WSR 21-09-004 PROPOSED RULES WHATCOM COMMUNITY COLLEGE

[Filed April 7, 2021, 3:38 p.m.]

Original Notice.

Preproposal statement of inquiry was filed as WSR 21-03-061.

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: Chapter 132U-126 WAC, Whatcom Community College (WCC) student rights and responsibility policy. Edit chapter 132U-126 WAC based on new Title IX regulations requiring updates and removal of Title IX procedures from this rule.

Hearing Location(s): On May 25, 2021, at 2:00 p.m., https://us02web.zoom.us/j/86286782028?pwd=M055ZC9aKzY1MUthbFkxQ1NYbFFGUT09.

Date of Intended Adoption: May 25, 2021.

Submit Written Comments to: Benjamin Reed, 237 West Kellogg Road, Laidlaw 208, Bellingham, WA 98226, email breed@whatcom.edu, fax 360-383-4000, by March 8, 2020 [2021].

Assistance for Persons with Disabilities: Contact Kerri Holferty, phone 360-383-3043, fax 360-383-4000, TTY 360-225-7182, email ADS@whatcom.edu, by March 5, 2021.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: The existing chapter 132U-126 WAC, Student rights and responsibility policy, does not meet current Title IX regulations. Items including investigative procedures and definitions of key terms need to be removed or edited.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: The existing WAC does not address the recent federal and state regulations.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: Chapter 28B.50 RCW.

Rule is necessary because of federal law, [no information supplied].

Name of Proponent: WCC, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting: Benjamin Reed, Laidlaw 208, 360-383-3074; Implementation and Enforcement: Benjamin Reed, Laidlaw 208, 360-383-3074, and Becky Rawlings, Laidlaw 235, 360-383-3400.

A school district fiscal impact statement is not required under RCW 28A.305.135.

A cost-benefit analysis is not required under RCW 34.05.328.

This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt from requirements of the Regulatory Fairness Act because the proposal:

Is exempt under RCW 19.85.025(3) as the rule content is explicitly and specifically dictated by statute.

February 17, 2021

Barbara Nolze

Administrative Assistant to the

Vice President for Student Services

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-17-025, filed 8/6/18, effective 9/6/18)

WAC 132U-126-010 Definitions. The following definitions shall apply for the purpose of this student conduct code:

- (1) "Business day" any day, Monday through Friday (excluding holidays), during which college offices are open.
- (2) "College community" shall include any person or entity with a connection or relationship with pursuit of the college mission.
- (3) "College premises" shall include the college campus and includes all land, buildings, facilities, vehicles, equipment, and other property owned, used, leased, or controlled by the college.
- (4) "Complainant" is an ((alleged victim of sexual miseonduct)) employee(s), applicant(s), student(s), or visitor(s) of Whatcom Community College who alleges that they have been subjected to behavior that is a violation of this policy.
- (5) "Consent" means knowing, voluntary, and clear permission by word or action, to engage in mutually agreed upon sexual activity. Each party has the responsibility to make certain that the other has consented before engaging in the activity. For consent to be valid, there must be at the time of the act of sexual intercourse or sexual contact actual words or conduct indicating freely given agreement to have sexual intercourse or sexual contact. A person cannot consent if they are unable to understand what is happening or is disoriented, helpless, asleep, or unconscious for any reason, including due to alcohol or other drugs. An individual who engages in sexual activity when the individual knows, or should know, that the other person is physically or mentally incapacitated has engaged in nonconsensual conduct. Intoxication is not a defense against allegations that an individual has engaged in nonconsensual sexual conduct.
- (6) "Conduct review officer" is the vice president for student services or other college administrator designated by the president to be responsible for receiving and for reviewing or referring appeals of student disciplinary cases in accordance with the procedures of this code.
- (((6))) (7) "Disciplinary action" is the process by which the student conduct officer imposes discipline against a student for a violation of the student conduct code.
- (((7))) (<u>8</u>) "Disciplinary appeal" is the process by which an aggrieved student can appeal the discipline imposed by the student conduct officer. Disciplinary appeals from a suspension in excess of ten business days or an expulsion are heard by the student conduct appeals board. Appeals of all other appealable disciplinary action shall be reviewed through brief adjudicative proceedings.
- (((8))) (9) "Filing" is the process by which a document is received by a college official responsible for facilitating a disciplinary process. Documents required to be filed shall be deemed filed upon actual receipt during office hours at the office of the specified college official. Unless otherwise provided, filing shall be accomplished by:
- (a) Hand delivery of the document to the specified college official or college official's assistant; or
- (b) Sending the document by first class mail to the specified college official's office; or

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- (c) Emailing the document to specified college official's colleges email address.
- (((9))) (10) "Guest" is any person who is not a member of the college community, who is on institutional property or attending an institutional function that the invitation of and/or hosted by a member of the college community.
- (((10))) (11) "Preponderance of evidence" is defined as "more likely than not" and is the standard of responsibility that is used when determining whether a violation of the student rights and responsibilities has occurred.
- (((11))) (12) "President" is the president of the college. The president is authorized to delegate or reassign any and all of their responsibilities as may be reasonably necessary.
- (((12))) (13) "Reporting party" is a student or another member of the college community who reports an alleged violation of this code that has been committed.
- (((13))) (14) "Respondent" is the student against whom disciplinary action is initiated.
- (((14))) (15) "Service" is the process by which a document is officially delivered to a party. Service is deemed complete upon the hand delivery of the document, or upon the date the document is emailed or post marked by the mail service. Unless otherwise provided, service upon a person shall be accomplished by:
 - (a) Hand delivery of the document to a person; or
- (b) Sending the document by certified or first class mail to the person's last known address; or
- (c) Emailing the document to the party's official college email address.
- (((15))) (16) "Student" includes all persons taking courses at or through the college, whether on a full-time or a part-time basis, and whether such courses are credit courses, noncredit courses, online courses, or otherwise. Persons who withdraw after allegedly violating the code, who are not officially enrolled for a particular term but who have a continuing relationship with the college, or who have been notified of their acceptance for admissions are considered "students."
- $((\frac{16}{10}))$ "Student conduct code" or "code" is the student rights and responsibilities policy in this chapter.
- (((17))) (18) "Student conduct officer" is a college administrator designated by the president or vice president for student services to be responsible for implementing and enforcing the student conduct code.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-17-025, filed 8/6/18, effective 9/6/18)

WAC 132U-126-015 Statement of student rights. As members of the academic community, students are encouraged to develop the capacity for critical judgment and to engage in an independent search for truth. Freedom to teach and freedom to learn are inseparable facets of academic freedom. The freedom to learn depends upon appropriate opportunities and conditions in the classroom, on the campus, and in the larger community. Students should exercise their freedom with responsibility. The responsibility to secure and to respect general conditions conducive to the freedom to learn is shared by all members of the college community.

The following enumerated rights are guaranteed to each student within the limitations of statutory law and college policy, which are deemed necessary to achieve the education goals of the college:

(1) Academic freedom.

- (a) Students are guaranteed the rights of free inquiry, expression, and assembly upon and within college facilities that are generally open and available to the public.
- (b) Students are free to pursue appropriate educational objectives from among the college's curricula, programs, and services, subject to the limitations of RCW 28B.50.090 (3)(b).
- (c) Students shall be protected from academic evaluation which is arbitrary, prejudiced, or capricious but are responsible for meeting the standards of academic performance established by each of their instructors.
- (d) Students have the right to a learning environment which is free from unlawful discrimination, inappropriate and disrespectful conduct, and any and all harassment, including sexual harassment.

(2) Due process.

- (a) The right of students to be secure in their persons, quarters, papers, and effects against unreasonable searches and seizures is guaranteed.
- (b) No sanction may be imposed on any student without notice to the accused of the nature of the charges.
- (c) A student accused of violating this code of student conduct is entitled, upon request, to procedural due process as set forth in this chapter.
- (3) **Sexual misconduct complainant.** In any case involving an allegation of sexual misconduct as defined in this code, a complainant \underline{s} ((is)) and respondents are afforded certain rights under this code including, but not limited to:
- (a) The right to be informed of all orders issued in the disciplinary case in which they are a complainant;
- (b) The right to appeal to the student conduct committee an initial order issued by a conduct officer;
- (c) The right to request presidential review of an initial order issued by the student conduct committee; and
- (d) The right to be accompanied to all hearings by an advisor and/or an attorney at the student's expense.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-17-025, filed 8/6/18, effective 9/6/18)

WAC 132U-126-030 Prohibited student conduct. The college may impose sanctions against a student found responsible for committing, attempting to commit, aiding, abetting, inciting, encouraging, or assisting another person to commit, an act(s) of misconduct which include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (1) **Academic dishonesty.** Any act of academic dishonesty including, but not limited to, cheating, plagiarism, and fabrication:
- (a) Cheating includes any attempt to give or obtain unauthorized collaboration relating to the completion of an academic assignment.
- (b) Plagiarism includes taking and using as one's own, without proper attribution, the ideas, writings, or work of another person in completing an academic assignment. Prohibited conduct may also include the unauthorized submis-

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sion for credit of academic work that has been submitted for credit in another course.

- (c) Fabrication includes falsifying data, information, or citations in completing an academic assignment and also includes providing false or deceptive information to an instructor concerning the completion of an assignment.
- (d) The decision to bring a student conduct proceeding under this code for academic dishonesty is at the sole discretion of the student conduct officer. Nothing in this code prohibits instructors and/or academic divisions or departments from imposing academic sanctions, up to and including a failing grade in an academic course or dismissal from an academic program, in response to academic dishonesty. Policies and procedures governing the imposition of academic sanctions for academic dishonesty can be found in the course syllabus, and any applicable program handbook.
- (2) **Other dishonesty.** Any other act of dishonesty including, but not limited to:
- (a) Forgery, alteration, submission of falsified documents or misuse of any college document, record, or instrument of identification;
- (b) Tampering with an election conducted by or for college students;
- (c) Furnishing false information, or failing to furnish correct information, in response to the request or requirement of a college officer or employee.
- (3) ((Disruptive behavior. Behavior)) Disruption or obstruction. Conduct not otherwise protected by law, that interferes with, impedes, or otherwise unreasonably hinders the following:
- (a) Instruction, services, research, administration, disciplinary proceedings, or other college activities, including the obstruction of the free flow of pedestrian or vehicular movement on college property or at a college activity; or
- (b) Any activity that is authorized to occur on college property or under college jurisdiction, whether or not actually conducted or sponsored by the college.
- (4) Assault or intimidation. Unwanted touching, physical abuse, verbal abuse, threat(s), intimidation, harassment, bullying, or other conduct which harms, threatens, or is reasonably perceived as threatening the health or safety of another person or another person's property. ((Bullying is physical or verbal abuse, repeated over time, and involves a power imbalance between the aggressor and victim.)) For purpose of this code, "bullying" is defined as repeated or aggressive unwanted behavior, not otherwise protected by law that intentionally humiliates, harms, or intimidates the victim.
- (5) Cyber misconduct. Cyberstalking, cyberbullying, or online harassment. Use of electronic communication including, but not limited to, electronic mail, instant messaging, electronic bulletin boards, and social media sites, to harass, abuse, bully or engage in other conduct which harms, threatens, or is reasonably perceived as threatening the health or safety of another person. Prohibited activities include, but are not limited to, unauthorized monitoring of another's email communications directly or through spyware, sending threatening emails, disrupting electronic communications with spam or by sending a computer virus, correspondence using another's identity, nonconsensual recording of sexual activ-

ity, and nonconsensual distribution of a recording of sexual activity.

