d) From the Highway 101 Bridge to the forks:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 30.
 - (ii) It is unlawful to use bait.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Release wild rainbow trout.
 - (B) Cutthroat trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (13) Calawah River, North Fork (Clallam County):
- (a) It is unlawful to use anything other than one barbless hook.
 - (b) It is unlawful to use bait.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:

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- (i) Release wild rainbow trout.
- (ii) Cutthroat trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (14) Calawah River, South Fork (Clallam County):
- (a) From the mouth to the Olympic National Park boundary:
- (b) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day in February.
- (c) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (d) It is unlawful to use anything other than one barbless hook.
 - (e) It is unlawful to use bait.
- (f) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (i) Release wild rainbow trout.
 - (ii) Cutthroat trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (15) Canyon River (Grays River County): Closed waters.
- (16) Cases Pond (Pacific County): Open to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
- (17) Cedar Creek (Jefferson County), outside Olympic National Park:
- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day in February.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (18) Chehalis River (Grays Harbor County), including all channels, sloughs, and interconnected waterways:
- (a) From the mouth (Highway 101 Bridge in Aberdeen) to Highway 107 Bridge including all channels, sloughs, and interconnected waterways:
- (i) From August 1 through November 30: Single-point barbless hooks are required.
- (ii) Anglers may fish with two poles, provided they possess a valid two-pole endorsement.
- (iii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 15:
- (iv) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (v) Salmon:
 - (A) From August 1 through September 15:
 - (I) Limit 6.
 - (II) Release adult salmon.
 - (B) From October 1 through November 30:
 - (I) Limit 6; only one adult may be retained.
 - (II) Release adult Chinook.
 - (C) From May 1 through June 30: Limit one Chinook.
- (b) From the Highway 107 Bridge upstream to the South Elma Bridge (Wakefield Road).
- (i) From August 1 through November 30: Single-point barbless hooks are required.
- (ii) Anglers may fish with two poles from the mouth to the South Elma Bridge (Wakefield Road), provided they possess a valid two-pole endorsement.
- (iii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 15.

- (iv) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (v) Salmon:
 - (A) From August 1 through September 15:
 - (I) Limit 6.
 - (II) Release adult salmon.
 - (B) From October 1 through November 30:
 - (I) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained.
 - (II) Release adult Chinook and wild adult coho.
 - (C) From May 1 through June 30: Limit one Chinook.
- (c) From South Elma Bridge (Wakefield Road) to the confluence with Black River:
- (i) All species: Single-point barbless hooks are required August 1 through November 30.
- (ii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 15.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iv) Salmon:
 - (A) From October 1 through November 30:
 - (I) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained.
 - (II) Release adult Chinook and wild adult coho.
 - (B) From May 1 through June 30: Limit one Chinook.
- (d) From the confluence of Black River to the Highway 6 Bridge near the town of Adna:
- (i) All species August 16 through November 30: Single-point barbless hooks are required.
- (ii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 15.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iv) Salmon:
 - (A) From October 1 through November 30:
 - (I) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained.
 - (II) Release adult Chinook and wild adult coho.
 - (B) From May 1 through June 30: Limit one Chinook.
- (e) From Highway 6 Bridge near the town of Adna to the high bridge on Weyerhaeuser 1000 line (approximately 400 yards downstream from Roger Creek (south of Pe Ell):
- (i) All species August 16 through November 30: Single-point barbless hooks are required.
- (ii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 15.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iv) Salmon:
 - (A) From October 1 through November 30:
 - (B) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained.
 - (C) Release adult Chinook and wild adult coho.
- (f) From high bridge on Weyerhaeuser 1000 line (approximately 400 yards downstream from Roger Creek, south of Pe Ell, including all forks) upstream:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 15.
 - (ii) Selective gear rules.

- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout.
- (19) Chehalis River, South Fork (Lewis County): From the mouth to County Highway Bridge near Boistfort School:
- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 15.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (20) Chimacum Creek (Jefferson County):
 - (a) From the mouth to Ness's Corner Road:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through August 31.
 - (ii) Selective gear rules.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout.
 - (b) From Ness's Corner Road upstream:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through October 31.
 - (ii) Selective gear rules.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout.
 - (21) Clallam River (Clallam County):
- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through October 31:
 - (i) Selective gear rules.
 - (ii) Release all fish.
 - (b) Open from November 1 through January 31:
- (i) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
- (ii) Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (22) Clearwater River (Jefferson County):
- (a) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (b) It is unlawful to use anything other than one barbless hook.
 - (c) From the mouth to Snahapish River:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through September 30 and December 1 through April 15.
 - (ii) Bait is allowed September 1 through February 15.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Release wild rainbow trout.
 - (B) Cutthroat trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iv) Salmon: Open September 1 through September 30:
 - (A) Limit 3; only one adult may be retained;
 - (B) Release wild coho.
 - (d) From the Snahapish River upstream:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through September 30.
 - (ii) It is unlawful to use bait.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Release wild rainbow trout.
 - (B) Cutthroat trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (23) Cloquallum Creek (Grays Harbor County): From the mouth to the outlet at Stump Lake:

- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day in February.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (24) Copalis River (Grays Harbor County):
 - (a) From the mouth to Carlisle Bridge:
- (i) From the Saturday before Memorial Day through last day in February.
- (ii) It is permissible to retain hatchery steelhead with a dorsal fin height of less than 2 1/8 inches or with an adipose or ventral fin clip.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iv) Salmon: From October 1 through November 30.
 - (A) Limit 6; only one adult salmon may be retained.
 - (B) Release adult Chinook.
 - (b) From Carlisle Bridge upstream:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day in February.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (25) Crim Creek (Lewis County) (Chehalis River tributary): Closed waters.
- (26) Deep Creek (Clallam County) (tributary to the straits):
 - (a) Open December 1 through January 31.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout.
 - (27) Dickey River (Clallam County):
- (a) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (b) It is unlawful to use anything other than one barbless hook.
- (c) From Olympic National Park boundary upstream to the confluence of the East and West forks:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 30.
- (ii) It is unlawful to use bait the Saturday before Memorial Day through August 31 and February 16 through April 30.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Release wild rainbow trout.
 - (B) Cutthroat trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iv) Salmon: Open July 1 through November 30:
 - (A) July 1 through August 31:
 - (I) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained.
 - (II) Release wild adult Chinook and wild adult coho.
 - (B) September 1 through November 30:
 - (I) Limit 3; only one adult may be retained.
 - (II) Release wild adult coho.
- (d) From the confluence of the East and West forks upstream (for both forks):
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 30.
 - (ii) It is unlawful to use bait.

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- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Release wild rainbow trout.
 - (B) Cutthroat trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (28) Duck Lake (Grays Harbor County):
- (a) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Crappie: No limit and no minimum length.
- (b) Grass carp: No limit for anglers and bow and arrow fishing.
- (29) **Dungeness River (Clallam County):** From the mouth to the forks at Dungeness Forks Campground:
 - (a) Open October 16 through January 31.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (c) Salmon:
 - (i) Open October 16 through November 30.
 - (ii) Limit 4 coho only.
 - (iii) Release wild coho.
 - (30) East Twin River (Clallam County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
 - (b) Release all fish.
- (31) Elk Creek (Lewis County) (Chehalis River tributary): Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through September 30 and January 1 through March 31.
 - (32) Elk Lake (Clallam County):
- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through October 15.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (i) Trout: Daily limit 2; minimum length 14 inches.
 - (ii) Release kokanee.
 - (33) Elk River (Grays Harbor County):
- (a) From the mouth (Highway 105 Bridge) to the confluence of the middle branch:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day in February.
- (ii) From August 16 through November 30: Single-point barbless hooks are required.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iv) Salmon: Open October 1 through November 30.
 - (A) Daily limit 6, of which 2 may be adults.
 - (B) Release adult Chinook and wild adult coho.
 - (b) From confluence of the middle branch upstream:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day in February.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (34) Elwha River <u>and all tributaries</u> (Clallam County): Closed waters.
- (35) Failor Lake (Grays Harbor County): Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 15.
- (36) Fork Creek (Pacific County) (Willapa River tributary):
- (a) From Forks Creek Hatchery rack upstream 500 feet at fishing boundary sign:

- (i) Open only for anglers with lower extremity disabilities who must permanently use a medically prescribed assistive device every time for mobility as defined in WAC 220-413-150 and possess a designated harvester companion card.
 - (ii) Night closure.
 - (iii) From October 1 through November 30:
 - (A) Single-point barbless hooks required.
 - (B) Stationary gear restriction.
- (iv) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through July 15 and October 1 through March 31.
- (v) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (vi) Salmon open: From October 1 through January 31:
- (A) Limit 6; only 3 adults may be retained, and only one may be a wild adult coho.
 - (B) Release wild Chinook.
- (b) From the fishing boundary sign 500 feet above Forks Creek Hatchery rack upstream to the source:
 - (i) Selective gear rules.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (37) Goodman Creek (Jefferson County), outside Olympic National Park:
- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day in February.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (38) Gray Wolf River (Clallam County):
- (a) From the confluence with the Dungeness to the bridge at river mile 1.0: Closed waters.
 - (b) From the bridge at river mile 1.0, upstream:
 - (i) Selective gear rules.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout.
 - (39) Hoh River (Jefferson County):
- (a) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (b) It is unlawful to use anything other than one barbless hook.
- (c) From the Olympic National Park boundary upstream to the DNR Oxbow Campground Boat Launch:
- (i) It is unlawful to use bait from July 1 through September 15 and February 16 through April 15.
- (ii) Open July 1 through August 31 and September 16 through April 15:
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Release wild rainbow trout.
 - (B) Cutthroat trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (C) From November 1 through February 15: Steelhead: Daily limit 3 hatchery steelhead; minimum length 20 inches.
- (iv) Salmon: Open September 16 through November 30: Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained of which only one may be a Chinook.

- (d) From the DNR Oxbow Campground Boat Launch to Morgans Crossing Boat Launch:
 - (i) Open June 1 through April 15.
- (ii) It is unlawful to use bait the Saturday before Memorial Day through October 15 and December 1 through April 15
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Release wild rainbow trout.
 - (B) Cutthroat trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (iv) Salmon: Open October 16 through November 30: Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained, of which only one may be a Chinook.
- (e) From Morgan's Crossing Boat Launch upstream to the Olympic National Park boundary below mouth of South Fork Hoh River:
 - (i) Open June 1 through April 15.
 - (ii) It is unlawful to use bait.
 - (iii) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device.
- (iv) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Release wild rainbow trout.
 - (B) Cutthroat trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (40) Hoh River, South Fork (Jefferson County), outside the Olympic National Park boundary:
- (a) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (b) Open July 1 through August 31 and September 16 through April 15.
- (c) It is unlawful to use anything other than one barbless hook.
 - (d) It is unlawful to use bait.
- (e) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (i) Release wild rainbow trout.
 - (ii) Cutthroat trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (41) Hoko River (Clallam County):
 - (a) From the mouth to the upper Hoko Bridge:
- (i) From the hatchery ladder downstream 100 feet: Closed waters.
- (ii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 15.
- (iii) From September 1 through October 31: Open to fly fishing only.
- (iv) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (b) From the upper Hoko Bridge to Ellis Creek Bridge (river mile 18.5):
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31 to fly fishing only.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout.
- (42) Hoquiam River, including West Fork (Grays Harbor County):
- (a) From the mouth (Highway 101 Bridge on Simpson) to Dekay Road Bridge (West Fork):
- (i) August 16 through November 30: Single-point barbless hooks required.

- (ii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day of February:
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iv) Salmon: Open October 1 through November 30.
 - (A) Daily limit 6, of which 2 may be adults.
 - (B) Release adult Chinook and wild adult coho.
 - (b) From Dekay Road Bridge upstream:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day of February.
 - (ii) Selective gear rules.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (43) Hoquiam River, East Fork (Grays Harbor County):
- (a) From the mouth to the confluence of Berryman Creek:
- (i) August 16 through November 30: Single-point barbless hooks are required.
- (ii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day of February.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iv) Salmon: Open October 1 through November 30.
 - (A) Daily limit 6, of which 2 may be adults.
 - (B) Release adult Chinook and wild adult coho.
 - (b) From the confluence of Berryman Creek upstream:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day of February.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iii) Selective gear rules.
 - (44) Humptulips River (Grays Harbor County):
- (a) From the mouth (Jessie Slough) to the Highway 101 Bridge, including all channels, sloughs, and interconnected waterways:
 - (i) From August 16 through November 30:
 - (A) Night closure.
 - (B) Single-point barbless hooks are required.
- (ii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iv) Salmon:
 - (A) From September 1 through September 30:
- (I) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained of which only one may be a wild Chinook.
 - (II) Release wild coho.
 - (B) From October 1 through November 30:
 - (I) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained.
 - (II) Release wild adult Chinook and wild coho.

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- (b) From the Highway 101 Bridge to the confluence of the East and West forks:
- (i) From December 1 through March 31: It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor
 - (ii) From August 16 through November 30:
 - (A) Night closure.
 - (B) Single-point barbless hooks are required.
- (iii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31.
- (iv) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (v) Salmon:
 - (A) From September 1 through September 30:
- (I) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained of which only one may be a wild Chinook.
 - (II) Release wild coho.
 - (B) From October 1 through November 30:
 - (I) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained.
 - (II) Release wild adult Chinook and wild coho.
- (45) **Humptulips River, East Fork (Grays Harbor County):** From August 16 through October 31:
 - (a) Anti-snagging rule.
 - (b) Night closure.
- (46) **Humptulips River, West Fork (Grays Harbor County):** From the mouth to Donkey Creek:
 - (a) From August 16 through November 30:
 - (i) Anti-snagging rule.
 - (ii) Night closure.
- (b) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (47) **Joe Creek (Grays Harbor County):** From the mouth to Ocean Beach Road Bridge:
- (a) August 16 through November 30: Single-point barbless hooks are required.
- (b) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through December 31.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (d) Salmon: Open October 1 through November 30:
 - (i) Limit 6; only one adult may be retained.
 - (ii) Release adult Chinook.
- (48) **Johns River (Grays Harbor County):** From the mouth (Highway 105 Bridge) to Ballon Creek:
- (a) August 16 through November 30: Single-point barbless hooks are required.
- (b) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day in February.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (d) Salmon: Open October 1 through November 30.
 - (i) Daily limit 6, of which 2 may be adults.
 - (ii) Release adult Chinook and wild adult coho.

(49) Kalaloch Creek (Jefferson County), outside Olympic National Park:

- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day in February:
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) Game fish: State wide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (50) **Lena Lake, Lower (Jefferson County):** The inlet stream from the mouth upstream to the footbridge (about 100 feet): Closed waters.
- (51) **Lincoln Pond (Clallam County):** Open to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
 - (52) Little Hoko River (Clallam County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout.
- (53) **Loomis Lake (Pacific County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (54) Lyre River (Clallam County):
 - (a) From the mouth to falls near river mile 3:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through January 31.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (b) From the falls to the Olympic National Park boundary:
 - (i) Selective gear rules.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout.
- (55) Matheny Creek (Jefferson County) (Queets River tributary), outside the Olympic National Park:
- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through September 30.
 - (b) It is unlawful to use bait.
- (c) It is unlawful to use anything other than one barbless hook.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (i) Release wild rainbow trout.
 - (ii) Cutthroat trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (56) McDonald Creek (Clallam County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout.
 - (57) Moclips River (Grays Harbor County):
- (a) From the mouth to the Quinault Indian Reservation boundary.
- (b) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day in February.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (d) It is permissible to retain steelhead with a dorsal fin height of less than 2 1/8 inches or with an adipose or ventral fin clip.
 - (e) Salmon: Open October 1 through November 30.
 - (i) Daily limit 6, of which one may be an adult.

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- (ii) Release adult Chinook.
- (58) Morse Creek (Clallam County): From the mouth to Port Angeles Dam:
 - (a) Open from December 1 through January 31.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (59) **Mosquito Creek (Jefferson County):** From outside Olympic National Park upstream to the Goodman 3000 Mainline Bridge:
- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day in February.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (60) Naselle River (Pacific/Wahkiakum counties):
 - (a) From the Highway 101 Bridge to the South Fork:
 - (i) From August 1 through November 15:
 - (A) Night closure.
 - (B) Anti-snagging rule.
 - (C) Barbless hooks are required.
- (ii) Anglers may fish with two poles August 1 through January 31, provided they possess a valid two-pole endorsement.
- (iii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 15.
- (iv) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (v) Salmon: Open August 1 through January 31:
- (A) Limit 6; only 4 adults may be retained, of which only one may be a wild adult coho.
 - (B) Release wild Chinook.
- (b) From the confluence of the South Fork to the Highway 4 Bridge:
- (i) From February 1 through April 15: Selective gear rules.
 - (ii) From August 1 through November 15:
 - (A) Night closure.
 - (B) Anti-snagging rule.
 - (C) Barbless hooks are required.
 - (D) Stationary gear restriction.
- (iii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 15.
- (iv) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (v) Salmon:
 - (A) Open August 1 through September 30.
- (I) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained, of which only one may be a wild adult coho.
 - (II) Release wild Chinook.
 - (B) Open October 1 through January 31.
- (I) Limit 6; only 4 adults may be retained, of which only one may be a wild adult coho.
 - (II) Release wild Chinook.
- (c) From the Highway 4 Bridge to the upstream entrance of the Naselle Hatchery Attraction Channel:

- (i) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (ii) From February 1 through April 15: Selective gear rules.
- (iii) From August 16 through October 15: Bait or lure must be suspended below a float.
 - (iv) From August 16 through November 15:
 - (A) Night closure.
 - (B) Anti-snagging rule.
 - (C) Barbless hooks are required.
 - (D) Stationary gear restrictions.
- (v) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through July 31 and August 16 through April 15.
- (vi) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (vii) Salmon:
 - (A) Open August 16 through September 30.
- (I) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained, of which only one may be a wild adult coho.
 - (II) Release wild Chinook.
 - (B) Open October 1 through January 31.
- (I) Limit 6; only 4 adults may be retained, of which only one may be a wild adult coho.
 - (II) Release wild Chinook.
- (viii) From the upstream entrance of the hatchery attraction channel downstream 300 feet: Closed waters.
- (d) From the upstream entrance of the Naselle Hatchery Attraction Channel to the Crown Mainline (Salme) Bridge:
- (i) From the falls in Sec. 6, T10N, R8W (Wahkiakum Co.) downstream 400 feet: Closed waters.
- (ii) Downstream of the full spanning concrete diversion structure at the Naselle Hatchery: Closed waters August 1 through October 15.
- (iii) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
 - (iv) From August 1 through November 15:
 - (A) Night closure.
 - (B) Anti-snagging rule.
 - (C) Barbless hooks are required.
 - (D) Stationary gear rules.
- (v) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 15.
- (vi) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (vii) Salmon: Open October 16 through January 31.
- (A) Limit 6; only 4 adults may be retained, of which one may be a wild adult coho.
 - (B) Release wild Chinook.
- (e) From the Crown Mainline (Salme) Bridge to the mouth of the North Fork:
- (i) From February 1 through April 15; selective gear rules.
- (ii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 15.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.

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- (iv) From August 16 through November 30:
- (A) Night closure.
- (B) Anti-snagging rule.
- (f) Upstream from the mouth of the North Fork.
- (i) Selective gear rules.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (61) Naselle River, South (Pacific County):
- (a) From the mouth to Bean Creek: Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day in February.
- (b) From the Saturday before Memorial Day through August 15: Selective gear rules.
- (c) From August 16 through November 30: Anti-snagging rule and night closure.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (62) Nemah River, Middle (Pacific County):
- (a) From the mouth upstream to the department of natural resources bridge on the Middle Nemah A-Line Road:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iii) From August 1 through November 30:
 - (A) Night closure.
 - (B) Single-point barbless hooks are required.
 - (iv) Salmon:
 - (A) Open September 1 through January 31.
- (B) Limit 6; no more than 4 adults may be retained, of which one may be a wild adult coho.
 - (C) Release wild Chinook.
- (b) From the department of natural resources bridge on the Middle Nemah A-Line Road upstream:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31:
 - (ii) Selective gear rules.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iv) From August 16 through November 30:
 - (A) Anti-snagging rule.
 - (B) Night closure.
 - (63) Nemah River, North (Pacific County):
- (a) From Highway 101 Bridge upstream to the bridge on Nemah Valley Road:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iii) From August 1 through November 30:
 - (A) Night closure.
 - (B) Stationary gear restriction.
 - (C) Single-point barbless hooks are required.
 - (iv) Salmon: Open August 1 through January 31.
- (A) Limit 6; only 4 adults may be retained, of which one may be a wild adult coho.

- (B) Release wild Chinook.
- (b) From the bridge on Nemah Valley Road upstream to approximately 1.66 miles to the Hancock property line:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through July 31 and November 16 through March 31.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iii) From August 16 through November 30:
 - (A) Anti-snagging rule.
 - (B) Night closure.
- (iv) From December 1 through March 31: Selective gear rules.
- (c) From the Hancock property line upstream to the temporary weir (approximately 210 feet above the Nemah Hatchery Bridge):
- (i) Open only for salmon for anglers that possess a senior's license from August 1 through September 15.
- (ii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through July 31 and November 16 through March 31.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iv) From August 16 through November 30:
 - (A) Anti-snagging rule.
 - (B) Night closure.
- (v) From December 1 through March 31: Selective gear rules.
- (A) Limit 6; only 4 adults may be retained, of which only one may be a wild coho.
 - (B) Release wild Chinook.
- (d) From the temporary weir (approximately 210 feet above the Nemah Hatchery Bridge) upstream to the Nemah Hatchery Dam: Closed waters.
- (e) From the Nemah Hatchery Dam upstream to N-700 Road:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iii) From August 16 through November 30:
 - (A) Night closure.
 - (B) Anti-snagging rule.
- (iv) From December 1 through March 31: Selective gear rules.
 - (v) Salmon: Open October 1 through January 31:
- (A) Limit 6; only 4 adults may be retained, of which one may be a wild adult coho.
 - (B) Release wild Chinook.
 - (f) From the N-700 Road to Cruiser Creek:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iii) From August 16 through November 30:
 - (A) Night closure.
 - (B) Anti-snagging rule.

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- (iv) From December 1 through March 31: Selective gear rules.
 - (64) Nemah River, South (Pacific County):
 - (a) From September 1 through November 30:
 - (i) Night closure.
 - (ii) Single-point barbless hooks are required.
- (b) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31:
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (d) Salmon: Open September 1 through January 31.
- (i) Limit 6; only 4 adults may be retained, of which one may be a wild adult coho.
 - (ii) Release wild Chinook.
- (65) Newaukum River, including South Fork (Lewis County):
 - (a) From the mouth to Leonard Road near Onalaska:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31:
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iii) From August 16 through November 30:
 - (A) Night closure.
 - (B) Single-point barbless hooks are required.
 - (iv) Salmon: Open October 16 through November 30:
 - (A) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained.
 - (B) Release adult Chinook and wild adult coho.
- (b) From Leonard Road near Onalaska to Highway 508 Bridge near Kearny Creek:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31:
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iii) From August 16 through November 30:
 - (A) Night closure.
 - (B) Single-point barbless hooks are required.
- (66) Newaukum River, Middle Fork (Lewis County), from the mouth to Tauscher Road Bridge:
- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (67) Newaukum River, North Fork (Lewis County), from the mouth to 400 feet below the Chehalis city water intake:
- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (68) **Niawiakum River (Pacific County):** From Highway 101 Bridge to the South Bend/Palix Road Bridge:
 - (a) From August 16 through November 30:
 - (i) Night closure.
 - (ii) Single-point barbless hooks are required.

- (b) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through November 30.
 - (69) North River (Grays Harbor/Pacific counties):
 - (a) From the Highway 105 Bridge to Fall River:
 - (i) From August 16 through November 30:
 - (A) Night closure.
 - (B) Single-point barbless hooks are required.
 - (C) Anti-snagging rule.
- (ii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day in February.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iv) Salmon: Open October 1 through January 31.
- (A) Limit 6; only 4 adults may be retained, of which only one may be a wild adult coho.
 - (B) Release wild Chinook.
 - (b) From Fall River to Raimie Creek:
 - (i) Selective gear rules.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (70) Ozette Lake tributaries and their tributaries except Big River (Clallam County): Outside of Olympic National Park. Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through October 15.
 - (71) Palix River, including all forks (Pacific County):
- (a) From the Highway 101 Bridge to the mouth of the Middle Fork:
 - (i) From August 16 through November 30:
 - (A) Night closure.
 - (B) Single-point barbless hooks are required.
- (ii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (b) From the confluence with the Middle Fork upstream and all forks, including South Fork Palix and Canon rivers:
 - (i) From August 16 through October 15:
 - (A) Anti-snagging rule.
 - (B) Night closure.
- (ii) From the Saturday before Memorial Day through August 15, and from December 16 through March 31: Selective gear rules.
- (iii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through October 15, and from December 16 through March 31.
- (iv) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (72) **Peabody Creek (Clallam County):** Open to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
 - (73) Pleasant Lake (Clallam County):
- (a) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
- (b) Kokanee: Daily limit 5; minimum length 8 inches, maximum length 18 inches.

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(74) Pysht River (Clallam County):

- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through January 31.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) From the Saturday before Memorial Day through October 31.
- (i) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (ii) Release cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout.
 - (d) From November 1 through January 31:
- (i) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
- (ii) Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.

(75) Quigg Lake (Grays Harbor County):

- (a) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (b) Salmon:
 - (i) Open October 1 through January 31.
- (ii) Limit 6 hatchery coho salmon; only 4 may be adult hatchery coho.

(76) Quillayute River (Clallam County), outside of Olympic National Park:

- (a) Open year-round.
- (b) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (c) It is unlawful to use anything other than one barbless hook.
- (i) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Release wild rainbow trout.
 - (B) Cutthroat trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (ii) From November 1 through the last day in February: Steelhead: Daily limit 3 hatchery steelhead; minimum length 20 inches.
 - (d) Salmon:
 - (i) From February 1 through August 31:
- (A) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained, of which only one may be a sockeye.
 - (B) Release wild adult Chinook and wild adult coho.
 - (ii) From September 1 through November 30:
- (A) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained, of which only one may be a Chinook and only one may be a sockeye.
 - (B) Release wild adult coho.
- (77) **Quinault River (Grays Harbor County):** From the mouth at the upper end of Quinault Lake upstream to the Olympic National Park boundary:
- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 15.
- (b) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (c) It is unlawful to use anything other than one barbless hook.
- (d) It is unlawful to use bait the Saturday before Memorial Day through September 30 and February 16 through April 15.
- (e) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (i) Release wild rainbow trout.

- (ii) Cutthroat trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (f) It is permissible to retain steelhead with a dorsal fin height of less than 2 1/8 inches or with an adipose or ventral fin clip.
 - (g) Salmon:
- (i) Open July 1 through September 30 limit 6 jack salmon only.
 - (ii) Open October 1 through November 30:
 - (A) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained.
 - (B) Release sockeye and chum.
- (78) Rocky Brook (Jefferson County) (Dosewallips River tributary): From the mouth upstream: Closed waters.
- (79) Salmon Creek (Pacific County) (tributary of Naselle River):
- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day in February.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.

(80) Salmon River (Jefferson County), outside Olympic National Park and the Quinault Indian Reservation:

- (a) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (b) It is unlawful to use anything other than one barbless hook.
- (c) It is unlawful to use bait the Saturday before Memorial Day through August 31.
- (d) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through September 30 and December 1 through the last day in February.
- (e) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (i) Release wild rainbow trout.
 - (ii) Cutthroat trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (iii) From Saturday before Memorial Day through September 30: It is permissible to retain steelhead with a dorsal fin height of less than 2 1/8 inches or with an adipose or ventral fin clip.
- (iv) From December 1 through the last day in February: Steelhead: Daily limit 3 hatchery steelhead; minimum length 20 inches.
 - (f) Salmon: Open September 1 through September 30:
- (i) Limit 6; only 2 may be adults and only one of the adults may be a Chinook.
 - (ii) Release wild coho.
- (81) **Salt Creek (Clallam County):** From the mouth to the bridge on Highway 112:
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) From the Saturday before Memorial Day through January 31:
- (i) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (ii) Release cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout.
- (82) Satsop River and East Fork (Grays Harbor County):
 - (a) From the mouth to the bridge at Schafer State Park:
 - (i) From August 16 through November 30:
 - (A) Night closure.
 - (B) Single-point barbless hooks are required.

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- (ii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31:
- (A) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
- (B) Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iii) Salmon: Open October 1 through November 30:
 - (A) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained.
 - (B) Release adult Chinook and wild adult coho.
- (b) From the bridge at Schafer State Park upstream to 400 feet below Bingham Creek Hatchery barrier dam:
- (i) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (ii) From August 16 through October 31:
 - (A) Night closure.
 - (B) Single-point barbless hooks are required.
- (c) From 400 feet downstream of the Bingham Creek Hatchery barrier dam upstream to the dam:
- (i) Open within posted markers to anglers with disabilities who permanently use a wheelchair and possess a designated harvester companion card.
 - (ii) Night closure.
- (iii) From August 16 through November 30: Single-point barbless hooks are required.
- (iv) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31:
- (A) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
- (B) Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (v) Salmon: Open October 1 through November 30:
 - (A) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained.
 - (B) Release adult Chinook and wild adult coho.
- (83) Satsop River, Middle Fork (Turnow Branch) (Grays Harbor County):
 - (a) From August 16 through November 30:
 - (i) Anti-snagging rule.
 - (ii) Night closure.
- (b) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day in February:
- (i) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
- (ii) Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (84) Satsop River, West Fork (Grays Harbor County):
 - (a) From August 16 through November 30:
 - (i) Anti-snagging rule.
 - (ii) Night closure.
- (b) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day in February:
- (i) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
- (ii) Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (85) **Sekiu River (Clallam County):** From mouth to forks:
- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through January 31.

- (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (86) Siebert Creek (Clallam County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout.
- (87) Sitkum River (Clallam County) (Calawah River tributary):
- (a) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (b) It is unlawful to use anything other than one barbless hook.
 - (c) It is unlawful to use bait.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (i) Release wild rainbow trout.
 - (ii) Cutthroat trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (88) **Skookumchuck River (Thurston County):** From the mouth to 100 feet below the outlet of the TransAlta/WDFW steelhead rearing pond located at the base of the Skookumchuck Dam:
 - (a) From August 16 through November 30:
 - (i) Night closure.
 - (ii) Single-point barbless hooks are required.
- (b) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 30:
- (i) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
- (ii) Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (c) Salmon: Open October 16 through November 30:
 - (i) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained.
 - (ii) Release adult Chinook and wild adult coho.
- (89) Smith Creek (near North River) (Pacific County):
 - (a) From the mouth to the Highway 101 Bridge:
 - (i) From August 16 through November 30:
 - (A) Night closure.
 - (B) Single-point barbless hooks are required.
- (ii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day in February.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iv) Salmon: Open October 1 through December 31:
- (A) Limit 6; only 3 adults may be retained, of which one may be a wild adult coho.
 - (B) Release wild Chinook.
 - (b) From the Highway 101 Bridge upstream:
 - (i) Selective gear rules.
- (ii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day in February.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
- (iv) Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.