- (6) **Property violation.** Damage to, misappropriation of, unauthorized use or possession of, vandalism, or other nonaccidental damaging or destruction of college property or property of another person. Property for the purposes of this subsection includes, but is not limited to, computer passwords, access codes, identification cards, personal financial account numbers, other confidential personal information, intellectual property, and college copyrights and trademarks.
- (7) **Failure to comply.** Failure to comply with a directive of a college officer or employee who is acting in the legitimate performance of their duties, including failure to properly identify oneself to such a person when requested to do so.
- (8) **Weapons.** Possession, holding, wearing, transporting, storage or presence of any firearm, dagger, sword, knife or other cutting or stabbing instrument, club, explosive device, or any other weapon apparently capable of producing bodily harm is prohibited on the college campus, subject to the following exceptions:
- (a) Commissioned law enforcement personnel or legally authorized military personnel while in performance of their duties:
- (b) A student with a valid concealed weapons permit may store a pistol in their vehicle parked on campus in accordance with RCW 9.41.050 (2) or (3), provided the vehicle is locked and the weapon is concealed from view; or
- (c) The president may grant permission to bring a weapon on campus upon a determination that the weapon is reasonably related to a legitimate pedagogical purpose. Such permission shall be in writing and shall be subject to such terms or conditions incorporated in the written permission.
- (d) This policy does not apply to the possession and/or use of legal disabling chemical sprays when possessed and/or used for self defense.
- (9) **Hazing.** Hazing includes, but is not limited to, any initiation into a student organization or any pastime or amusement engaged in with respect to such an organization that causes, or is likely to cause, bodily danger or physical harm, or serious mental or emotional harm.
 - (10) Alcohol, drug, and tobacco violations.
- (a) **Alcohol.** The use, possession, sale, or being <u>observably</u> under the influence of any alcoholic beverage, except as permitted by law and applicable college policies.
- (b) Marijuana. The use, possession, <u>delivery</u>, or sale of marijuana or the psychoactive compounds found in marijuana and intended for human consumption, regardless of form, or being under the influence of marijuana or the psychoactive compounds found in marijuana ((or the possession of drug paraphernalia)) and intended for human consumption, regardless of form. While state law permits the recreational use of marijuana, federal law prohibits such use on college premises or in connection with college activities.
- (c) **Drugs.** The use, possession, delivery, sale, or the appearance of being under the influence of any legend drug, including anabolic steroids, androgens, or human growth hormones as defined in chapter 69.41 RCW, or any other controlled substance under chapter 69.50 RCW, except as prescribed for a student's use by a licensed practitioner.

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- (d) Tobacco, electronic cigarettes, and related products. The use of tobacco, electronic cigarettes, and related products in any building owned, leased or operated by the college or in any location where such use is prohibited, including twenty-five feet from entrances, exits, windows that open, and ventilation intakes of any building owned, leased or operated by the college. The use of tobacco, electronic cigarettes, and related products on the college campus is restricted to designated smoking areas. "Related products" include, but are not limited to, cigarettes, pipes, bidi, clove cigarettes, water pipes, hookahs, chewing tobacco, vaporizers, and snuff.
- (11) **Lewd conduct.** Conduct which is obscene, indecent, pornographic and/or lascivious that is not otherwise protected under the law.
- (12) **Discriminatory conduct.** Conduct which harms or adversely affects any member of the college community because of race; color; national origin; sensory, mental, or physical disability; use of a service animal; age; religion; creed; gender, including pregnancy; marital status; genetic information; sexual orientation; gender identity; veteran's status; or any other legally protected classification.
- (13) **Sexual misconduct.** The term "sexual misconduct" includes sexual harassment, sexual intimidation, and sexual violence.
- (a) Sexual harassment. The term "sexual harassment" means unwelcome ((eonduct of a sexual nature, including unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and/or other verbal, nonverbal, or physical conduct of a sexual nature that is sufficiently serious as to deny or limit, and does deny or limit, based on sex, the ability of a student to participate in or benefit from the college's educational program or that creates an intimidating, hostile, or offensive environment for other campus community members)) sexual or gender-based conduct, including unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, quid pro quo harassment, and other verbal, nonverbal, or physical conduct of a sexual or a gendered nature that is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive as to:
- (i) Deny or limit the ability to participate in or benefit from the college's educational program;
- (ii) Alter the terms or conditions of employment for a college employee(s); and/or
- (iii) Create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive environment for other campus community members.
- (b) **Sexual intimidation.** The term "sexual intimidation" incorporates the definition of "sexual harassment" and means threatening or emotionally distressing conduct based on ((sex)) gender identity or perceived gender including, but not limited to, nonconsensual recording of sexual activity or the distribution of such recording.
- (c) **Sexual violence.** "Sexual violence" is a type of sexual discrimination and harassment. Nonconsensual sexual intercourse, nonconsensual sexual contact, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking are all types of sexual violence.
- (i) Nonconsensual sexual intercourse is any sexual intercourse (anal, oral, or vaginal), however slight, with any object or body part, by a person upon another person, that is without consent and/or by force. Sexual intercourse includes

- anal or vaginal penetration by a penis, tongue, finger, or object, or oral copulation by mouth to genital contact or genital to mouth contact.
- (ii) Nonconsensual sexual contact is any intentional sexual touching, however slight, with any object or body part, by a person upon another person that is without consent and/or by force. Sexual touching includes any bodily contact with the breast, groin, mouth, or other bodily orifice of another individual, or any other bodily contact in a sexual manner.
- (iii) Domestic violence includes ((asserted violent misdemeanor and felony offenses committed by the victim's current or former spouse, current or former cohabitant, person similarly situated under domestic or family violence laws, or anyone else protected under domestic family violence law)) physical violence, bodily injury, assault, the infliction of fear of imminent physical harm, sexual assault, or stalking committed by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the state of Washington, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the state of Washington, RCW 26.50.010.
- (iv) Dating violence means <u>physical</u> violence, <u>bodily injury</u>, <u>assault</u>, the infliction of fear or imminent <u>physical harm</u>, <u>sexual assault</u>, <u>or stalking committed</u> by a person who has been in a romantic or intimate relationship with the victim. Whether there was such relationship will be gauged by its length, type, and frequency of interaction.
- (v) Stalking means intentional and repeated harassment or following of another person, which places that person in reasonable fear that the perpetrator intends to injure, intimidate, or harass that person. Stalking also includes instances where the perpetrator knows or reasonably should know that the person is frightened, intimidated, or harassed, even if the perpetrator lacks such intent.
- (((vi) Consent means knowing, voluntary, and clear permission by word or action, to engage in mutually agreed upon sexual activity. Each party has the responsibility to make certain that the other has consented before engaging in the activity. For consent to be valid, there must be at the time of the act of sexual intercourse or sexual contact actual words or conduct indicating freely given agreement to have sexual intercourse or sexual contact.

A person cannot consent if they are unable to understand what is happening or is disoriented, helpless, asleep, or unconscious for any reason, including due to alcohol or other drugs. An individual who engages in sexual activity when the individual knows, or should know, that the other person is physically or mentally incapacitated has engaged in nonconsensual conduct.

Intoxication is not a defense against allegations that an individual has engaged in nonconsensual sexual conduct.))

(14) **Harassment.** Unwelcome and offensive conduct, including verbal, nonverbal, or physical conduct, that is directed at a person because of such person's protected status and that is sufficiently serious as to deny or limit, and that does deny or limit, the ability of a student to participate in or benefit from the college's educational program or that creates

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an intimidating, hostile, or offensive environment for other campus community members. Protected status includes a person's race; color; national origin; sensory, mental, or physical disability; use of a service animal; age; religion; genetic information; gender, including pregnancy, marital status; sexual orientation; gender identity; veteran's status; or any other legally protected classification. See "sexual misconduct" for the definition of "sexual harassment." Harassing conduct may include, but is not limited to, physical conduct, verbal, written, social media and electronic communications.

- (15) <u>Hostile environment</u>, Unwelcome conduct that a reasonable person would find to be so severe, pervasive, or objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the college's educational programs or activities.
- (16) **Retaliation.** Harming, threatening, intimidating, coercing, or taking adverse action of any kind against a person because such person reported an alleged violation of this code or college policy, provided information about an alleged violation, or participated as a witness or in any other capacity in a college investigation or disciplinary proceeding.
- (((16))) (17) **Misuse of electronic resources.** Theft or other misuse of computer time or other electronic information resources of the college. Such misuse includes, but is not limited to:
- (a) Unauthorized use of such resources or opening of file, message, or other item;
- (b) Unauthorized duplication, transfer, or distribution of a computer program, file, message, or other item;
- (c) Unauthorized use or distribution of someone else's password or other identification;
- (d) Use of such time or resources to interfere with someone else's work;
- (e) Use of such time or resources to send, display, or print an obscene or abusive message, text, or image;
- (f) Use of such time or resources to interfere with normal operation of the college's computing system or other electronic information resources;
- (g) Use of such time or resources in violation of applicable copyright or other law;
- (h) Adding to or otherwise altering the infrastructure of the college's electronic information resources without authorization;
- (i) Failure to comply with the college's electronic use policy.
- (((17))) (18) **Unauthorized access.** Unauthorized possession, duplication, or other use of a key, keycard, or other restricted means of access to college property, or unauthorized entry onto or into college property.
- (((18))) (19) Safety violation. ((Safety violation includes)) Any nonaccidental or negligent conduct that interferes with or otherwise compromises any college policy, equipment, or procedure relating to the safety and security of self or the campus community, including tampering with fire safety equipment and triggering false alarms or other emergency response systems. A safety violation may include the operation of any motor vehicle on college property in an unsafe manner or in a manner which is reasonably perceived as threatening the health or safety of another person.

- (((19))) <u>(20)</u> **Violation of other laws and policies.** Violation of any federal, state, or local law, rule, or regulation or other college rules or policies.
- $((\frac{(20)}{2}))$ (21) **Ethical violation.** The breach of any generally recognized and published code of ethics or standards of professional practice that governs the conduct of a particular profession for which the student is taking a course or is pursuing as an educational goal or major.

In addition to initiating discipline proceedings for violation of the student conduct code, the college may refer any violations of federal, state, or local laws to civil and criminal authorities for disposition. The college shall proceed with student disciplinary proceedings regardless of whether the underlying conduct is subject to civil or criminal prosecution.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-17-025, filed 8/6/18, effective 9/6/18)

- WAC 132U-126-040 Sanctions. In keeping with the educational mission of Whatcom Community College, sanctions serve the purpose of educating students about their rights and responsibilities, reinforcing the high standards of scholarship expected of Whatcom students, promoting student development, and maintaining safety and well-being of members of the college community. When appropriate, the college may attempt to resolve issues without formal disciplinary action and may give verbal warnings. When a student takes responsibility for a violation or is determined to have violated the code, the student conduct officer may impose one or more of the following sanctions. This list is not meant to be exhaustive and other sanctions may be applied at the discretion of the student conduct officer.
- (1) **Disciplinary warning.** A verbal statement to a student that there is a violation and that continued violation may be cause for further disciplinary action.
- (2) **Written reprimand.** Notice in writing that the student has violated one or more terms of this code of conduct and that continuation of the same or similar behavior may result in more severe disciplinary action.
- (3) **Disciplinary probation.** Formal action placing specific conditions and restrictions upon the student's continued attendance depending upon the seriousness of the violation. Probation may be for a specific period of time or for the duration of the student's enrollment at the college.
- (4) **Disciplinary suspension.** Dismissal from the college and from the student status for a stated period of time. There may be no refund of tuition or fees for the quarter in which the action is taken.
- (5) **Dismissal.** The revocation of all rights and privileges of membership in the college community and exclusion from the campus and college-owned or controlled facilities without any possibility of return. There will be no refund of tuition or fees for the quarter in which the action is taken.
- (6) **Educational activity.** A student may be required to engage in educational activities related to violation(s). Such activities may include, but are not limited to, attendance at educational programs, community services, project or written assignments, and/or meeting with campus officials.
- (7) **Loss of privileges.** A student may be denied specific privileges on a temporary or permanent basis such as partici-

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pating in specific activities or restriction from specific areas of campus.

- (8) **Restitution.** Reimbursement for damage to or misappropriation of property, or for injury to persons, or for reasonable costs incurred by the college in pursuing an investigation or disciplinary proceedings.
- (9) **Professional evaluation.** Referral for drug, alcohol, psychological or medical evaluation by an appropriately certified or licensed professional may be required. The student may choose the professional within the scope of practice and with the professional credentials as defined by the college. The student will sign all necessary releases to allow the college access to any such evaluation. The student's return to college may be conditional upon compliance with the recommendations set forth in such a professional evaluation. If the evaluation indicates that the student is not capable of functioning within the college community, the student will remain suspended until further evaluation recommends that the student is capable of reentering the college and complying with the rules of conduct.
- (10) **Administrative no-contact order.** An order directing a student to have no contact with a specified student, college employee, a member of the college community, or a particular college facility.
- (11) **Student housing relocation.** Students who are living in college-controlled or administered housing may be transferred to alternate college-controlled or administered housing.
- (12) **Termination of student housing contract.** A student may be removed from their college-controlled housing and their housing contract terminated.
- (13) **Disqualification from athletics.** Any student found by the college to have violated this code related to the use, possession, sale, or delivery of legend drugs is subject to additional sanctions, including disqualification from collegesponsored athletic events.
- (14) College community service. Assignment of labor or responsibilities to any student or student organization with the college or local community. May also include mandatory attendance to educational programs or courses or other assignments.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-17-025, filed 8/6/18, effective 9/6/18)

WAC 132U-126-045 Initiation of disciplinary action.

(1) All disciplinary actions will be initiated by the student conduct officer in response to a report filed by any college community member. A complaint should be made in writing to the office of ((student conduct)) community standards. Additionally, information received from any source (police report, third party, electronic, etc.) may be considered as a complaint. If that officer is the subject of a complaint initiated by the respondent, the president shall, upon request and when feasible, designate another person to fulfill any such disciplinary responsibilities relative to the complaint. All complaints of sexual misconduct will be reviewed by the Title IX coordinator or designee to determine whether the complaint is a violation of chapter 132U-305 WAC or the student code of conduct.

- (2) The student conduct officer or designee shall initiate disciplinary action by serving the respondent with written notice directing them to attend a disciplinary meeting. The notice shall briefly describe the factual allegations, the provision(s) of the conduct code the respondent is alleged to have violated, the range of possible sanctions for the alleged violation(s), and specify the time and location of the meeting. At the meeting, the student conduct officer will present the allegations to the respondent and the respondent shall be afforded an opportunity to explain what took place. If the respondent fails to attend the meeting after proper service of notice, the student conduct officer may take disciplinary action based upon the available information.
- (3) The student conduct officer <u>or designee</u>, prior to taking disciplinary action in a case involving allegations of sexual misconduct, will make a reasonable effort to contact the complainant to discuss the results of the investigation and possible sanctions and/or conditions, if any, that may be imposed upon the respondent if the allegations of sexual misconduct are found to have merit.
- (4) Within ten business days of the initial disciplinary meeting, and after considering the evidence in the case, including any facts or argument presented by the respondent, the student conduct officer or designee shall serve the respondent with a written decision setting forth the facts and conclusions supporting their decision, the specific student conduct code provisions found to have been violated, the sanction imposed, if any, and a notice of any appeal rights with an explanation of the consequences of failing to file a timely appeal.
- (5) The student conduct officer may take any of the following disciplinary actions:
- (a) Exonerate the respondent and terminate the proceedings.
- (b) Impose a disciplinary sanction(s), as described in WAC 132U-125-035.
- (c) Refer the matter directly to the student conduct committee for such disciplinary action, as the committee deems appropriate. Such referral shall be in writing, to the attention of the chair of the student conduct committee, with a copy served on the respondent.
- (6) In cases involving allegations of sexual misconduct, the student conduct officer or designee, on the same date that a disciplinary decision is served on the respondent, will serve a written notice informing the complainant whether the allegations of sexual misconduct were found to have merit and describing any sanctions and/or conditions imposed upon the respondent for the complainant's protection, including disciplinary suspension or dismissal of the respondent. The notice will also inform the complainant of their appeal rights. If protective sanctions and/or conditions are imposed, the student conduct officer shall make a reasonable effort to contact the complainant to ensure prompt notice of the protective sanctions and/or conditions.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-17-025, filed 8/6/18, effective 9/6/18)

WAC 132U-126-050 Appeal from disciplinary action. (1) The respondent may appeal a disciplinary action

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by submitting a written appeal with the conduct review officer within ten business days of service. Failure to appeal on or before the deadline constitutes a waiver of the right to appeal and the initial decision shall be deemed final.

- (2) The written appeal must include a brief statement explaining why the respondent is seeking review.
- (3) The parties to an appeal shall be the respondent and the conduct review officer.
- (4) A respondent, who timely appeals a disciplinary action or whose case is referred to the student conduct committee, has a right to a prompt, fair, and impartial hearing as provided for in these procedures.
- (5) On appeal, the college bears the burden of establishing the evidentiary facts underlying the imposition of a sanction by a preponderance of the evidence.
- (6) Disciplinary action imposed for violation will not begin while an appeal is pending, except summary suspension and any conditions included in a summary suspension.
- (7) The student conduct committee shall hear appeals from:
- (a) Disciplinary suspensions in excess of ten ((business)) instructional days;
 - (b) Dismissals; and
- (c) Discipline cases referred to the committee by the student conduct officer, the conduct review officer, the president or designee.
- (8) Appeals to the following sanctions shall be reviewed through brief adjudicative proceedings:
- (a) Suspension of ten ((business)) instructional days or less;
 - (b) Disciplinary probation;
 - (c) Written reprimands; and
- (d) Any conditions or terms imposed in conjunction with one of the three sanctions listed in this subsection.
- (9) In cases involving allegations of sexual misconduct, the complainant has the right to appeal the following actions by the student conduct ((office)) officer or designee following the same procedures as set forth in subsection (8)(a) through (d) of this section for the respondent:
 - (a) The dismissal of a sexual misconduct complaint; or
- (b) Any sanctions and/or conditions imposed against a respondent for a sexual misconduct violation, including a disciplinary warning.
- (10) If the respondent files an appeal to a decision imposing sanctions for a sexual misconduct violation, the college shall notify the complainant of the appeal and provide the complainant an opportunity to participate as a party to the appeal.
- (11) Except as otherwise specified in this chapter, a complainant who files an appeal to sanctions or who participates as a party to a respondent's appeal of a disciplinary decision shall be afforded the same procedural rights as are afforded the respondent.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-17-025, filed 8/6/18, effective 9/6/18)

WAC 132U-126-055 Brief adjudicative proceedings—Initial hearing. (1) Brief adjudicative proceedings shall be conducted by a conduct review officer or designee.

The conduct review officer shall not participate in any case in which the conduct officer is complainant or witness; or in which they have direct or personal interest, prejudice, or bias; or in which they have acted previously in an advisory capacity.

- (2) The parties to a brief adjudicative proceeding are the respondent, the student conduct officer, and the complainant in cases involving sexual misconduct. The conduct review officer shall conduct an informal hearing and provide each party an opportunity to be informed of the facts as viewed by the college and the initial disciplinary findings. Each party will also have an opportunity to explain their view of the matter.
- (3) The conduct review officer shall serve an initial decision to both the respondent and the student conduct officer within ten ((business)) days of consideration of the appeal. The initial decision shall contain a brief written statement of the reasons for the decision and information about how to seek administrative review of the initial decision. If no request for review is filed within ten ((business)) days of service of the initial decision, the initial decision shall be deemed the final decision.
- (4) In cases involving allegations of sexual misconduct, the conduct review officer, on the same date as the initial decision is served on the respondent, will serve a written notice upon the complainant informing the complainant whether the allegations of sexual misconduct were found to have merit and describing any sanctions and/or conditions imposed upon the respondent for the complainant's protection. The notice will also inform the complainant of their appeal rights.
- (5) Upon review, if the conduct review officer determines that the respondent's conduct may warrant imposition of a disciplinary suspension of more than ten ((business)) days or dismissal, the matter shall be referred to the student conduct committee for a disciplinary hearing.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-17-025, filed 8/6/18, effective 9/6/18)

- WAC 132U-126-060 Brief adjudicative proceedings—Review of an initial decision. (1) An initial decision is subject to review by the president or designee, provided a party files a written request for review with the conduct review officer within ten ((business)) days of service of the initial decision.
- (2) The president or designee shall not participate in any case in which they are a complainant or witness; has direct or personal interest, prejudice, or bias; or has acted previously in an advisory capacity.
- (3) During the review, the president or designee shall give each party an opportunity to file written responses explaining their view of the matter and shall make any inquiries necessary to ascertain whether the sanctions should be modified or whether the proceedings should be referred to the student conduct committee for a formal adjudicative hearing.
- (4) The decision on review must be in writing and must include a brief statement of the reasons for the decision. The decision must be served on the parties within twenty ((business)) days of the initial decision or of the request for review,

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whichever is later. The decision on review will contain a notice that judicial review may be available. A request for review may be deemed to have been denied if the president or designee does not make a disposition of the matter within twenty ((business)) instructional days after the request is submitted.

- (5) If, upon review, the president or designee determines that the respondent's conduct may warrant disciplinary suspension of more than ten business days or expulsion, the matter shall be referred to the student conduct committee for a disciplinary hearing.
- (6) In cases involving sexual misconduct, the president will, on the same date as the final decision is served to the respondent, serve a written notice to the complainant informing the complainant whether the allegations of sexual misconduct were found to have merit and describing any disciplinary sanctions and/or conditions imposed upon the respondent for the complainant's protection, including suspension or dismissal of the respondent. The notice will also inform the complainant of their appeal rights.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-17-025, filed 8/6/18, effective 9/6/18)

- WAC 132U-126-075 Appeal—Student conduct committee. (1) Proceedings of the student conduct committee shall be governed by the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW.
- (2) The student conduct committee chair shall serve all parties with written notice of the hearing not less than seven business days in advance of the hearing date. The chair may shorten this notice period if both parties agree, and may continue the hearing to a later time for good cause shown.
- (3) The committee chair is authorized to conduct prehearing conferences and/or to make prehearing decisions concerning the extent and form of any discovery, issuance of protective decisions, and similar procedural matters.
- (4) Any involved party, including the committee chair, may submit a request to submit and exchange lists of potential witnesses and copies of potential exhibits that reasonably expect to be presented to the committee. This request must be submitted to the committee chair at least five business days prior to the hearing. The parties shall exchange the items no later than the third business day prior to the hearing. Failure to participate in good faith in such a requested exchange may be cause for exclusion from the hearing of any witness or exhibit not disclosed, absent a showing of good cause for such failure.
- (5) The committee chair may provide to the committee members in advance of the hearings copies of:
- (a) The conduct officer's notification of imposition of discipline or referral to the committee; and
- (b) The notice of appeal or any response to referral by the respondent. If doing so, however, the chair should remind the members that these "pleadings" are not evidence of any facts they may allege.
- (6) The parties may agree before the hearing to designate specific exhibits as admissible without objection and, if they do so, whether the committee chair may provide copies of

these admissible exhibits to the committee members before the hearing.