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(90) Snahapish River (Jefferson County) (Clearwater River tributary):

- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through September 30.
- (b) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (c) It is unlawful to use anything other than one barbless hook.
 - (d) It is unlawful to use bait.
- (e) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (i) Release wild rainbow trout.
 - (ii) Cutthroat trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (91) Snow Creek and all tributaries (Jefferson County): Closed waters.
 - (92) Sol Duc River (Clallam County):
- (a) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (b) It is unlawful to use anything other than one barbless hook.
- (c) From the mouth to the concrete pump station at the Sol Duc Hatchery:
- (i) It is unlawful to use bait July 16 through August 31 and February 16 through April 30.
- (ii) Game fish: Open year-round: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout.
 - (iii) Salmon:
 - (A) From February 1 through August 31:
- (I) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained, of which only one may be a sockeye.
 - (II) Release wild adult Chinook and wild adult coho.
 - (B) From September 1 through November 30:
- (I) Limit 6; only 3 adults may be retained, of which only one may be a Chinook and only one may be a sockeye.
 - (II) Release wild adult coho.
- (d) From the concrete pump station at Sol Duc Hatchery to the Highway 101 Bridge upstream of Klahowya Campground:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 30.
 - (ii) It is unlawful to use bait.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout.
- (e) From the Highway 101 Bridge upstream of Klahowya Campground to the Olympic National Park boundary:
 - (i) It is unlawful to use bait.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout.
- (93) Sol Duc River tributaries unless otherwise listed (Clallam County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout.
- (94) Solleks River (Jefferson County) (Clearwater River tributary):
- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through September 30.
- (b) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.

- (c) It is unlawful to use anything other than one barbless hook.
 - (d) It is unlawful to use bait.
- (e) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (i) Release wild rainbow trout.
 - (ii) Cutthroat trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (95) Sooes River (Tsoo-Yess River) (Clallam County), outside of Makah Indian Reservation: Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day in February.
- (96) **South Bend Mill Pond (Pacific County):** Open to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
- (97) **Stevens Creek (Grays Harbor County):** From the mouth to the Highway 101 Bridge:
- (a) From the WDFW hatchery outlet downstream to the cable crossing: Closed waters.
- (b) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through September 30 and December 1 through the last day in February.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (98) Sutherland Lake (Clallam County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Kokanee: Daily limit 5; minimum length 8 inches and maximum length 18 inches.
- (99) Thrash Creek (Pacific/Lewis County): Closed waters.

(100) Thunder Creek (Clallam County) (Tributary to East Fork Dickey River):

- (a) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (b) It is unlawful to use anything other than one barbless hook.
 - (c) It is unlawful to use bait.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (i) Release wild rainbow trout.
 - (ii) Cutthroat trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (e) From mouth to D2400 Road: Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 30.
- (f) From D2400 Road upstream: Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through October 31.
- (101) **Valley Creek (Clallam County):** Open to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
- (102) Vance Creek/Elma Ponds (Grays Harbor County), Pond One (Bowers Lake) and Pond Two (Lake Ines): Pond One/Bowers Lake is open to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
 - (103) Van Winkle Creek (Grays Harbor County):
 - (a) From August 16 through November 30:
 - (i) Night closure.
 - (ii) Anti-snagging rule.
- (b) From the mouth to 400 feet below the outlet of Lake Aberdeen Hatchery:

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- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through January 31.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iii) Salmon: Open October 1 through November 30:
 - (A) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained.
 - (B) Release adult Chinook and wild adult coho.
 - (104) West Twin River (Clallam County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
 - (b) Release all fish.
 - (105) Willapa River (Pacific County):
- (a) From the mouth (city of South Bend boat launch) to the Highway 6 Bridge approximately 2 miles below the mouth of Trap Creek:
 - (i) From August 1 through November 30:
- (A) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device from the second bridge on Camp One Road upstream to the mouth of Mill Creek (approximately 0.5 miles).
 - (B) Night closure.
 - (C) Single-point barbless hooks are required.
- (D) Stationary gear restriction applies, except from the mouth of the Willapa River to the WDFW access site at the mouth of Ward/Wilson creeks.
- (ii) From the City of South Bend boat launch upstream to the second bridge on Camp One Road: Anglers may fish with two poles August 1 through January 31, provided they possess a valid two-pole endorsement.
- (iii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31.
- (iv) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (v) Salmon: Open August 1 through January 31:
- (A) Limit 6; only 4 adults may be retained, of which one may be a wild adult coho.
 - (B) Release wild Chinook.
 - (b) From Highway 6 Bridge to Fork Creek:
 - (i) From August 16 through November 30:
 - (A) Night closure.
 - (B) Single-point barbless hooks are required.
 - (C) Stationary gear restriction.
- (ii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31:
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iv) Salmon: Open August 16 through September 15:
- (A) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained, of which one may be a wild adult coho.
 - (B) Release wild Chinook.
 - (v) Salmon: Open September 16 through January 31:
- (A) Limit 6; only 4 adults may be retained, of which one may be a wild adult coho.
 - (B) Release wild Chinook.
- (c) From Fork Creek upstream to the Highway 6 Bridge near the town of Lebam:
 - (i) From August 16 through October 31:
 - (A) Night closure.
 - (B) Single-point barbless hooks are required.

- (C) Stationary gear restriction.
- (ii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31:
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iv) Salmon: Open October 1 through January 31:
- (A) Limit 6; only 4 adults may be retained, of which only one may be a wild adult coho.
 - (B) Release wild Chinook.
- (d) From the Highway 6 Bridge near the town of Lebam upstream:
 - (i) From August 16 through October 31:
 - (A) Night closure.
 - (B) Single-point barbless hooks are required.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (106) Willapa River, South Fork (Pacific County):
 - (a) From the mouth to the bridge on Pehl Road:
- (i) From the falls/fish ladder downstream 400 feet in Section 6, Township 13 North, and Range 8 West: Closed waters.
- (ii) From the Saturday before Memorial Day through July 31: Selective gear rules.
 - (iii) From August 1 through November 30:
 - (A) Night closure.
 - (B) Anti-snagging rule.
 - (C) Barbless hooks are required.
- (b) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day in February:
- (i) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (ii) Salmon: Open August 1 through January 31:
- (A) Limit 6; only 3 adults may be retained, of which one may be a wild adult coho.
 - (B) Release wild Chinook.
 - (c) From Pehl Road upstream:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day in February.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (107) Wishkah River (Grays Harbor County):
- (a) From August 16 through November 30: Single-point barbless hooks are required.
- (b) From the mouth to 200 feet below the weir at the Wishkah Rearing Ponds:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through the last day in February.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iii) Salmon: Open October 1 through November 30:
 - (A) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained.
 - (B) Release adult Chinook and wild adult coho.
- (iv) From 150 feet upstream to 150 feet downstream of the Wishkah adult attraction channel/outfall structure (within the posted fishing boundary): Open only to anglers with dis-

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abilities who permanently use a wheelchair and have a designated harvester companion card.

- (108) Wynoochee River (Grays Harbor County):
- (a) From the mouth to the WDFW White Bridge Access Site:
- (i) From August 16 through November 30: Single-point barbless hooks are required.
- (ii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31:
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iv) Salmon: Open October 1 through November 30.
 - (A) Limit 6; only 2 adults may be retained.
 - (B) Release adult Chinook and wild adult coho.
- (b) From the WDFW White Bridge Access Site to the 7400 line bridge:
- (i) From August 16 through November 30: Single-point barbless hooks are required.
- (ii) From September 16 through November 30: It is unlawful to use bait.
- (iii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31:
- (iv) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
- (c) From the 7400 line bridge to 400 feet below Wynoochee Dam, including the confluence of the reservoir upstream to Wynoochee Falls:
- (i) From 400 feet downstream of Wynoochee Dam and from the barrier dam near Grisdale: Closed waters.
- (ii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 31:
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Cutthroat trout and wild rainbow trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iv) Selective gear rules.
 - (109) Wynoochee Reservoir (Grays Harbor County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 2; minimum length 14 inches.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-15-065, filed 7/16/18, effective 8/16/18)

WAC 220-312-050 Freshwater exceptions to statewide rules—Eastside. (1) Countywide freshwater exceptions to statewide rules:

- (a) Irrigation canals, wasteways, drains and the inlets and outlets of all lakes, ponds, and reservoirs in Grant and Adams counties (except Crab Creek, Rocky Ford Creek and Ponds, Columbia Basin Hatchery Creek, Bobcat Creek, Coyote Creek, Frenchman Hills Wasteway and Drains, Hays Creek, Red Rock Creek, Sand Hollow Creek, and Lake Lenore inlet and outlet) are open year-round, statewide lake rules apply to all species.
- (b) In Adams, Douglas, Franklin, Grant, and Okanogan counties, except Zosel Dam (Okanogan River) and Enloe

Dam (Similkameen River): It is permissible to fish up to the base of all dams.

- (2) Aeneas Lake (Okanogan County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October
 - (b) Fly fishing only.
- (c) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with a motor.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
- (3) Ahtanum Creek (Yakima County): Selective gear rules.
 - (4) Ahtanum Creek, North Fork (Yakima County):
- (a) From the Grey Rock Trailhead Bridge crossing upstream to Shellneck Creek: Closed waters.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
 - (5) Ahtanum Creek, Middle Fork (Yakima County):
- (a) From the A2000 Spur Road Bridge in NE 1/4 of Section 34 upstream to the A2800 Road Bridge at Tree Phones Campground: Closed waters.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (6) **Alta Lake (Okanogan County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (7) Amber Lake (Spokane County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
 - (c) Open March 1 through November 30.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
 - (8) American River (Yakima County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) From the Highway 410 Bridge at river mile 5.4 to the Mesatchee Creek Trail crossing at river mile 15.8: Closed waters from July 16 through September 15.
- (9) Amon Wasteway (Benton County): Selective gear rules.
- (10) Andrews Creek (tributary to Chewuch River) (Okanogan County): From the mouth to the falls approximately 0.5 miles upstream: Closed waters.
- (11) Asotin Creek, mainstem and forks (Asotin County):
 - (a) Closed waters:
 - (i) South Fork from mouth upstream.
 - (ii) North Fork from USFS border upstream.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: It is unlawful to fish for steelhead.
 - (c) Selective gear rules.
- (12) **Aspen Lake (Okanogan County):** Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (13) **Badger Lake (Spokane County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
 - (14) Banks Lake (Grant County):
 - (a) Chumming is permissible.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (i) Crappie: Daily limit 10; minimum length 9 inches.
 - (ii) Yellow perch: Daily limit 25.
 - (15) Bayley Lake (Stevens County):

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- (a) Inlet stream: Closed waters.
- (b) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (c) Fly fishing only.
- (d) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with a motor.
 - (e) Release all fish.
- (16) Bear Creek (tributary to South Fork Tieton River) (Yakima County): From the mouth to the falls (approximately 0.75 mile): Closed waters.
- (17) **Bear Lake (Spokane County):** Open to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
- (18) Beaver Creek (tributary to Methow River) (Okanogan County): Closed waters.
- (19) **Beaver Lake (Big) (Okanogan County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (20) **Beaver Lake**, (Little): Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
 - (21) Beda Lake (Grant County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
 - (22) Beehive (Lake) Reservoir (Chelan County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (23) **Beth Lake (Okanogan County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (24) Big Four Lake (Columbia County):
 - (a) Fly fishing only.
 - (b) It is unlawful to fish from any floating device.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 2; minimum length 14 inches.
 - (25) Big Meadow Lake (Pend Oreille County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (b) It is unlawful to use lead weights or lead jigs that measure 1 1/2 inch or less along the longest axis.
 - (26) Big Twin Lake (Okanogan County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
- (27) **Blackbird Island Pond (Chelan County):** Open July 1 through September 30 for juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
- (28) Black Canyon Creek (tributary to Methow River) (Okanogan County): Closed waters.
- (29) **Black Lake (Chelan County):** Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.

- (30) Black Lake (Okanogan County): Selective gear rules.
- (31) **Black Lake (Stevens County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (32) **Blue Lake (Columbia County):** It is unlawful to fish from any floating device.
- (33) **Blue Lake (Grant County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (34) Blue Lake (near Sinlahekin) (Okanogan County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) It is unlawful to use lead weights or lead jigs that measure 1 1/2 inch or less along the longest axis.
- (d) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (e) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
- (35) Blue Lake (near Wannacut Lake) (Okanogan County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1, minimum length 18 inches.
- (36) **Bobcat Creek and Ponds (Adams County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (37) **Bonaparte Creek (Okanogan County):** From the mouth to the falls approximately river mile 1.0: Closed waters.
 - (38) Bonaparte Lake (Okanogan County):
- (a) It is unlawful to use lead weights or lead jigs that measure 1 1/2 inch or less along the longest axis.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (39) **Boulder Creek and tributaries (Okanogan County):** From the mouth to the barrier falls at river mile 1.0: Closed waters.
- (40) **Box Canyon Creek and tributaries (Kittitas County):** From mouth (Kachess Reservoir) upstream approximately 2 miles to the 20 foot high waterfall, including that portion of the creek that flows through the dry lake bed: Closed waters.
 - (41) Browns Lake (Pend Oreille County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (b) Fly fishing only.
- (c) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with a motor.
- (42) **Bumping Lake (Reservoir) (Yakima County):** Chumming is permissible.
- (43) **Buckskin Creek and tributaries (Yakima County):** From the mouth to the west boundary of Suntides Golf Course: Closed waters.
 - (44) Bumping River (Yakima County):
- (a) It is permissible to fish up to the base of Bumping Dam.

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- (b) From the mouth to Bumping Reservoir; selective gear rules.
- (45) **Burke Lake (Grant County):** Open March 1 through September 30.
- (46) Buttermilk Creek (tributary to Twisp River) (Okanogan County), including tributaries:
- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through August 15.
 - (b) Release all fish.
 - (c) Selective gear rules.
 - (47) Buzzard Lake (Okanogan County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
 - (48) Caldwell Lake (Pend Oreille County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (49) Caliche Lakes, Upper (Grant County): Open March 1 through September 30.
- (50) Calispell Creek (Calispell River) (Pend Oreille County): From the mouth to Calispell Lake: Open year-round.
 - (51) Campbell Lake (Okanogan County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 2; minimum length 14 inches.
- (52) Carl's Lake (Pend Oreille County): Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (53) Cascade Lake (Grant County): Open March 1 through September 30.
- (54) Cattail Lake (Grant County): Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (55) Cedar Creek (tributary to Early Winters Creek) (Okanogan County):
 - (a) From the mouth to Cedar Falls:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through August 15.
 - (ii) Selective gear rules.
 - (iii) Release all fish.
- (b) From Cedar Falls upstream including tributaries: Selective gear rules.
- (56) Cedar Lake (Stevens County): Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (57) Chain Lake (Pend Oreille County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release kokanee.
 - (58) Chapman Lake (Spokane County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (b) Chumming is permissible.

- (59) Chelan Hatchery Creek (Chelan County): Closed waters.
 - (60) Chelan Lake (Chelan County):
- (a) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release wild cutthroat trout.
 - (b) Salmon: Daily limit 1; minimum length 15 inches.
 - (c) No catch record card required.
 - (61) Chelan Lake tributaries (Chelan County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release wild cutthroat trout.
- (62) Chelan River (Chelan County): From the railroad bridge to the Chelan PUD safety barrier below the power bouse:
- (a) July 1 through October 31: Anti-snagging rule and night closure.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (i) Release trout.
 - (ii) Steelhead: Closed to fishing.
 - (c) Salmon:
 - (i) Open July 1 through October 31.
 - (ii) Barbless hooks required.
- (iii) Minimum length 12 inches; limit 4; no more than 2 adult hatchery Chinook may be retained.
 - (iv) Release coho, sockeye, and wild adult Chinook.
- (d) From the Chelan PUD safety barrier below the power house upstream to Chelan Lake: Closed waters.
 - (63) Chewuch River (Okanogan County):
 - (a) From the mouth to Eight Mile Creek:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through August 15.
 - (ii) Selective gear rules.
 - (iii) Release all fish.
- (b) From the mouth to Pasayten Wilderness boundary falls: Whitefish:
- (i) Open December 1 through the last day in February for whitefish only.
 - (ii) Whitefish gear rules.
 - (64) Chiwaukum Creek (Chelan County):
- (a) From the mouth to Fool Hen Creek, including Fool Hen Creek and tributaries: Closed waters.
- (b) From Fool Hen Creek upstream and tributaries: Selective gear rules.
 - (65) Chiwawa River (Chelan County):
- (a) From the mouth to Buck Creek and tributaries not including Buck Creek: Closed waters.
- (b) From Buck Creek upstream and tributaries (including Buck Creek): Selective gear rules.
 - (66) Chopaka Lake (Okanogan County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (b) Fly fishing only.
- (c) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with a motor.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
- (67) Chumstick Creek (Chelan County): Closed waters.

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- (68) Clear Lake (Chelan County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (69) Clear Lake (Spokane County): Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (70) Cle Elum Lake (Reservoir) (Kittitas County): Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Kokanee: Daily limit 5; minimum length 9 inches and maximum length 15 inches.
 - (71) Cle Elum River (Kittitas County):
 - (a) From the mouth to Cle Elum Dam:
 - (i) Open year-round.
 - (ii) Selective gear rules.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release rainbow trout and cutthroat trout.
- (iv) It is permissible to fish up to the base of Cle Elum Dam.
 - (v) Whitefish:
- (A) Open December 1 through last day in February for whitefish only.
 - (B) Whitefish gear rules.
- (b) From above Cle Elum Lake to outlet of Hyas Lake: Selective gear rules.
- (72) **Cliff Lake (Grant County):** Open March 1 through September 30.
 - (73) Coffee Pot Lake (Lincoln County):
 - (a) Open March 1 through September 30.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (i) Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
 - (ii) Crappie: Daily limit 10; minimum length 9 inches.
- (74) Columbia Basin Hatchery Creek (Grant County):
- (a) Open April 1 through September 30 from the hatchery outflow to the confluence with Rocky Coulee Wasteway.
- (b) Open to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
- (75) Columbia Park Pond (Benton County): Open to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
- (76) Conconully Lake (Okanogan County): Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (77) Conconully Reservoir (Okanogan County): Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (78) **Conger Pond (Pend Oreille County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (79) Conner Lake (Okanogan County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (80) Cooper River (Kittitas County): From the mouth to Cooper Lake: Selective gear rules.
- (81) Coot Lake (Grant County): Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.

- (82) Corral Creek (Benton County): Selective gear
- (83) Cougar Lake (Pasayten Wilderness) (Okanogan County): Selective gear rules.
- (84) Cougar Lake (near Winthrop) (Okanogan County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 2; minimum length 14 inches.
- (85) Cowiche Creek (Yakima County): Selective gear rules.
- (86) Coyote Creek and Ponds (Adams County): Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
 - (87) Crab Creek (Adams/Grant/Lincoln counties):
- (a) From the mouth to Morgan Lake Road: Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through September 30.
- (b) From Morgan Lake Road to O'Sullivan Dam (including Marsh Unit I and II impoundments): Closed waters.
- (c) From ((O'Sullivan Dam upstream to Grant County Road 7 NE: Open year-round, statewide lake rules apply to all species.
- (d))) the confluence of the Moses Lake outlets to Sand Dunes Road including tributaries:
 - (i) Open year-round.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Crappie: Minimum length 9 inches.
 - (B) Crappie and bluegill: Combined limit of 25 fish.
 - (C) Yellow perch: Daily limit 25 fish.
- (d) From the fountain buoy and shoreline markers of 150 feet down stream of the Alder Street fill to Grant County Road 7 NE:
 - (i) Open year-round.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Crappie: Daily limit 10; minimum length 9 inches.
 - (B) Bluegill: Daily limit 5; minimum length 8 inches.
 - (C) Yellow perch: Daily limit 25.
- (e) From Grant County Road 7 NE upstream (including all tributaries, except Goose Creek in the city of Wilbur): Open year-round.
 - (88) Crawfish Lake (Okanogan County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (b) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (89) Crescent Lake (Pend Oreille County): Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (90) **Crystal Lake (Grant County):** Open March 1 through September 30.
- (91) Cub Creek (tributary to Chewuch River) (Okanogan County): From mouth upstream to West Chewuch Road Bridge: Closed waters.
- (92) **Cup Lake (Grant County):** Open March 1 through September 30.

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(93) Curl Lake (Columbia County):

- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through October 31.
 - (b) It is unlawful to fish from any floating device.
- (94) **Davis Lake (Ferry County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (95) Davis Lake (Okanogan County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 2; minimum length 14 inches.
- (96) **Dayton Pond (Columbia County):** Open to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
- (97) **Deadman Lake (Adams County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (98) **Deep Creek (tributary to Bumping Lake) (Yakima County):** From the mouth to the waterfall approximately 0.33 mile above the second bridge crossing on USFS Road 1808 (approximately 3.7 miles from the junction of USFS Roads 1800 and 1808): Closed waters.
- (99) **Deep Lake (Grant County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (100) **Deep Lake (Stevens County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (101) Deer Lake (Columbia County):
 - (a) Open March 1 through November 30.
 - (b) It is unlawful to fish from any floating device.
- (102) **Deer (Deer Springs) Lake (Lincoln County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
 - (103) Deer Lake (Stevens County):
 - (a) Open March 1 through November 30.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (104) **Delaney Springs (Grant County):** Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (105) **De Roux Creek (Kittitas County):** From the mouth to the USFS trail 1392 (De Roux Creek Trail) stream crossing (approximately 1 river mile): Closed waters.
- (106) **Dog Creek (tributary to Chewuch) (Okanogan County):** From mouth upstream to falls approximately 1.5 miles: Closed waters.
- (107) **Domerie Creek (Kittitas County):** Selective gear rules.
 - (108) Downs Lake (Lincoln/Spokane counties):
 - (a) Open March 1 through September 30.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Crappie: Daily limit 10; minimum length 9 inches.
 - (109) Dry Falls Lake (Grant County):
 - (a) Open March 1 through November 30.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
 - (110) Dune Lake (Grant County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.

- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
 - (111) Dusty Lake (Grant County):
 - (a) Open March 1 through November 30.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
- (112) Eagle Creek (tributary to Twisp River) (Okanogan County): From mouth upstream to the falls approximately 0.5 miles: Closed waters.
- (113) Early Winters Creek (tributary to Methow River) (Okanogan County):
- (a) From the mouth upstream to Forest Road 300: Closed waters.
- (b) From Forest Road 300 upstream; including tributaries except Cedar Creek:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through August 15.
 - (ii) Selective gear rules.
 - (iii) Release all fish.
- (114) Eightmile Creek (tributary to Chewuch River) (Okanogan County): From the mouth upstream to Forest Road 5130 Bridge: Closed waters.
 - (115) Elbow Lake (Stevens County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
 - (116) Ell Lake (Okanogan County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (117) Eloika Lake (Spokane County): Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Crappie: Daily limit 10; minimum length 9 inches.
 - (118) Empire Lake (Ferry County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
 - (119) Entiat River (Chelan County):
- (a) From mouth (railroad bridge) to the boundary marker/markers located approximately 1,500 feet upstream of the upper Roaring Creek Road Bridge (immediately downstream of the Entiat National Fish Hatchery): Open July 16 through September 30 for hatchery Chinook only.
 - (i) Selective gear rules.
 - (ii) Night closure.
 - (iii) Minimum length 12 inches; daily limit 6.
 - (iv) Release coho and sockeye.
 - (v) Steelhead: Closed to fishing.
- (vi) Open December 1 through the last day in February for whitefish only.
 - (vii) Whitefish gear rules.
- (b) From the boundary marker/markers located approximately 1,500 feet upstream of the upper Roaring Creek Road

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Bridge (immediately downstream of the Entiat National Fish Hatchery) to Entiat Falls:

- (i) Whitefish:
- (ii) Open December 1 through the last day in February for whitefish only.
 - (iii) Whitefish gear rules.
- (c) Entiat River and all tributaries above Entiat Falls: Selective gear rules.
 - (120) Ephrata Lake (Grant County): Closed waters.
- (121) **Esquatzel Coulee (Franklin County):** Open year-round.
- (122) Esquatzel Coulee, West Branch (Franklin County): Open year-round.
- (123) Falls Creek (tributary to Chewuch River) (Okanogan County): From mouth upstream to the falls approximately .15 miles: Closed waters.
 - (124) Fan Lake (Pend Oreille County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (b) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (125) **Ferry Lake (Ferry County):** It is unlawful to use lead weights or lead jigs that measure 1 1/2 inch or less along the longest axis.
- (126) **Fiorito Lakes (Kittitas County):** It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (127) **Fish Lake (Chelan County):** Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Yellow perch: Daily limit 25.
- (128) **Fish Lake (Okanogan County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (129) Fish Lake (Spokane County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (b) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (130) **Fishhook Pond (Walla Walla County):** It is unlawful to fish from a floating device.
- (131) **Fishtrap Lake (Lincoln/Spokane counties):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
 - (132) Forde Lake (Okanogan County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
 - (133) Fourth of July Lake (Adams/Lincoln counties):
- (a) Open the Friday after Thanksgiving through March 31.
- (b) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
 - (134) Frank's Pond (Chelan County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (b) Open to juvenile anglers only.
- (135) **Frater Lake (Pend Oreille County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.

- (136) Frenchman Hills Wasteway and Drains (Grant County): Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (137) **Gadwall Lake (Grant County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (138) **Garfield Juvenile Pond (Whitman County):** Open to juvenile anglers only.
- (139) Goat Creek (tributary to Methow River) (Okanogan County): Closed waters.
- (140) Gold Creek, Gold Creek Pond and outlet channel (tributary to Keechelus Lake): Including that portion of Gold Creek that flows through the dry Keechelus Reservoir lakebed: Closed waters.
- (141) Gold Creek (tributary to Methow River) (Okanogan County): Closed waters.
- (142) Goose Creek (Lincoln County), within the city limits of Wilbur: Open to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
- (143) Goose Lake, Lower (Grant County): Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (a) Crappie: Daily limit 10; minimum length 9 inches.
- (b) Bluegill: It is unlawful to retain more than 5 fish over 6 inches in length.
 - (144) Grande Ronde River (Asotin County):
- (a) From the mouth to County Road Bridge, about 2.5 miles upstream:
- (i) Open year-round for game fish other than trout and steelhead.
- (ii) From August 1 through April 15: Selective gear rules.
- (iii) Trout: Open from the Saturday before Memorial Day through October 31.
 - (iv) Steelhead:
- (A) Open January 1 through April 15; daily limit 3 hatchery steelhead; minimum length 20 inches.
 - (B) August 1 through December 31; release steelhead.
- (b) From the County Road Bridge upstream to the Oregon state line:
- (i) Open year-round for game fish other than trout and steelhead.
- (ii) From August 1 through April 15: Barbless hooks required.
- (iii) Trout: Open from the Saturday before Memorial Day through October 31.
- (iv) Steelhead: Open August 1 through April 15; daily limit 3 hatchery steelhead; minimum length 20 inches.
 - (c) All tributaries: Closed waters.
- (145) Green Lakes (Lower and Upper) (Okanogan County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (i) Trout: Daily limit 2; minimum length 14 inches.
 - (ii) Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
 - (146) Grimes Lake (Douglas County):
 - (a) Open June 1 through August 31.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.

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- (c) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
- (147) **Halfmoon Lake (Adams County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (148) **Hampton Lakes (Lower and Upper) (Grant County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (149) **H and H Reservoir Number One (Pascal's Pond) (Chelan County):** Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
 - (150) Harris Lake (Grant County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
- (151) **Hatch Lake (Stevens County):** Open the Friday after Thanksgiving through March 31.
- (152) **Hays Creek and Ponds (Adams County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (153) **Headgate Pond (Asotin County):** Open to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
- (154) **Hen Lake (Grant County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (155) **Hog Canyon Creek (Spokane County):** From the mouth to Scroggie Road: Closed waters.
- (156) **Hog Canyon Lake (Spokane County):** Open the Friday after Thanksgiving through March 31.
 - (157) Homestead Lake (Grant County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
- (158) **Hourglass Lake (Grant County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (159) **Hutchinson Lake (Adams County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (160) **I-82 Ponds, 1 through 7 (Yakima County):** It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (161) Icicle River and tributaries (Creek) (Chelan County):
- (a) From the mouth upstream 800 feet to posted signs: Closed waters.
- (b) From posted signs 800 feet upstream of the mouth to 500 feet below Leavenworth National Fish Hatchery: Closed to all species except:
 - (i) Open for hatchery Chinook salmon only.
 - (ii) Open May 15 to July 31.
 - (iii) Night closure.
- (iv) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (v) Daily limit 2 hatchery Chinook; minimum length 12 inches.
 - (vi) Mandatory retention of hatchery Chinook.
- (c) From 500 feet below Leavenworth National Fish Hatchery to shoreline markers where Cyo Road would inter-

- sect the Icicle River at the Sleeping Lady Resort: Closed waters.
- (d) From shoreline markers where Cyo Road would intersect the Icicle River at the Sleeping Lady Resort to the Icicle Peshastin Irrigation District footbridge (approximately 750 feet upstream of the "Snow Lakes Trailhead" parking lot):
 - (i) Closed to all species except:
 - (A) Open for hatchery Chinook only.
 - (B) Open May 15 to July 31.
 - (C) Night closure.
 - (D) Daily limit 2; minimum length 12 inches.
 - (ii) It is unlawful to retain more than 2 hatchery Chinook.
- (e) From the Icicle Irrigation Peshastin District footbridge upstream, and tributaries: Selective gear rules.
- (162) **Indian Creek (Yakima County):** From the mouth to the waterfall approximately six miles upstream including that portion that flows through the dry lake bed of Rimrock Reservoir: Closed waters.
- (163) **Ingalls Creek (Chelan County):** From the mouth to Alpine Lakes Wilderness boundary and tributaries: Closed waters.
- (164) **Jameson Lake (Douglas County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (165) Jasmine Creek (Okanogan County):
- (a) Open year-round to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Steelhead: Closed to fishing.
- (166) **Jefferson Park Pond (Walla Walla County):** Open to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
 - (167) Jolanda, Lake (Chelan County): Closed waters.
 - (168) Kachess Lake (Reservoir) (Kittitas County):
- (a) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 2; minimum length 14 inches.
 - (b) Chumming is permissible.
 - (169) Kachess River (Kittitas County):
- (a) From Kachess Lake (Reservoir) upstream to the waterfall approximately 0.5 miles above Mineral Creek: Closed waters.
- (b) It is permissible to fish up to the base of Kachess Dam.
- (c) From the mouth to Kachess Dam: Selective gear rules.
 - (170) Keechelus Lake (Reservoir) (Kittitas County):
- (a) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 2; minimum length 14 inches.
 - (b) Chumming is permissible.
- (171) Kettle Creek (tributary to American River) (Yakima County): Closed waters.
- (172) **Kettle River (Stevens County):** From Barstow Bridge upstream:
- (a) Selective gear rules, except for juvenile anglers, from the Canadian border upstream to Highway 21 Bridge at Curlew.
- (b) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.