- (7) The student conduct officer, upon request, shall provide reasonable assistance to the respondent in obtaining relevant and admissible evidence that is within the college's control.
- (8) Communications between committee members and other hearing participants regarding any issue in the proceeding, other than procedural communications that are necessary to maintain an orderly process, are generally prohibited without notice and opportunity for all parties to participate, and any improper "ex parte" communication shall be placed on the record, as further provided in RCW 34.05.455.
- (9) Each party may be accompanied at the hearing by a nonattorney assistant of their choice. A respondent, or complainant in a case involving allegations of sexual misconduct, may elect to be represented by an attorney at their own cost, but will be deemed to have waived that right unless, at least four business days before the hearing, written notice of the attorney's identity and participation is filed with the committee chair with a copy to the student conduct officer. The committee will ordinarily be advised by an assistant attorney general. If the respondent or complainant is represented by an attorney, the student conduct officer may also be represented by a second, appropriately screened assistant attorney general.
- (10) At the option of the college president, the college may appoint an administrative law judge to serve as a hearing officer responsible for handling procedural matters otherwise assigned to the chair and to conduct the hearing on behalf of the student conduct committee.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-17-025, filed 8/6/18, effective 9/6/18)

WAC 132U-126-090 Appeal from student conduct committee initial decision. (1) A respondent, or complainant in a case involving allegations of sexual misconduct, who is aggrieved by the findings or conclusions issued by the student conduct committee may appeal the student conduct committee's initial decision to the president or designee by filing a written notice of appeal with the president's office within ten ((business)) days of service of the committee's initial decision. Failure to file a timely appeal constitutes a waiver of the right and the initial decision shall be deemed final.

- (2) The president or designee shall not participate in any case in which the president or designee is a complainant or witness; has direct or personal interest, prejudice, or bias has or has acted previously in an advisory capacity.
- (3) The notice of appeal must identify the specific findings of fact and/or conclusions of law in the initial decision that are challenged and must contain argument why the appeal should be granted. If necessary to aid review, the president or designee's may ask for additional briefing from the parties on issues raised on appeal. The review shall be restricted to the hearing record made before the student conduct committee and will normally be limited to a review of those issues and arguments raised in the notice of appeal.

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- (4) The president or designee shall provide a written decision to all parties within twenty ((business)) days after receipt of the notice of appeal. The president or designee's decision shall be final and shall include a notice of any rights to request reconsideration and/or judicial review.
- (5) In cases involving allegations of sexual misconduct, the president, on the same date that the final decision is served upon the respondent, shall serve a written notice informing the complainant of the final decision. This notice shall inform the complainant whether the sexual misconduct allegation was found to have merit and describe any disciplinary sanctions and/or conditions imposed upon the respondent for the complainant's protection, including suspension or dismissal of the respondent.
- (6) The president or designee shall not engage in an ex parte communication with any of the parties regarding any appeal.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-17-025, filed 8/6/18, effective 9/6/18)

- WAC 132U-126-095 Summary suspension. (1) Summary suspension is a temporary exclusion from specified college premises or denial of access to all activities or privileges for which a respondent might otherwise be eligible, while an investigation and/or formal disciplinary procedures are pending.
- (2) The student conduct officer, or designee may impose a summary suspension if there is probable cause to believe that the respondent:
- (a) Has violated any provision of the code of conduct; and
- (b) Presents an immediate danger to the health, safety or welfare of members of the college community; or
- (c) Poses an ongoing threat of substantial disruption of, or interference with, the operations of the college.
- (3) **Notice.** Any respondent who has been summarily suspended shall be served with oral or written notice of the summary suspension. If oral notice is given, a written notification shall be served on the respondent within two business days of the oral notice.
- (4) The written notification shall be entitled "Notice of Summary Suspension" and shall include:
- (a) The reason for imposing the summary suspension, including a description of the conduct giving rise to the summary suspension and reference to the provisions of the student conduct code or the law allegedly violated;
- (b) The date, time, and location when the respondent must appear before the conduct review officer for a hearing on the summary suspension; and
- (c) The conditions, if any, under which the respondent may physically access the campus or communicate with members of the campus community. If the respondent has been trespassed from the campus, a notice against trespass shall be included that warns the student that their privilege to enter into or remain on college premises has been withdrawn, that the respondent shall be considered trespassing and subject to arrest for criminal trespass if the respondent enters the college campus other than to meet as scheduled with the stu-

dent conduct officer or conduct review officer or to attend a scheduled disciplinary hearing.

- (5) The conduct review officer shall conduct a hearing on the summary suspension as soon as practicable after imposition of the summary suspension.
- (a) During the summary suspension hearing, the issue before the conduct review officer is whether there is probable cause to believe that the summary suspension should be continued pending the conclusion of disciplinary proceedings and/or whether the summary suspension should be less restrictive in scope.
- (b) The respondent shall be afforded an opportunity to explain why summary suspension should not be continued while disciplinary proceedings are pending or why the summary suspension should be less restrictive in scope.
- (c) If the student fails to appear at the designated hearing time, the conduct review officer may order that the summary suspension remain in place pending the conclusion of the disciplinary proceedings.
- (d) As soon as practicable following the hearing, the conduct review officer shall issue a written decision which shall include a brief explanation for any decision continuing and/or modifying the summary suspension and notice of any right to appeal.
- (e) To the extent permissible under applicable law, the conduct review officer shall provide a copy of the decision to all persons or offices who may be bound or protected by it.
- (f) In cases involving allegations of sexual misconduct, the complainant shall be notified that a summary suspension has been imposed on the same day that the summary suspension notice is served on the respondent. The college will also provide the complainant with timely notice of any subsequent changes to the summary suspension order.

REPEALER

The following section of the Washington Administrative Code is repealed:

WAC 132U-126-100 Sexual misconduct proceedings.

WSR 21-09-012 PROPOSED RULES SOUTHWEST CLEAN AIR AGENCY

[Filed April 8, 2021, 12:31 p.m.]

Reviser's note: The material contained in this filing exceeded the page-count limitations of WAC 1-21-040 for appearance in this issue of the Register. It will appear in the 21-11 issue of the Register.

[9] Proposed

WSR 21-09-040 proposed rules DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

(Dental Quality Assurance Commission) [Filed April 13, 2021, 4:25 p.m.]

Original Notice.

Preproposal statement of inquiry was filed as WSR 21-04-050.

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: WAC 246-817-580 Novel coronavirus disease 2019 screening, the dental quality assurance commission (commission) is proposing a new, permanent rule to allow a dentist to delegate novel coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) screening tests to dental staff under appropriate supervision and demonstration of competency.

Hearing Location(s): On June 25, 2021, at 8:35 a.m. In response to the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) public health emergency, the dental quality assurance commission will not provide a physical location for this hearing to promote social distancing and the safety of the citizens of Washington state. A virtual public hearing, without physical meeting space, will be held instead. To access the meeting: Please join meeting from your computer, tablet, or smartphone. Please register for dental quality assurance commission business meeting June 25, 2021, 8:30 a.m. PDT, at https://attendee.gotowebinar.com/register/7804671496990267919.

Date of Intended Adoption: June 25, 2021.

Submit Written Comments to: Jennifer Santiago, P.O. Box 47852, Olympia, WA 98504, email https://fortress.wa.gov/doh/policyreview, fax 360-236-2901, dental@doh.wa.gov, by June 14, 2021.

Assistance for Persons with Disabilities: Contact Jennifer Santiago, phone 360-236-4893, fax 360-236-2901, TTY 711, email jennifer.santiago@doh.wa.gov, dental@doh.wa.gov, by June 14, 2021.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: The commission has proposed a new rule section that allows dentists to delegate administration of COVID-19 screening tests to registered dental assistants, licensed expanded function dental auxiliaries, and licensed dental hygienists under appropriate supervision and demonstration of competency.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, screening for the disease is essential in dental practice. Dentistry produces large amounts of aerosols and it is important for dentists to appropriately screen patients prior to dental treatment. Delegation of COVID-19 screening test of patients assists dentists by reducing their workload to effectively continue dental care to patients. Knowing a patient's COVID-19 screening test result helps dentists prepare appropriate oral health treatment planning for the patient and maintain a safe work environment.

As dental procedures are proceeding during this pandemic, there is an influx of patients needing dental care and a greater need of the dental workforce. Delegating COVID-19 screening tests under appropriate supervision to credentialed dental staff allows dentists to provide safe dental care to more patients.

The commission filed emergency rule making for COVID-19 screening tests on December 30, 2020, as WSR

21-02-040. The commission intends for the emergency rule to remain in place until the permanent rule is adopted.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 18.260.040, 18.260.070, 18.29.050, and 18.32.0365.

Statute Being Implemented: RCW 18.32.002.

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Proponent: Dental quality assurance commission, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting, Implementation, and Enforcement: Jennifer Santiago, 111 Israel Road S.E., Tumwater, WA 98501, 360-236-4893.

A school district fiscal impact statement is not required under RCW 28A.305.135.

A cost-benefit analysis is required under RCW 34.05.328. A preliminary cost-benefit analysis may be obtained by contacting Jennifer Santiago, P.O. Box 47852, Olympia, WA 98504, phone 360-236-4893, fax 360-236-2901, TTY 711, email jennifer.santiago@doh.wa.gov, dental@doh.wa.gov.

The proposed rule does not impose more-than-minor costs on businesses. Following is a summary of the agency's analysis showing how costs were calculated. A small business economic impact statement was not prepared. A significant cost analysis has been completed. The proposed rule does not impose costs to businesses or to licensed dentists, licensed dental hygienists, licensed expanded function dental auxiliaries, or registered dental assistants. Licensed dentists are not required to test or delegate to dental support staff COVID-19 screening tests. Dental support staff are not required to perform administration of COVID-19 screening tests.

April 13, 2021 Aaron Stevens, D.M.D., Chairperson Dental Quality Assurance Commission

NEW SECTION

WAC 246-817-580 Novel coronavirus disease 2019 screening. (1) A supervising dentist may delegate the administration of a test for screening of novel coronavirus disease 2019 to a registered dental assistant and licensed expanded function dental auxiliary under the dentist's close supervision, provided the registered dental assistant and licensed expanded function dental auxiliary have demonstrated skills necessary to perform the task competently.

(2) A supervising dentist may delegate the administration of a test for screening of novel coronavirus disease 2019 to a licensed dental hygienist under the dentist's general supervision, provided the licensed dental hygienist has demonstrated skills necessary to perform the task competently.

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WSR 21-09-042 PROPOSED RULES LIQUOR AND CANNABIS BOARD

[Filed April 14, 2021, 10:24 a.m.]

Original Notice.

Preproposal statement of inquiry was filed as WSR 21-05-069.

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: Distillery reporting and payment rules, the Washington state liquor and cannabis board (WSLCB) is proposing repealing WAC 314-28-070 and 314-28-080; and amending WAC 314-28-010, 314-28-055, and 314-28-090 to be consistent with the court of appeals decision in *Blue Spirits Distilling, LLC v. WSLCB*, 15 Wn. App. 2d 779, 478 P.3d 153 (2020).

Repealing WAC 314-28-070 Monthly reporting and payment requirements for a distiller and craft distiller and 314-28-080 What if a distillery or craft distillery licensee fails to report or pay, or reports or pays late?

Amending WAC 314-28-010 Records, 314-28-055 What are the requirements for contract production by craft distilleries?, and 314-28-090 Distilleries or craft distilleries—Selling out-of-state.