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- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (d) Whitefish:
- (i) Open December 1 through the last day in February for whitefish only.
 - (ii) Whitefish gear rules.
- (173) Kings Lake and tributaries (Pend Oreille County): Closed waters.
- (174) **Kiwanis Pond (Kittitas County):** Open to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
 - (175) Lake Creek (Okanogan County):
 - (a) From the mouth to Black Lake: Closed waters.
- (b) From Black Lake to Three Prong Creek: Closed waters.
- (176) **Ledbetter Lake (Pend Oreille County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (177) **Ledking Lake (Pend Oreille County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (178) Leech Lake (Yakima County):
 - (a) Fly fishing only.
- (b) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with a motor.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Rainbow trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
- (179) **Lemna Lake (Grant County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
 - (180) Lenice Lake (Grant County):
 - (a) Open March 1 through November 30.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
 - (181) Lenore Lake (Grant County):
- (a) The waters within a 200 yard radius of the trash rack leading to the irrigation pumping station (on the south end of the lake) and the area approximately 100 yards beyond the mouth of inlet stream to State Highway 17: Closed waters.
 - (b) Open March 1 through November 30.
 - (c) Selective gear rules.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
- (182) Libby Creek (tributary to Methow River) (Okanogan County): Closed waters.
- (183) **Liberty Lake (Spokane County):** Open March 1 through October 31.
 - (184) Lilly Lake (Chelan County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (185) **Lions Park Pond (Walla Walla County):** Open to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
- (186) Little Bridge Creek (tributary of Twisp River) (Okanogan County):
- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through August 15.

- (b) Release all fish.
- (c) Selective gear rules.
- (187) Little Falls Reservoir (Spokane River) (Lincoln County): From Little Falls Dam to Long Lake Dam: Landlocked salmon rules.
- (188) Little Lost Lake (Pend Oreille County): Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (189) Little Naches River including tributaries (Yakima County): Selective gear rules.
- (190) Little Pend Oreille River and tributaries (Stevens County): Selective gear rules.
- (191) Little Spokane River and tributaries (Spokane County):
- (a) From the inlet of Chain Lake upstream 0.25 mile to the railroad crossing culvert: Closed waters.
 - (b) From the SR 291 Bridge upstream:
- (i) Open Saturday before Memorial Day through October 31.
 - (ii) Whitefish:
- (A) Open December 1 through the last day in February for whitefish only.
 - (B) Whitefish gear rules.
 - (192) Little Twin Lake (Okanogan County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (i) Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
 - (ii) Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (193) Little Twin Lake (Stevens County): Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (194) Little Wenatchee River (Chelan County):
- (a) From the mouth to USFS road 6700 Bridge and tributaries: Closed waters.
- (b) From the USFS road 6700 Bridge upstream including tributaries: Selective gear rules.
 - (195) Long Lake (Ferry County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (b) Fly fishing only.
 - (c) It is unlawful to use flies containing lead.
- (d) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with a motor.
- (196) **Long Lake (Okanogan County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (197) Long Lake (Lake Spokane) (Spokane County): From Long Lake Dam to Nine Mile Dam, including Little Spokane River from the mouth to the SR 291 Bridge: Landlocked salmon rules.
- (198) **Loon Lake (Stevens County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (199) Lost Lake (Kittitas County): Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Rainbow trout: Daily limit 2; minimum length 14 inches.
 - (200) Lost Lake (Okanogan County):
- (a) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.

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- (b) It is unlawful to use lead weights or lead jigs that measure 1 1/2 inch or less along the longest axis.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (201) Lost River (tributary to Methow River) (Okanogan County):
- (a) From the mouth to the mouth of Monument Creek: Closed waters.
- (b) From the mouth of Monument Creek including tributaries upstream to Deception Creek:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through August 15.
 - (ii) Selective gear rules.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Trout: Minimum length 14 inches; daily limit 2.
- (B) Dolly Varden/bull trout may be retained as part of trout daily limit.
- (202) **Lyman Lake (Okanogan County):** Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
 - (203) Mad River (Chelan County):
- (a) From the mouth to Windy Creek, including Windy Creek and tributaries except Tillicum Creek: Closed waters.
- (b) From Windy Creek upstream and tributaries: Selective gear rules.
- (204) Manastash Creek (Kittitas County): Selective gear rules.
- (205) **Marshall Lake (Pend Oreille County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (206) **Martha Lake (Grant County):** Open March 1 through September 30.
- (207) Mary Ann Lake (Okanogan County): Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (208) Mattoon Lake (Kittitas County): It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor
- (209) **McCabe Pond (Kittitas County):** It is unlawful to fish from any floating device equipped with a motor.
 - (210) McDowell Lake (Stevens County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (b) Fly fishing only.
- (c) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with a motor.
 - (d) Release all fish.
- (211) **McManaman Lake (Adams County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
 - (212) Medical Lake (Spokane County):
 - (a) Open March 1 through November 30.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with a motor.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 2; minimum length 14 inches.
- (213) **Medical Lake, West (Spokane County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (214) Mercer Creek (Kittitas County): Selective gear rules.

- (215) Merry Lake (Grant County):
- (a) Open March 1 through November 30.
- (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
 - (216) Methow River (Okanogan County):
- (a) From mouth to County Road 1535 (Burma Road) Bridge: Closed waters.
- (b) Tributaries from mouth to County Road 1535 (Burma Road) Bridge except Black Canyon Creek: Release all fish, except: Eastern brook trout: No minimum length/daily limit.
- (c) From County Road 1535 (Burma Road) Bridge to Gold Creek:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through September 15.
 - (ii) Selective gear rules.
 - (iii) Release all fish.
- (d) All tributaries from the County Road 1535 (Burma Road) to Gold Creek except Gold Creek:
 - (i) Selective gear rules.
- (ii) Release all fish, except: Eastern brook trout: No minimum length/daily limit.
 - (e) From Gold Creek to Foghorn Dam:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through September 30.
 - (ii) Selective gear rules.
 - (iii) Release all fish.
 - (iv) Whitefish:
- (A) Open December 1 through the last day in February for whitefish only.
 - (B) Whitefish gear rules.
- (f) Methow River tributaries from Gold Creek to Foghorn Dam; except Twisp River, Chewuch River, Libby Creek, and Beaver Creek: Release all fish, except: Eastern brook trout: No minimum length/daily limit.
- (g) From Foghorn Dam to Weeman Bridge including tributaries:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through August 15:
 - (A) Release all fish.
 - (B) Selective gear rules.
 - (ii) Whitefish:
- (A) Open December 1 through the last day in February for Whitefish only.
 - (B) Whitefish gear rules.
- (h) From Weeman Bridge to the falls above Brush Creek: Whitefish:
- (i) Open December 1 through the last day in February for whitefish only.
 - (ii) Whitefish gear rules.
- (i) Methow River tributaries from Weeman Bridge to the falls above Brush Creek; excluding Lost River, Goat Creek, Early Winters Creek, and Wolf Creek.
 - (i) Selective gear rules.
 - (ii) Release all fish.

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- (217) Mill Creek (tributary to the Walla Walla River) (Walla Walla County):
- (a) From the mouth to Bennington Dam, including tributaries: Closed waters.
- (b) From Bennington Dam upstream excluding tributaries: Selective gear rules.
- (c) All tributaries upstream of Bennington Dam: Closed waters
- (218) Mineral Creek (tributary to upper Kachess River) (Kittitas County): From the mouth to the Wilderness Boundary: Closed waters.
- (219) **Molson Lake (Okanogan County):** Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (220) Monument Creek (Okanogan County), including tributaries: Selective gear rules.
- (221) **Morgan Lake (Adams County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (222) **Moses Lake (Grant County):** Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (a) Crappie: Daily limit 10; minimum length 9 inches.
 - (b) Bluegill: Daily limit 5; minimum length 8 inches.
 - (c) Yellow perch: Daily limit 25.
 - (223) Mud Lake (Yakima County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with a motor.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
- (224) **Mudgett Lake (Stevens County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (225) Muskegon Lake (Pend Oreille County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 2; minimum length 14 inches.
 - (226) Myron Lake (Yakima County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 2; minimum length 14 inches.
- (227) **Mystic Lake (Pend Oreille County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (228) Naches River (Yakima/Kittitas counties):
 - (a) From the mouth to Little Naches River:
 - (i) Selective gear rules.
- (ii) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Trout: Daily limit 2; minimum length 14 inches.
- (B) Release trout from the confluence with Tieton River to the confluence of the Little Naches River and Bumping River (origin of Naches River).
 - (b) From the mouth to the Tieton River:

- (i) Whitefish: December 1 through the last day in February for whitefish only.
 - (ii) Whitefish gear rules.
- (229) Naneum Creek and tributaries (Kittitas County): Selective gear rules.
- (230) **Naneum Pond (Kittitas County):** Open to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
- (231) **Napeequa River (Chelan County):** From mouth to Twin Lakes Creek (including Twin Lakes Creek and all tributaries: Closed waters.
 - (232) Nason Creek (Chelan County):
- (a) From the mouth to Gaynor Falls and tributaries except Whitepine Creek: Closed waters.
- (b) From Gaynor Falls (approximately 0.7 miles upstream of Whitepine Creek) upstream and tributaries: Selective gear rules.
- (233) Nile Creek and tributaries (Yakima County): Selective gear rules.
- (234) **No Name Lake (Pend Oreille County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (235) North Creek (tributary to Twisp River) (Okanogan County): From the mouth upstream to Twisp River Road Bridge: Closed waters.
 - (236) North Elton Pond (Yakima County):
- (a) Open the Friday after Thanksgiving through March
- (b) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (237) **North Potholes Reserve Ponds (Grant County):** Open March 1 through the day before waterfowl season begins.
 - (238) Nunnally Lake (Grant County):
 - (a) The outlet stream of Nunnally Lake is closed waters.
 - (b) Open March 1 through November 30:
 - (c) Selective gear rules.
- (d) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (e) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
- (239) Oak Creek and tributaries (Yakima County): Selective gear rules.
 - (240) Okanogan River (Okanogan County):
- (a) Within the mainstem or tributaries open for game fish: It is unlawful to fish for salmon and steelhead using anything other than barbless hooks.
- (b) From the mouth to Highway 97 Bridge immediately upstream of the mouth:
 - (i) Open year-round.
- (ii) July 1 through October 15: Anti-snagging rule and night closure.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Release trout.
 - (B) Steelhead: Closed to fishing.
 - (iv) Salmon:
 - (A) Open July 1 through October 15.
- (B) It is permissible to fish two poles from July 1 through August 31 so long as the angler possesses a two-pole endorsement.

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- (C) Daily limit 6; no more than 2 adult hatchery Chinook may be retained.
 - (D) Release coho, sockeye, and wild adult Chinook.
- (c) From Highway 97 Bridge immediately upstream of the mouth to the highway bridge at Malott:
 - (i) Open year-round.
- (ii) July 1 through September 15: Anti-snagging rule and night closure.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Release trout.
 - (B) Steelhead: Closed to fishing.
 - (iv) Salmon:
 - (A) Open July 1 through September 15.
- (B) Daily limit 6; no more than 2 adult hatchery Chinook may be retained.
 - (C) Release coho, sockeye, and wild adult Chinook.
 - (d) From the highway bridge at Malott upstream:
- (i) From Zosel Dam downstream to the first Highway 97 Bridge downstream of the dam: Closed waters.
- (ii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through September 15.
- (iii) July 1 through September 15: Anti-snagging rule and night closure.
- (iv) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Release trout.
 - (B) Steelhead: Closed to fishing.
 - (v) Salmon:
 - (A) Open July 1 through September 15.
- (B) Limit 6; no more than 2 adult hatchery Chinook may be retained.
 - (C) Release coho, sockeye, and wild adult Chinook.
- (e) All Okanogan River tributaries, except Salmon Creek, Jasmine Creek, Bonaparte Creek, and the Similkameen River:
 - (i) Selective gear rules.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Release trout.
 - (B) Steelhead: Closed to fishing.
- (241) **Palouse River (Whitman County):** From the mouth to the base of Palouse Falls:
- (a) Open year-round for game fish except trout and steel-head.
- (b) Trout: Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through October 31.
 - (c) Steelhead:
 - (i) Open August 1 through April 15.
- (ii) Daily limit 3 hatchery steelhead; minimum length 20 inches
- (d) It is permissible to fish with two poles so long as the angler possesses a valid two-pole endorsement, except for steelhead.
- (242) Palouse River (Whitman County) mainstem above Palouse Falls and tributaries (Washington waters only), except Rock Creek and Hog Canyon Creek: Open year-round.
 - (243) Pampa Pond (Whitman County):
 - (a) Open March 1 through September 30.

- (b) It is unlawful to fish from any floating device.
- (244) **Park Lake (Grant County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (245) **Parker Lake (Pend Oreille County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (246) Pataha Creek (Garfield County):
- (a) Within the city limits of Pomeroy: Open to juvenile anglers, senior angler, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
- (b) From the city limits of Pomeroy upstream: Selective gear rules.
- (247) Patterson Lake (Okanogan County): Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (248) **Pearrygin Lake (Okanogan County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (249) Pend Oreille River (Pend Oreille County):
 - (a) Open year-round.
 - (b) Game fish: Statewide lake rules.
- (c) All sloughs within the boundaries of the Kalispel Reservation, except Calispell Slough: Closed waters.
- (250) **Perch Lake (Grant County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (251) Peshastin Creek and all tributaries except Ingalls Creek (Chelan County): Closed waters.
 - (252) Petit Lake (Pend Oreille County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (b) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
 - (253) Phalon Lake (Stevens County): Closed waters.
- (254) **Phillips Lake (Stevens County):** Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (255) **Pierre Lake (Stevens County):** It is unlawful to use lead weights or lead jigs that measure 1 1/2 inch or less along the longest axis.
- (256) **Pillar Lake (Grant County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (257) **Ping Pond (Oasis Park Pond) (Grant County):** Open to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
- (258) **Pit Lake (Douglas County):** Open to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
- (259) **Poacher Lake (Grant County):** Open the fourth Saturday before April through September 30.
- (260) **Potholes Reservoir (Grant County):** Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (a) Crappie: Minimum length 9 inches.
 - (b) Crappie and bluegill: Combined limit of 25 fish.
 - (c) Yellow perch: Daily limit 25 fish.
- (261) **Potter's Pond (Stevens County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (262) **Powerline Lake (Franklin County):** Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 2; minimum length 14 inches.
 - (263) Quail Lake (Adams County):
 - (a) Fly fishing only.

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- (b) It is unlawful to fish from any floating device equipped with a motor.
 - (c) Release all fish.
- (264) Quarry Pond (Walla Walla County): It is unlawful to fish from any floating device.
- (265) **Quincy Lake (Grant County):** Open March 1 through September 30.
 - (266) Rainbow Lake (Columbia County):
 - (a) Open March 1 through November 30.
 - (b) It is unlawful to fish from any floating device.
 - (267) Rat Lake (Okanogan County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 2; minimum length 14 inches.
- (268) Rattlesnake Creek and tributaries (Yakima County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
 - (b) Release all fish.
- (269) **Red Rock Creek (Grant County):** Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through September 30.
 - (270) Reflection Pond (Okanogan County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
 - (271) Renner Lake (Ferry County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
 - (272) Rigley Lake (Stevens County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 2, minimum length 14 inches.
- (273) Rimrock Lake (Reservoir) (Yakima County): Chumming is permissible.
- (274) Ringold Springs Hatchery Creek (Franklin County): Closed waters.
- (275) Roaring Creek (Entiat River tributary) (Chelan County): Closed waters.
 - (276) Rock Creek (Adams/Whitman counties):
- (a) From the mouth to the bridge on Jordan Knott Road at Revere:
 - (i) Selective gear rules.
 - (ii) Release all fish.
- (b) From the bridge on Jordan Knott Road upstream: Open year-round.
 - (277) Rocky Ford Creek and Ponds (Grant County):
- (a) Open to fly fishing and fishing from the bank only (no wading).
 - (b) Release all fish.
- (278) **Rocky Lake (Stevens County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (279) Roosevelt Lake (Grant/Ferry/Lincoln/Stevens counties): Columbia River from Grand Coulee Dam to U.S. Canadian border including Hawk Creek downstream of the

- falls at Hawk Creek Campground, Spokane River from 400 feet downstream of Little Falls Dam, Kettle River downstream of Barstow Bridge, and Colville River downstream of S.R. 25 Bridge.
 - (a) The following areas are closed waters:
- (i) From the Little Dalles power line crossing upstream approximately one mile to the marked rock point from March 1 through the Friday before Memorial Day.
- (ii) Northport power line crossing upstream to the most upstream point of Steamboat Rock, from March 1 through the Friday before Memorial Day.
- (iii) The Kettle River upstream to Barstow Bridge from March 1 through the Friday before Memorial Day.
- (b) From Grand Coulee Dam to the Little Dalles power line crossing:
- (i) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
- (A) Kokanee: Daily limit 6; no more than 2 with intact adipose fins.
- (B) Trout (except kokanee): Daily limit 5; it is unlawful to retain trout with an intact adipose fin.
 - (C) Walleye: Daily limit 16 fish; no size restrictions.
 - (ii) Salmon: Landlocked salmon rules apply.
- (c) From the Little Dalles power line crossing to the Canadian border:
- (i) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
- (A) Kokanee: Daily limit 6; no more than 2 with intact adipose fins.
- (B) Trout (except kokanee): Daily limit 2; minimum size 18 inches
 - (C) Walleye: Daily limit 16; no size restrictions.
 - (ii) Salmon: Landlocked salmon rules apply.
- (280) **Round Lake (Okanogan County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (281) Royal Lake (Adams County): Closed waters.
- (282) Royal Slough (including Marsh Unit IV impoundments) (Adams County): Closed waters.
- (283) Rufus Woods Lake (Douglas/Okanogan counties):
- (a) From Grand Coulee Dam downstream to State Route 155 Bridge: Closed waters.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 2; minimum length 14 inches.
 - (c) Sturgeon: Closed to fishing.
- (284) **Sacheen Lake (Pend Oreille County):** Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (285) **Saddle Mountain Lake (Grant County):** Closed waters.
- (286) **Sago Lake (Grant County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
 - (287) Salmon Creek (Okanogan County):
 - (a) From the mouth to Conconully Reservoir:
 - (i) Selective gear rules.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Release trout other than eastern brook trout.
 - (B) Steelhead: Closed to fishing.

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- (b) From Conconully Reservoir upstream including tributaries: Selective gear rules.
 - (288) San Poil River (Ferry County):
- (a) From the western shoreline at the mouth of the San Poil Arm (as marked by a regulatory buoy) directly eastward across the San Poil Arm to the eastern shoreline of the San Poil Arm (as marked by a regulatory buoy) upstream to the north shore of the outlet of French Johns Lake (Manila Creek) northeast across the San Poil Arm to the north shore of the outlet of Dick Creek:
- (i) Game fish: Open year-round; statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
- (A) Open June 1 through January 31 for kokanee, small-mouth bass, trout, and walleye:
 - (I) Kokanee: Daily limit 2.
- (II) Trout: Daily limit 5; it is unlawful to retain trout with an intact adipose fin.
 - (III) Walleye: Daily limit 16; no size restrictions.
- (IV) Smallmouth bass: Daily limit 10; no minimum length; only 1 smallmouth bass over 14 inches may be retained.
- (B) Largemouth bass: Daily limit 5; no minimum length; only largemouth bass under 12 inches may be retained, except 1 over 17 inches may be retained.
- (ii) Salmon: Open year-round; landlocked salmon rules apply.
 - (iii) Carp: Open year-round.
- (b) From the north shore of the outlet of French Johns Lake (Manila Creek) northeast across the San Poil Arm to the north shore of the outlet of Dick Creek to approximately 5 miles upstream from the outlet of French Johns Lake, as marked by regulatory buoys:
- (i) Game fish: Open year-round; statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Kokanee: Unlawful to fish for or retain.
 - (B) Trout: Unlawful to fish for or retain.
- (C) Open June 1 through January 31 for walleye and smallmouth bass:
 - (I) Walleye: Daily limit 16; no size restrictions.
- (II) Smallmouth bass: Daily limit 10; no minimum length; only 1 smallmouth bass over 14 inches may be retained.
- (D) Largemouth bass: Daily limit 5; no minimum length; only largemouth bass under 12 inches may be retained, except 1 over 17 inches may be retained.
- (ii) Salmon: Open year-round; landlocked salmon rules apply.
- (iii) Carp: Open year-round; unlawful to fish for carp with bow and arrow.
- (c) The waters from approximately 5 miles upstream from the outlet of French Johns Lake, as marked by regulatory buoys, to all waters north of the regulatory buoy line at or above 1,310 feet mean sea level elevation upstream to the northern reservation boundary are managed under the regulatory authority of the Colville Confederated Tribes.
- (289) Sand Hollow Creek (Grant County) including tributaries: From the mouth (State Route 243) upstream: Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through September 30.

- (290) **Sarg Hubbard Park Pond (Reflection Pond) (Yakima County):** Open to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
- (291) **Schallow Pond (Okanogan County):** Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
 - (292) Sedge Lake (Grant County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
- (293) Shellneck Creek (Yakima County): Closed waters.
- (294) **Sherman Creek (Ferry County) and tributaries:** From the hatchery boat dock to 400 feet upstream of hatchery water diversion dam: Closed waters.
- (295) **Shiner Lake (Adams County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (296) **Shoveler Lake (Grant County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (297) **Silver Lake (Spokane County):** Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Crappie: Daily limit 10; minimum length 9 inches.
- (298) **Silver Nail Lake (Okanogan County):** Open to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
 - (299) Similkameen River (Okanogan County):
- (a) From Enloe Dam downstream 400 feet: Closed waters.
 - (b) From the mouth to Enloe Dam:
 - (i) Open July 1 through September 15:
 - (ii) Barbless hooks required for salmon and steelhead.
 - (iii) Anti-snagging rule.
 - (iv) Night closure.
- (v) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (A) Release trout.
 - (B) Steelhead: Closed to fishing.
 - (vi) Salmon:
- (A) Daily limit 6; no more than 2 adult hatchery Chinook may be retained.
 - (B) Release coho, sockeye, and wild adult Chinook.
 - (vii) Whitefish:
- (A) Open December 1 through the last day in February for whitefish only.
 - (B) Whitefish gear rules.
- (c) From Enloe Dam to the Canadian border, including tributaries, except Sinlahekin Creek:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through October 31.
 - (ii) Whitefish:
- (A) Open December 1 through the last day in February for whitefish only.
 - (B) Whitefish gear rules.
- (300) Sinlahekin Creek (Okanogan County): From Palmer Lake to Cecile Creek Bridge:
- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through August 31.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.

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- (c) Whitefish:
- (i) Open December 1 through the last day in February for whitefish only.
 - (ii) Whitefish gear rules.
- (301) **Skookum Lake, North (Pend Oreille County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (302) Skookum Lake, South (Pend Oreille County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (b) It is unlawful to use lead weights or lead jigs that measure 1 1/2 inch or less along the longest axis.
 - (303) Snake River:
- (a) Tributaries except Palouse River, Tucannon River, Asotin Creek, and Grande Ronde River: Closed waters.
- (b) Columbia River rules apply downstream of the Burbank-to-Pasco railroad bridge at Snake River mile 1.5.
- (c) Within 400 feet of the base of any dam: Closed waters.
- (d) Within a 400 foot radius around the fish ladder entrance at Lyons Ferry Hatchery: Closed waters.
- (e) Within a 200 foot radius upstream of the fish ladder exit above Lower Granite Dam: Closed waters.
- (f) Within an area 1,200 feet downstream from the base of the west lock gate at Little Goose Dam on the south bank of the Snake River and 100 feet out into the river from the south river bank: Closed waters.
- (g) Game fish: Open year-round; statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
- (i) Trout: Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through October 31.
 - (ii) Steelhead:
- (A) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through July 31; daily limit 2, barbless hooks required.
- (B) Open August 1 through March 31; Daily limit 3 hatchery steelhead; barbless hooks required.
- (304) **Snipe Lake (Grant County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (305) **Snipes Creek (Benton County):** Selective gear rules.
- (306) **Spectacle Lake (Okanogan County):** Open April 1 through September 30.
- (307) **Spokane River (Spokane County):** From Nine Mile Dam upstream to the Idaho/Washington state line:
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through March 15:
- (c) Game fish: Release all fish, except: Hatchery rainbow trout: Daily limit 2.
 - (308) Sprague Lake (Adams/Lincoln counties):
 - (a) The following waters are closed waters:
 - (i) Cow Creek.
- (ii) The marsh at the southwest end of the lake from the lakeside edge of the reeds, including Cow Creek, to Danekas Road.
 - (iii) The small bay at the southeast end of the lake.
- (b) All other waters southwest of the southwest tip of Harper Island: Closed from October 1 through April 30.
- (c) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit except:
 - (i) Crappie: Minimum length 9 inches.

- (ii) Crappie and bluegill: Combined limit of 25 fish.
- (309) **Spring Creek (Benton County):** Selective gear rules.
- (310) Spring Hill Reservoir (Black Lake, Lower Wheeler Reservoir) (Chelan County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (c) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
- (d) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1, minimum length 18 inches.
- (311) **Spring Lake (Columbia County):** It is unlawful to fish from any floating device.
- (312) Spring Lakes (Upper and Lower) (Grant County): Open March 1 through September 30.
- (313) **Springdale Pond (Lucky Duck Pond) (Stevens County):** Open to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
- (314) Spruce Creek (tributary to South Fork Tieton River) (Yakima County): Closed waters.
- (315) **Starvation Lake (Stevens County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (316) **Starzman Lakes (Okanogan County):** Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (317) **Stehekin River (Chelan County):** From the mouth (Powerline crossing) upstream and tributaries:
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release wild cutthroat.
- (318) **Stratford/Brook Lake (Grant County):** Open March 1 through September 30.
- (319) **Sugarloaf Lake (Okanogan County):** Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (320) Sullivan Creek and tributaries (Pend Oreille County):
- (a) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release cutthroat trout.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (321) Sullivan Lake (Pend Oreille County): Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 2; minimum length 14 inches.
- (322) **Summit Lake (Okanogan County):** Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (323) Summit Lake (Stevens County): Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (324) **Swan Lake (Ferry County):** It is unlawful to use lead weights or lead jigs that measure 1 1/2 inch or less along the longest axis.
- (325) Swauk Creek and tributaries (Kittitas County): Selective gear rules.
- (326) Taneum Creek and tributaries (Kittitas County): Selective gear rules.
- (327) Teal Lakes (North and South) (Grant/Adams counties): Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.

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- (328) Teanaway River (Kittitas County), and tributaries except North Fork: Selective gear rules.
 - (329) Teanaway River, North Fork (Kittitas County):
- (a) From the mouth to Beverly Creek and tributaries; including Beverly Creek:
 - (i) Selective gear rules.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release trout.
- (b) From Beverly Creek to the impassable waterfall at the end of USFS Road 9737: Closed waters.
 - (330) Tern Lake (Grant County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
- (331) Thirtymile Creek (tributary to Chewuch River) (Okanogan County): From mouth upstream to falls (approximately 700 feet): Closed waters.
 - (332) Tieton River (Yakima County):
- (a) It is permissible to fish up to the base of Tieton (Rimrock) Dam.
 - (b) Selective gear rules apply.
 - (333) Tieton River, North Fork (Yakima County):
 - (a) The Clear Lake spillway channel: Closed waters.
- (b) From the USFS Road 740 Bridge to Clear Lake Dam: Closed waters.
- (c) The mainstem and tributaries including that portion of the river that flows through the dry lakebed of Rimrock Reservoir, upstream of Clear Lake:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through August 15.
 - (ii) Selective gear rules.
- (334) **Tieton River, South Fork (Yakima County):** From the bridge on USFS Road 1200 to bridge on USFS road 1070: Closed waters.
- (335) Tillicum Creek (tributary to Mad River) (Chelan River):
- (a) From mouth to the intersection of USFS 5800 and USFS 5808: Closed waters.
- (b) From the intersection of USFS 5800 and USFS 5808 upstream (upstream 2.25 miles) including tributaries: Selective gear rules.
- (336) Touchet River and tributaries (Columbia/Walla Walla counties):
- (a) From the mouth to the confluence of the North and South Forks:
 - (i) All tributaries: Closed waters.
- (ii) Game fish: Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 15; statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
- (A) November 1 through April 15: Release all fish except steelhead.
- (B) August 1 through April 15: Hatchery steelhead daily limit 3, barbless hooks required.
- (b) From the confluence of the North and South Forks upstream including both forks, Robinson Fork, and Wolf Fork:
 - (i) All other tributaries: Closed waters.
- (ii) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through August 31.
 - (iii) Selective gear rules.

- (337) **Trout Lake (Ferry County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (338) Tucannon River (Columbia County):
- (a) All tributaries are closed waters, except Pataha Creek
 - (b) Mouth upstream to Tucannon Hatchery Road Bridge:
- (c) Game fish: Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through April 15; statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
- (i) November 1 through April 15: Release all fish except steelhead.
- (ii) August 1 through April 15: Hatchery steelhead daily limit 3, barbless hooks required.
- (d) Tucannon Hatchery Bridge to 500 feet above intake for Rainbow Lake: Closed waters.
- (e) 500 feet above intake for Rainbow Lake to Cow Camp Bridge:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through August 31.
 - (ii) Selective gear rules.
 - (f) Cow Camp Bridge upstream: Closed waters.
 - (339) Tucquala Lake (Kittitas County):
- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through October 31.
 - (b) Statewide stream rules apply.
- (340) Twentymile Creek (tributary to Chewuch River) (Okanogan County): From the mouth upstream to falls (approximately 0.75 miles): Closed waters.
- (341) Twin Lakes, tributaries, and Twin Lakes Creek (outlet stream) to the confluence with the Napeequa River (Chelan County): Closed waters.
 - (342) Twisp River (Okanogan County):
 - (a) Mouth to War Creek:
- (i) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through August 15.
 - (ii) Selective gear rules.
 - (iii) Release all fish.
- (b) Twisp River tributaries from War Creek upstream except North Creek and North Fork Twisp River:
 - (i) Selective gear rules.
- (ii) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
 - (iii) Release all fish.
 - (c) From War Creek upstream: Closed waters.
- (343) **Twisp River, North Fork (Okanogan County):** From mouth to falls including tributaries: Closed waters.
- (344) Umtanum Creek (Kittitas County): Selective gear rules.
- (345) **Union Creek (Yakima County):** From the mouth to the falls: Closed waters.
 - (346) Upper Wheeler Reservoir (Chelan County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (b) Fly fishing only.
- (c) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with a motor.
 - (d) Release all fish.
 - (347) Vic Meyers (Rainbow) Lake (Grant County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.

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- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (348) Walla Walla River (Walla Walla County): From mouth to Washington/Oregon stateline:
- (a) All tributaries except Touchet River and Mill Creek: Closed waters.
- (b) Game fish: Open year-round; statewide minimum length/daily limit, except for trout and steelhead:
- (i) Trout: Open the Saturday before Memorial day through October 31; statewide minimum length/daily limit.
 - (ii) Steelhead:
- (A) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through July 31; daily limit 2 hatchery steelhead.
- (B) Open August 1 through April 15; daily limit 3 hatchery steelhead, barbless hooks required.
- (349) **Wannacut Lake (Okanogan County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (350) **Wapato Lake (Chelan County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
 - (351) Ward Lake (Ferry County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Eastern brook trout count as part of trout daily limit.
- (352) **Warden Lake (Grant County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (353) **Warden Lake, South (Grant County):** Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
 - (354) Washburn Island Pond (Okanogan County):
 - (a) Open April 1 through September 30.
- (b) An internal combustion motor may be attached to a floating device, but cannot be used.
 - (355) Washburn Lake (Okanogan County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Daily limit 1; minimum length 18 inches.
 - (c) Selective gear rules.
- (d) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.
 - (356) Watson Lake (Columbia County):
 - (a) Open March 1 through November 30.
 - (b) It is unlawful to fish from any floating device.
 - (357) Wenaha River tributaries:
- (a) Open the Saturday before Memorial Day through August 31.
 - (b) Selective gear rules.
- (358) **Wenas Creek (Yakima County):** From the mouth to Wenas Lake, including tributaries: Selective gear rules.
 - (359) Wenatchee Lake (Chelan County):
 - (a) Selective gear rules.
- (b) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except:
 - (i) Release trout.
 - (ii) Steelhead: Closed to fishing.
- (360) **Wenatchee River (Chelan County):** From the mouth to the Icicle Road Bridge:
 - (a) Closed waters, except:
 - (b) Salmon:

- (i) Open August 1 through September 30.
- (ii) Selective gear rules.
- (iii) Night closure.
- (iv) Daily limit 6; minimum length 12 inches it is unlawful to retain more than 2 adult hatchery Chinook.
- (v) Release coho, sockeye, and wild adult Chinook salmon.
- (c) From Icicle Road Bridge upstream to Lake Wenatchee: Closed waters.
- (361) **Whitepine Creek (Chelan County):** From the mouth to Whitepine Creek Falls (1 mile upstream of mouth) and tributaries: Closed waters.
- (362) **White River (Chelan County):** From the mouth to White River Falls and tributaries, except Napeequa River: Closed waters.
- (363) Widgeon Lake (Grant County): Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (364) Williams Lake (Spokane County): Open the fourth Saturday in April through September 30.
- (365) Williams Lake (Stevens County): Open the Friday after Thanksgiving through March 31.
- (366) **Wilson Creek (Kittitas County):** From BNSF railroad bridge upstream: Selective gear rules.
- (367) Winchester Wasteway (Grant County) (that portion within the Winchester Game Reserve): Open March 1 through September 30.
- (368) Wolf Creek (Methow River tributary) (Okanogan County): Closed waters.
 - (369) Yakima River (Yakima County):
- (a) Downstream of Highway 240 Bridge, Columbia River rules apply.
- (b) From the Highway 240 Bridge to the downstream side of the westbound I-82 Bridge: Open March 1 through October 31.
- (i) From 200 feet above to 200 feet below the USBR Chandler Powerhouse/Pumping Station: Closed waters September 1 through October 31.
- (ii) From March 1 through October 31; for all open species except sturgeon: It is permissible to fish with two poles so long as the angler possesses a valid two-pole endorsement.
 - (iii) Chumming is permissible.
- (c) From the Grant Avenue bridge in Prosser downstream approximately 1.25 miles to the downstream side of the westbound I-82 Bridge: Open March 1 through October 31.
- (i) From March 1 through October 31; for all open species except sturgeon: It is permissible to fish with two poles so long as the angler possesses a valid two-pole endorsement.
 - (ii) Chumming is permissible.
- (iii) Fishing from a floating device is prohibited September 1 through October 31.
- (iv) Game fish: Statewide minimum size/daily limit, except: Release trout.
 - (v) Salmon:
 - (A) Open September 1 through October 31.
 - (B) Night closure.
 - (C) Barbless hooks required.
 - (D) Limit 6; it is unlawful to retain more than 2 adults.
 - (d) From Prosser Dam to Highway 223 Bridge:
 - (i) Open March 1 through October 31.

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- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum size/daily limit, except: Release trout.
- (e) From Grant Avenue Bridge to Prosser Dam: Closed waters.
- (f) From Highway 223 Bridge to 3,500 feet below Roza Dam:
- (i) From Yakima Avenue-Terrace Heights Bridge upstream 400 feet: Closed waters.
 - (ii) Selective gear rules.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Trout: Minimum length 14 inches.
 - (iv) Whitefish:
- (A) Open December 1 through the last day in February for whitefish only.
 - (B) Whitefish gear rules.
- (g) From 3,500 feet below Roza Dam to Roza Dam: Closed waters.
- (h) From Roza Dam to 400 feet below Easton Dam; including the portion of Wilson Creek from the mouth upstream to the BNSF railroad bridge: Open year-round.
- (i) It is permissible to fish from floating devices equipped with motors only from the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation restricted area signs at Roza Dam upstream to the boat launch ramp on the Roza Access Area (approximately 1.3 river miles).
 - (ii) Selective gear rules.
- (iii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release trout.
 - (iv) Whitefish:
- (A) Open December 1 through the last day in February for whitefish only.
 - (B) Whitefish gear rules.
- (i) From Easton Dam to the base of Keechelus Dam including Easton Lake:
 - (i) Selective gear rules.
- (ii) Game fish: Statewide minimum length/daily limit, except: Release rainbow and cutthroat trout.
- (370) Yakima Sportsmen's Park Ponds (Yakima County): Open to juvenile anglers, senior anglers, and anglers with a disability who possess a designated harvester companion card only.
 - (371) Yocum Lake (Pend Oreille County):
- (a) Open the fourth Saturday in April through October 31.
- (b) It is unlawful to use lead weights or lead jigs that measure 1.5 inches or less along the longest axis.
- (c) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device equipped with an internal combustion motor.

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 18-15-065, filed 7/16/18, effective 8/16/18)

WAC 220-312-060 Freshwater exceptions to statewide rules—Columbia. The following exceptions to statewide rules apply to the Columbia River, including impoundments and all connecting sloughs, except Wells Ponds:

- (1) General Columbia River rules:
- (a) In the concurrent waters of the Columbia River between Washington and Oregon, the license of either state is valid when fishing from a vessel.

- (i) Anglers must comply with the fishing regulations of the state in which they are fishing.
- (ii) This subsection does not allow an angler licensed in Oregon to fish on the Washington shore, or in the sloughs or tributaries in Washington except as otherwise provided by department rule.
- (iii) Anglers fishing the Columbia River are restricted to one limit, as defined by the laws of the state in which they are fishing, even if they are licensed by both states.
- (b) It is unlawful to possess in the field salmon or steelhead mutilated so that size, species, or fin clip cannot be determined until the angler has reached their automobile or principal means of land transportation and completed his or her daily angling.
- (c) Salmon and trout handling rules provided in WAC 220-56-118 apply to the Columbia River, except from February 15 through June 15 in the mainstem Columbia from the Rocky Point/Tongue Point line upstream to the Washington-Oregon border where WAC 220-56-118 applies only to anglers fishing from vessels less than 30 feet in length (as substantiated by Coast Guard documentation or Marine Board registration).
 - (d) From Buoy 10 to the Washington/Oregon border:
- (i) From March 1 through May 15, the mainstem Columbia River is open for retention of adipose fin-clipped steelhead and shad only during days and in areas that are open for the retention of adipose fin-clipped spring Chinook salmon.
- (ii) From August 1 through December 31, each angler aboard a vessel may deploy salmon/steelhead angling gear until the salmon/steelhead limit for all anglers aboard has been achieved.
 - (e) Open year-round unless otherwise provided.
 - (f) Barbless hooks are required for salmon and steelhead.
 - (2) Rules by river section:
- (a) From a true north-south line through Buoy 10, upstream to a line projected from Rocky Point on the Washington bank through Red Buoy 44 to the navigation light at Tongue Point on the Oregon bank:
- (i) Fishing from the north jetty is permissible when Marine Area 1 or Buoy 10 areas are open for salmon, and the limit and minimum size restrictions follow the most liberal regulations if both areas are open. Only single point barbless hooks may be used for salmon and steelhead.
- (ii) Release all trout, except anglers may retain hatchery steelhead.
 - (iii) Salmon and steelhead:
- (A) Open June 16 through July 31: Closed to fishing for salmon and steelhead from Buoy 10 to the Megler-Astoria Bridge.
 - (B) From June 16 through June 21:
- (I) Daily limit 6; no more than 2 hatchery steelhead may be retained.
 - (II) Release all salmon other than hatchery jack Chinook.
 - (C) From June 22 through July 4:
- (I) Daily limit 6; up to 2 adult salmon or 2 hatchery steelhead or one of each may be retained.
 - (II) Release all salmon other than hatchery Chinook.
 - (D) From July 5 through July 31:
- (I) Daily limit 6; no more than 2 hatchery steelhead may be retained.

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- (II) Release all salmon other than hatchery jack Chinook.
- (E) Open August 1 through August 24:
- (I) Daily limit one.
- (II) Release all salmon except Chinook and hatchery coho.
 - (III) Chinook minimum length 24 inches.
 - (IV) Coho minimum length 16 inches.
 - (F) Open August 25 through September 30:
- (I) Daily limit 2, of which only one hatchery steelhead may be retained.
 - (II) Release all salmon other than hatchery coho.
 - (III) Coho minimum length 16 inches.
 - (G) Open October 1 through December 31:
- (I) Limit 6; no more than 2 adult hatchery salmon, or one hatchery adult salmon and one hatchery steelhead, may be retained.
 - (II) Release all salmon except hatchery coho.
 - (H) Open January 1 through March 31:
- (I) Limit 6; no more than 2 adult hatchery Chinook, or 2 hatchery steelhead, or one of each, may be retained.
 - (II) Release all salmon except hatchery Chinook.
 - (iv) Shad open May 16 through March 31.
- (v) Forage fish and bottomfish: Marine Area 1 general rules apply; eulachon closed.
- (b) From a line projected from Rocky Point on the Washington bank through Red Buoy 44 to the navigation light at Tongue Point on the Oregon bank, upstream to the I-5 Bridge:
 - (i) Trout:
 - (A) Open May 16 through March 31.
 - (B) Release all trout except hatchery cutthroat.
- (C) Daily limit 2 hatchery cutthroat; minimum length 12 inches.
 - (D) Barbless hooks are required for cutthroat trout.
 - (ii) Shad open May 16 through March 31.
- (iii) For the purpose of this subsection, "Warrior Rock line" is defined as a line projected from the Warrior Rock Lighthouse, through Red Buoy 4, to the orange marker atop the dolphin on the Washington shore.
 - (iv) Downstream of Warrior Rock line:
 - (A) Salmon and steelhead:
- (I) Open May 16 through June 21: Daily limit 6; no more than 2 hatchery steelhead may be retained. Release all salmon except hatchery jack Chinook.
- (II) Open June 22 through July 4: Daily limit 6; no more than 2 hatchery adult salmon or 2 hatchery steelhead or one of each may be retained. Release all salmon except hatchery Chinook.
- (III) Open July 5 through July 31: Daily limit 6; no more than 2 hatchery steelhead may be retained. Release all salmon except hatchery jack Chinook.
- (IV) Open August 1 through September 2: Daily limit 6; no more than one adult salmon, or one hatchery steelhead, may be retained. Release all salmon except Chinook and hatchery coho.
- (V) Open September 3 through December 31: Daily limit 6; no more than 2 hatchery adult salmon, or one adult salmon and one hatchery steelhead, may be retained. Release all salmon except Chinook and hatchery coho.

- (VI) Open January 1 through March 31: Daily limit 6; no more than 2 hatchery adult salmon, or 2 steelhead or one of each may be retained. Release all salmon except hatchery Chinook.
- (v) Upstream of Warrior Rock line: Salmon and steelhead:
- (A) Open May 16 through June 21: Daily limit 6; no more than 2 hatchery steelhead may be retained. Release all salmon except hatchery jack Chinook.
- (B) Open June 16 through July 31: Daily limit 6; no more than 2 hatchery steelhead may be retained.
- (C) Open June 22 through July 4: Daily limit 6; no more than 2 hatchery adult salmon or one hatchery adult salmon and one hatchery steelhead may be retained. Release all salmon except hatchery Chinook.
- (D) Open January 1 through March 31: Daily limit 6; no more than 2 hatchery adult salmon, or 2 hatchery steelhead or one of each may be retained. Release all salmon except hatchery Chinook.
- (E) Open August 1 through September 14: Daily limit 6; no more than one adult salmon or one hatchery steelhead. Release all salmon except Chinook and hatchery coho.
- (F) Open September 15 through December 31: Daily limit 6; no more than 2 hatchery adult salmon, or one hatchery adult salmon and one hatchery steelhead, may be retained. Release all salmon except hatchery coho.
 - (c) From the I-5 Bridge to Bonneville Dam:
 - (i) The following waters are closed:
- (A) From the upstream line of Bonneville Dam to boundary markers 600 feet below the fish ladder at the powerhouse.
- (B) January 1 through April 30 from a line between the upstream end of Sand Island (near Rooster Rock) on the Columbia River, to the boundary marker on the Oregon shore, downstream to a line between the lower end of Sand Island and the boundary marker on the Oregon shore.
- (C) Closed to angling from a floating device or by any method except hand-casted gear from shore from Bonneville Dam downstream to a line from the Hamilton Island boat ramp to an Oregon boundary marker on the westernmost tip of Robins Island.
 - (ii) Camas Slough:
- (A) It is permissible for an angler licensed in Oregon or Washington to fish from a floating device.
- (B) In the waters of the Columbia River downstream from the mouth of the Washougal River, north of Lady Island, and downstream of the Highway 14 Bridge at the upstream end of Lady Island:
- (I) From August 1 through December 31: It is permissible to fish with two poles so long as the angler possesses a valid two-pole endorsement.
- (II) From August 1 through December 31: Each angler aboard a vessel may deploy salmon/steelhead angling gear until the salmon/steelhead limit for all anglers aboard has been achieved.
- (III) Open for salmon when the adjacent mainstem Columbia or Washougal rivers are open for salmon.
- (IV) The limit for salmon is the same as the most liberal regulation of either area, except anglers may only retain hatchery Chinook and hatchery coho; release all other salmon.

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- (iii) Release all trout.
- (iv) Salmon and steelhead:
- (A) Open June 16 through June 21: Daily limit 6; no more than 2 hatchery steelhead may be retained. Release all salmon except hatchery jack Chinook.
- (B) Open June 22 through July 4: Daily limit 6; up to 2 hatchery adult salmon or 2 hatchery steelhead or one of each may be retained. Release all salmon except hatchery Chinook.
- (C) Open July 5 through July 31: Daily limit 6; no more than 2 hatchery steelhead may be retained. Release all salmon except hatchery jack Chinook.
- (D) Open August 1 through September 14: Limit 6; no more than one adult salmon or one hatchery steelhead. Release all salmon except Chinook and hatchery coho.
- (E) Open September 15 through December 31: Daily limit 6; no more than 2 hatchery adult salmon, or one hatchery adult salmon and one hatchery steelhead, may be retained. Release all salmon except hatchery coho.
- (F) Closed to fishing for salmon and steelhead November 1 through December 31 from Beacon Rock to Bonneville Dam
- (v) Steelhead: Open January 1 through March 31. Daily limit 2 hatchery steelhead.
 - (vi) Shad: Open May 16 through March 31.
 - (d) From Bonneville Dam to The Dalles Dam:
 - (i) Closed waters:
- (A) Within one quarter mile of the USFWS Spring Creek Hatchery Grounds, between posted markers located one quarter mile on either side of the fish ladder entrance.
- (B) At The Dalles between the upstream line of The Dalles Dam to the upstream side of the Interstate 197 Bridge, except that bank fishing is permitted up to the downstream navigation lock wall on the Washington shore.
- (ii) Release all trout, except anglers may retain hatchery steelhead.
 - (iii) Salmon and steelhead:
 - (A) When open from March 16 through June 15:
- (I) Bank fishing only from Bonneville Dam to Tower Island powerlines (approximately 6 miles below The Dalles Dam).
- (II) Only hand-cast lines may be used. It is unlawful to use a floating device to set lines for salmon and steelhead.
 - (B) Open June 16 through July 31:
- (I) Daily limit 6; no more than 2 hatchery adult salmon ((or 2 hatchery adult salmon)) or 2 hatchery steelhead or one of each, may be retained.
 - (II) Release all salmon except hatchery Chinook.
 - (C) Open August 1 through December 31:
- (I) August 1 through October 15: Anti-snagging rule applies. When the anti-snagging rule is in effect, only fish hooked inside the mouth may be retained.
- (II) Daily limit 6; no more than 2 adult salmon or one adult salmon and one hatchery steelhead may be retained. No more than one salmon may be an adult Chinook.
 - (III) Release all salmon except Chinook and coho.
- (IV) Release wild coho from Bonneville Dam to Hood River Bridge.
- (iv) Steelhead: Open January 1 through March 31. Daily limit 2 hatchery steelhead.

- (e) From The Dalles Dam to McNary Dam:
- (i) Closed waters:
- (A) At John Day Dam between the upstream line of John Day Dam to markers approximately 3,000 feet downstream, except that bank fishing is permitted up to 400 feet below the fishway entrance on the Washington shore.
- (B) At McNary Dam between the upstream line of McNary Dam downstream to a line across the river from the red and white marker on the Oregon shore on a line that intersects the downstream end of the wing-wall of the boat lock near the Washington shore.
 - (ii) Release all trout except hatchery steelhead.
 - (iii) Salmon and steelhead:
 - (A) When open from March 16 through June 15:
- (I) Anglers may possess up to 4 hatchery adult Chinook salmon in fresh form.
- (II) Anglers aboard a boat may only possess one daily limit of salmon in fresh form.
 - (B) Open June 16 through July 31:
- (I) Daily limit 6; no more than 2 hatchery adult salmon, or 2 hatchery steelhead, or one of each may be retained.
 - (II) Release all salmon except hatchery Chinook.
 - (C) Open August 1 through December 31:
- (I) August 1 through October 15: Anti-snagging rule applies. When the anti-snagging rule is in effect, only fish hooked inside the mouth may be retained.
- (II) Limit 6; no more than 2 adults, of which no more than 2 may be adult salmon or one adult salmon and one hatchery steelhead. No more than one salmon may be an adult Chinook.
 - (III) Release all salmon except Chinook and coho.
- (iv) Steelhead: Open January 1 through March 31. Daily limit 2 hatchery steelhead.
- (f) From McNary Dam to Highway 395 Bridge at Pasco:
- (i) Columbia River rules apply downstream of the Burbank-to-Pasco railroad bridge at Snake River mile 1.5.
 - (ii) Release all trout except hatchery steelhead.
 - (iii) Salmon and steelhead:
- (A) When open from March 16 through June 15 from McNary Dam to the Washington/Oregon border:
- (I) Anglers may possess up to 4 hatchery adult Chinook in fresh form.
- (II) Anglers aboard a boat may only possess one daily limit of salmon in fresh form.
- (III) From August 1 through December 31, each angler aboard a vessel may deploy salmon/steelhead angling gear until the salmon/steelhead limit for all anglers aboard has been achieved.
 - (B) Open June 16 through July 31:
- (I) Daily limit 6; no more than 2 hatchery adult salmon, or 2 hatchery steelhead, or one of each may be retained.
 - (II) Release all salmon except hatchery Chinook.
 - (C) Open August 1 through December 31:
- (I) Daily limit 6; no more than 2 adult salmon or one adult salmon and one hatchery steelhead may be retained. No more than one salmon may be an adult Chinook.
 - (II) Release all salmon except Chinook and coho.
- (iv) Steelhead: Open January 1 through March 31. Daily limit 2 hatchery steelhead.

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- (g) From the Highway 395 Bridge at Pasco to the Interstate 182 Bridge:
- (i) Closed waters: Within a 400 foot radius of the Columbia Irrigation District (CID) fish barrier at the mouth of the CID wasteway at Columbia Park.
- (ii) For all open species except sturgeon: It is permissible to fish with two poles so long as the angler possesses a two-pole endorsement.
 - (iii) Trout: Open year-round catch and release only.
 - (iv) Steelhead:
- (A) Open October 1 through October 31: Daily limit 2 hatchery steelhead with both the adipose and a ventral fin clipped may be retained.
- (B) Open November 1 through March 31: Daily limit 2 hatchery steelhead.
 - (v) Salmon:
 - (A) Open June 16 through August 15:
- (I) Limit 4; no more than one adult hatchery Chinook salmon.
 - (II) Release sockeye and wild adult Chinook.
- (B) Open August 16 through October 31: Limit 6; no more than 2 adult salmon may be retained.
- (h) From the Interstate 182 Bridge to the Old Hanford townsite wooden powerline towers, in Sec. 30, T13N, R28E:
 - (i) Closed waters:
- (A) The area of the Columbia River between the markers located 100 feet upstream and 100 feet downstream of the Ringold Springs Hatchery Creek, and extending 100 feet towards the middle of the river.
- (B) West Branch Esquatzel Coulee Block 1 Irrigation Wasteway Lagoon in the Columbia River, September 1 through November 30: Closed waters.
- (ii) Trout and steelhead: Ringold Area Bank Fishery waters, from WDFW markers 1/4 mile downstream from the Ringold wasteway outlet, to WDFW markers 1/2 mile upstream from Spring Creek:
- (A) Fishing is allowed only from the bank and only on the hatchery side of the river.
 - (B) Open April 1 through April 15:
 - (I) Release all trout.
 - (II) Daily limit 2 hatchery steelhead.
- (C) From April 16 through March 31 adjacent Columbia River rules apply.
- (iii) For all open species except sturgeon: It is permissible to fish with two poles so long as the angler possesses a two-pole endorsement.
 - (iv) Trout: Open year-round catch and release only.
 - (v) Steelhead:
- (A) Open October 1 through October 31 daily limit 2 hatchery steelhead with both the adipose and a ventral fin clipped may be retained.
- (B) Open November 1 through March 31 daily limit 2 hatchery steelhead.
 - (vi) Salmon:
 - (A) Open June 16 through August 15:
 - (I) Limit 6; no more than 2 adult hatchery Chinook.
 - (II) Release sockeye and wild adult Chinook.
- (B) Open August 16 through October 31: Limit 6; no more than 2 adult salmon may be retained.

- (i) From the Old Hanford townsite wooden power line towers, in Sec. 30, T13N, R28E, to Vernita Bridge, (Highway 24):
 - (i) Open February 1 through October 15.
- (ii) For all open species except sturgeon: It is permissible to fish with two poles so long as the angler possesses a two-pole endorsement.
 - (iii) Trout: Catch and release only.
 - (iv) Steelhead: Closed to fishing.
 - (v) Salmon:
 - (A) Open June 16 through August 15:
 - (I) Limit 6; no more than 2 adult hatchery Chinook.
 - (II) Release sockeye and wild adult Chinook.
- (B) Open August 16 through October 15: Limit 6; no more than 2 adult salmon may be retained.
- (j) From Vernita Bridge (Highway 24) to Priest Rapids Dam:
 - (i) Closed waters:
- (A) At Priest Rapids Dam; waters between the upstream line of Priest Rapids Dam downstream to the boundary markers 650 feet below the fish ladders.
- (B) At Jackson (Moran) Creek (waters of the Priest Rapids Hatchery system); extending to midstream of the Columbia River between boundary markers located 100 feet upstream and 400 feet downstream of the mouth of Jackson Creek.
- (ii) For all open species except sturgeon: It is permissible to fish with two poles so long as the angler possesses a two-pole endorsement.
 - (iii) Trout: Catch and release only.
 - (iv) Steelhead: Closed to fishing.
 - (v) Salmon:
 - (A) Open June 16 through August 15:
 - (I) Limit 6; no more than 2 adult hatchery Chinook.
 - (II) Release sockeye and wild adult Chinook.
- (B) Open August 16 through October 15: Limit 6; no more than 2 adult salmon may be retained.
 - (k) From Priest Rapids Dam to Rock Island Dam:
 - (i) Closed waters:
- (A) Wanapum Dam, between the upstream line of Wanapum Dam to the boundary markers 750 feet downstream of the east fish ladder and 500 feet downstream of the west fish ladder
- (B) Rock Island Dam, between the upstream line of Rock Island Dam to boundary markers 400 feet downstream of the fish ladders.
- (ii) July 1 through August 31: Fishing two poles is permissible so long as the angler possesses a two-pole endorsement.
 - (iii) Release all trout.
 - (iv) Steelhead: Closed to fishing.
 - (v) Salmon:
 - (A) Open July 1 through August 31:
- (I) Minimum length 12 inches; daily limit 6; no more than 2 adult hatchery Chinook may be retained.
 - (II) Release coho, sockeye, and wild adult Chinook.
- (B) Open September 1 through October 15: Open for Chinook only; daily limit 6, no more than 2 adults may be retained.

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(1) From Rock Island Dam to Wells Dam:

- (i) Closed waters:
- (A) At Rocky Reach Dam between the upstream line of the dam to boundary markers 400 feet downstream of the fish ladders.
- (B) At Wells Dam, between the upstream line of Wells Dam to boundary markers 400 feet downstream of the spawning channel discharge (on Chelan County side) and fish ladder (on Douglas County side).
- (ii) July 1 through August 31: Fishing two poles is permissible so long as the angler possesses a two-pole endorsement.
 - (iii) Release all trout.
 - (iv) Steelhead: Closed to fishing.
 - (v) Salmon open July 1 through October 15:
- (A) Minimum size 12 inches; limit 6; no more than 2 adult hatchery Chinook may be retained.
 - (B) Release coho, sockeye, and wild adult Chinook.

(m) From Wells Dam to Highway 173 Bridge at Brewster:

- (i) July 16 through August 31: Fishing two poles is permissible so long as the angler possesses a two-pole endorsement.
- (ii) Hatchery trout: Open July 16 through August 15. Minimum size 12 inches. Daily limit 10. Barbless hooks required.
 - (iii) Steelhead: Closed to fishing.
 - (iv) Salmon open July 16 through August 31:
- (A) Minimum size 12 inches; limit 6; no more than 2 adult hatchery Chinook may be retained.
 - (B) Release coho, sockeye, and wild adult Chinook.
- (n) From Highway 173 Bridge at Brewster to Chief Joseph Dam:
 - (i) Closed waters:
- (A) From the Okanogan County shore between Chief Joseph Dam and the Highway 17 Bridge.
- (B) From the Douglas County shore from Chief Joseph Dam to the rock jetty at the upstream shoreline of Foster Creek
- (ii) July 1 through August 31: Fishing two poles is permissible so long as the angler possesses a two-pole endorsement.
- (iii) It is unlawful to fish from a floating device downstream of Chief Joseph Dam from the boundary marker to the Corps of Engineers safety zone marker.
- (iv) Hatchery trout: Open July 1 through August 15. Minimum 12 inches. Daily limit 10. Barbless hooks required.
 - (v) Steelhead: Closed to fishing.
 - (vi) Salmon: Open July 1 through October 15:
- (A) Minimum size 12 inches; limit 6; no more than 2 adult hatchery Chinook may be retained.
 - (B) Release coho, sockeye, and wild adult Chinook.
- (o) **Above Chief Joseph Dam:** See Rufus Woods Lake in WAC 220-310-195.

(p) **Above Grand Coulee Dam:** See Lake Roosevelt in WAC 220-310-195.

WSR 18-21-130 EXPEDITED RULES BUILDING CODE COUNCIL

[Filed October 18, 2018, 4:16 p.m.]

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: Chapter 51-51 WAC, Washington state amendments to the 2015 International Residential Code.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: The proposed rule adds an alternate method for sizing footings for light-framed residential construction.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: The proposed rule provides additional paths for prescriptively sizing footings based on accepted engineering practices.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 19.27.031, 19.27.074.

Statute Being Implemented: Chapter 19.27 RCW.

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Proponent: Washington state building code council, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting and Implementation: Richard Brown, 1500 Jefferson Street S.E., Olympia, WA, 360-407-9277; and Enforcement: Local jurisdictions.

This notice meets the following criteria to use the expedited adoption process for these rules:

Corrects typographical errors, make address or name changes, or clarify language of a rule without changing its effect.

Have been the subject of negotiated rule making, pilot rule making, or some other process that involved substantial participation by interested parties before the development of the proposed rule.

NOTICE

THIS RULE IS BEING PROPOSED UNDER AN EXPEDITED RULE-MAKING PROCESS THAT WILL ELIMINATE THE NEED FOR THE AGENCY TO HOLD PUBLIC HEARINGS, PREPARE A SMALL BUSINESS ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT, OR PROVIDE RESPONSES TO THE CRITERIA FOR A SIGNIFICANT LEGISLATIVE RULE. IF YOU OBJECT TO THIS USE OF THE EXPEDITED RULE-MAKING PROCESS, YOU MUST EXPRESS YOUR OBJECTIONS IN WRITING AND THEY MUST BE SENT TO Richard Brown, Washington State Building Code Council, P.O. Box 41449, phone 360-407-9277, email sbcc@des.wa.gov, AND RECEIVED BY December 28, 2018.

October 11, 2018

Doug Orth

Council Chair

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AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 16-03-025, filed 1/11/16, effective 7/1/16)

WAC 51-51-0403 ((Reserved.)) Section R403—Footings.

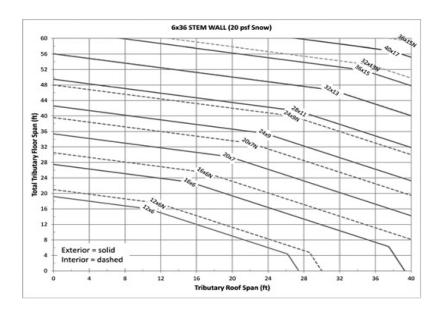
R403.1.1 Minimum size. The minimum width, W, and thickness, T, for concrete footings shall be in accordance with Tables R403.1(1) through R403.1(3) and Figure R403.1(1) or R403.1.3, as applicable. The footing width shall be based on the load-bearing value of the soil in accordance with Table R401.4.1. Footing projections, P, shall be not less than 2 inches (51 mm) and shall not exceed the thickness of the footing. Footing thickness and projection for fireplaces shall be in accordance with Section R1001. The size of footings supporting piers and columns shall be based on the tributary load and allowable soil pressure in accordance with Table R401.4.1. Footings for wood foundations shall be in accordance with the details set forth in Section R403.2, and Figures R403.1(2) and R403.1(3).

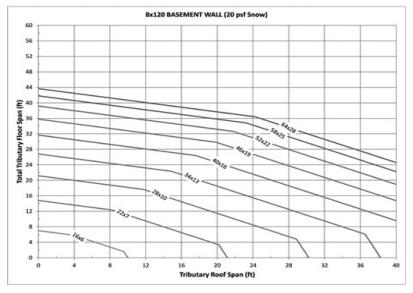
EXCEPTION:

Light-frame construction shall be permitted to have minimum footing size in accordance with Figures R403.1.1(1) through R403.1.1(4) in lieu of that determined by Table R403.1(1).