Hearing Location(s): On May 26, 2021, at 10:00 a.m. In response to the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) public health emergency, the board will not provide a physical location for this hearing to promote social distancing and the safety of the citizens of Washington state. A virtual public hearing, without a physical meeting space, will be held instead. Board members, presenters, and staff will all participate remotely. The public may login using a computer or device, or call-in using a phone, to listen to the meeting through the Webex [WebEx] application. The public may provide verbal comments during the specified public comment and rules hearing segments. For more information about board meetings, please visit https://lcb.wa.gov/Board meetings/Board meetings.

Date of Intended Adoption: No earlier than June 9, 2021. Submit Written Comments to: Audrey Vasek, 1025 Union Avenue, Olympia, WA 98501, email rules@lcb.wa.gov, fax 360-704-5027, by May 26, 2021.

Assistance for Persons with Disabilities: Contact Claris Nhanabu, ADA coordinator, human resources, phone 360-664-1642, fax 360-664-9689, TTY 711 or 1-800-833-6388, email Claris.Nhanabu@lcb.wa.gov, by May 19, 2021.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: The purpose of this rule proposal is to revise the distillery reporting and payment rules to be consistent with the court of appeals decision in *Blue Spirits*. The rule proposal:

• Repeals WAC 314-28-070, relating to monthly reporting and payment requirements for distilleries and craft distilleries. The proposed repeal of this section is necessary to remove all monthly reporting and payment requirements from rule. After the court of appeals decision in *Blue Spirits*, the agency no longer collects any payment from distilleries or craft distilleries, so there is no longer a reason or need to have any reporting requirements.

- Repeals WAC 314-28-080, relating to penalties for failure of a distillery or craft distillery to report or pay, or for late reporting or payment. The proposed repeal of this section is necessary because the monthly reporting and payment requirements are being removed as part of the proposed revisions (through repeal of WAC 314-28-070), so there is no longer any need for the corresponding penalties.
- Amends WAC 314-28-010, relating to records. The proposed revisions include removing a sentence in subsection (1)(a) that contains a reference to reporting requirements and removing references to monthly records throughout the section. These revisions are necessary because the monthly reporting and payment requirements are being removed as part of the proposed revisions (through repeal of WAC 314-28-070), so there is no longer any need for these corresponding references. The proposed revisions also make a technical change by shortening several references to the "liquor and cannabis board" to "the board" since that is a defined term. The general definition section for all of Title 314 WAC (WAC 314-01-005) applies, and that definition section cross-references RCW 66.04.010, where "board" is defined to mean the liquor and cannabis board.
- Amends WAC 314-28-055, relating to requirements for contract production by craft distilleries. The proposed rule revisions include editing the caption and removing references to reporting requirements and monthly records throughout the section. These revisions are necessary because the monthly reporting and payment requirements are being removed as part of the proposed revisions (through repeal of WAC 314-28-070), so there is no longer any need for these corresponding references.
- Amends WAC 314-28-090, requirements for distilleries or craft distilleries to sell out-of-state. The proposed rule revisions include editing the caption and removing a reference to monthly reporting requirements. These revisions are necessary because the monthly reporting and payment requirements are being removed as part of the proposed revisions (through repeal of WAC 314-28-070), so there is no longer any need for these corresponding references. Subsection (4), which contains a reference to Washington state liquor taxes, is also removed because the WSLCB does not collect any liquor taxes from distillery or craft distillery licensees regardless of whether they are selling in state or out-of-state.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: The proposed rules are needed to amend the distillery reporting and payment rules to be consistent with the court of appeals decision in *Blue Spirits*. See purpose statement.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 66.08.030. Statute Being Implemented: Not applicable.

Rule is necessary because of state court decision, *Blue Spirits Distilling, LLC v. WSLCB*, 15 Wn. App. 2d 779, 478 P.3d 153 (2020).

Name of Proponent: WSLCB, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting: Audrey Vasek, Policy and Rules Coordinator, 1025 Union Avenue, Olympia, WA 98501, 360-664-1758; Implementation: Jim Morgan, Chief Financial Officer, 1025 Union Ave-

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nue, Olympia, WA 98501, 360-664-1690; and Enforcement: Chandra Brady, Director of the Enforcement and Education Division, 1025 Union Avenue, Olympia, WA 98501, 360-664-1726.

A school district fiscal impact statement is not required under RCW 28A.305.135.

A cost-benefit analysis is not required under RCW 34.05.328. Consistent with RCW 34.05.328 (5)(a), these proposed rules are not subject to cost-benefit analysis requirements unless requested by the joint administrative rules review committee or voluntarily applied. Additionally, these supplemental proposed rules do not qualify as significant legislative rules under RCW 34.05.328 (5)(c).

The proposed rule does not impose more-than-minor costs on businesses. Following is a summary of the agency's analysis showing how costs were calculated.

Estimated Cost of Compliance: The proposed rule revisions remove all reporting and payment requirements for distilleries and craft distilleries (by repealing WAC 314-28-070 and 314-28-080) and amend existing references to reporting and payment requirements in several other rule sections (WAC 314-28-010, 314-28-055, 314-28-090). These proposed rule revisions are anticipated to reduce the reporting burden and compliance costs for distillery and craft distillery licensees.

The agency anticipates that licensees will not incur additional compliance costs as a result of these rule revisions. The reduction in reporting burden will happen automatically, and licensees will not have to interact with licensing, finance, enforcement and education, or other agency staff in order to receive and benefit from the reduction in reporting burden.

The agency anticipates that licensees may need to spend a small amount of time (less than thirty minutes of administrative time) to familiarize themselves with the rule revisions in order to be aware that the reporting and payment requirements have been removed. This would be a one-time cost.

According to the 2019 Occupational Employment Statistics Databook available in the employment security department (ESD) labor market report library (https://esd.wa.gov/labormarketinfo/report-library), the average hourly wage in Washington state for Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive (using the Standard Occupational Classification Code 43-6014) is \$21.31. Based on that data, the estimated cost for the administrative activity of familiarization with the rule revisions is \$10.66 (\$21.31 avg. hourly wage x .5 hours = approximately \$10.66).

Minor Cost Threshold Estimates: The board applied North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes 312140 for distilleries to estimate the minor cost thresholds for distillery and craft distillery licensees. According to the 2017 NAICS Manual (https://www.census.gov/library/publications/2017/econ/2017-naics-manual.html), the distillery industry (312140) "comprises establishments primarily engaged in one or more of the following: (1) distilling potable liquors (except brandies); (2) distilling and blending liquors; and (3) blending and mixing liquors and other ingredients." There are no separate NAICS codes available for craft distilleries.

As shown in the table below, the estimated one-time cost of compliance for distilleries and craft distilleries (\$10.66) does not exceed the minor cost estimate for this industry (\$2,076.60), so a small business economic impact statement is not required under RCW 19.85.030.

2017 Industry NAICS Code	Estimated Cost of Com- pliance	Industry Description	NAICS Code Title	Minor Cost Esti- mate - Max of 1%Pay, 0.3%Rev, and \$100	1% of Avg Annual Payroll. (0.01*Avg- Pay)	0.3% of Avg Annual Gross Business Income 0.003*AvgGBI)
312140	\$10.66	Distilleries	Distilleries	\$2,076.60	\$2,076.60 2018 Dataset pulled from ESD	\$1,471.28 2018 Dataset pulled from DOR

April 14, 2021 David Postman Chair

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 16-01-102, filed 12/16/15, effective 1/16/16)

WAC 314-28-010 Records. (1) All distilleries licensed under RCW 66.24.140 and 66.24.145, including craft, fruit, and laboratory distillers must:

- (a) Keep records regarding any spirits, whether produced or purchased, for three years after each sale((. A distiller is required to report on forms approved by the liquor and cannabis board));
- (b) In the case of spirits exported or sold, preserve all bills of lading and other evidence of shipment;
- (c) Submit duplicate copies of transcripts, notices, or other data that is required by the federal government to the

((liquor and cannabis)) board if requested, within thirty days of the notice of such request. A distiller shall also furnish copies of the bills of lading, covering all shipments of the products of the licensee, to the board within thirty days of notice of such request;

- (d) Preserve all sales records to spirits retail licensees, sales to spirits distributors, and exports from the state; and
- (e) Submit copies of its $((\frac{\text{monthly}}{\text{monthly}}))$ records to the $((\frac{\text{liquor and cannabis}}{\text{monthly}}))$ board upon request.
 - (2) In addition to the above, a craft distiller must:
- (a) Preserve all sales records of retail sales to consumers; and
- (b) Submit its ((monthly)) records to the ((liquor and eannabis)) board upon request.

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AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 14-20-047, filed 9/24/14, effective 10/25/14)

WAC 314-28-055 ((What are the)) Requirements for contract production by craft distilleries((?)). (1) This section clarifies the language for contract production found in RCW 66.24.145. For the purposes of this section, contract production is when one craft distillery, referred to as the "contractor," produces distilled spirits for and sells contract distilled spirits to holders of distillers' or manufacturers' licenses including licenses issued under RCW 66.24.520, referred to as "contractee," and for export from the state. This distilled spirit is referred to as the "product."

- (a) The contractee is the product owner. The contractee may handle the product under its license as RCW and WAC allow.
- (b) The contractor is required to physically transport all contracted product to the contractee. The contractor is not allowed to distribute or retail the product.
- (2) The contractor must submit a copy of the contract to the board prior to production. Any changes in the contract must also be submitted to the board prior to subsequent production. The board may require additional information.
- (3) The contractor and contractee are required to obtain any federal approvals.
- (4) Maintaining qualification as a craft distillery. Each craft distillery, whether in the capacity of a contractor or contractee, is allowed to produce one hundred fifty thousand gallons or less of total product per year. Total product, in this instance, includes:
 - (a) Product owned and produced by the craft distillery;
- (b) Product owned and produced by the craft distillery for export from the state;
- (c) Product owned by the craft distillery but produced by another craft distillery;
- (d) Product produced by the craft distillery on behalf of another craft distillery;
- (e) Product produced by the craft distillery under contract for another distillery, manufacturer, or grower.
 - (5) ((Reporting and)) Recordkeeping.
- (a) The contractor must ((include)) submit, upon request by the board, records of all product produced including contract production ((when it reports its monthly production to the board)).
- (b) The contractee must ((include)) submit, upon request by the board, records of the product contract produced by another craft distillery ((when the contractee reports its monthly production to the board)).
- (c) The contractor's and the contractee's recordkeeping documents must include the product information for each contract. The information must show the quantities produced.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-02-006, filed 12/20/17, effective 1/20/18)

WAC 314-28-090 Distilleries or craft distilleries—Requirements for selling out-of-state. ((What are the requirements for a craft distillery licensee to sell its spirits product outside the state of Washington?))

(1) A distillery or craft distillery licensee shall ((include, in its monthly report to)) provide, upon request by the board,

information on the product it produces in-state and sells outof-state. Information includes, but is not limited to, the amount of proof gallons sold, and for a craft distillery, the composition of raw materials used in production of the product.

- (2) Product produced in-state and sold out-of-state counts toward a craft distillery licensee's one hundred fifty thousand proof gallons per calendar year production limit.
- (3) Product produced in-state and sold out-of-state is subject to the fifty percent Washington grown raw materials requirement for a craft distillery.
- (((4) A distillery or craft distillery licensee is not subject to Washington state liquor taxes on any product the licensee sells out-of-state.))

REPEALER

The following sections of the Washington Administrative Code are repealed:

WAC 314-28-070 Monthly reporting and payment

requirements for a distiller and craft

distiller.