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Figure R403.1.1(1) Alternative Minimum Footing Size for Light-Frame Construction abcdefighi 20 PSF Snow Load





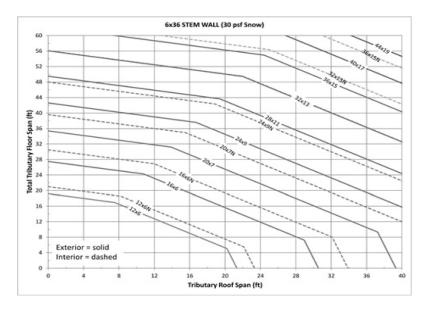
Notes:

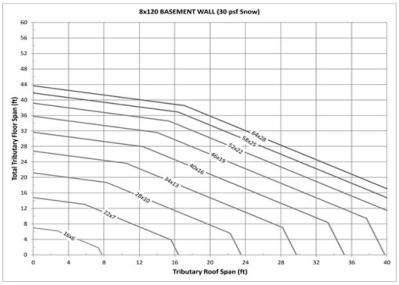
- a The minimum footing size is based on the following assumptions: Material weights per Section R301.2.2.2.1 and soil density = 120 pcf. Wood framed walls = 10 foot; crawlspace stem wall = 6 inches × 36 inches; basement wall = 8 inches × 120 inches. Total load (TL) equal to the maximum of three load combinations: LC1=D+L, LC2=D+S and LC3=D=0.75(L+S), where D=dead load, L=live load, S=snow load. TL=max (LC1, LC2, LC3).
- b Use tributary span of floor and roof. Figure may be used to size exterior and interior footings.
- 2 Add 4 feet to tributary floor span for each wood framed wall above first level (i.e., 4' for 2-story, 8' for 3-story).
- d Multiply floor span by 1.25 for interior footings supporting continuous joists.
- 2 Multiply footing width by (1500 psf/capacity) for soil capacity other than 1500 psf. See Section R403.1.1 for thickness.
- f Dashed line may be used for interior footing size only.
- g Use footing size indicated on line above the span combination used.
- h For span combinations above the upper line, a design professional is required.
- i Interpolation between footing sizes is allowed. Extrapolation is not allowed.

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Figure R403.1.1(2)

Alternative Minimum Footing Size for Light-Frame Construction abcdefighting Size for Load





Notes:

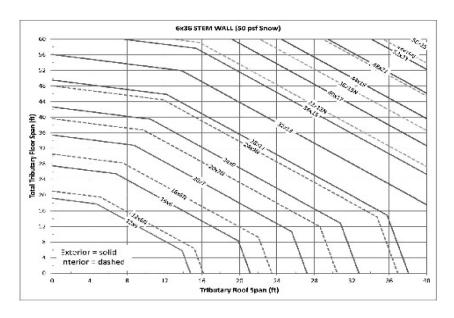
- a The minimum footing size is based on the following assumptions: Material weights per Section R301.2.2.2.1 and soil density = 120 pcf. Wood framed walls = 10 foot; crawlspace stem wall = 6 inches × 36 inches; basement wall = 8 inches × 120 inches. Total load (TL) equal to the maximum of three load combinations: LC1=D+L, LC2=D+S and LC3=D=0.75(L+S), where D=dead load, L=live load, S=snow load. TL=max (LC1, LC2, LC3).
- b Use tributary span of floor and roof. Figure may be used to size exterior and interior footings.
- 2 Add 4 feet to tributary floor span for each wood framed wall above first level (i.e., 4' for 2-story, 8' for 3-story).
- d Multiply floor span by 1.25 for interior footings supporting continuous joists.
- 2 Multiply footing width by (1500 psf/capacity) for soil capacity other than 1500 psf. See Section R403.1.1 for thickness.
- f Dashed line may be used for interior footing size only.
- g Use footing size indicated on line above the span combination used.
- h For span combinations above the upper line, a design professional is required.
- i Interpolation between footing sizes is allowed. Extrapolation is not allowed.

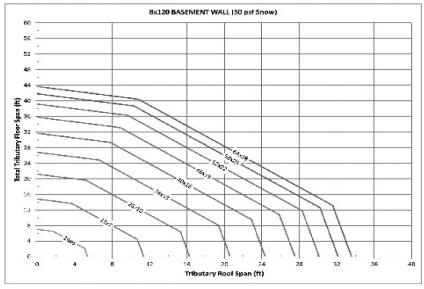
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Figure R403.1.1(3)

Alternative Minimum Footing Size for Light-Frame Construction ab.c.d.e.f.g.h.i

50 PSF Snow Load





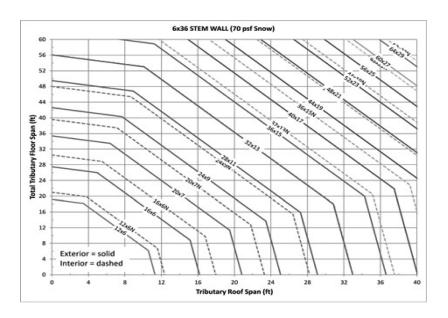
Notes:

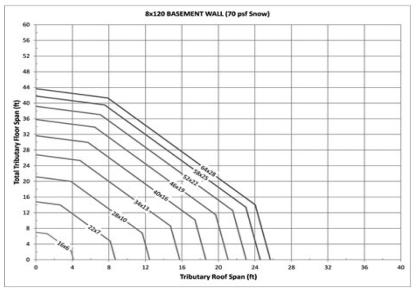
- a The minimum footing size is based on the following assumptions: Material weights per Section R301.2.2.2.1 and soil density = 120 pcf. Wood framed walls = 10 foot; crawlspace stem wall = 6 inches × 36 inches; basement wall = 8 inches × 120 inches. Total load (TL) equal to the maximum of three load combinations: LC1=D+L, LC2=D+S and LC3=D=0.75(L+S), where D=dead load, L=live load, S=snow load. TL=max (LC1, LC2, LC3).
- b Use tributary span of floor and roof. Figure may be used to size exterior and interior footings.
- 2 Add 4 feet to tributary floor span for each wood framed wall above first level (i.e., 4' for 2-story, 8' for 3-story).
- d Multiply floor span by 1.25 for interior footings supporting continuous joists.
- 2 Multiply footing width by (1500 psf/capacity) for soil capacity other than 1500 psf. See Section R403.1.1 for thickness.
- f Dashed line may be used for interior footing size only.
- g Use footing size indicated on line above the span combination used.
- h For span combinations above the upper line, a design professional is required.
- i Interpolation between footing sizes is allowed. Extrapolation is not allowed.

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Figure R403.1.1(4)

Alternative Minimum Footing Size for Light-Frame Construction abcdefighting 70 PSF Snow Load





Notes:

- a The minimum footing size is based on the following assumptions: Material weights per Section R301.2.2.2.1 and soil density = 120 pcf. Wood framed walls = 10 foot; crawlspace stem wall = 6 inches × 36 inches; basement wall = 8 inches × 120 inches. Total load (TL) equal to the maximum of three load combinations: LC1=D+L, LC2=D+S and LC3=D=0.75(L+S), where D=dead load, L=live load, S=snow load. TL=max (LC1, LC2, LC3).
- b Use tributary span of floor and roof. Figure may be used to size exterior and interior footings.
- 4 Add 4 feet to tributary floor span for each wood framed wall above first level (i.e., 4' for 2-story, 8' for 3-story).
- d Multiply floor span by 1.25 for interior footings supporting continuous joists.
- 2 Multiply footing width by (1500 psf/capacity) for soil capacity other than 1500 psf. See Section R403.1.1 for thickness.
- f Dashed line may be used for interior footing size only.
- g Use footing size indicated on line above the span combination used.
- h For span combinations above the upper line, a design professional is required.
- i Interpolation between footing sizes is allowed. Extrapolation is not allowed.

WSR 18-21-131 EXPEDITED RULES HEALTH CARE AUTHORITY

[Filed October 19, 2018, 7:34 a.m.]

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: WAC 182-516-0145 Irrevocable trusts containing both assets of the beneficiary and third-party assets.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: Correcting WAC reference.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: The agency is revising this rule to correct a WAC citation in WAC 182-516-0145 (1)(a)(ii). The citation should read, "see WAC 182-516-0125."

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 41.05.021, 41.05.160.

Statute Being Implemented: RCW 41.05.021, 41.05.160. Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Proponent: Health care authority (HCA), governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting: Jason Crabbe, P.O. Box 42716, Olympia, WA 98504-2716, 360-725-9563; Implementation and Enforcement: Stephen Kozak, P.O. Box 45534, Olympia, WA 98504-5534, 360-725-1343.

This notice meets the following criteria to use the expedited adoption process for these rules:

Corrects typographical errors, make address or name changes, or clarify language of a rule without changing its effect.

NOTICE

THIS RULE IS BEING PROPOSED UNDER AN EXPEDITED RULE-MAKING PROCESS THAT WILL ELIMINATE THE NEED FOR THE AGENCY TO HOLD PUBLIC HEARINGS, PREPARE A SMALL BUSINESS ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT, OR PROVIDE RESPONSES TO THE CRITERIA FOR A SIGNIFICANT LEGISLATIVE RULE. IF YOU OBJECT TO THIS USE OF THE EXPEDITED RULE-MAKING PROCESS, YOU MUST EXPRESS YOUR OBJECTIONS IN WRITING AND THEY MUST BE SENT TO Wendy Barcus, Rules Coordinator, HCA, P.O. Box 42716, Olympia, WA 98504-2716, phone 360-725-1306, fax 360-586-9727, email arc@hca.wa.gov, AND RECEIVED BY December 26, 2018.

October 19, 2018 Wendy Barcus Rules Coordinator

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-04-037, filed 1/30/18, effective 3/2/18)

WAC 182-516-0145 Irrevocable trusts containing both assets of the beneficiary and third-party assets. (1) For irrevocable trusts that contain both assets of the beneficiary and third-party assets, the medicaid agency or the agency's designee treats the assets of the beneficiary under

the self-settled trust rule in effect as of the date of the trust's establishment:

- (a) After August 11, 1993:
- (i) For irrevocable self-settled trusts for a disabled client under age sixty-five, see WAC 182-516-0120;
- (ii) For irrevocable pooled self-settled trusts for a disabled client, see WAC ((182-516-0130)) 182-516-0125; and
 - (iii) For all other trusts, see WAC 182-516-0130.
 - (b) Before August 11, 1993, see WAC 182-516-0135.
- (2) For irrevocable trusts that contain both assets of the beneficiary and third-party assets, the agency or the agency's designee treats third-party assets under the third-party trust rules under WAC 182-516-0140.

WSR 18-21-165 EXPEDITED RULES DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

[Filed October 23, 2018, 7:30 a.m.]

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: WAC 458-20-210 Sales of tangible personal property for farming—Sales of agricultural products by farmers, 458-20-263 Exemptions from retail sales and use taxes for qualifying electric generating and thermal heat producing systems using renewable energy sources, 458-20-273 Renewable energy system cost recovery, and 458-29A-400 Leasehold excise tax—Exemptions.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: WAC 458-20-210 is being amended to incorporate language from ESHB 2580 (2018), which expands the sales/use tax exemption for anaerobic digesters to include certain equipment.

WAC 458-20-263 is being amended to incorporate language from ESSB 5939 (2017), which ended the sales/use tax exemptions for certain solar energy equipment and ESHB 2580 (2018), which removes anaerobic digestion and landfill gas as types of renewable energy sources eligible for the seventy-five percent refund of sales/use tax paid for certain machinery and equipment.

WAC 458-20-273 is being repealed as a result of ESSB 5939 (2017), which ended the renewable energy system cost recovery incentive program for new applicants and transferred program management to Washington State University.

WAC 458-29A-400 is being amended to incorporate language from ESHB 2580 (2018), which reinstated the six year leasehold excise tax exemption for land, structures, and equipment used in the operation of new anaerobic digesters.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: The rules are being amended to incorporate legislation from 2017 (ESSB 5939, relating to tax incentives and fees for renewable energy) and 2018 (ESHB 2580, relating to renewable natural gas).

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 82.32.300 and 82.01.060(2).

Statute Being Implemented: RCW 82.08.900, 82.08.962, 82.08.963, 82.12.900, 82.12.962, 82.16.110, 82.16.120, 82.16.130, 82.29A.135.

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

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Name of Proponent: Department of revenue, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting: Jay Jetter, 6400 Linderson Way S.W., Tumwater, WA, 360-534-1568; Implementation and Enforcement: Randy Simmons, 6400 Linderson Way S.W., Tumwater, WA, 360-534-1605.

This notice meets the following criteria to use the expedited adoption process for these rules:

Adopts or incorporates by reference without material change federal statutes or regulations, Washington state statutes, rules of other Washington state agencies, shoreline master programs other than those programs governing shorelines of statewide significance, or, as referenced by Washington state law, national consensus codes that generally establish industry standards, if the material adopted or incorporated regulates the same subject matter and conduct as the adopting or incorporating rule.

This notice meets the following criteria to use the expedited repeal process for these rules:

Other rules of the agency or of another agency govern the same activity as the rule, making the rule redun-

Explanation of the Reason the Agency Believes the Expedited Rule-Making Process is Appropriate: The expedited rule-making process is applicable to these rule updates because the department is incorporating changes resulting from 2017 and 2018 legislation.

NOTICE

THIS RULE IS BEING PROPOSED UNDER AN EXPEDITED RULE-MAKING PROCESS THAT WILL ELIMINATE THE NEED FOR THE AGENCY TO HOLD PUBLIC HEARINGS, PREPARE A SMALL BUSINESS ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT, OR PROVIDE RESPONSES TO THE CRITERIA FOR A SIGNIFICANT LEGISLATIVE RULE. IF YOU OBJECT TO THIS USE OF THE EXPEDITED RULE-MAKING PROCESS, YOU MUST EXPRESS YOUR OBJECTIONS IN WRITING AND THEY MUST BE SENT TO Jay Jetter, Department of Revenue, P.O. Box 47453, Olympia, WA 98504-7453, phone 360-534-1568, fax 360-534-1606, email JayJ@dor.wa.gov, AND RECEIVED BY December 25, 2018.

October 23, 2018 Erin T. Lopez Rules Coordinator

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-13-094, filed 6/19/18, effective 7/20/18)

WAC 458-20-210 Sales of tangible personal property for farming—Sales of agricultural products by farmers. (1) Introduction. This rule explains the application of business and occupation (B&O), retail sales, and use taxes to the sale and/or use of feed, seed, fertilizer, spray materials, and other tangible personal property for farming. This rule also explains the application of B&O, retail sales, and litter taxes to the sale of agricultural products by farmers. Farmers should refer to WAC 458-20-101 (Tax registration and tax

reporting) to determine whether they must obtain a tax registration endorsement or a temporary registration certificate from the department of revenue (department).

- (a) **Examples.** This rule contains examples that identify a number of facts and then state a conclusion. These examples should be used only as a general guide. The tax results of other situations must be determined after a review of all facts and circumstances.
- (b) Other rules that may be relevant. Farmers and persons making sales to farmers may also want to refer to rules in the following list for additional information:
- (i) WAC 458-20-178 Use tax and the use of tangible personal property;
- (ii) WAC 458-20-209 Farming for hire and horticultural services performed for farmers;
 - (iii) WAC 458-20-222 Veterinarians;
- (iv) WAC 458-20-239 Sales to nonresidents of farm machinery or implements, and related services;
 - (v) WAC 458-20-243 Litter tax; and
- (vi) WAC 458-20-262 Retail sales and use tax exemptions for agricultural employee housing.
- (2) Who is a farmer? A "farmer" is any person engaged in the business of growing, raising, or producing, on the person's own lands or on the lands in which the person has a present right of possession, any agricultural product to be sold. Effective July 1, 2015, a "farmer" also includes eligible apiarists that grow, raise, or produce honey bee products for sale, or provide bee pollination services. A "farmer" does not include a person growing, raising, or producing agricultural products for the person's own consumption; a person selling any animal or substance obtained therefrom in connection with the person's business of operating a stockyard, slaughterhouse, or packing house; or a person in respect to the business of taking, cultivating, or raising timber. RCW 82.04.213.
- (3) What is an agricultural product? An "agricultural product" is any product of plant cultivation or animal husbandry including, but not limited to: A product of horticulture, grain cultivation, vermiculture, viticulture, or aquaculture as defined in RCW 15.85.020; plantation Christmas trees; short-rotation hardwoods as defined in RCW 84.33.-035; turf; or any animal, including, but not limited to, an animal that is a private sector cultured aquatic product as defined in RCW 15.85.020, a bird, an insect, or the substances obtained from such animals. Effective July 1, 2015, "agricultural product" includes honey bee products. An "agricultural product" does not include animals defined under RCW 16.70.020 as "pet animals." Effective June 12, 2014, RCW 82.04.213 excludes marijuana from the definition of "agricultural product." Marijuana is any product with a THC concentration greater than .03 percent. RCW 82.04.213.
- (4) Who is an eligible apiarist? An "eligible apiarist" is a person who owns or keeps one or more bee colonies and who grows, raises, or produces honey bee products for sale at wholesale and is registered under RCW 15.60.021.
- (5) What are honey bee products? "Honey bee products" are queen honey bees, packaged honey bees, honey, pollen, bees wax, propolis, or other substances obtained from honey bees. "Honey bee products" do not include manufactured substances or articles.

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- (6) **What is marijuana?** "Marijuana" is any product with a THC concentration greater than .03 percent. For additional information on marijuana see RCW 69.50.101.
- (7) Sales to farmers. Persons making sales of tangible personal property to farmers are generally subject to whole-saling or retailing B&O tax, as the case may be, on the gross proceeds of sales. Sales of some services performed for farmers, such as installing or repairing tangible personal property, are retail sales and subject to retailing B&O tax on the gross proceeds of such sales. Persons making retail sales must collect retail sales tax from the buyer, unless the sale is specifically exempt by law. Refer to subsection (9) of this rule for information about specific sales tax exemptions available for sales to farmers.
- (a) **Documenting wholesale sales.** A seller must take and retain from the buyer a copy of the buyer's reseller permit, or a completed "Farmers' Certificate for Wholesale Purchases and Sales Tax Exemptions" to document the wholesale nature of any transaction.
- (b) Buyer's responsibility when the seller does not collect retail sales tax on a retail sale. If the seller does not collect retail sales tax on a retail sale, the buyer must pay the retail sales tax (commonly referred to as "deferred sales tax") or use tax directly to the department, unless the sale is specifically exempt by law. The excise tax return does not have a separate line for reporting deferred sales tax. Consequently, deferred sales tax liability should be reported on the use tax line of the buyer's excise tax return. If a deferred sales tax or use tax liability is incurred by a farmer who is not required to obtain a tax registration endorsement from the department, the farmer must report the tax on a "Consumer Use Tax Return" and remit the appropriate tax to the department. For detailed information regarding use tax see WAC 458-20-178.

The Consumer Use Tax Return may be obtained by calling the department's telephone information center at 1-800-647-7706. The return may also be obtained from the department's web site at dor.wa.gov.

(c) Feed, seed, seedlings, fertilizer, spray materials, and agents for enhanced pollination. Sales to farmers of feed, seed, seedlings, fertilizer, spray materials, and agents for enhanced pollination, including insects such as bees, to be used for the purpose of producing an agricultural product, whether for wholesale or retail sale, are wholesale sales.

However, when these items are sold to consumers for purposes other than producing agricultural products for sale, the sales are retail sales. For example, sales of feed to riding clubs, racetrack operators, boarders, or similar persons who do not resell the feed at a specific charge are retail sales. Sales of feed for feeding pets or work animals, or for raising animals for the purpose of producing agricultural products for personal consumption are also retail sales. Sales of seed, fertilizer, and spray materials for use on lawns and gardens, or for any other personal use, are likewise retail sales.

(i) What is feed? "Feed" is any substance used as food to sustain or improve animals, birds, fish, bees, or other insects, including whole and processed grains or mixtures thereof, hay and forages or meals made therefrom, mill feeds and feeding concentrates, stock salt, hay salt, sugar, pollen patties, bone meal, fish meal, cod liver oil, double purpose limestone grit, oyster shell, and other similar substances. Food

additives that are given for their beneficial growth or weight effects are "feed."

Hormones or similar products that do not make a direct nutritional or energy contribution to the body are not "feed," nor are products used as medicines.

- (ii) **What is seed?** "Seed" is the propagative portions of plants commonly used for seeding or planting whether true seed, bulbs, plants, seed-like fruits, seedlings, or tubers. For purposes of this rule, "seed" does not include seeds or propagative portions of plants used to grow marijuana.
- (iii) What is fertilizer? "Fertilizer" is any substance containing one or more recognized plant nutrients and is used for its plant nutrient content and/or is designated for use in promoting plant growth. "Fertilizer" includes limes, gypsum, and manipulated animal and vegetable manures. There is no requirement that fertilizers be applied directly to the soil.
- (iv) What are spray materials? "Spray materials" are any substance or mixture of substances in liquid, powder, granular, dry flowable, or gaseous form, which is intended to prevent, destroy, control, repel, or mitigate any insect, rodent, nematode, mite, mollusk, fungus, weed, and any other form of plant or animal life normally considered to be a pest. The term includes treated materials, such as grains, that are intended to destroy, control, or repel such pests. "Spray materials" also include substances that act as plant regulators, defoliants, desiccants, or spray adjuvants.

(v) Examples.

- (A) Example 1. Sue grows vegetables for retail sale at a local market. Sue purchases fertilizers and spray materials that she applies to the vegetable plants. She also purchases feed for poultry that she raises to produce eggs for her personal consumption. Because the vegetables are an agricultural product produced for sale, retail sales tax does not apply to Sue's purchases of fertilizers and spray materials, provided she gives the seller a copy of her reseller permit, or a completed Farmers' Certificate for Wholesale Purchases and Sales Tax Exemptions. Retail sales tax applies to her purchases of poultry feed, as the poultry is raised to produce eggs for Sue's personal consumption.
- (B) Example 2. WG Vineyards (WG) grows grapes that it uses to manufacture wine for sale. WG purchases pesticides and fertilizers that are applied to its vineyards. WG may purchase these pesticides and fertilizers at wholesale, provided WG gives the seller a copy of their reseller permit, or a completed Farmers' Certificate for Wholesale Purchases and Sales Tax Exemptions.
- (C) Example 3. Seed Co. contracts with farmers to raise seed. Seed Co. provides the seed and agrees to purchase the crop if it meets specified standards. The contracts provide that ownership of the crop is retained by Seed Co., and the risk of crop loss is borne by the farmers. The farmers must pay for the seed whether or not the crop meets the specified standard. The transfer of the possession of the seed to each farmer is a wholesale sale, provided Seed Co. obtains a copy of their reseller permit, or a completed Farmers' Certificate for Wholesale Purchases and Sales Tax Exemptions from that farmer.
- (d) Chemical sprays or washes. Sales of chemical sprays or washes, whether to farmers or other persons, for the

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purpose of post-harvest treatment of fruit for the prevention of scald, fungus, mold, or decay are wholesale sales.

- (e) **Farming equipment.** Sales to farmers of farming equipment such as machinery, machinery parts and repair, tools, and cleaning materials are retail sales and subject to retailing B&O and retail sales taxes, unless specifically exempt by law. Refer to subsections (7)(i) and (9) of this rule for information about sales tax exemptions available to farmers.
- (f) Packing materials and containers. Sales of packing materials and containers, or tangible personal property that will become part of a container, to a farmer who will sell the property to be contained therein are wholesale sales, provided the packing materials and containers are not put to intervening use by the farmer. Thus, sales to farmers of binder twine for binding bales of hay that will be sold or wrappers for fruit and vegetables to be sold are subject to wholesaling B&O tax. However, sales of packing materials and containers to a farmer who will use the items as a consumer are retail sales and subject to retailing B&O and retail sales taxes. Thus, sales of binder twine to a farmer for binding bales of hay that will be used to feed the farmer's livestock are retail sales.
- (g) Purchases for dual purposes. A buyer normally engaged in both consuming and reselling certain types of tangible personal property who is unable to determine at the time of purchase whether the particular property purchased will be consumed or resold must purchase according to the general nature of his or her business. RCW 82.08.130. If the buyer principally consumes the articles in question, the buyer should not give a copy of its reseller permit for any part of the purchase. If the buyer principally resells the articles, the buyer may provide a copy of its reseller permit for the entire purchase. For the purposes of this subsection, the term "principally" means greater than fifty percent.

If a buyer makes a purchase for dual purposes and does not give a copy of their reseller permit for any of the purchase and thereafter resells some of the articles purchased, the buyer may claim a "taxable amount for tax paid at source" deduction. For additional information regarding purchases for dual purposes and the "taxable amount for tax paid at source" deduction see WAC 458-20-102.

- (i) **Potential deferred sales tax liability.** If the buyer gives a copy of its reseller permit for all purchases and thereafter consumes some of the articles purchased, the buyer is liable for deferred sales tax and must remit the tax directly to the department. Refer to (b) of this subsection, WAC 458-20-102 and 458-20-178 for more information regarding deferred sales tax and use tax.
- (ii) **Example 4.** A farmer purchases binder twine for binding bales of hay. Some of the hay will be sold and some will be used to feed the farmer's livestock. More than fifty percent of the binder twine is used for binding bales of hay that will be sold. Because the farmer principally uses the binder twine for binding bales of hay that will be sold, the farmer may provide a copy of their reseller permit, or a completed Farmers' Certificate for Wholesale Purchases and Sales Tax Exemptions to the seller for the entire purchase. The farmer is liable for deferred sales tax on the binder twine used for binding bales of hay that are used to feed the farmer's livestock and must remit the tax directly to the department.

- (h) "Fruit bin rentals" by fruit packers. Fruit packers often itemize their charges to farmers for various services related to the packing and storage of fruit. An example is a charge for the bins that the packer uses in the receiving, sorting, inspecting, and storing of fruit (commonly referred to as "bin rentals"). The packer delivers the bins to the grower, who fills them with fruit for eventual storage in the packer's warehouse. Charges by fruit packers to farmers for such bin rentals do not constitute the rental of tangible personal property to the farmer where the bins are under the control of the packer for use in the receiving, sorting, inspecting, and storing of fruit. These charges are income to the packer related to the receipt or storage of fruit. The packer, as the consumer of the bins, is subject to retail sales or use tax on the purchase or use of the bins. For information regarding the taxability of fruit packing by cooperative marketing associations and independent dealers acting as agents for others in the sales of fruit and produce see WAC 458-20-214.
- (i) Machinery and equipment used directly in a manufacturing operation. Machinery and equipment used directly in a manufacturing operation by a manufacturer or processor for hire is exempt from sales and use taxes provided that all requirements for the exemptions are met. RCW 82.08.02565 and 82.12.02565. These exemptions are commonly referred to as the M&E exemption. Farmers who use agricultural products that they have grown, raised, or produced as ingredients in a manufacturing process may be entitled to the M&E exemption on the acquisition of machinery and equipment used directly in their manufacturing operation. For more information on the M&E exemption see WAC 458-20-13601.
- (8) Sales by farmers. Farmers are not subject to B&O tax on wholesale sales of agricultural products. Effective July 1, 2015, bee pollination services provided to farmers by eligible apiarists also qualify for the exemption provided by RCW 82.04.330. Farmers who manufacture products using agricultural products that they have grown, raised, or produced should refer to (b) of this subsection for tax-reporting information.

Farmers are subject to retailing B&O tax on retail sales of agricultural products and retailing or wholesaling B&O tax on sales of nonagricultural products, as the case may be, unless specifically exempt by law. Also, B&O tax applies to sales of agricultural products that the seller has not grown, raised, or produced on the seller's own land or on land in which the seller has a present right of possession, whether these products are sold at wholesale or retail. Likewise, B&O tax applies to sales of animals or substances derived from animals in connection with the business of operating a stockyard, slaughterhouse, or packing house. Farmers may be eligible to claim a small business B&O tax credit if the amount of B&O tax liability in a reporting period is under a certain amount. For more information about the small business B&O tax credit see WAC 458-20-104.

(a) Litter tax. The gross proceeds of sales of certain products, including food for human or pet consumption, are subject to litter tax. RCW 82.19.020. Litter tax does not apply to sales of agricultural products that are exempt from B&O tax under RCW 82.04.330. RCW 82.19.050. Thus, farmers are not subject to litter tax on wholesale sales of agricultural

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products but are liable for litter tax on the gross proceeds of retail sales of agricultural products that constitute food for human or pet consumption. In addition, farmers that manufacture products for use and consumption within this state (e.g., a farmer who produces wine from grapes that the farmer has grown) may be liable for litter tax measured by the value of the products manufactured. For more information about the litter tax see chapter 82.19 RCW and WAC 458-20-243.

- **Example 5.** RD Orchards (RD) grows apples at its orchards. Most apples are sold at wholesale, but RD operates a seasonal roadside fruit stand from which it sells apples at retail. The wholesale sales of apples are exempt from both B&O and litter taxes. The retail sales of apples are subject to retailing B&O and litter taxes but are exempt from sales tax because the apples are sold as a food product for human consumption. Refer to subsection (9)(d) of this rule for more information about the retail sales tax exemption applicable to sales of food products for human consumption.
- (b) Farmers using agricultural products in a manufacturing process. The B&O tax exemption provided by RCW 82.04.330 does not apply to any person selling manufactured substances or articles. Thus, farmers who manufacture products using agricultural products that they have grown, raised, or produced are subject to manufacturing B&O tax on the value of products manufactured. Farmers who sell their manufactured products at retail or wholesale in the state of Washington are also generally subject to the retailing or wholesaling B&O tax, as the case may be. In such cases, a multiple activities tax credit (MATC) may be available. Refer to WAC 458-20-136 (Manufacturing, processing for hire, fabricating) and WAC 458-20-19301 (Multiple activities tax credits), respectively, for more information about the manufacturing B&O tax and the MATC.
- (i) Manufacturing fresh fruits and vegetables. RCW 82.04.4266 provides a B&O tax exemption to persons manufacturing fresh fruits or vegetables by canning, preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits or vegetables. For purposes of this rule, "fruits" and "vegetables" does not include marijuana.

Wholesale sales of fresh fruits or vegetables canned, preserved, frozen, processed, or dehydrated by the seller and sold to purchasers who transport the goods out of this state in the ordinary course of business are also eligible for this exemption. A seller must keep and preserve records for the period required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the purchaser transported the goods out of Washington state.

- (A) A person claiming the exemption must file a complete annual tax performance report with the department under RCW 82.32.534. In addition, persons claiming this tax preference must report the amount of the exemption on their monthly or quarterly excise tax return. For more information on reporting requirements for this tax preference see RCW 82.32.808.
- (B) RCW 82.04.4266 is scheduled to expire July 1, 2025, at which time the preferential B&O tax rate under RCW 82.04.260 will apply.
- (ii) Manufacturing dairy products. RCW 82.04.4268 provides a B&O tax exemption to persons manufacturing dairy products, not including any marijuana-infused product,

that as of September 20, 2001, are identified in 21 C.F.R., chapter 1, parts 131, 133, and 135. These products include milk, buttermilk, cream, yogurt, cheese, and ice cream, and also include by-products from the manufacturing of dairy products such as whey and casein.

The exemption also applies to persons selling manufactured dairy products to purchasers who transport the goods out of Washington state in the ordinary course of business. Unlike the exemption for certain wholesale sales of fresh fruits or vegetables (see (b)(i) of this subsection), the exemption for sales of qualifying dairy products does not require that the sales be made at wholesale.

A seller must keep and preserve records for the period required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the purchaser transported the goods out of Washington state or the goods were sold to a manufacturer for use as an ingredient or component in the manufacturing of a dairy product.