WAC 314-28-080 What if a distillery or craft distillery

licensee fails to report or pay, or reports

or pays late?

WSR 21-09-054 PROPOSED RULES DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

(Developmental Disabilities Administration) [Filed April 16, 2021, 9:49 a.m.]

Original Notice.

Preproposal statement of inquiry was filed as WSR 20-21-095.

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: The department is proposing to amend WAC 388-823-0500 How do I show that I have autism as an eligible condition?, 388-823-0510 If I have autism, how do I meet the definition of substantial limitations?, and 388-823-0720 What evidence do I need of my FSIQ?

Hearing Location(s): On May 25, 2021, at 10:00 a.m., at Office Building 2, Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) Headquarters, 1115 Washington Street S.E., Olympia, WA 98501. Public parking at 11th and Jefferson. A map is available at https://www.dshs.wa.gov/office-of-the-secretary/driving-directions-office-bldg-2; or by Skype. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, hearing may be held via Skype, see DSHS website for most up-to-date information.

Date of Intended Adoption: Not earlier that [than] May 26, 2021.

Submit Written Comments to: DSHS Rules Coordinator, P.O. Box 45850, Olympia, WA 98504, email DSHSRPAU RulesCoordinator@dshs.wa.gov, fax 360-664-6185, by 5:00 p.m., May 25, 2021.

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Assistance for Persons with Disabilities: Jeff Kildahl, DSHS rules consultant, phone 360-664-6092, fax 360-664-6185, TTY 711 relay service, email Kildaja@dshs.wa.gov, by May 11, 2021.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: The developmental disabilities administration (DDA) is proposing to amend these rules to align with changes to the Diagnostic Statistical Manual, extend the age range for acceptable evidence of onset, remove the severity level criteria requirement, and add more full scale intelligence quotient (FSIQ) assessment types.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: The proposed amendments follow professional guidance to transition from DSM-IV to DSM-V for autism diagnoses, increase the age range for acceptable evidence of onset at clinical recommendations, and add additional tests that DDA will accept when used to determine a person's FSIQ.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 71A.12.030, 71A.12.020, 71A.16.020.

Statute Being Implemented: RCW 71A.12.020, 71A.16.020.

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Proponent: DSHS, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting: Chantelle Diaz, P.O. Box 45310, Olympia, WA 98504-5310; 360-407-1589; Implementation and Enforcement: Will Nichol, P.O. Box 45310, Olympia, WA 98504-5310, 360-407-1583.

A school district fiscal impact statement is not required under RCW 28A.305.135.

A cost-benefit analysis is required under RCW 34.05.328. A preliminary cost-benefit analysis may be obtained by contacting Chantelle Diaz, P.O. Box 45310, Olympia, WA 98504-5310, phone 360-407-1589, fax 360-407-0955, TTY 1-800-833-6388, email Chantelle.Diaz@dshs.wa.gov.

This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt from requirements of the Regulatory Fairness Act because the proposal:

Is exempt under RCW 19.85.025.

Explanation of exemptions: The proposed amendments impose no new or disproportionate costs on small businesses, so a small business economic impact statement is not required.

April 15, 2021 Katherine I. Vasquez Rules Coordinator

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 19-19-061, filed 9/16/19, effective 10/17/19)

WAC 388-823-0500 How do I show that I have autism as an eligible condition? (1) To be considered for eligibility under the condition of autism:

(a) \dot{Y} ou must be age four or older((and have a diagnosis by a qualified professional which meets the conditions in subsection (1) or (2) of this section, as well as subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section:

(1) Autistic disorder 299.00 per the diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders, fourth edition, text revision (DSM-IV-TR); or

(2));

- (b) You must have been diagnosed with:
- (i) Autism spectrum disorder 299.00 ((per)) under the diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders, fifth edition (DSM-5)((, with a severity level of 2 or 3 in both columns of the severity level seale.
- (3) The condition is expected to continue indefinitely with evidence of onset before age three.
- (4) An acceptable diagnostic report includes documentation of all diagnostic criteria specified in the DSM-IV-TR or DSM-5.
- (5) DDA will accept a diagnosis from any of the following professionals)); or
- (ii) Autistic disorder 299.00 under the diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders, fourth edition, text revision (DSM-IV-TR) before (six months after the effective date of this rule);
 - (c) You must have been diagnosed by:
 - (((a))) (i) A board certified neurologist;
 - (((b))) (ii) A board certified psychiatrist;
 - (((e))) (iii) A licensed psychologist;
- (((d))) <u>(iv) An advanced registered nurse practitioner</u> (ARNP) associated with an autism center, developmental center, or center of excellence;
- $((\frac{(e)}{(v)}))$ (v) A licensed physician associated with an autism center, developmental center, or center of excellence; or
- $((\underbrace{f}))$ (vi) A board certified developmental and behavioral pediatrician.
- (d) The condition must be expected to continue indefinitely; and
 - (e) You must provide evidence of onset before age five.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 14-12-046, filed 5/29/14, effective 7/1/14)

- WAC 388-823-0510 ((If I have)) What constitutes substantial limitation due to autism((, how do I meet the definition of substantial limitations))? ((If you have an eligible condition of autism, in order to meet the definition of substantial limitations you must meet the criteria in subsections (1) and (2) in this section:))
- (1) ((Documentation of)) <u>To establish substantial limitation due to autistic disorder diagnosed under the DSM-IV-TR, you must have</u> an adaptive skills test score ((of)) more than two standard deviations below the mean as described in WAC 388-823-0740 and subject to all of WAC 388-823-0740 and <u>WAC</u> 388-823-0750((, and)).
- (2) ((If your diagnosis is)) To establish substantial limitation due to autism spectrum disorder ((per)) diagnosed under the DSM-5((, documentation of a FSIQ of more than one standard deviation below the mean as described in WAC 388-823-0720 and subject to all of WAC 388-823-0720 and 388-823-0730.
- (a) If you have a FSIQ score of one standard deviation below the mean or higher as described in WAC 388-823-0720, you may present additional documentation described in subitem (i) or (ii) in this subsection, signed by the diagnosing

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professional, which shows that you meet the criteria for autistic disorder 299.00 per the DSM-IV-TR:

- (i) A completed autistic disorder confirmation form (available from DDA), or
- (ii) Other documentation that provides the same information as required on the autistic disorder confirmation form.
- (b) If you are unable to complete a FSIQ test, you may provide)) you must:
- (a) Have an adaptive-skills test score more than two standard deviations below the mean as described in WAC 388-823-0740 and subject to WAC 388-823-0740 and WAC 388-823-0750; and
 - (b) Have either:
- (i) A full-scale intellectual quotient (FSIQ) score more than one standard deviation below the mean as described in WAC 388-823-0720 and subject to WAC 388-823-0720 and WAC 388-823-0730; or
- (ii) A written statement ((by the diagnosing)) from a professional qualified to administer intellectual tests stating that your ((condition is so severe that you are unable to demonstrate the minimal skills required to complete)) autism prevents you from completing the testing.

Reviser's note: RCW 34.05.395 requires the use of underlining and deletion marks to indicate amendments to existing rules. The rule published above varies from its predecessor in certain respects not indicated by the use of these markings.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 14-12-046, filed 5/29/14, effective 7/1/14)

WAC 388-823-0720 What evidence do I need of my FSIQ? Evidence of a qualifying FSIQ is derived from one of the tests listed in the table below.

Assessment	Qualifying score at more than 2 standard deviations	Qualifying score at more than 1.5 standard deviations	Qualifying score at more than 1 standard deviation
Stanford- Binet 4th edition or earlier edi- tions	67 or less	75 or less	83 or less
Stanford- Binet 5th edition	69 or less	77 or less	84 or less
Wechsler intelligence scales (Wechsler)	69 or less	77 or less	84 or less
Differential abilities scale (DAS)	69 or less	77 or less	84 or less

Assessment	Qualifying score at more than 2 standard deviations	Qualifying score at more than 1.5 standard deviations	Qualifying score at more than 1 standard deviation
Kaufman assessment battery for children (K- ABC)	69 or less	77 or less	84 or less
Das-Naglieri cognitive assessment system (CAS)	69 or less	77 or less	84 or less
Woodcock- Johnson- <u>Test</u> of achieve- ment III ((test of eog- nitive abili- ties (WJ- <u>III(r))</u>)) or IV	69 or less	77 or less	84 or less
Reynolds intellectual assessment scales, 2nd edition (RIAS 2)	69 or less	77 or less	84 or less

- (1) The test must be administered by a licensed psychologist or Washington certified school psychologist or other school psychologist certified by the National Association of School Psychologists.
- (2) The FSIQ score cannot be attributable to mental illness or other psychiatric condition occurring at any age; or other illness or injury occurring after age eighteen:
- (a) If you are dually diagnosed with a qualifying condition and mental illness, other psychiatric condition, or other illness or injury, you must provide acceptable documentation that your intellectual impairment, measured by a FSIQ test, would meet the requirements for DDA eligibility without the influence of the mental illness, other psychiatric condition, or other illness or injury.
- (b) "Acceptable documentation" means written reports or statements that are directly related to the subject at issue, reasonable in light of all the evidence, and from a source of appropriate authority. The determination of whether a document is acceptable is made by DDA.
- (c) If no documentation is provided or DDA determines that the documentation is not acceptable DDA will deny eligibility. The determination may be challenged through an administrative appeal.
- (3) If you have a vision impairment that prevents completion of the performance portion of the IQ test, the administering professional may estimate an FSIQ using only the verbal IQ score of the appropriate Wechsler.

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(4) If you have a significant hearing impairment, English is not your primary language, or you are nonverbal your FSIQ may be estimated using one of the tests shown in the table below.

	Qualifying score at more than 2 standard	Qualifying score at 1.5 or more stan-	Qualifying score more than 1 stan-
Assessment	deviations	dard devia- tions	dard devia- tion
Wechsler intelligence scales (WISC, WAIS, WNV)	69 or less on the perfor- mance scale, or, on both the percep- tual reason- ing index and process- ing speed index	77 or less on the perfor- mance scale, or, on both the percep- tual reason- ing index and the pro- cessing speed index	84 or less on the perfor- mance scale, or, on both the perceptual reasoning Index and the process- ing speed index
Leiter international performance scale-revised (Leiter-R)	69 or less	77 or less	84 or less
Comprehensive test of nonverbal intelligence (C-TONI)	69 or less on full scale (NVIQ)	77 or less on full scale (NVIQ)	84 or less on full scale (NVIQ)
Kaufman assessment battery for children (K- ABC)	Nonverbal scale index of 69 or less	Nonverbal scale index of 77 or less	Nonverbal scale index of 84 or less

(5) If you are over the age of nineteen at the time of your determination you must have a valid FSIQ obtained at age thirteen or older.

WSR 21-09-055 PROPOSED RULES DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

(Developmental Disabilities Administration)

[Filed April 16, 2021, 11:01 a.m.]

Original Notice.

Preproposal statement of inquiry was filed as WSR 20-09-150.

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: The department is proposing to amend chapter 388-826 WAC, Voluntary placement program.

Hearing Location(s): On June 8, 2021, at 10:00 a.m., at Office Building 2, Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) Headquarters, 1115 Washington Street S.E., Olympia, WA 98501. Public parking at 11th and Jefferson. A map is available at https://www.dshs.wa.gov/office-of-the-secretary/driving-directions-office-bldg-2; or by Skype. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, hearing may be held via Skype, see DSHS website for most up-to-date information.

Date of Intended Adoption: Not earlier that [than] June 9, 2021.

Submit Written Comments to: DSHS Rules Coordinator, P.O. Box 45850, Olympia, WA 98504, email DSHSRPAU RulesCoordinator@dshs.wa.gov, fax 360-664-6185, by 5:00 p.m., June 8, 2021.

Assistance for Persons with Disabilities: Contact Jeff Kildahl, DSHS rules consultant, phone 360-664-6092, fax 360-664-6185, TTY 711 relay service, email Kildaja@dshs.wa.gov, by May 25, 2021.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: The proposed amendments align with recent amendments to chapter 74.13 RCW, and align with new chapter 71A.28 RCW, Out-of-home services.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: These amendments are necessary to update the program from the voluntary placement services model to the way the program will now operate under chapter 71A.28 RCW, Out-of-home services.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 71A.12.030.

Statute Being Implemented: Chapters 71A.28, 74.13

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Proponent: DSHS, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting: Chantelle Diaz, P.O. Box 45310, Olympia, WA 98504-5310, 360-407-1589; Implementation and Enforcement: Kacie Smarjesse, P.O. Box 45310, Olympia, WA 98504-5310, 360-407-1588.

A school district fiscal impact statement is not required under RCW 28A.305.135.

A cost-benefit analysis is required under RCW 34.05.328. A preliminary cost-benefit analysis may be obtained by contacting Chantelle Diaz, P.O. Box 45310, Olympia, WA 98504-5310, phone 360-407-1589, fax 360-407-0955, TTY 1-800-833-6388, email Chantelle.Diaz@dshs.wa.gov.

This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt from requirements of the Regulatory Fairness Act because the proposal:

Is exempt under RCW 19.85.025(4) because the rules do not affect small businesses.

Explanation of exemptions: The proposed amendments impose no new or disproportionate costs on small businesses, so a small business economic impact statement is not required.

April 15, 2021 Katherine I. Vasquez Rules Coordinator

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Reviser's note: The material contained in this filing exceeded the page-count limitations of WAC 1-21-040 for appearance in this issue of the Register. It will appear in the 21-10 issue of the Register.

WSR 21-09-058 PROPOSED RULES PIERCE COLLEGE

[Filed April 16, 2021, 2:01 p.m.]

Original Notice.

Preproposal statement of inquiry was filed as WSR 21-05-071 [21-05-070].

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: Children and minors on campus.

Hearing Location(s): On May 26, 2021, at 2:00 p.m., Zoom https://pierce-college.zoom.us/j/83618206880.

Date of Intended Adoption: June 10, 2021.

Submit Written Comments to: Tami Jacobs, 9401 Farwest Drive S.W., Lakewood, WA 98498, email tjacobs@pierce.ctc.edu, by May 28, 2021.

Assistance for Persons with Disabilities: Contact Hope Stout, phone 253-964-6246, email jstout@pierce.ctc.edu, by May 21, 2021.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: Pierce College is engaging in the rule-making process to create a new WAC to be clear and transparent regarding the allowance of children and minors on campus in support of health and safety for the college community.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 28B.50.140 (13).

Statute Being Implemented: RCW 28B.50.140(13).

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Proponent: [No information supplied], public.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting, Implementation, and Enforcement: Vice President of Learning and Student Success, Pierce College District, 253-840-8336.

A school district fiscal impact statement is not required under RCW 28A.305.135.

A cost-benefit analysis is not required under RCW 34.05.328. This proposed rule will not impose costs for the institution.

The proposed rule does not impose more-than-minor costs on businesses. Following is a summary of the agency's analysis showing how costs were calculated. The proposed rule will not impost [impose] any costs for the institution.

April 16, 2021 Michele Johnson Chancellor and CEO

Chapter 132K-200 WAC

NONREGISTERED INDIVIDUALS IN THE CLASS-ROOM POLICY

NEW SECTION

WAC 132K-200-010 General policy. Pierce College is committed to preserving a safe and academically focused classroom environment, while complying with state regulations. In order to support the learning environment, presence in the classroom is restricted to faculty and individuals officially registered for the specific class section. However, non-registered individuals and students are temporarily allowed with specific restrictions.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132K-200-020 Definitions. For purposes of this policy, the following definitions are used:

- (1) Nonregistered individual(s) is a person who is not currently enrolled in classes within the Pierce College District, but has an affiliation with the college through admissions application or previous enrollment.
- (2) Nonregistered student(s) is a person who is enrolled in classes within the Pierce College District, to include credit and noncredit bearing classes in the current term, but is not enrolled in the specific class of interest.
- (3) Student(s) is a person who is enrolled in classes in the current term within the Pierce College District, to include credit and noncredit bearing classes, and is officially registered for a specific class section.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132K-200-030 Rules. The following rules apply to nonregistered individuals/students in the classroom:

- (1) Nonregistered individuals and nonregistered students who are not officially enrolled in the class of interest, regardless of waitlist status, must have permission of the faculty to attend the class. Attendance is restricted and cannot extend beyond the 3rd class meeting without being officially enrolled in the class.
- (2) Students who withdraw during the refund window for the term are not allowed to continue attending the class after the withdrawal has occurred.
- (3) Students who withdraw from the class without a refund can continue participation in the class, subject to the approval of the primary faculty member. Continued participation should only be granted in circumstances where such participation will not significantly detract from the learning experience for enrolled students (no grades/credit can be earned for students who have withdrawn from the class).
- (4) Students who need to finish an "incomplete" are not allowed to attend a class in which they are not currently enrolled. Extenuating circumstances may be appealed to the vice president of student learning and success for Fort Steilacoom or Puyallup classes, or to the executive director for Joint Base Lewis McChord classes.
- (5) The conduct of nonregistered individuals or nonregistered students shall not interfere with the educational pro-

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cess or learning environment, and all are expected to abide by all operational regulations and guidelines, including safety and access restrictions.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132K-200-040 Visitors. Persons who are not affiliated with the college but want to visit a classroom for informational purposes should follow the classroom visitors and invited guests policy.

WSR 21-09-068 PROPOSED RULES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIES

(Board of Boiler Rules) [Filed April 20, 2021, 8:27 a.m.]

Original Notice.

Preproposal statement of inquiry was filed as WSR 21-06-094.

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: Proposed fee increase for boilers and pressure vessels under WAC 296-104-700 What are the inspection fees—Examination fees—Certificate fees—Expenses?

Hearing Location(s): On May 26, 2021, at 10:15 a.m. Virtual and telephonic hearing only. Please join on your computer or mobile app (Microsoft Teams) visit https://teams.microsoft.com/l/meetup-join/19%3ameeting_NmZjMTk3MWYtODY0Ny00MzkxLWE4ODEtZTBhOWM1Yzk4M2Jk%40thread.v2/0?context=%7b%22Tid%22%3a%2211d0e217-264e-400a-8ba0-57dcc127d72d%22%2e%22Oid%22%3a%225f6fb773-3e56-4283-86a5-4ec77e6b4de8%22%7d; or call in (audio only) 1-253-372-2181, phone conference ID 203-015-674# (pound sign must be entered). The virtual and telephonic hearing starts at 10:15 a.m. and will continue until all oral comments are received.

Date of Intended Adoption: June 1, 2021.

Submit Written Comments to: Alicia Curry, P.O. Box 44400, Olympia, WA 98504-4400, email Alicia. Curry@Lni.wa.gov, fax 360-902-5292, by May 14, 2021.

Assistance for Persons with Disabilities: Contact Alicia Curry, phone 360-902-6244, fax 360-902-5292, email Alicia.Curry@Lni.wa.gov, by May 11, 2021.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: The board of boiler rules and department of labor and industries (L&I) is proposing a fee increase of 5.79 percent for boiler and pressure vessel inspections and other boiler program public safety activities. This is the maximum the office of financial management allows for fiscal year 2022.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: The boiler program's budget and projected revenue were evaluated and a fee increase is needed to support the cost of ongoing services. A fee increase enables the program to continue providing quality and timely services to customers to protect structures, workers and the public from boiler and/or unfired pressure vessel incidents. According to RCW 70.79.330 and 70.79.350, a fee schedule for inspections is to be set by the board of boiler

rules and the fees are to be used to administer the boiler program.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: Chapter 70.79 RCW, boilers and unfired pressure vessels.

Statute Being Implemented: Chapter 70.79 RCW, boilers and unfired pressure vessels.

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Proponent: L&I, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting: Mike Carlson, Program Manager, Tumwater, Washington, 360-902-5270; Implementation and Enforcement: Steve Reinmuth, Assistant Director, Tumwater, Washington, 360-902-6348.

A school district fiscal impact statement is not required under RCW 28A.305.135.

A cost-benefit analysis is not required under RCW 34.05.328. The rule is exempt from the cost-benefit analysis requirement under the Administrative Procedure Act, RCW 34.05.328 (5)(b)(vi) rules that set or adjust fees under the authority of RCW 19.02.075 or that set or adjust fees or rates pursuant to legislative standards, including fees set or adjusted under the authority of RCW 19.80.045.

This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt from requirements of the Regulatory Fairness Act because the proposal:

Is exempt under RCW 19.85.025(3) as the rules set or adjust fees under the authority of RCW 19.02.075 or that set or adjust fees or rates pursuant to legislative standards, including fees set or adjusted under the authority of RCW 19.80.045.

April 20, 2021 Terry Chapin Chair

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 21-03-067, filed 1/19/21, effective 2/19/21)

WAC 296-104-700 What are the inspection fees— Examination fees—Certificate fees—Expenses? The following fees shall be paid by, or on behalf of, the owner or user upon the completion of the inspection. The inspection fees apply to inspections made by inspectors employed by the state.

The boiler and pressure vessel installation/reinstallation permit fee of ((\$62.40)) \$66.00 shall be paid by the installer, as defined in WAC 296-104-010.

Certificate of inspection fees: For objects inspected, the certificate of inspection fee per object is ((\$26.90)) \$28.40.

Hot water heaters per RCW 70.79.090, inspection fee: ((\$8.10)) \$8.50.

The department shall assess a \$7.00 fee, per object, for processing of jurisdictional inspection reports to any authorized in-service inspection agency or inspector who does not file the report directly into the department's electronic inspection report system.

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Heating boilers:	Internal	External
Cast iron—All sizes	((\$45.40	\$36.30))
	<u>\$48.00</u>	<u>\$38.40</u>
All other boilers less than 500 sq. ft.	((\$45.40	\$36.30))
	<u>\$48.00</u>	<u>\$38.40</u>
500 sq. ft. to 2500 sq. ft.	((\$90.80	\$45.40))
	\$96.00	<u>\$48.00</u>
Each additional 2500 sq. ft. of total		
heating surface, or any portion	((\$36.30	\$17.70))
thereof	\$38.40	<u>\$18.70</u>
Power boilers:	Internal	External
Less than 100 sq. ft.	((\$45.40	\$36.30))
	\$48.00	\$38.40
100 sq. ft. to less than 500 sq. ft.	((\$55.00	\$36.30))
	<u>\$58.10</u>	\$48.00
500 sq. ft. to 2500 sq. ft.	((\$90.80	\$45.40))
	<u>\$96.00</u>	<u>\$48.00</u>
Each additional 2500 sq. ft. of total	((\$36.30	\$17.70))
heating surface, or any portion	<u>\$48.00</u>	\$18.70
thereof		

Pressure vessels:

Square feet shall be determined by multiplying the length of the shell by its diameter.		l External
Less than 15 sq. ft.	((\$36.30 <u>\$48.00</u>	\$26.90)) \$28.40
15 sq. ft. to less than 50 sq. ft.	((\$53.90 <u>\$57.00</u>	\$26.90)) \$28.40
50 sq. ft. to 100 sq. ft.	((\$62.90 <u>\$66.50</u>	\$36.30)) \$48.00
For each additional 100 sq. ft. or any portion thereof	((\$62.80 \$66.40	\$17.70)) \$18.70

Nonnuclear shop inspections, field construction inspections, and special inspection services:

For each hour or part of an hour up to	((\$55.00))
8 hours	<u>\$58.10</u>
For each hour or part of an hour in	((\$82.10))
excess of 8 hours	<u>\$86.80</u>

Nuclear shop inspections, nuclear field construction inspections, and nuclear triennial shop survey and audit:

For each hour or part of an hour up to	((\$82.10))
8 hours	<u>\$86.80</u>
For each hour or part of an hour in	((\$128.60))
excess of 8 hours	<u>\$136.00</u>

Nonnuclear triennial shop survey and audit:

When state is authorized inspection agency:

For each hour or part of an hour up to	((\$55.00))
8 hours	\$58.10

For each hour or part of an hour in	((\$82.10))
excess of 8 hours	\$86.80

When insurance company is authorized inspection agency:

For each hour or part of an hour up to	((\$82.10))
8 hours	<u>\$86.80</u>
For each hour or part of an hour in	((\$128.60))
excess of 8 hours	\$136.00

Examination fee: A fee of ((\$101.70)) \$107.50 will be charged for each applicant sitting for an inspection examination(s).