- (A) A person claiming the exemption must file a complete annual tax performance report with the department under RCW 82.32.534. In addition, persons claiming this tax preference must report the amount of the exemption on their monthly or quarterly excise tax return. For more information on reporting requirements for this tax preference see RCW 82.32.808.
- (B) RCW 82.04.4268 is scheduled to expire July 1, 2025, at which time the preferential B&O tax rate under RCW 82.04.260 will apply.
- (C) Effective October 1, 2013, the exemption provided by RCW 82.04.4268 expanded to include wholesale sales by a dairy product manufacturer to a purchaser who uses the dairy products as an ingredient or component in the manufacturing in Washington of another dairy product. The definition of dairy products was expanded to include products comprised of not less than seventy percent dairy products measured by weight or volume.
- (c) Raising cattle for wholesale sale. RCW 82.04.330 provides a B&O tax exemption to persons who raise cattle for wholesale sale provided that the cattle are held for at least sixty days prior to the sale. Persons who hold cattle for fewer than sixty days before reselling the cattle are not considered to be engaging in the normal activities of growing, raising, or producing livestock for sale.
- **Example 6.** A feedlot operation purchases cattle and feeds them until they attain a good market condition. The cattle are then sold at wholesale. The feedlot operator is exempt from B&O tax on wholesale sales of cattle if it held the cattle for at least sixty days while they were prepared for market. However, the feedlot operator is subject to wholesaling B&O tax on wholesale sales of cattle held for fewer than sixty days prior to the sale.
- (d) **B&O** tax exemptions available to farmers. In addition to the exemption for wholesale sales of agricultural products, several other B&O tax exemptions available to farmers are discussed in this subsection.
- (i) Growing, raising, or producing agricultural products owned by other persons. RCW 82.04.330 exempts amounts received by a farmer for growing, raising, or producing agricultural products owned by others, such as custom feed operations.

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- **Example 7.** A farmer is engaged in the business of raising cattle owned by others (commonly referred to as "custom feeding"). After the cattle attain a good market condition, the owner sells them. Amounts received by the farmer for custom feeding are exempt from B&O tax under RCW 82.04.330, provided that the farmer held the cattle for at least sixty days. Farmers are not considered to be engaging in the activity of raising cattle for sale unless the cattle are held for at least sixty days while the cattle are prepared for market. (See (c) of this subsection.)
- (ii) Processed hops shipped outside Washington for first use. RCW 82.04.337 exempts amounts received by hop growers or dealers for hops shipped outside the state of Washington for first use, if those hops have been processed into extract, pellets, or powder in this state. However, the processor or warehouser of such products is not exempt on amounts charged for processing or warehousing such products.
- (iii) Sales of hatching eggs or poultry. RCW 82.04.410 exempts amounts received for the sale of hatching eggs or poultry by farmers producing hatching eggs or poultry, when these agricultural products are for use in the production for sale of poultry or poultry products.
- (9) Retail sales tax and use tax exemptions. This subsection provides information about a number of retail sales tax and corresponding use tax exemptions available to farmers and persons buying tangible personal property at retail from farmers. Some exemptions require the buyer to provide the seller with an exemption certificate. Refer to subsection (10) of this rule for additional information regarding exemption certificates.
- (a) **Pollen.** RCW 82.08.0277 and 82.12.0273 exempt the sale and use of pollen from retail sales and use taxes.
- (b) **Semen.** RCW 82.08.0272 and 82.12.0267 exempt the sale and use of semen used in the artificial insemination of livestock from retail sales and use taxes.
- (c) Feed for livestock at public livestock markets. RCW 82.08.0296 and 82.12.0296 exempt the sale and use of feed to be consumed by livestock at a public livestock market from retail sales and use taxes.
- (d) **Food products.** RCW 82.08.0293 and 82.12.0293 exempt the sale and use of food products for human consumption from retail sales and use taxes. These exemptions also apply to the sale or use of livestock for personal consumption as food. For more information about food products that qualify for this exemption see WAC 458-20-244.
- (e) Auction sales of farm property. RCW 82.08.0257 and 82.12.0258 exempt from retail sales and use taxes tangible personal property, including household goods, which has been used in conducting a farm activity, if the property is purchased from a farmer, as defined in RCW 82.04.213, at an auction sale held or conducted by an auctioneer on a farm. Effective June 12, 2014, these exemptions do not apply to personal property used by a person in the production of marituana.
- (f) **Poultry.** RCW 82.08.0267 and 82.12.0262 exempt from retail sales and use taxes the sale and use of poultry used in the production for sale of poultry or poultry products.

Example 8. A poultry hatchery produces poultry from eggs. The resulting poultry are sold to egg producers. These

- sales are exempt from retail sales tax under RCW 82.08.0267. (They are also exempt from B&O tax. See subsection (8)(d)(iii) of this rule.)
- (g) Leases of irrigation equipment. RCW 82.08.0288 and 82.12.0283 exempt the lease or use of irrigation equipment from retail sales and use taxes, but only if:
- (i) The lessor purchased the irrigation equipment for the purpose of irrigating land controlled by the lessor;
- (ii) The lessor has paid retail sales or use tax upon the irrigation equipment;
- (iii) The irrigation equipment is attached to the land in whole or in part;
- (iv) Effective June 12, 2014, the irrigation equipment is not used in the production of marijuana; and
- (v) The irrigation equipment is leased to the lessee as an incidental part of the lease of the underlying land and is used solely on such land.
- (h) **Beef and dairy cattle.** RCW 82.08.0259 and 82.12.0261 exempt the sale and use of beef and dairy cattle, to be used by a farmer in producing an agricultural product, from retail sales and use taxes.

Example 9. John operates a farm where he raises beef and dairy cattle for sale. He also raises other livestock for sale including hogs, sheep, and goats. John's sales of beef and dairy cattle for use on a farm are exempt from retail sales tax. However, John must collect retail sales tax on all retail sales of sheep, goats, and hogs unless the sales qualify for either the food products exemption described in (d) of this subsection, or the exemption for sales of livestock for breeding purposes described in this subsection (9)(i) of this rule.

(i) Livestock for breeding purposes. RCW 82.08.0259 and 82.12.0261 exempt the sale or use of livestock, as defined in RCW 16.36.005, for breeding purposes where the animals are registered in a nationally recognized breed association from retail sales and use taxes.

Example 10. ABC Farms raises and sells quarter horses registered in the American Quarter Horse Association (AQHA). Quarter horses are generally recognized as a definite breed of horse, and the AQHA is a nationally recognized breed association. Therefore, ABC Farms is not required to collect sales tax on retail sales of quarter horses for breeding purposes, provided it receives and retains a completed exemption certificate from the buyer.

- (j) **Bedding materials for chickens.** RCW 82.08.920 and 82.12.920 exempt from retail sales and use taxes the sale to and use of bedding materials by farmers to accumulate and facilitate the removal of chicken manure, provided the farmer is raising chickens that are sold as agricultural products.
- (i) What are bedding materials? "Bedding materials" are wood shavings, straw, sawdust, shredded paper, and other similar materials.
- (ii) **Example 11.** Farmer raises chickens for use in producing eggs for sale. When the chickens are no longer useful for producing eggs, Farmer sells them to food processors for soup and stew meat. Farmer purchases bedding materials used to accumulate and facilitate the removal of chicken manure. The purchases of bedding materials by Farmer are exempt from retail sales tax as long as Farmer provides the seller with a completed Farmers' Certificate for Wholesale Purchases and Sales Tax Exemptions. See subsection (10) of

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this rule for where to find an exemption certificate. The seller must retain a copy of the exemption certificate for its records.

The exemption merely requires that the chickens be sold as agricultural products. It is immaterial that Farmer primarily raises the chickens to produce eggs.

- (k) Propane or natural gas used to heat structures housing chickens. RCW 82.08.910 and 82.12.910 exempt from retail sales and use taxes the sale to and use of propane or natural gas by farmers to heat structures used to house chickens. The propane or natural gas must be used exclusively to heat the structures, and the structures must be used exclusively to house chickens that are sold as agricultural products.
- (i) What are "structures"? "Structures" are barns, sheds, and other similar buildings in which chickens are housed.
- (ii) **Example 12.** Farmer purchases natural gas that is used to heat structures housing chickens. The natural gas is used exclusively to heat the structures, and the structures are used exclusively to house chickens. The chickens are used to produce eggs. When the chickens are no longer useful for producing eggs, Farmer sells the chickens to food processors for soup and stew meat. The purchase of natural gas by Farmer is exempt from retail sales tax as long as Farmer provides the seller with a completed Farmers' Certificate for Wholesale Purchases and Sales Tax Exemptions. See subsection (10) of this rule for where to find an exemption certificate. The seller must retain a copy of the exemption certificate for its records.

The exemption merely requires that the chickens be sold as agricultural products. It is immaterial that Farmer primarily houses these chickens to produce eggs.

- (iii) **Example 13.** Farmer purchases natural gas that is used to heat structures used in the incubation of chicken eggs and structures used for washing, packing, and storing eggs. The natural gas used to heat these structures is not exempt from retail sales tax because the structures are not used exclusively to house chickens that are sold as agricultural products.
 - (1) Farm fuel used for agricultural purposes.
- (i) **Diesel, biodiesel and aircraft fuels.** RCW 82.08.865 and 82.12.865 exempt from retail sales and use taxes the sale and use of diesel fuel, biodiesel fuel, and aircraft fuel, to farm fuel users for agricultural purposes. The exemptions apply to a fuel blend if all of the component fuels of the blend would otherwise be exempt if the component fuels were sold as separate products. The buyer must provide the seller with a completed Farmers' Certificate for Wholesale Purchases and Sales Tax Exemptions. See subsection (10) of this rule for where to find an exemption certificate. The seller must retain a copy of the exemption certificate for its records.
- (A) The exemptions apply to nonhighway uses for production of agricultural products and for providing horticultural services to farmers. Horticultural services include:
 - (I) Soil preparation services;
 - (II) Crop cultivation services;
 - (III) Crop harvesting services.
- (B) The exemptions do not apply to uses other than for agricultural purposes. Agricultural purposes do not include:
- (I) Heating space for human habitation or water for human consumption; or

- (II) Transporting on public roads individuals, agricultural products, farm machinery or equipment, or other tangible personal property, except when the transportation is incidental to transportation on private property and the fuel used for such transportation is not subject to tax under chapter 82.38 RCW.
- (ii) Propane and natural gas used in distilling mint on a farm. Effective October 1, 2013, RCW 82.08.220 and 82.12.220 exempt from retail sales and use taxes sales to and use by farmers of propane or natural gas used exclusively to distill mint on a farm. The buyer must provide the seller with a completed Farmers' Certificate for Wholesale Purchases and Sales Tax Exemptions. The seller must retain a copy of the exemption certificate for its records. See subsection (10) of this rule for where to find an exemption certificate. The seller must also report amounts claimed for exemption when electronically filing excise tax returns. This exemption is scheduled to expire July 1, 2017.
- (m) Nutrient management equipment and facilities. RCW 82.08.890 and 82.12.890 provide retail sales and use tax exemptions for the sale to or use by eligible persons of:
- (i) Qualifying livestock nutrient management equipment;
- (ii) Labor and services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving qualifying live-stock nutrient management equipment; and
- (iii) Labor and services rendered in respect to repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving qualifying livestock nutrient management facilities, or to tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of qualifying livestock nutrient management facilities in the course of repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving such facilities.
- (iv) Nonqualifying labor and services. This subsection (9)(m)(iii) of this rule does not include the sale of or charge made for labor and services rendered in respect to the constructing of new, or replacing previously existing, qualifying livestock nutrient management facilities, or tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of qualifying livestock nutrient management facilities during the course of constructing new, or replacing previously existing qualifying livestock nutrient management facilities.
- (v) Nutrient management plan must be certified or approved. The exemptions provided by RCW 82.08.890 and 82.12.890 apply to sales made after the livestock nutrient management plan is:
 - (A) Certified under chapter 90.64 RCW;
- (B) Approved as part of the permit issued under chapter 90.48 RCW; or
- (C) Approved by a conservation district and who qualifies for the exemption provided under RCW 82.08.855. Effective June 12, 2014, the requirement for the department to issue exemption certificates was removed. A Farmers' Certificate for Wholesale Purchases and Sales Tax Exemptions should be completed and provided to the seller.

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- (vi) Definitions. For the purpose of these exemptions, the following definitions apply:
- (A) "Animal feeding operation" means a lot or facility, other than an aquatic animal production facility, where the following conditions are met:
- Animals, other than aquatic animals, have been, are, or will be stabled or confined and fed or maintained for a total of forty-five days or more in any twelve-month period; and
- Crops, vegetation, forage growth, or post-harvest residues are not sustained in the normal growing season over any portion of the lot or facility.
- (B) "Conservation district" means a subdivision of state government organized under chapter 89.08 RCW.
 - (C) "Eligible person" means a person:
- Licensed to produce milk under chapter 15.36 RCW who has a certified dairy nutrient management plan, as required by chapter 90.64 RCW; or
- Who owns an animal feeding operation and has a permit issued under chapter 90.48 RCW; or
- Who owns an animal feeding operation and has a nutrient management plan approved by a conservation district as meeting natural resource conservation service field office technical guide standards and who qualifies for the exemption provided under RCW 82.08.855.
- (D) "Handling and treatment of livestock manure" means the activities of collecting, storing, moving, or transporting livestock manure, separating livestock manure solids from liquids, or applying livestock manure to the agricultural lands of an eligible person other than through the use of pivot or linear type traveling irrigation systems.
- (E) "Permit" means either a state waste discharge permit or a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit, or both.
- (F) "Qualifying livestock nutrient management equipment" means the tangible personal property listed below for exclusive use in the handling and treatment of livestock manure, including repair and replacement parts for the same equipment:

Aerators

Agitators

Augers

Conveyers

Gutter cleaners

Hard-hose reel traveler irrigation systems

Lagoon and pond liners and floating covers

Loaders

Manure composting devices

Manure spreaders

Manure tank wagons

Manure vacuum tanks

Poultry house cleaners

Poultry house flame sterilizers

Poultry house washers

Poultry litter saver machines

Pipes

Pumps

Scrapers

Separators

Slurry injectors and hoses

Wheelbarrows, shovels, and pitchforks.

(G) "Qualifying livestock nutrient management facilities" means the exclusive use in the handling and treatment of livestock manure of the facilities listed below:

Flush systems

Lagoons

Liquid livestock manure storage structures, such as concrete tanks or glass-lined steel tanks

Structures used solely for dry storage of manure, including roofed stacking facilities.

(n) Anaerobic digesters (effective July 1, 2018).

- (i) RCW 82.08.900 and 82.12.900 provide retail sales and use tax exemptions for purchases and uses by eligible persons:
- (A) In respect to equipment necessary to process biogas from a landfill into marketable coproducts including, but not limited to, biogas conditioning, compression, and electrical generation equipment, or to services rendered in respect to installing, constructing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving equipment necessary to process biogas from a landfill into marketable coproducts; and
- (B) Establishing or operating anaerobic digesters or to services rendered in respect to installing, constructing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving an anaerobic digester. The exemptions include sales of tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of the anaerobic digester. ((The anaerobic digester must be used primarily (more than fifty percent measured by volume or weight) to treat livestock manure. Anaerobic digester is a facility that processes manure from livestock into biogas and dried manure using microorganisms in a decomposition process within a closed, oxygen-free container.
- (i))) Anaerobic digester means a facility that processes organic material into biogas and digestate using microorganisms in a decomposition process within a closed, oxygen-free container as well as the equipment necessary to process biogas or digestate produced by an anaerobic digester into marketable coproducts including, but not limited to, biogas conditioning, compression, nutrient recovery, and electrical generation equipment.
- (ii) Exemption certificate. Effective July 24, 2015, eligible persons no longer need to apply for an exemption certificate. An "eligible person" is any person establishing or operating an anaerobic digester ((to treat primarily livestock manure)) or landfill or processing biogas from an anaerobic digester or landfill into marketable coproducts.
- (((ii))) (iii) **Records retention.** Persons claiming the exemptions under RCW 82.08.900 and 82.12.900 must keep records necessary for the department to verify eligibility. Sellers may make tax exempt sales only if the buyer provides the seller with a completed Farmers' Certificate for Wholesale Purchases and Sales Tax Exemptions, and the seller retains a copy of the certificate for its files. See subsection (10) of this rule for where to find an exemption certificate.
- (o) Anaerobic digesters (effective until July 1, 2018). RCW 82.08.900 and 82.12.900 provide retail sales and use tax exemptions for purchases and uses by eligible persons establishing or operating anaerobic digesters or to services rendered in respect to installing, constructing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving an anaerobic digester. The

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- exemptions include sales of tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of the anaerobic digester. The anaerobic digester must be used primarily (more than fifty percent measured by volume or weight) to treat livestock manure. Anaerobic digester is a facility that processes manure from livestock into biogas and dried manure using microorganisms in a decomposition process within a closed, oxygen-free container.
- (i) Exemption certificate. Effective July 24, 2015, eligible persons no longer need to apply for an exemption certificate. An "eligible person" is any person establishing or operating an anaerobic digester to treat primarily livestock manure.
- (ii) Records retention. Persons claiming the exemptions under RCW 82.08.900 and 82.12.900 must keep records necessary for the department to verify eligibility. Sellers may make tax exempt sales only if the buyer provides the seller with a completed Farmers' Certificate for Wholesale Purchases and Sales Tax Exemptions, and the seller retains a copy of the certificate for its files. See subsection (10) of this rule for where to find an exemption certificate.
- (p) Animal pharmaceuticals. RCW 82.08.880 and 82.12.880 exempt from retail sales and use taxes the sale of and use of certain animal pharmaceuticals when sold to, or used by, farmers or veterinarians. To qualify for the exemption, the animal pharmaceutical must be administered to an animal raised by a farmer for the purpose of producing an agricultural product for sale. In addition, the animal pharmaceutical must be approved by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) or the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA).
- (i) **Who is a veterinarian?** A "veterinarian" means a person who is licensed to practice veterinary medicine, surgery, or dentistry under chapter 18.92 RCW.
- (ii) How can I determine whether the FDA or USDA has approved an animal pharmaceutical? The FDA and USDA have an established approval process set forth in federal regulations. The FDA maintains a list of all approved animal pharmaceuticals called the "Green Book." The USDA maintains a list of approved biotechnology products called the "Veterinary Biologics Product Catalogue." Pharmaceuticals that are not on either of these lists have not been approved and are not eligible for the exemption.
- (iii) **Example 17.** Dairy Farmer purchases sterilizing agents. The sterilizing agents are applied to the equipment and facilities where Dairy Farmer's cows are milked. Dairy Farmer also purchases teat dips, antiseptic udder washes, and salves that are not listed in either the FDA's *Green Book* of approved animal pharmaceuticals or the USDA's *Veterinary Biologics Product Catalogue* of approved biotechnology products. The purchases of sterilizing agents are not exempt as animal pharmaceuticals because the sterilizing agents are not administered to animals. The teat dips, antiseptic udder washes, and salves are likewise not exempt because they have not been approved by the FDA or USDA.
- (iv) What type of animal must the pharmaceutical be administered to? As explained above, the exemptions are limited to the sale and use of animal pharmaceuticals administered to an animal that is raised by a farmer for the purpose of producing an agricultural product for sale. The conditions

- under which a farmer may purchase and use tax-exempt animal pharmaceuticals are similar to those under which a farmer may purchase and use feed at wholesale. Both types of purchases and uses require that the particular product be sold to or used by a farmer (or a veterinarian in the case of animal pharmaceuticals), and that the product be given or administered to an animal raised by a farmer for the purpose of producing an agricultural product for sale.
- (v) Examples of animals raised for the purpose of producing agricultural products for sale. For purposes of the exemptions, the following is a nonexclusive list of examples of animals that are being raised for the purpose of producing an agricultural product for sale, presuming all other requirements for the exemption are met:
- (A) Horses, cattle, or other livestock raised by a farmer for sale:
- (B) Cattle raised by a farmer for the purpose of slaughtering, if the resulting products are sold;
- (C) Milk cows raised and/or used by a dairy farmer for the purpose of producing milk for sale;
- (D) Horses raised by a farmer for the purpose of producing foals for sale;
- (E) Sheep raised by a farmer for the purpose of producing wool for sale; and
- (F) "Private sector cultured aquatic products" as defined by RCW 15.85.020 (e.g., salmon, catfish, and mussels) raised by an aquatic farmer for the purpose of sale.
- (vi) Examples of animals that are not raised for the purpose of producing agricultural products for sale. For purposes of the exemptions, the following nonexclusive list of examples do not qualify because the animals are not being raised for the purpose of producing an agricultural product for sale:
- (A) Cattle raised for the purpose of slaughtering if the resulting products are not produced for sale;
 - (B) Sheep and other livestock raised as pets;
- (C) Dogs or cats, whether raised as pets or for sale. Dogs and cats are pet animals; therefore, they are not considered to be agricultural products. (See subsection (3) of this rule); and
- (D) Horses raised for the purpose of racing, showing, riding, and jumping. However, if at some future time the horses are no longer raised for racing, showing, riding, or jumping and are instead being raised by a farmer for the purpose of producing foals for sale, the exemption will apply if all other requirements for the exemption are met.
- (vii) **Do products that are used to administer animal pharmaceuticals qualify for the exemption?** Sales and uses of products that are used to administer animal pharmaceuticals (e.g., syringes) do not qualify for the exemptions, even if they are later used to administer a tax-exempt animal pharmaceutical. However, sales and uses of tax-exempt animal pharmaceuticals contained in a product used to administer the animal pharmaceutical (e.g., a dose of a tax-exempt pharmaceutical contained in a syringe or cotton applicator) qualify for the exemption.
- (((p))) (<u>q</u>) Replacement parts for qualifying farm machinery and equipment. RCW 82.08.855 and 82.12.855 exempt from retail sales and use taxes sales to and uses by eligible farmers of replacement parts for qualifying farm machinery and equipment. Also included are: Labor and ser-

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vices rendered during the installation of repair parts; and labor and services rendered during repair as long as no tangible personal property is installed, incorporated, or placed in, or becomes an ingredient or component of the qualifying equipment other than replacement parts.

- (i) The following definitions apply to this subsection:
- (A) "Eligible farmer" as defined in RCW 82.08.855(4).
- (B) "Qualifying farm machinery and equipment" means machinery and equipment used primarily by an eligible farmer for growing, raising, or producing agricultural products, and effective July 1, 2015, providing bee pollination services, or both.
- (C) "Qualifying farm machinery and equipment" does not include:
- Vehicles as defined in RCW 46.04.670, other than farm tractors as defined in RCW 46.04.180, farm vehicles and other farm implements. "Farm implements" means machinery or equipment manufactured, designed, or reconstructed for agricultural purposes and used primarily by an eligible farmer to grow, raise, or produce agricultural products, but does not include lawn tractors and all-terrain vehicles;
 - Aircraft:
 - Hand tools and hand-powered tools; and
 - Property with a useful life of less than one year.
- (D) "Replacement parts" means those parts that replace an existing part, or which are essential to maintain the working condition, of a piece of qualifying farm machinery or equipment. Paint, fuel, oil, hydraulic fluids, antifreeze, and similar items are not replacement parts except when installed, incorporated, or placed in qualifying farm machinery and equipment during the course of installing replacement parts as defined here or making repairs as described above in (p) of this subsection.
- (ii) **Exemption certificate.** Prior to June 12, 2014, the department was required to provide an exemption certificate to an eligible farmer or renew an exemption certificate when the eligible farmer applied for a renewal.
- (A) Persons claiming the exemptions must keep records necessary for the department to verify eligibility. Sellers making tax-exempt sales must obtain, and retain in its files, a completed Farmers' Certificate for Wholesale Purchases and Sales Tax Exemptions from the farmer. In lieu of the exemption certificate, a seller may capture the relevant data elements as allowed under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement.
- (B) The exemptions provided by RCW 82.08.890 and 82.12.890 do not apply to sales made from July 1, 2010, through June 30, 2013.
- (10) Sales tax exemption certificates. As indicated in subsection (9) of this rule, certain sales of tangible personal property and retail services either to or by farmers are exempt from retail sales tax. A person claiming an exemption must keep records necessary for the department to verify eligibility for each claimed exemption. Effective June 12, 2014, the requirement for the department to issue certificates to qualified farmers was removed. Instead, farmers may complete and use the department's Farmers' Certificate for Wholesale Purchases and Sales Tax Exemptions. Refer to the department's web site at dor.wa.gov for the exemption certificate. In

lieu of an exemption certificate, a seller may capture the relevant data elements as provided under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement as allowed under RCW 82.08.050. Sellers must retain a copy of the exemption certificate or the data elements in their files. Without proper documentation, sellers are liable for payment of the retail sales tax on sales claimed as exempt.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-13-094, filed 6/19/18, effective 7/20/18)

WAC 458-20-263 Exemptions from retail sales and use taxes for qualifying electric generating ((and thermal heat producing)) systems using renewable energy sources. RCW 82.08.962((, 82.08.963, 82.12.962, and 82.12.963)) and 82.12.962 provide exemptions from the "retail sales tax" described in chapter 82.08 RCW and the "use tax" described in chapter 82.12 RCW paid with respect to the sale or use of machinery and equipment used directly in generating electricity ((or producing thermal heat)) using qualified renewable energy sources. This rule explains how these exemptions apply and is divided into ((four)) three parts as follows:

PART 1: Exemptions as Applied to Qualified Solar Systems((-)):

PART 2: Exemptions as Applied to Qualified Nonsolar Renewable Energy Systems((-)); and

PART 3: ((Exemptions as Applied to Qualifying Solar Heat Systems.

PART 4:)) General Provisions.

PART 1

Exemptions as Applied to Qualified Solar Systems

- (101) ((Solar systems that generate ten kilowatts or less.
- (a) Exemptions. RCW 82.08.963 and 82.12.963 provide exemptions from retail sales and use taxes paid with the respect to the sale or use of machinery and equipment that is used directly in a solar energy system capable of generating ten kilowatts of electricity or less. The nameplate DC power rating of a system, which is an industry standard, is used to determine whether the energy system is capable of generating ten kilowatts of electricity or less. Labor charges to install the qualified machinery and equipment are also exempt from retail sales and use taxes. Both state and local retail sales and use taxes are exempt. These exemptions are effective from July 1, 2009, and expire June 30, 2018.
- (b) Exemption certificate required. The buyer must document this exemption at the time of sale by providing the seller (and installer, if different from the seller), a completed Buyers' Retail Sales Tax Exemption Certificate. The seller or installer must keep the completed form in its records for five years.
- (c) Instructions for sellers that E-file. For sellers that E-file, the exemption permitted under Part 1, subsection (101)(a) of this rule should be listed on the line entitled Sales of Solar Machinery/Equipment; Install Labor on the retail sales tax deduction page of E-file.

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 $\frac{(102)}{\text{one}}$ Solar systems that generate ((more than ten)) one kilowatt((s)) or more.

- (a) Partial exemptions. ((For buyers that do not qualify for the full exemption described in Part 1, subsection (101)(a) of this rule, there is an alternative partial exemption.)) RCW 82.08.962 and 82.12.962 provide an exemption, in the form of a remittance (refund) from the department, equal to seventy-five percent of the retail sales and use taxes paid with respect to the sale or use of machinery and equipment used directly in solar energy systems capable of generating at least 1000 watts (one kilowatt) of electricity. The exemption also applies to amounts paid for labor and services rendered in respect to installing such machinery and equipment((, and may only be claimed if the exemption permitted in Part 1, subsection (101)(a) of this rule has not been claimed)). The nameplate DC power rating of a system, which is an industry standard, is used to determine whether the solar energy system is capable of generating 1000 watts (one kilowatt) or more of electricity. The buyer must pay the total amount of the retail sales or use taxes ((paid)) due with the respect to the sale or use of the qualifying machinery, equipment, and labor charges to install the same. The buyer may then apply to the department for a refund of seventy-five percent of the state and local retail sales and use taxes paid. This partial exemption is effective ((from)) beginning July 1, 2011, and expires January 1, 2020.
- (b) ((From July 1, 2009, through June 30, 2011, these systems qualified for a one hundred percent exemption for retail sales and use taxes paid with the respect to the sale and use of qualified machinery, equipment, and labor charges to install the same at the point of sale. For documentation requirements see Part 1, subsection (101) of this rule.
- (e))) Required annual tax performance report. Beginning January 1, 2018, buyers applying for a refund must complete and submit an annual tax performance report. The annual tax performance report must be filed with the department by May 31st((5)) of the year immediately following the year for which the refund is claimed. For more information see Part ((4)) $\underline{3}$, subsection ((401))) (301)(c) of this rule.

PART 2

Exemptions as Applied to Qualified Nonsolar Renewable Energy Systems

- (201) Qualified nonsolar renewable energy systems generating one kilowatt or more.
- (a) Partial exemptions. RCW 82.08.962 and 82.12.962 provide an exemption equal to seventy-five percent of the retail sales and use taxes paid with respect to the sale or use of machinery and equipment used directly in a renewable energy system employing a qualified power source that generates at least 1000 watts (one kilowatt) or more of electricity. This exemption also applies to amounts paid for labor and services rendered in respect to installing such machinery and equipment. The buyer is eligible for the exemption in the form of a remittance (refund) from the department and must have paid to the seller or to the department the total amount of retail sales or use taxes ((paid with the)) due with respect to the sale or use of the machinery, equipment, and labor charges to install the same. To claim the exemption, the buyer must apply to the department for a refund. See Part ((4)) 3.

- subsection (((401))) (301) of this rule for instructions on how to file a claim for refund. This partial exemption is effective ((from)) beginning July 1, 2011, and expires January 1, 2020.
- (b) **Refund procedure.** Beginning July 1, 2011, the buyer is eligible for the exemption in the form of a remittance (refund) from the department. The buyer must pay the total amount of the retail sales or use taxes due with the respect to the sale or use of qualifying machinery or equipment and labor charges to install the same. The buyer may then apply to the department for a refund of seventy-five percent of the state and local retail sales and use taxes paid. These exemptions expire on January 1, 2020.
- (c) **Required tax performance report.** Beginning January 1, 2018, buyers applying for a refund must complete and submit an annual tax performance report. The annual tax performance report must be filed with the department by May 31st((5)) of the year immediately following the year for which the refund is claimed. For more information see Part ((4)) 3, subsection (((401))) (301)(c) of this rule.
- (202) **Qualified power sources.** The partial exemption permitted under Part 2, subsection (201)(a) of this rule applies only with respect to a renewable energy system that employs one of the following qualified power sources:
 - Fuel cells:
 - Wind;
 - · Biomass energy;
 - Tidal or wave energy;
 - Geothermal resources; and
 - ((* Anaerobic digestion;))
- Technology that converts otherwise lost energy from exhaust((; and
 - Landfill gas)).
- (203) **Definitions for these power sources.** For purposes of Part 2 of this rule, the terms below are defined as or include within their definition the following:
 - (a) Biomass energy. "Biomass energy" includes:
- (i) By-products of pulping and wood manufacturing processes:
 - (ii) Animal waste;
 - (iii) Solid organic fuels from wood;
 - (iv) Forest or field residues;
 - (v) Wooden demolition or construction debris;
 - (vi) Food waste;
 - (vii) Liquors derived from algae and other sources;
 - (viii) Dedicated energy crops;
 - (ix) Biosolids; and
 - (x) Yard waste.

"Biomass energy" does not include wood pieces that have been treated with chemical preservatives such as creosote, pentachlorophenol, or copper-chrome-arsenic; wood from old growth forests; or municipal solid waste.

- (b) **Fuel cell.** "Fuel cell" means an electrochemical reaction that generates electricity by combining atoms of hydrogen and oxygen in the presence of a catalyst.
- (((e) Landfill gas. "Landfill gas" means biomass fuel, of the type that qualifies for federal tax credits under Title 26 U.S.C. § 45K (formerly Title 26 U.S.C. § 29) of the federal Internal Revenue Code, collected from a "landfill" as defined in RCW 70.95.030.

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PART 3

Exemptions as Applied to Qualifying Solar-Heat Systems

(301) Solar-heat systems.

- (a) Exemption. RCW 82.08.963 and 82.12.963 provide exemptions from retail sales and use taxes paid with the respect to the sale and use of machinery and equipment used directly in producing thermal heat using solar energy and the labor charges to install the qualified equipment, if the buyer installs a system capable of producing no more than three million BTU per day. These exemptions are valid July 1, 2013, and expire June 30, 2018.
- (b) Exemption certificate required. The buyer must document this exemption at the time of sale by providing the seller (and installer if different from the seller) a completed Buyers' Retail Sales Tax Exemption Certificate. The seller or installer must keep the completed form in its records for five years.
- (c) Instructions for sellers that E-file. For sellers that E-file, the exemption permitted under Part 3, subsection (301)(a) of this rule should be listed on the line entitled Sales of Solar Machinery/Equipment; Install Labor on the retail sales tax deduction page of E-file.))

PART ((4)) <u>3</u> General Provisions

- (((401))) (301) Requirements for a refund from the department of taxes paid, referred to as the seventy-five percent remittance.
- (a) **Required application.** This exemption, in the form of a remittance (refund) from the department, equals seventy-five percent of the retail sales and use taxes paid with respect to the sale or use of the qualifying machinery and equipment. The form that the buyer must submit to the department is the *Application for Sales Tax Refund on Purchases & Installation of Qualified Renewable Energy Equipment.* This form is available through the department's web site at dor.wa.gov under *Get a form or publication*. The application must be completed in full and mailed to the address provided on the form
- (b) **Required records.** The purchaser must provide records that will allow the department to determine whether the purchaser is entitled to a refund. The records include:
 - Invoices:
 - Proof of tax paid;
- Documents describing the machinery and equipment;
 and
 - Electrical capacity of the system.
- (c) File annual tax performance report. Effective January 1, 2018, any person claiming a seventy-five percent refund must electronically file an annual tax performance report with the department each year. This applies to buyers of solar systems generating electricity of more than ten kilowatts and other qualified renewable energy systems generating electricity of one kilowatt or more.
- (d) Separate tax performance report for each system. The buyer must file a separate tax performance report for each system owned or operated in Washington. The annual tax performance report is due by May 31st((5)) of the year immediately following the year for which the exemption is

- claimed. (Systems installed in 2017 require a tax performance report to be completed by May 31, 2018.)
- (e) Limitation on frequency for claiming exemption. A buyer may not apply to the department for a remittance (refund) more frequently than once ((a)) per quarter.
- (f) **Qualified retail sales and use taxes.** These exemptions apply to both state and local retail sales and use taxes.
- (((402))) (302) What is "machinery and equipment"? For purposes of RCW 82.08.962 and 82.12.962, "machinery and equipment" means fixtures, devices, and support facilities that are integral and necessary to the generation of electricity from qualifying sources of power. ((For purposes of RCW 82.08.963 and 82.12.963, "machinery and equipment" means fixtures, devices, and support facilities that are integral to the generation of electricity or production and use of thermal heat from solar energy.))
- A "support facility" is a part of a building, structure, or improvement used to contain or steady a fixture or device. A support facility must be specially designed and necessary for the proper functioning of the fixture or device and must perform a function beyond being a building, structure, or improvement. It must have a function relative to a fixture or a device. To determine if some portion of a building is a support facility, the department examines those parts of the building ((are examined)). For example, a highly specialized structure, like a vibration reduction slab under generators in a landfill gas generating facility, is a support facility. Without the slab, the generators would not function properly. The ceiling and walls of the building housing the generator are not support facilities if they only serve to define the space and do not have a function relative to a fixture or a device.
 - "Machinery and equipment" does not include:
 - (a) The utility grid system;
 - (b) Hand-powered tools;
 - (c) Property with a useful life of less than one year;
- (d) Repair parts required to restore machinery and equipment to normal working order;
- (e) Replacement parts that do not increase productivity, improve efficiency, or extend the useful life of the machinery and equipment;
 - (f) Buildings; or
 - (g) Building fixtures that:
- (i) Are permanently affixed to and become a physical part of a building; but
- (ii) Are not integral and necessary to the generation of electricity.
- (((403)(a))) (303) When is machinery and equipment "used directly" in generating electricity? Machinery and equipment is used directly to generate electricity when it is used to:
- (((i))) (a) Capture the energy of the qualifying source of power;
 - (((ii))) (b) Convert that energy to electricity; and
- (((iii))) (c) Store, transform, or transmit that electricity for entry into or operation in parallel with electric transmission and distribution systems.
- (((b) When is machinery and equipment "used directly" in producing thermal heat? Machinery and equipment is "used directly" in producing thermal heat with

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solar energy if it uses a solar collector or a solar hot water system that:

- (i) Meets the certification standards for solar collectors and solar hot water systems developed by the solar rating and certification corporation; or
- (ii) The Washington State University extension energy program determines a solar collector or solar hot water system is an equivalent collector or system.
- (404))) (304) Examples of qualifying machinery and equipment. This section provides examples of machinery and equipment that may be used directly in generating electricity and could qualify for the exemptions from retail sales and use taxes. This list is illustrative only and is not intended to provide an exhaustive list of possible qualifying machinery and equipment.
- (a) **Solar.** Where solar energy is the principal source of power: Solar modules; inverters; Stirling converters; power conditioning equipment; batteries; transformers; power poles; power lines; and connectors to the utility grid system or point of use.
- (b) **Wind.** Where wind is the principal source of power: Turbines; blades; generators; towers and tower pads; substations; guy wires and ground stays; power conditioning equipment; anemometers; recording meters; transmitters; power poles; power lines; and connectors to the utility grid system or point of use.
- (c) ((Landfill. Where landfill gas is the principal source of power: Turbines; blades; blowers; burners; heat exchangers; generators; towers and tower pads; substations; guy wires and ground stays; pipe; valves; power conditioning equipment; pressure control equipment; recording meters; transmitters; power poles; power lines; and connectors to the utility grid system or point of use.
- (d))) Fuel cells. Where fuel cells are the principal source of power: Fuel cell assemblies; fuel storage and delivery systems; power inverters; transmitters; transformers; power poles; power lines; and connectors to the utility grid system or point of use.
- (((405))) (305) **Installation charges.** The exemptions from retail sales and use taxes addressed in this rule apply to installation charges for qualifying machinery and equipment, including charges for labor and services. There are no exemptions from retail sales and use taxes for:
- (a) Charges for labor and services rendered in respect to constructing buildings or access roads that may be necessary to install or use qualifying machinery and equipment((. Further, there are no exemptions from retail sales and use taxes paid with respect to)):
- (b) Tangible personal property, such as a crane or forklift, purchased or rented by the buyer, the contractor, or the installer to be used to install qualifying machinery and equipment((. Further, there are no exemptions from retail sales and use taxes for)); or
- (c) Services that were included in the construction contract for design, planning, studies, project management, or other charges not directly related to the actual labor for installing the qualifying machinery and equipment.

REPEALER

The following section of the Washington Administrative Code is repealed:

WAC 458-20-273 Renewable energy system cost recovery.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-09-040, filed 4/12/18, effective 5/13/18)

WAC 458-29A-400 Leasehold excise tax—Exemptions. (1) Introduction.

- (a) This rule explains the exemptions from leasehold excise tax provided by RCW 82.29A.130, 82.29A.132, 82.29A.134, 82.29A.135, and 82.29A.136. To be exempt from the leasehold excise tax, the property subject to the leasehold interest must be used exclusively for the purposes for which the exemption is granted.
- (b) This rule also explains the expiration date for new tax preferences for the leasehold excise tax pursuant to the language found at RCW 82.32.805.
- (c) **Rule examples.** This rule includes a number of examples that identify a set of facts and then states a conclusion. The examples should be used only as a general guide. The department of revenue (department) will evaluate each case on its particular facts and circumstances and apply both this rule and other statutory and common law authority.
- (2) **Definitions.** For purposes of this rule, the following definitions apply:
- (a) "New tax preference" means a tax preference that initially takes effect after August 1, 2013, or a tax preference in effect as of August 1, 2013, that is expanded or extended after August 1, 2013, even if the expanding or extending legislative amendment includes any other changes to the tax preference.
- (b) "Tax preference" has the same meaning as in RCW 43.136.021 with respect to any state tax administered by the department ((of revenue (department))), except does not include the Washington estate and transfer tax in chapter 83.100 RCW.

(3) Operating properties of a public utility.

- (a) All leasehold interests that are part of the operating properties of a public utility are exempt from leasehold excise tax if the leasehold interest is assessed and taxed as part of the operating property of a public utility under chapter 84.12 RCW.
- (b) **Example.** Assume ABC Railroad Company is a public utility. Tracks leased to ABC Railroad Company are exempt from leasehold excise tax because ABC Railroad Company is a public utility assessed and taxed under chapter 84.12 RCW and the tracks are part of the railroad's operating properties.
- (4) Student housing at public and nonprofit schools and colleges.
- (a) All leasehold interests in facilities owned or used by a school, college, or university which leasehold provides housing to students are exempt from leasehold excise tax if the student housing is exempt from property tax under RCW 84.36.010 and 84.36.050.

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(b) **Example.** Assume State Public University leases a building to use as a dormitory for its students. The leasehold interest associated with this building is exempt from the leasehold excise tax. This is because the dormitory is used to house State Public University's students.

(5) Subsidized housing.

- (a) All leasehold interests of subsidized housing are exempt from leasehold excise tax if the property is owned in fee simple by the United States, the state of Washington or any of its political subdivisions, and residents of the housing are subject to specific income qualification requirements.
- (b) **Example.** Assume an apartment building and the property on which it is located is:
 - Owned in fee simple by the state of Washington; and
- Used as subsidized housing for residents subject to income qualification requirements.

If the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development holds the leasehold interest on the property it is exempt from leasehold excise tax. This is because the property is owned in fee simple by the state of Washington, used for subsidized housing, and the residents are subject to income qualification requirements.

(6) Nonprofit fair associations.

- (a) All leasehold interests used for fair purposes of a nonprofit fair association are exempt from leasehold excise tax if the fair association sponsors or conducts a fair or fairs supported by revenues collected under RCW 67.16.100 and allocated by the director of the department of agriculture. The property must be owned in fee simple by the United States, the state of Washington or any of its political subdivisions. However, if a nonprofit association subleases exempt property to a third party, the sublease is a taxable leasehold interest.
- (b) **Example.** Assume a leasehold interest held by Local Nonprofit Fair Association is exempt from leasehold excise tax. Local Nonprofit Fair Association subleases some of the buildings on the fairgrounds to private parties for storage during the winter. These subleases are subject to the leasehold excise tax.

(7) Public employee housing.

(a) All leasehold interests in public property or property of a community center which is exempt from property tax used as a residence by an employee of the public owner or the owner of the community center which is exempt from property tax are exempt from leasehold excise tax if the employee is required to live on the public property or community center which is exempt from property tax as a condition of his or her employment. The "condition of employment" requirement is met only when the employee is required to accept the lodging in order to enable the employee to properly perform the duties of his or her employment. However, the "condition of employment" requirement can be met even if the employer does not compel an employee to reside in a publicly owned residence or residence owned by a community center which is exempt from property tax.

(b) Examples.

(i) A park ranger employed by the National Park Service, an agency of the United States government, resides in a house furnished by the agency at a national park. The ranger is required to be on call twenty-four hours a day to respond to requests for assistance from park visitors staying at an adjacent overnight campground. The use of the house is exempt from leasehold excise tax because the lodging enables the ranger to properly perform her duties.

- (ii) An employee of the Washington department of fish and wildlife resides in a house furnished by the agency at a fish hatchery although, under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement, the agency may not compel the employee to live in the residence as a condition of employment. In exchange for receiving use of the housing provided by the agency, the employee is required to perform additional duties, including regularly monitoring certain equipment at the hatchery during nights and on weekends and escorting public visitors on tours of the hatchery on weekends. The use of the house is exempt from leasehold excise tax because the lodging enables the employee to properly perform the duties of his employment. The use is exempt even though the employee would continue to be employed by the agency if the additional duties were not performed and even though state employees of an equal job classification are not required to perform the additional duties.
- (iii) A professor employed by State University is given the choice of residing in university-owned campus housing free of charge or of residing elsewhere and receiving a cash allowance in addition to her regular salary. If she elects to reside in the campus housing free of charge, the value of the lodging furnished to the professor would be subject to leasehold excise tax because her residence on campus is not required for her to perform properly the duties of her employment.

(8) Interests held by enrolled Indians.

- (a) Leasehold interests held by enrolled Indians are exempt from leasehold excise tax if the lands are owned or held by any Indian or Indian tribe, and the fee ownership of the land is vested in or held in trust by the United States, unless the leasehold interests are subleased to a lessee which would not qualify under chapter 82.29A RCW, RCW 84.36.451 and 84.40.175 and the tax on the lessee is not preempted due to the balancing test (see WAC 458-20-192).
- (b) Any leasehold interest held by an enrolled Indian or a tribe, where the leasehold is located within the boundaries of an Indian reservation, on trust land, on Indian country, or is associated with the treaty fishery or some other treaty right, is not subject to leasehold excise tax.
- (c) **Example.** Assume an enrolled member of the Puyal-lup Tribe leases port land at which the member keeps his or her boat, and the boat is used in a treaty fishery. The lease-hold interest is exempt from the leasehold tax. For more information on excise tax issues related to enrolled Indians, see WAC 458-20-192 (Indians—Indian country).

(9) Leases on Indian lands to non-Indians.

(a) Leasehold interests held by non-Indians (not otherwise exempt from tax due to the application of the balancing test described in WAC 458-20-192) in any real property of any Indian or Indian tribe, band, or community that is held in trust by the United States or subject to a restriction against alienation imposed by the United States are exempt from leasehold excise tax if the amount of contract rent paid is greater than or equal to ninety percent of fair market rental value. In determining whether the contract rent of such lands

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meets the required level of ninety percent of market value, the department will use the same criteria used to establish taxable rent under RCW 82.29A.020 (2)(g) and WAC 458-29A-200.

(b) **Example.** Harry leases land held in trust by the United States for the Yakama Nation for the sum of \$900 per month. The fair market value for similar lands used for similar purposes is \$975 per month. The lease is exempt from the leasehold excise tax because Harry pays at least ninety percent of the fair market value for the qualified lands. For more information on the preemption analysis and other tax issues related to Indians, see WAC 458-20-192.

(10) Annual taxable rent is less than two hundred fifty dollars.

(a) Leasehold interests for which the taxable rent is less than \$250 per year are exempt from leasehold excise tax. For the purposes of this exemption, if the same lessee has a leasehold interest in two or more contiguous parcels of property owned by the same lessor, the taxable rent for each contiguous parcel will be combined and the combined taxable rent will determine whether the threshold established by this exemption has been met. To be considered contiguous, the parcels must be in closer proximity than merely within the boundaries of one piece of property. When determining the annual leasehold rent, the department will rely upon the actual substantive agreement between the parties. Rent payable pursuant to successive leases between the same parties for the same property within a twelve-month period will be combined to determine annual rent; however, a single lease for a period of less than one year will not be projected on an annual basis.

(b) Examples.

- (i) The yacht club rents property from the Port of Bay City for its clubhouse and moorage. It also rents a parking stall for its commodore. The parking stall is separated from the clubhouse only by a common walkway. The parking stall lease is a part of the clubhouse lease because it is contiguous to the clubhouse, separated only by a necessary walkway.
- (ii) Ace Flying Club rents hangars, tie downs, and ramps from the Port of Desert City. It has separate leases for several parcels. The hangars are separated from the tie down space by a row of other hangars, each of which is leased to a different party. Common ramps and roadways also separate the club's hangars from its tie-downs. The hangars, because they are adjacent to one another, create a single leasehold interest. The tie downs are a separate taxable leasehold interest because they are not contiguous with the hangars used by Ace Flying Club.
- (iii) Grace leases a lot from the City of Flora, from which she sells crafts at different times throughout the year. She pays \$50 per month for the lot, and has a separate lease for each season during which she sells. She has one lease from May through September, and a separate lease for the time between Thanksgiving and Christmas, which might run thirty to forty days, depending on the year. The leases will be combined for the purposes of determining the leasehold excise tax. They relate to the same piece of property, for the same activity by the same lessee, and occur within the same year.
- (iv) Elizabeth owns a Christmas tree farm. Every year she rents a small lot from the Port of Capital City, adjacent to

its airport, to sell Christmas trees. She pays \$125 to the port to rent the lot for 6 weeks. It is the only time during the year that she rents the lot. Her lease is exempt from the leasehold excise tax, because it does not exceed \$250 per year in taxable rent

(11) Leases for a continuous period of less than thirty days. Leasehold interests that provide use and possession of public property or property of a community center which is exempt from property tax for a continuous period of less than thirty days are exempt from leasehold excise tax. In determining the duration of the lease, the department will rely upon the actual agreement and/or practice between the parties. If a single lessee is given successive leases or lease renewals of the same property, the arrangement is considered a continuous use and possession of the property by the same lessee. A leasehold interest does not give use and possession for a period of less than thirty days based solely on the fact that the lessor has reserved the right to use the property or to allow third parties to use the property on an occasional, temporary basis.

(12) Month-to-month leases in residential units to be demolished or removed.

- (a) Leasehold interests in properties rented for residential purposes on a month-to-month basis pending destruction or removal for construction of a public highway or public building are exempt from the leasehold excise tax. Thus, if the state or other public entity has acquired private property for purposes of building or expanding a highway, or for the construction of public buildings at an airport, the capitol campus, or some other public facility, and the public entity rents the property for residential purposes on a month-to-month basis pending destruction or removal for construction, these leases do not create taxable leasehold interests. This exemption does not require evidence of imminent removal of the residential units; the term "pending" merely means "while awaiting." The exemption is based upon the purpose for which the public entity holds the units.
- (b) Example. State University has obtained capital development funding for the construction of new campus buildings, and has purchased a block of residential property adjacent to campus for the sole purpose of expansion. Jim leases these houses from State University pursuant to a month-to-month rental agreement and rents them to students. Construction of the new buildings is not scheduled to begin for two years. Jim is not subject to the leasehold excise tax, because State University is holding the residential properties for the sole purpose of expanding its facilities, and Jim is leasing them pending their certain, if not imminent, destruction.

(13) Public works contracts.

- (a) Leasehold interests in publicly owned real or personal property held by a contractor solely for the purpose of a public improvements contract or work to be executed under the public works statutes of Washington state or the United States are exempt from leasehold excise tax. To receive this exemption, the contracting parties must be the public owner of the property and the contractor that performs the work under the public works statutes.
- (b) **Example.** Assume Tinker Construction is a contractor performing work to construct a second deck on the Nis-

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qually Bridge pursuant to a public works contract between the state of Washington and Tinker Construction. During construction of the second deck on the Nisqually Bridge any leasehold interest in real or personal property created for Tinker Construction solely for the purpose of performing the work necessary under the terms of the contract is exempt from leasehold excise tax.

(14) Correctional industries in state adult correctional facilities.

(a) Leasehold interests for the use and possession of state adult correctional facilities for the operation of correctional industries under RCW 72.09.100 are exempt from leasehold excise tax.

(b) Examples.

- (i) Assume ABC Retail Company, a for-profit corporation, operates and manages a business within a state prison under an agreement between it and the department of corrections. ABC Retail Company is exempt from leasehold excise tax for its use and possession of state property.
- (ii) Assume ABC Charitable Society, a nonprofit organization, operates and manages a business within a state prison under an agreement between it and the department of corrections. ABC Charitable Society is exempt from leasehold excise tax for its use and possession of state property.

(15) Camp facilities for persons with disabilities.

- (a) Leasehold interests in a camp facility are exempt from leasehold excise tax if the property is used to provide organized and supervised recreational activities for persons with disabilities of all ages, and for public recreational purposes, by a nonprofit organization, association, or corporation which would be exempt from property tax under RCW 84.36.030(1) if it owned the property.
- (b) **Example.** Assume a county park with camping facilities is leased to Charity Campgrounds, a nonprofit charitable organization that allows the property to be used by the general public for recreational activities throughout the year and as a camp for disabled persons for two weeks during the summer. Charity Campgrounds is exempt from leasehold excise tax because the nonprofit allows the property to be used by the general public for recreational activities throughout the year, and to be used as a camp for disabled persons for two weeks during the summer.

$(16) \ \textbf{Public or entertainment areas of certain baseball} \\ \textbf{stadiums.}$

- (a) Leasehold interests in public or entertainment areas of a baseball stadium with natural turf and a retractable roof or canopy, located in a county with a population of over one million people, with a seating capacity of over forty thousand, and constructed on or after January 1, 1995, are exempt from leasehold excise tax.
- (b) "Public or entertainment areas" for the purposes of this subsection include ticket sales areas, ramps and stairs, lobbies and concourses, parking areas, concession areas, restaurants, hospitality and stadium club areas, kitchens or other work areas primarily servicing other public areas, public rest rooms, press and media areas, control booths, broadcast and production areas, retail sales areas, museum and exhibit areas, scoreboards or other public displays, storage areas, loading, staging, and servicing areas, seating areas and suites, the playing field, and any other areas to which the pub-

lic has access or that are used for the production of the entertainment event or other public usage, and any other personal property used for such purposes. "Public or entertainment areas" does not include locker rooms or private offices used exclusively by the lessee.

- (17) Public or entertainment areas of certain football stadiums and exhibition centers. Leasehold interests in the public or entertainment areas of an open-air stadium suitable for national football league football and for Olympic and world cup soccer, with adjacent exhibition facilities, parking facilities, and other ancillary facilities constructed on or after January 1, 1998, are exempt from leasehold excise tax. For the purpose of this subsection, the term "public and entertainment areas" has the same meaning as set forth in subsection (16) of this rule.
- (18) **Public facilities districts.** All leasehold interests in public facilities districts, as provided in chapter 36.100 or 35.57 RCW are exempt from leasehold excise tax.
- (19) **State route 16 corridor transportation systems.** All leasehold interests in the state route number 16 corridor transportation systems and facilities constructed and operated under chapter 47.46 RCW are exempt from leasehold excise tax. RCW 82.29A.132.
- (20) Sales/leasebacks by regional transit authorities. All leasehold interests in property of a regional transit authority or public corporation created under RCW 81.112.320 under an agreement under RCW 81.112.300 are exempt from leasehold excise tax. RCW 82.29A.134.
- (21) Interests consisting of three thousand or more residential and recreational lots. All leasehold interests consisting of three thousand or more residential and recreational lots that are or may be subleased for residential and recreational purposes are exempt from leasehold excise tax. Any combination of residential and recreational lots totaling at least three thousand satisfies the requirement of this exemption. RCW 82.29A.136.
- (22) Historic sites owned by the United States government or municipal corporations. All leasehold interests in property listed on any federal or state register of historical sites are exempt from leasehold excise tax if the property is:
- (a) Owned by the United States government or a municipal corporation; and
- (b) Wholly contained within a designated national historic reserve under 16 U.S.C. Sec. 461.

(23) Amphitheaters.

- (a) All leasehold interests in the public or entertainment areas of an amphitheater are exempt from leasehold excise tax if a private entity is responsible for one hundred percent of the cost of constructing the amphitheater which is not reimbursed by the public owner, both the public owner and the private lessee sponsor events at the facility on a regular basis, the lessee is responsible under the lease or agreement to operate and maintain the facility, and the amphitheater has a seating capacity of over seventeen thousand reserved and general admission seats and is in a county that had a population of over three hundred fifty thousand, but less than four hundred twenty-five thousand when the amphitheater first opened to the public.
- (b) For the purposes of this subsection, "public or entertainment areas" include box offices or other ticket sales areas,

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entrance gates, ramps and stairs, lobbies and concourses, parking areas, concession areas, restaurants, hospitality areas, kitchens or other work areas primarily servicing other public or entertainment areas, public rest room areas, press and media areas, control booths, broadcast and production areas, retail sales areas, museum and exhibit areas, score-boards or other public displays, storage areas, loading, staging, and servicing areas, seating areas including lawn seating areas and suites, stages, and any other areas to which the public has access or which are used for the production of the entertainment event or other public usage, and any other personal property used for these purposes. "Public or entertainment areas" do not include office areas used predominately by the lessee.

(24) Military housing.

- (a) All leasehold interests in real property used for the placement of housing that consists of military housing units and ancillary supporting facilities are exempt from leasehold excise tax if the property is situated on land owned in fee by the United States, is used for the housing of military personnel and their families, and is a development project awarded under the military housing privatization initiative of 1996, 10 U.S.C. Sec. 2885, as existing on June 12, 2008.
- (b) For the purposes of this subsection, "ancillary supporting facilities" means facilities related to military housing units, including facilities to provide or support elementary or secondary education, child care centers, day care centers, child development centers, tot lots, community centers, housing offices, dining facilities, unit offices, and other similar facilities for the support of military housing.

(25) Community colleges and technical colleges.

- (a) All leasehold interests in facilities owned or used by a community college or technical college are exempt from leasehold excise tax if the leasehold interest provides:
 - (i) Food services for students, faculty, and staff;
 - (ii) The operation of a bookstore on campus; or
- (iii) Maintenance, operational, or administrative services to the community college or technical college.
- (b) Provisions of RCW 82.32.805 and 82.32.808 do not apply to the exemption specified in this subsection.

(26) Anaerobic digesters.

- (a) Beginning July 1, 2018, all leasehold interests in buildings, machinery, equipment, and other personal property which are used primarily for the operation of an anaerobic digester, the land upon which this property is located, and land that is reasonably necessary in the operation of an anaerobic digester are exempt from leasehold taxes for a period of six years from the date on which the facility or the addition to the existing facility becomes operational.
- (b) Claims for the exemption described in (a) of this subsection must be filed with the department on the form Leasehold excise tax exemption to operate an anaerobic digester available at https://dor.wa.gov. Once filed, the exemption is valid for six assessment years following the date on which the facility or the addition to the existing facility becomes operational and may not be renewed. The department must verify and approve claims as it determines to be justified and in accordance with this subsection. No claims may be filed after December 31, 2024.

(c) For the purposes of this subsection, "anaerobic digester" means a facility that processes organic material into biogas and digestate using microorganisms in a decomposition process within a closed, oxygen-free container as well as the equipment necessary to process biogas or digestate produced by an anaerobic digester into marketable coproducts including, but not limited to, biogas conditioning, compression, nutrient recovery, and electrical generation equipment. See RCW 82.08.900.

(27) Expiration date for new tax preferences.

- (a) RCW 82.29A.025 incorporates the language found at RCW 82.32.805 establishing the expiration date of new tax preferences for the leasehold excise tax.
- (i) Generally, every new tax preference expires on the first day of the calendar year that is subsequent to the calendar year that is ten years from the effective date of the tax preference.
- (ii) A future legislative amendment that expands a tax preference does not extend the tax preference beyond the period provided in this subsection unless an extension is expressly and unambiguously stated in the legislative amendment.
- (b) This subsection does not apply if legislation creating a new tax preference includes an expiration date for the new tax preference.
- (c) This subsection does not apply to an existing tax preference that is amended to clarify an ambiguity or correct a technical inconsistency. Future enacted legislation intended to make such clarifications or corrections must explicitly indicate that intent.

WSR 18-21-172 EXPEDITED RULES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

[Filed October 23, 2018, 10:54 a.m.]

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: Chapter 16-545 WAC, Turfgrass seed commission.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: The office of the Washington turfgrass seed commission has changed. These amendments update address information.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: The Washington turfgrass seed commission has a duty to provide the public with current contact information.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 15.65.050, 42.56.120, and chapter 34.05 RCW.

Statute Being Implemented: RCW 42.56.120.

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Proponent: Washington turfgrass seed commission, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting: Teresa Norman, 1111 Washington Street S.E., Olympia, 360-902-2043; Implementation and Enforcement: Shane Johnson, 6601 West Deschutes Avenue, Suite C-2, Kennewick, 509-585-5460.

This notice meets the following criteria to use the expedited adoption process for these rules:

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Relates only to internal governmental operations that are not subject to violation by a person.

Corrects typographical errors, make address or name changes, or clarify language of a rule without changing its effect.

Explanation of the Reason the Agency Believes the Expedited Rule-Making Process is Appropriate: Address change only.

NOTICE

THIS RULE IS BEING PROPOSED UNDER AN EXPEDITED RULE-MAKING PROCESS THAT WILL ELIMINATE THE NEED FOR THE AGENCY TO HOLD PUBLIC HEARINGS, PREPARE A SMALL BUSINESS ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT, OR PROVIDE RESPONSES TO THE CRITERIA FOR A SIGNIFICANT LEGISLATIVE RULE. IF YOU OBJECT TO THIS USE OF THE EXPEDITED RULE-MAKING PROCESS, YOU MUST EXPRESS YOUR OBJECTIONS IN WRITING AND THEY MUST BE SENT TO Teresa Norman, Department of Agriculture, P.O. Box 42560, Olympia, WA 98504-2560, phone 360-902-2043, fax 360-902-2092, email WSDA RulesComments@agr.wa.gov, AND RECEIVED BY December 26, 2018.

October 23, 2018 Patrick Capper Deputy Director

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-05-037, filed 2/8/17, effective 3/11/17)

WAC 16-545-055 Description of commission, address and telephone number of the Washington turfgrass seed commission. Headquartered in Kennewick at ((100 North Fruitland, Suite B)) 6601 W. Deschutes Ave., Suite C-2, Kennewick, WA 99336, the Washington turfgrass seed commission serves Washington turfgrass seed producers by supporting the turfgrass seed industry in the areas of research and marketing. The telephone number is 509-585-5460.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-05-037, filed 2/8/17, effective 3/11/17)

WAC 16-545-057 Request for public records. (1) All requests for disclosure of public records must be submitted in writing directly to the commission's public records officer by mail to Washington Turfgrass Seed Commission, ((100 North Fruitland, Suite B)) 6601 W. Deschutes Ave., Suite C-2, Kennewick, WA 99336. The request may also be submitted by fax to 509-585-2671 or by email to: shanej@agmgt. com. The written request must include:

- (a) The name, address and telephone number or other contact information of the person requesting the records;
 - (b) The calendar date on which the request is made; and
- (c) Sufficient information to readily identify records being requested.
- (2) Any person wishing to inspect the commission's public records may make an appointment with the public records officer to inspect the records at the commission office during

regular business hours. In order to adequately protect the commission's public records, the following will apply:

- (a) Public records made available for inspection may not be removed from the area the commission makes available for inspection;
- (b) Inspection of any public record will be conducted in the presence of the public records officer or designee;
- (c) Public records may not be marked or altered in any manner during the inspection; and
- (d) The commission has the discretion to designate the means and the location for the inspection of records. The viewing of those records that require specialized equipment shall be limited to the availability of that equipment located at the commission's office and the availability of authorized staff to operate that equipment.

WSR 18-21-173 EXPEDITED RULES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

[Filed October 23, 2018, 10:54 a.m.]

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: Chapter 16-529 WAC, Washington alfalfa seed commission.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: The office of the Washington alfalfa seed commission has changed. These amendments update address information.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: The Washington alfalfa seed commission has a duty to provide the public with current contact information.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 15.65.050, 42.56.120, and chapter 34.05 RCW.

Statute Being Implemented: RCW 42.56.120.

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Proponent: Washington alfalfa seed commission, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting: Teresa Norman, 1111 Washington Street S.E., Olympia, 360-902-2043; Implementation and Enforcement: Shane Johnson, 6601 West Deschutes Avenue, Suite C-2, Kennewick, 509-585-5460.

This notice meets the following criteria to use the expedited adoption process for these rules:

Relates only to internal governmental operations that are not subject to violation by a person.

Corrects typographical errors, make address or name changes, or clarify language of a rule without changing its effect.

Explanation of the Reason the Agency Believes the Expedited Rule-Making Process is Appropriate: Address change only.

NOTICE

THIS RULE IS BEING PROPOSED UNDER AN EXPEDITED RULE-MAKING PROCESS THAT WILL ELIMINATE THE NEED FOR THE AGENCY TO HOLD PUBLIC HEARINGS, PREPARE A SMALL BUSINESS

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ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT, OR PROVIDE RESPONSES TO THE CRITERIA FOR A SIGNIFICANT LEGISLATIVE RULE. IF YOU OBJECT TO THIS USE OF THE EXPEDITED RULE-MAKING PROCESS, YOU MUST EXPRESS YOUR OBJECTIONS IN WRITING AND THEY MUST BE SENT TO Teresa Norman, Department of Agriculture, P.O. Box 42560, Olympia, WA 98504-2560, phone 360-902-2043, fax 360-902-2092, email WSDA RulesComments@agr.wa.gov, AND RECEIVED BY December 27, 2018.

October 23, 2018 Patrick Capper Deputy Director

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-05-035, filed 2/8/17, effective 3/11/17)

WAC 16-529-305 Description of commission, address and telephone number of the Washington alfalfa seed commission. Headquartered in Kennewick at ((100 North Fruitland, Suite B)) 6601 W. Deschutes Ave., Suite C-2, Kennewick, WA 99336, the Washington alfalfa seed commission serves Washington alfalfa seed producers by supporting the alfalfa seed industry in the areas of research and marketing. The telephone number is 509-585-5460.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-05-035, filed 2/8/17, effective 3/11/17)

WAC 16-529-315 Request for public records. (1) All requests for disclosure of public records must be submitted in writing directly to the commission's public records officer by mail to Washington Alfalfa Seed Commission, ((100 North Fruitland, Suite B)) 6601 W. Deschutes Ave., Suite C-2, Kennewick, WA 99336. The request may also be submitted by fax to 509-585-2671 or by email to: shanej@agmgt.com. The written request must include:

- (a) The name, address and telephone number or other contact information of the person requesting the records;
 - (b) The calendar date on which the request is made; and
- (c) Sufficient information to readily identify records being requested.
- (2) Any person wishing to inspect the commission's public records may make an appointment with the public records officer to inspect the records at the commission office during regular business hours. In order to adequately protect the commission's public records, the following will apply:
- (a) Public records made available for inspection may not be removed from the area the commission makes available for inspection;
- (b) Inspection of any public record will be conducted in the presence of the public records officer or designee;
- (c) Public records may not be marked or altered in any manner during the inspection; and
- (d) The commission has the discretion to designate the means and the location for the inspection of records. The viewing of those records that require specialized equipment shall be limited to the availability of that equipment located at the commission's office and the availability of authorized staff to operate that equipment.

WSR 18-21-174 EXPEDITED RULES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

[Filed October 23, 2018, 10:55 a.m.]

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: Chapter 16-540 WAC, Mint.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: The office of the Washington mint commission has changed. These amendments update address information.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: The Washington mint commission has a duty to provide the public with current contact information.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 15.65.050, 42.56.120, and chapter 34.05 RCW.

Statute Being Implemented: RCW 42.56.120.

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Proponent: Washington mint commission, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting: Teresa Norman, 1111 Washington Street S.E., Olympia, 360-902-2043; Implementation and Enforcement: Shane Johnson, 6601 West Deschutes Avenue, Suite C-2, Kennewick, 509-585-5460.

This notice meets the following criteria to use the expedited adoption process for these rules:

Relates only to internal governmental operations that are not subject to violation by a person.

Corrects typographical errors, make address or name changes, or clarify language of a rule without changing its effect.

Explanation of the Reason the Agency Believes the Expedited Rule-Making Process is Appropriate: Address change only.

NOTICE

THIS RULE IS BEING PROPOSED UNDER AN EXPEDITED RULE-MAKING PROCESS THAT WILL ELIMINATE THE NEED FOR THE AGENCY TO HOLD PUBLIC HEARINGS, PREPARE A SMALL BUSINESS ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT, OR PROVIDE RESPONSES TO THE CRITERIA FOR A SIGNIFICANT LEGISLATIVE RULE. IF YOU OBJECT TO THIS USE OF THE EXPEDITED RULE-MAKING PROCESS, YOU MUST EXPRESS YOUR OBJECTIONS IN WRITING AND THEY MUST BE SENT TO Teresa Norman, Department of Agriculture, P.O. Box 42560, Olympia, WA 98504-2560, phone 360-902-2043, fax 360-902-2092, email WSDA RulesComments@agr.wa.gov, AND RECEIVED BY December 26, 2018.

October 23, 2018
Patrick Capper
Deputy Director

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AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-05-034, filed 2/8/17, effective 3/11/17)

WAC 16-540-115 Description of commission, address and telephone number of the Washington mint commission. Headquartered in Kennewick at ((100 North Fruitland, Suite B)) 6601 W. Deschutes Ave., Suite C-2, Kennewick, WA 99336, the Washington mint commission serves Washington mint producers by supporting the mint industry in the area of research. The telephone number is 509-585-5460.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-05-034, filed 2/8/17, effective 3/11/17)

- WAC 16-540-125 Request for public records. (1) All requests for disclosure of public records must be submitted in writing directly to the commission's public records officer by mail to Washington Mint Commission, ((100 North Fruitland, Suite B)) 6601 W. Deschutes Ave., Suite C-2, Kennewick, WA 99336. The request may also be submitted by fax to 509-585-2671 or by email to: shanej@agmgt.com. The written request must include:
- (a) The name, address and telephone number or other contact information of the person requesting the records;
 - (b) The calendar date on which the request is made; and
- (c) Sufficient information to readily identify records being requested.
- (2) Any person wishing to inspect the commission's public records may make an appointment with the public records officer to inspect the records at the commission office during regular business hours. In order to adequately protect the commission's public records, the following will apply:
- (a) Public records made available for inspection may not be removed from the area the commission makes available for inspection;
- (b) Inspection of any public record will be conducted in the presence of the public records officer or designee;
- (c) Public records may not be marked or altered in any manner during the inspection; and
- (d) The commission has the discretion to designate the means and the location for the inspection of records. The viewing of those records that require specialized equipment shall be limited to the availability of that equipment located at the commission's office and the availability of authorized staff to operate that equipment.

WSR 18-21-175 EXPEDITED RULES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

[Filed October 23, 2018, 10:55 a.m.]

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: Chapter 16-573 WAC, Oilseeds commission.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: The office of the Washington oilseeds commission has changed. These amendments update address information. Reasons Supporting Proposal: The Washington oilseeds commission has a duty to provide the public with current contact information.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 15.65.050, 42.56.120, and chapter 34.05 RCW.

Statute Being Implemented: RCW 42.56.120.

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Proponent: Washington oilseeds commission, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting: Teresa Norman, 1111 Washington Street S.E., Olympia, 360-902-2043; Implementation and Enforcement: Shane Johnson, 6601 West Deschutes Avenue, Suite C-2, Kennewick, 509-585-5460.

This notice meets the following criteria to use the expedited adoption process for these rules:

Relates only to internal governmental operations that are not subject to violation by a person.

Corrects typographical errors, make address or name changes, or clarify language of a rule without changing its effect.

Explanation of the Reason the Agency Believes the Expedited Rule-Making Process is Appropriate: Address change only.

NOTICE

THIS RULE IS BEING PROPOSED UNDER AN EXPEDITED RULE-MAKING PROCESS THAT WILL ELIMINATE THE NEED FOR THE AGENCY TO HOLD PUBLIC HEARINGS, PREPARE A SMALL BUSINESS ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT, OR PROVIDE RESPONSES TO THE CRITERIA FOR A SIGNIFICANT LEGISLATIVE RULE. IF YOU OBJECT TO THIS USE OF THE EXPEDITED RULE-MAKING PROCESS, YOU MUST EXPRESS YOUR OBJECTIONS IN WRITING AND THEY MUST BE SENT TO Teresa Norman, Department of Agriculture, P.O. Box 42560, Olympia, WA 98504-2560, phone 360-902-2043, fax 360-902-2092, email WSDA RulesComments@agr.wa.gov, AND RECEIVED BY December 26, 2018.

October 23, 2018
Patrick Capper
Deputy Director

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-05-031, filed 2/8/17, effective 3/11/17)

WAC 16-573-051 Description of commission, address, and telephone number of the Washington oilseeds commission. Headquartered in Kennewick at ((100 North Fruitland, Suite B)) 6601 W. Deschutes Ave., Suite C-2, Kennewick, WA 99336, the Washington oilseeds commission serves Washington oilseed producers by supporting the oilseed industry in the areas of research and marketing. The telephone number is 509-585-5460.

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AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-05-031, filed 2/8/17, effective 3/11/17)

WAC 16-573-053 Request for public records. (1) All requests for disclosure of public records must be submitted in writing directly to the commission's public records officer by mail to Washington oilseeds commission, ((100 North Fruitland, Suite B)) 6601 W. Deschutes Ave., Suite C-2, Kennewick, WA 99336. The request may also be submitted by fax to 509-585-2671 or by email to: shanej@agmgt.com. The written request must include:

- (a) The name, address, and telephone number or other contact information of the person requesting the records;
 - (b) The calendar date on which the request is made; and
- (c) Sufficient information to readily identify records being requested.
- (2) Any person wishing to inspect the commission's public records may make an appointment with the public records officer to inspect the records at the commission office during regular business hours. In order to adequately protect the commission's public records, the following will apply:
- (a) Public records made available for inspection may not be removed from the area the commission makes available for inspection;
- (b) Inspection of any public record will be conducted in the presence of the public records officer or designee;
- (c) Public records may not be marked or altered in any manner during the inspection;
- (d) The commission has the discretion to designate the means and the location for the inspection of records. The viewing of those records that require specialized equipment shall be limited to the availability of that equipment located at the commission's office and the availability of authorized staff to operate that equipment.

WSR 18-21-187 EXPEDITED RULES HEALTH CARE AUTHORITY

[Filed October 24, 2018, 9:16 a.m.]

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: WAC 182-500-0025 Medical assistance definitions—D, 182-500-0065 Medical assistance definitions—L, 182-503-0540 Assignment of rights and cooperation, 182-512-0010 Supplemental security income (SSI) standards; SSI-related categorically needy income level (CNIL); and countable resource standards, 182-512-0300 SSI-related medical—Resources eligibility, 182-519-0100 Eligibility for the medically needy program, and 182-519-0110 Spenddown of excess income for the medically needy program.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: Correcting WAC references, removing "medical assistance" from definition section titles, and correcting a reference to the name of a WAC section title.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: The agency is revising these rules to remove references to Title 388 WAC.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 41.05.021, 41.05.160.

Statute Being Implemented: RCW 41.05.021, 41.05.160. Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Proponent: Health care authority, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting: Jason Crabbe, P.O. Box 42716, Olympia, WA 98504-2716, 360-725-9563; Implementation and Enforcement: Stephen Kozak, P.O. Box 45534, Olympia, WA 98504-5534, 360-725-1343.

This notice meets the following criteria to use the expedited adoption process for these rules:

Corrects typographical errors, make address or name changes, or clarify language of a rule without changing its effect.

Explanation of the Reason the Agency Believes the Expedited Rule-Making Process is Appropriate: This rule making is for correction purposes only as allowed by RCW 34.05.353 (1)(c).

NOTICE

THIS RULE IS BEING PROPOSED UNDER AN EXPEDITED RULE-MAKING PROCESS THAT WILL ELIMINATE THE NEED FOR THE AGENCY TO HOLD PUBLIC HEARINGS, PREPARE A SMALL BUSINESS ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT, OR PROVIDE RESPONSES TO THE CRITERIA FOR A SIGNIFICANT LEGISLATIVE RULE. IF YOU OBJECT TO THIS USE OF THE EXPEDITED RULE-MAKING PROCESS, YOU MUST EXPRESS YOUR OBJECTIONS IN WRITING AND THEY MUST BE SENT TO Wendy Barcus, Rules Coordinator, Health Care Authority, P.O. Box 42716, Olympia, WA 98504-2716, phone 360-725-1306, fax 360-586-9727, email arc@hca.wa.gov, AND RECEIVED BY December 26, 2018.

Wendy Barcus Rules Coordinator

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 11-14-075, filed 6/30/11, effective 7/1/11)

WAC 182-500-0025 ((Medical assistance)) Definitions—D. "Delayed certification" means agency or the agency's designee approval of a person's eligibility for medical assistance made after the established application processing time limits.

"Dental consultant" means a dentist employed or contracted by the agency or the agency's designee.

"Department" means the state department of social and health services.

"Disabled" means unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment that:

- (((1))) (a) Can be expected to result in death;
- $((\frac{(2)}{2}))$ (b) Has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve months; or
- $((\frac{(3)}{)})$ (c) In the case of a child age seventeen or younger, means any physical or mental impairment of comparable severity.

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Decisions on SSI-related disability are subject to the authority of federal statutes and rules codified at 42 U.S.C. Sec 1382c and 20 C.F.R., parts 404 and 416, as amended, and controlling federal court decisions, which define the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance (OASDI) and SSI disability standard and determination process. See WAC ((388-500-0015)) 182-500-0015 for definition of "blind."

"Domestic partner" means an adult who meets the requirements for a valid state registered domestic partnership as established by RCW 26.60.030 and who has been issued a certificate of state registered domestic partnership from the Washington secretary of state.

"Dual eligible client" means a client who has been found eligible as a categorically needy (CN) or medically needy (MN) medicaid client and is also a medicare beneficiary. This does not include a client who is only eligible for a medicare savings program as described in chapter ((388-517)) 182-517 WAC.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 11-14-075, filed 6/30/11, effective 7/1/11)

WAC 182-500-0065 ((Medical assistance)) $\underline{\mathbf{D}}$ efinitions—L. "Limitation extension" see WAC ((388-501-0169)) 182-501-0169.

"Limited casualty program (LCP)" means the medically needy (MN) program.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 14-16-052, filed 7/29/14, effective 8/29/14)

WAC 182-503-0540 Assignment of rights and cooperation. (1) When you become eligible for any of the agency's health care programs, you assign certain rights to the state of Washington. You assign all rights to any type of coverage or payment for health care that comes from:

- (a) A court order;
- (b) An administrative agency order; or
- (c) Any third-party benefits or payment obligations for medical care which are the result of **subrogation** or contract (see WAC ((388-501-0100))) 182-501-0100).
- (2) When you sign the application you assign the rights described in subsection (1) of this section to the state for:
 - (a) Yourself; and
- (b) Any eligible person for whom you can legally make such assignment.
- (3) You must cooperate with us in identifying, using or collecting third-party benefits. If you do not cooperate, your health care coverage may end unless you can show good reason not to cooperate with us. Examples of good reason include, but are not limited to:
- (a) Your reasonable belief that cooperating with us would result in serious physical or emotional harm to you, a child in your care, or a child related to you; and
- (b) Your being incapacitated without the ability to cooperate with us.
- (4) Your WAH coverage will not end due solely to the noncooperation of any third party.
- (5) You will have to pay for your health care services if you:

- (a) Received and kept the third-party payment for those services: or
- (b) Refused to give to the provider of care your legal signature on insurance forms.
- (6) The state is limited to the recovery of its own costs for health care costs paid on behalf of a recipient of health care coverage. The legal term which describes the method by which the state acquires the rights of a person for whom the state has paid costs is called subrogation.

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 11-23-091, filed 11/17/11, effective 11/21/11)

WAC 182-512-0010 Supplemental security income (SSI) standards($(\frac{1}{7})$). SSI-related categorically needy income level (CNIL)($(\frac{1}{7})$), and countable resource standards. (1) The SSI payment standards, also known as the federal benefit rate (FBR), change each January 1st.

- (2) See WAC 388-478-0055 for the amount of the state supplemental payments (SSP) for SSI recipients.
- (3) See WAC ((388-513-1305)) 182-513-1205 for standards of clients living in an alternate living facility.
- (4) The SSI-related CNIL standards are the same as the SSI payment standards for single persons and couples. Those paying out shelter costs have a higher standard than people who have supplied shelter.
- (5) The countable resource standards for SSI and SSIrelated CN medical programs are:

(a) One person \$2,000

(b) A legally married couple \$3,000

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 11-24-018, filed 11/29/11, effective 12/1/11)

WAC 182-512-0300 SSI-related medical—Resources eligibility. (1) At 12:00 a.m. on the first day of the month a client's countable resources must be at or below the resource standard to be eligible for noninstitutional medical benefits for that month. If the total of the client's countable resources is above the resource standard at 12:00 a.m. on the first day of the month, the client is ineligible for noninstitutional medical benefits for that entire month regardless of resource status at the time of application during that month. For resource eligibility relating to long-term care eligibility see chapter ((388-513)) 182-513 WAC.

- (2) An excluded resource converted to another excluded resource remains excluded.
- (3) Cash received from the sale of an excluded resource becomes a countable resource the first of the month following conversion unless the cash is($(\frac{1}{7})$):
 - (a) Used to replace the excluded resource; ((or))
- (b) Invested in another excluded resource in the same month or within the longer time allowed for home sales under WAC ((388-475-0350)) 182-512-0350; or
 - (c) Spent.
- (4) The unspent portion of a nonrecurring lump sum payment is counted as a resource on the first of the month following its receipt with the following exception: The unspent portion of any Title II (SSA) or Title XVI (SSI) retroactive payment is excluded as a resource for nine months following the

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month of receipt. These exclusions apply to lump sums received by the client, client's spouse or any other person who is financially responsible for the client.

- (5) Clients applying for SSI-related medical coverage for long-term care (LTC) services must meet different resource rules. See chapter ((388-513)) 182-513 WAC for LTC resource rules.
- (6) The transfer of a resource without adequate consideration does not affect medical program eligibility except for LTC services described in chapters ((388 513 and 388 515)) 182-513 and 182-515 WAC. In those programs, the transfer may make a client ineligible for medical benefits for a period of time. See WAC ((388-513-1363 through 388-513-1366)) 182-513-1363 for LTC rules.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 15-17-012, filed 8/7/15, effective 9/7/15)

- WAC 182-519-0100 Eligibility for the medically needy program. (1) A person who meets the following conditions may be eligible for medically needy (MN) coverage under the special rules in chapters 182-513 and 182-515 WAC:
- (a) Meets the institutional status requirements of WAC 182-513-1320;
- (b) Resides in a medical institution as described in WAC 182-513-1395; or
- (c) Receives waiver services under a medically needy inhome waiver (MNIW) under WAC 182-515-1550 or a medically needy residential waiver (MNRW) under WAC 182-515-1540.
- (2) A supplemental security income (SSI)-related person who lives in a medicaid agency-contracted alternate living facility may be eligible for MN coverage under WAC 182-513-1305.
- (3) A person may be eligible for MN coverage under this chapter when he or she is:
- (a) Not covered under subsection (1) and (2) of this section; and
- (b) Eligible for categorically needy (CN) medical coverage in all other respects, except that his or her CN countable income is above the CN income standard.
 - (4) MN coverage may be available if the person is:
 - (a) A child;
 - (b) A pregnant woman;
 - (c) A refugee;
- (d) An SSI-related person, including an aged, blind, or disabled person, with countable income under the CN income standard, who is an ineligible spouse of an SSI recipient; or
- (e) A hospice client with countable income above the special income level (SIL).
- (5) A person who is not eligible for CN medical who applies for MN coverage has the right to income deductions in addition to, or instead of, those used to calculate CN countable income. These deductions to income are applied to each month of the base period to calculate MN countable income:
- (a) The agency disregards the difference between the medically needy income level (MNIL) described in WAC 182-519-0050 and the federal benefit rate (FBR) established

by the Social Security Administration each year. The FBR is the one-person SSI payment standard;

- (b) All health insurance premiums, except for medicare Part A through Part D premiums, expected to be paid by the person or family member during the base period or periods;
- (c) Any allocations to a spouse or to dependents for an SSI-related person who is married or who has dependent children. Rules for allocating income are described in WAC 182-512-0900 through 182-512-0960;
- (d) For an SSI-related person who is married and lives in the same home as his or her spouse who receives home and community-based waiver services under chapter 182-515 WAC, an income deduction equal to the MNIL, minus the nonapplying spouse's income; and
- (e) A child or pregnant woman applying for MN coverage is eligible for income deductions allowed under temporary assistance for needy families (TANF) and state family assistance (SFA) rules and not under the rules for CN programs based on the federal poverty level. See WAC 182-509-0001(4) for exceptions to the TANF and SFA rules that apply to medical programs and not to the cash assistance program.
- (6) The MNIL for a person who qualifies for MN coverage under subsection (1) of this section is based on rules in chapters 182-513 and 182-515 WAC.
- (7) The MNIL for all other people is described in WAC 182-519-0050. If a person has countable income at or below the MNIL, the person is certified as eligible for up to twelve months of MN medical coverage.
- (8) If a person has countable income over the MNIL, the countable income that exceeds the agency's MNIL standards is called "excess income."
- (9) A person with "excess income" is not eligible for MN coverage until the person gives the agency or its designee evidence of medical expenses incurred by that person, their spouse, or family members living in the home for whom they are financially responsible. See WAC 182-519-0110(8). An expense is incurred when:
- (a) The person receives medical treatment or medical supplies, is financially liable for the medical expense, and has not paid the bill; or
- (b) The person pays for the expense within the current or retroactive base period under WAC 182-519-0110.
- (10) Incurred medical expenses or obligations may be used to offset any portion of countable income that is over the MNIL. This is the process of meeting "spenddown."
- (11) The agency or its designee calculates the amount of a person's spenddown by multiplying the monthly excess income amount by the number of months in the certification period under WAC 182-519-0110. The qualifying medical expenses must be greater than or equal to the total calculated spenddown amount.
- (12) A person who is considered for MN coverage under this chapter may not spenddown excess resources to become eligible for the MN program. Under this chapter, a person is ineligible for MN coverage if the person's resources exceed the program standard in WAC 182-519-0050. A person who is considered for MN coverage under WAC 182-513-1395, 182-514-0250 or 182-514-0255 is allowed to spenddown excess resources.

Expedited [66]

- (13) There is no automatic redetermination process for MN coverage. A person must apply for each eligibility period under the MN program.
- (14) A person who requests a timely administrative hearing under WAC ((388-458-0040)) 182-518-0025(5) is not eligible for continued benefits beyond the end of the original certification date under the MN program.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 15-17-012, filed 8/7/15, effective 9/7/15)

- WAC 182-519-0110 Spenddown of excess income for the medically needy program. (1) A person who applies for Washington apple health (WAH) and is eligible for medically needy (MN) coverage with a spenddown may choose a threemonth or a six-month base period. A base period is a time period used to compute the spenddown liability amount. The months must be consecutive calendar months, unless a condition in subsection (4) of this section applies.
- (2) A base period begins on the first day of the month a person applies for WAH, unless a condition in subsection (4) of this section applies.
- (3) A person may request a separate base period to cover up to three calendar months immediately before the month of application. This is called a retroactive base period.
- (4) A base period may vary from the terms in subsections (1), (2), or (3) of this section if:
- (a) A three-month base period would overlap a previous eligibility period;
- (b) The person has countable resources over the applicable standard for any part of the required base period;
- (c) The person is not or will not be able to meet the temporary assistance to needy families (TANF)-related or supplemental security income (SSI)-related requirement for the required base period;
- (d) The person is eligible for categorically needy (CN) coverage for part of the required base period; or
- (e) The person was not otherwise eligible for MN coverage for each month of the retroactive base period.
- (5) The medicaid agency or its designee calculates a person's spenddown liability. The MN countable income from each month of the base period is compared to the effective medically needy income level (MNIL) under WAC 182-519-0050. Income over the effective MNIL standard (based on the person's household size) in each month in the base period is added together to determine the total spenddown amount.
- (6) If household income varies and a person's MN countable income falls below the effective MNIL for one or more months, the difference offsets the excess income in other months of the base period. See WAC 182-519-0100(7) if a spenddown amount results in zero dollars and cents.
- (7) If a person's income decreases, the agency or its designee approves CN coverage for each month in the base period when the person's countable income and resources are equal to or below the applicable CN standards. Children age eighteen and younger and pregnant women who become CN eligible in any month of the base period are continuously eligible for CN coverage for the remainder of the certification, even if there is a subsequent increase in income.

- (8) Once a person's spenddown amount is determined, qualifying medical expenses are deducted. A qualifying medical expense must:
- (a) Be an expense for which the person is financially liable:
 - (b) Not have been used to meet another spenddown;
- (c) Not be the confirmed responsibility of a third party. The agency or its designee allows the entire expense if a third party has not confirmed its coverage of the expense within:
 - (i) Forty-five days of the date of service; or
 - (ii) Thirty days after the base period ends.
 - (d) Be an incurred expense for the person:
 - (i) The person's spouse;
- (ii) A family member residing in the person's home for whom the person is financially responsible; or
- (iii) A relative residing in the person's home who is financially responsible for the person.
 - (e) Meet one of the following conditions:
- (i) Be an unpaid liability at the beginning of the base period;
- (ii) Be for paid or unpaid medical services incurred during the base period;
- (iii) Be for medical services incurred and paid during the three-month retroactive base period if eligibility for WAH was not established in that base period. Paid expenses that meet this requirement may be applied towards the current base period; or
- (iv) Be for medical services incurred during a previous base period, either unpaid or paid, if it was necessary for the person to make a payment due to delays in the certification for that base period.
- (9) An exception to subsection (8) of this section exists for qualifying medical expenses paid on the person's behalf by a publicly administered program during the current or the retroactive base period. The agency or its designee uses the qualifying medical expenses to meet the spenddown liability. To qualify for this exception, the program must:
- (a) Not be federally funded or make payments from federally matched funds;
- (b) Not pay the expenses before the first day of the retroactive base period; and
- (c) Provide proof of the expenses paid on the person's behalf.
- (10) Once the agency or its designee determines the expenses are a qualified medical expense under subsection (8) or (9) of this section, the expenses are subtracted from the spenddown liability to determine the date the person's eligibility for medical coverage begins. Qualifying medical expenses are deducted in the following order:
- (a) First, medicare and other health insurance deductibles, coinsurance charges, enrollment fees, copayments, and premiums that are the person's responsibility under medicare Part A through Part D. (Health insurance premiums are income deductions under WAC 182-519-0100(5));
- (b) Second, medical expenses incurred and paid by the person during the three-month retroactive base period if eligibility for WAH was not established in that base period;
- (c) Third, current payments on, or unpaid balance of, medical expenses incurred before the current base period that were not used to establish eligibility for medical coverage in

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another base period. The agency or its designee sets no limit on the age of an unpaid expense; however, the expense must be a current liability and be unpaid at the beginning of the base period;

- (d) Fourth, other medical expenses that are not covered by the agency's or its designee's medical programs, minus any third-party payments that apply to the charges. A licensed health care provider must provide or prescribe the items or services allowed as a medical expense;
- (e) Fifth, other medical expenses incurred by the person during the base period that are potentially payable by the MN program (minus any confirmed third-party payments that apply to the charges). This deduction is allowed even if payment is denied for these services because they exceed the agency's or its designee's limits on amount, duration, or scope of care. Scope of care is described in WAC 182-501-0060 and 182-501-0065; and
- (f) Sixth, other medical expenses incurred by the person during the base period that are potentially payable by the MN program (minus any confirmed third-party payments that apply to the charges) and that are within the agency's or its designee's limits on amount, duration, or scope of care.
- (11) If a person submits verification of qualifying medical expenses with his or her application that meet or exceed the spenddown liability, the person is eligible for MN medical coverage for the remainder of the base period unless their circumstances change. See WAC ((388-418-0005)) 182-504-0105 to determine which changes must be reported to the agency or its designee. The beginning of eligibility is determined under WAC 182-504-0020.
- (12) If a person cannot meet the spenddown amount when the application is submitted, the person is not eligible until he or she provides proof of additional qualifying expenses that meet the spenddown liability.
- (13) Each dollar of a qualifying medical expense may count once against a spenddown period that leads to eligibility for MN coverage. However, medical expenses may be used more than once if:
- (a) The person did not meet his or her total spenddown liability and become eligible in a previous base period and the bill remains unpaid; or
- (b) The medical expense was incurred and paid within three months of the current application, and the agency or its designee could not establish WAH eligibility for the person in the retroactive base period.
- (14) The person must provide the proof of qualifying medical expense information to the agency or its designee within thirty days after the base period ends, unless there is a good reason for delay.
- (15) Once a person meets the spenddown requirement and the certification begin date is established, newly identified expenses are not considered toward that spenddown unless:
- (a) There is a good reason for the delay in submitting the expense; or
- (b) The agency or its designee made an error when determining the correct begin date.
- (16) Good reasons for delay in providing medical expense information to the agency or its designee include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The person did not receive a timely bill from his or her medical provider or insurance company;
- (b) The person has medical issues that prevent him or her from submitting proof on time; or
- (c) The person meets the criteria for needing ((a supplemental accommodation under chapter 388-472 WAC)) equal access under WAC 182-503-0120.
- (17) The agency or its designee does not pay for any expense or portion of an expense used to meet a person's spenddown liability.
- (18) If an expense is potentially payable under the MN program, and only a portion of the medical expense is assigned to meet spenddown, the medical provider must not:
- (a) Bill the person for more than the amount assigned to the remaining spenddown liability; or
- (b) Accept or retain any additional amount for the covered service from the person. Any additional amount may be billed to the agency or its designee. See WAC 182-502-0160, Billing a client.
- (19) The agency or its designee determines whether any payment is due to the medical provider on medical expenses partially assigned to meet a spenddown liability under WAC 182-502-0100.
- (20) If the medical expense assigned to spenddown was incurred outside of a period of MN eligibility, or if the expense is not covered by WAH, the agency or its designee does not pay any portion of the bill.

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