Special inspector commission: A fee of ((\$54.90)) \$58.00 for initial work card. A fee of ((\$34.10)) \$36.00 for annual renewal.

If a special inspector changes companies: A work card fee of ((\$54.90)) \$58.00.

Expenses shall include:

Travel time and mileage: The department shall charge for its inspectors' travel time from their offices to the inspection sites and return. The travel time shall be charged for at the same rate as that for the inspection, audit, or survey. The department shall also charge the current Washington office of financial management accepted mileage cost fees or the actual cost of purchased transportation. Hotel and meals: Actual cost not to exceed the office of financial management approved rate.

Requests for Washington state specials and extensions of inspection frequency: For each vessel to be considered by the board, a fee of ((\$\frac{\$512.10}{})) \$\frac{\$541.70}{} must be paid to the department before the board meets to consider the vessel. The board may, at its discretion, prorate the fee when a number of vessels that are essentially the same are to be considered.

WSR 21-09-069 PROPOSED RULES DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

(Economic Services Administration) [Filed April 20, 2021, 8:36 a.m.]

Original Notice.

Preproposal statement of inquiry was filed as WSR 21-06-096.

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: The department is proposing amendments to WAC 388-484-0006 TANF/SFA time limit extensions.

Hearing Location(s): On May 25, 2021, at 10:00 a.m., at Office Building 2, Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) Headquarters, 1115 Washington Street S.E., Olympia, WA 98504. Public parking at 11th and Jefferson. A map is available at https://www.dshs.wa.gov/office-of-the-secretary/driving-directions-office-bldg-2; or by Skype. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, hearing may be held via Skype, see DSHS website for most up-to-date information.

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Date of Intended Adoption: Not earlier than May 26, 2021.

Submit Written Comments to: DSHS Rules Coordinator, P.O. Box 45850, Olympia, WA 98504, email DSHSRPAURulesCoordinator@dshs.wa.gov, fax 360-664-6185, by 5:00 p.m., May 25, 2021.

Assistance for Persons with Disabilities: Contact Jeff Kildahl, DSHS rules consultant, phone 360-664-6092, fax 360-664-6185, TTY 711 relay service, email Kildaja@dshs.wa.gov, by May 11, 2021.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: Proposed amendments will expand TANF time limit extensions to families experiencing homelessness, and caring for a homeless child, aligning with the McKinney-Vento definition of homelessness. Also proposed are amendments adding hardship criteria related to impacts from a state of emergency.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: The proposed amendments are necessary to implement 2SSB 6478 (chapter 320, Laws of 2020), and to support time limit extension hardship approvals during a state of emergency (such as the COVID-19 pandemic).

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 74.04.050, 74.04.055, 74.04.057, 74.04.770, and 74.08.09 [74.08.090].

Statute Being Implemented: RCW 74.08A.010.

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Proponent: DSHS, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting, Implementation, and Enforcement: Sarah Mintzer, P.O. Box 45470, Olympia, WA 98504-5770, 360-764-0050.

A school district fiscal impact statement is not required under RCW 28A.305.135.

A cost-benefit analysis is not required under RCW 34.05.328. This amendment is exempt as allowed under RCW 34.05.328 (5)(b)(vii) which states in part, "[t]his section does not apply to ... rules of the department of social and health services relating only to client medical or financial eligibility and rules concerning liability for care of dependents."

This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt from requirements of the Regulatory Fairness Act because the proposal:

Is exempt under RCW 34.05.328 (5)(b)(vii).

Explanation of exemptions: These amendments do not impact small businesses. They only affect DSHS clients.

April 19, 2021 Katherine I. Vasquez Rules Coordinator

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 20-05-046, filed 2/13/20, effective 3/15/20)

WAC 388-484-0006 TANF/SFA time limit extensions. (1) What happens after I receive sixty or more months of TANF/SFA cash assistance?

After you receive sixty or more months of TANF/SFA cash assistance according to WAC 388-484-0005, you may qualify for additional months of cash assistance. We call these additional months of TANF/SFA cash assistance a hardship TANF/SFA time limit extension.

(2) Who is eligible for a hardship TANF/SFA time limit extension?

You are eligible for a hardship TANF/SFA time limit extension if you are on TANF, are otherwise eligible for TANF, or are an ineligible parent, and you have received sixty cumulative months of TANF and:

- (a) You are approved for one of the exemptions from mandatory participation according to WAC 388-310-0350 (1)(a) through (d) or you are an ineligible parent who meets the criteria for an exemption from mandatory WorkFirst participation; or
 - (b) You:
- (i) Are a supplemental security income recipient or a Social Security disability insurance recipient; or
- (ii) Are at least sixty-five years old, blind as defined by the Social Security Administration or disabled as determined under chapter 388-449 WAC; or
- (iii) Have an open child welfare case with a state or tribal government and this is the first time you have had a child dependent under RCW 13.34.030 in this or another state or had a child a ward of a tribal court; or
- (iv) Are working in unsubsidized employment for thirtytwo hours or more per week; or
- (v) Document that you meet the family violence option criteria in WAC 388-61-001 and are participating satisfactorily in specialized activities needed to address your family violence according to a service plan developed by a person trained in family violence or have a good reason, as described in WAC 388-310-1600(3) for failure to participate satisfactorily in specialized activities; or
- (vi) Are homeless by reason of hardship, including when your family includes a child or youth who is without a fixed regular, and adequate nighttime residence as described in ((RCW 43.185C.010(12))) the federal McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (Title 42. U.S.C. 11434a(2), chapter 119, subchapter VI, part B) as it existed on January 1, 2020; or

(vii) Are a resident of Washington state affected by a governor declared state of emergency.

(3) Who reviews and approves a hardship time limit extension?

- (a) Your case manager or social worker will review your case and determine whether a hardship time limit extension type will be approved.
- (b) This review will not happen until after you have received at least fifty-two months of assistance but before you reach your time limit or lose cash assistance due to the time limit.
- (c) Before you reach your time limit or lose cash assistance due to the time limit, the department will send you a notice that tells you whether a hardship time limit extension will be approved when your time limit expires and how to request an administrative hearing if you disagree with the decision.
- (4) When I have an individual responsibility plan, do my WorkFirst participation requirements change when I receive a hardship TANF/SFA time limit extension?
- (a) Even if you qualify for a hardship TANF/SFA time limit extension you will still be required to participate as required in your individual responsibility plan (WAC 388-

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- 310-0500). You must still meet all of the WorkFirst participation requirements listed in chapter 388-310 WAC while you receive a hardship TANF/SFA time limit extension.
- (b) If you do not participate in the WorkFirst activities required by your individual responsibility plan, and you do not have a good reason under WAC 388-310-1600, the department will follow the sanction rules in WAC 388-310-1600

(5) Do my benefits change if I receive a hardship TANF/SFA time limit extension?

- (a) You are still a TANF/SFA recipient or an ineligible parent who is receiving TANF/SFA cash assistance on behalf of your child and your cash assistance, services, or supports will not change as long as you continue to meet all other TANF/SFA eligibility requirements.
- (b) During the hardship TANF/SFA time limit extension, you must continue to meet all other TANF/SFA eligibility requirements. If you no longer meet TANF/SFA eligibility criteria during your hardship time limit extension, your benefits will end.

(6) How long will a hardship TANF/SFA time limit extension last?

- (a) We will review your hardship TANF/SFA time limit extension and your case periodically for changes in family circumstances:
- (i) If you are extended under WAC 388-484-0006 (2)(a), (b)(i) or (ii) then we will review your extension at least every twelve months;
- (ii) If you are extended under WAC 388-484-0006 (2)(b)(iii), (iv), (v), or (vi) then we will review your extension at least every six months.
- (b) Your hardship TANF/SFA time limit extension may be renewed for as long as you continue to meet the criteria to qualify for a hardship time limit extension.
- (c) If during the extension period we get proof that your circumstances have changed, we may review your case and determine if you continue to qualify for a hardship TANF/SFA time limit extension. When you no longer qualify for a hardship TANF/SFA time limit extension we will stop your TANF/SFA cash assistance. You will be notified of your case closing and will be given the opportunity to request an administrative hearing before your benefits will stop.

WSR 21-09-073 WITHDRAWAL OF PROPOSED RULES DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING

[Filed April 20, 2021, 11:06 a.m.]

The department of licensing requests withdrawal of the rule-making order [proposed rule making] filed as WSR 20-17-145 on August 19, 2020.

Ellis Starrett Rules Coordinator

WSR 21-09-074 PROPOSED RULES NORTHWEST CLEAN AIR AGENCY

[Filed April 20, 2021, 1:20 p.m.]

Original Notice.

Proposal is exempt under RCW 70A.15.2040(1).

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: Regulation of the Northwest Clean Air Agency (NWCAA).

Hearing Location(s): On May 27, 2021, at 10 a.m., video and teleconference, https://zoom.us/j/92265156877, Meeting ID: 922 6515 6877, Phone: 253-215-8782.

Date of Intended Adoption: June 10, 2021.

Submit Written Comments to: Mark Buford, 1600 South 2nd Street, Mount Vernon, WA 98273, email info@nwcleanairwa.gov, fax 360-428-1620, by May 27, 2021, at 11 a.m.

Assistance for Persons with Disabilities: Contact Laurie Caskey-Schreiber, phone 360-428-1617, fax 360-428-1620, email info@nwcleanairwa.gov, by May 20, 2021.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: Update the effective date for external rules that are adopted by reference (AbR) in NWCAA Section 104 to allow NWCAA to implement the most recent version of the referenced state and federal rules.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: See above.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: Chapter 70A.15 RCW.

Statute Being Implemented: RCW 70A.15.2040(1).

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Proponent: NWCAA, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting, Implementation, and Enforcement: Mark Buford, 1600 South 2nd Street, Mount Vernon, WA, 360-428-1617.

A school district fiscal impact statement is not required under RCW 28A.305.135.

A cost-benefit analysis is not required under RCW 34.05.328. Not applicable under RCW 70A.15.2040

This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt from requirements of the Regulatory Fairness Act because the proposal:

Is exempt under RCW 70A.15.2040.

Explanation of exemptions: Not applicable under RCW 70A.15.2040.

April 20, 2021 Mark Buford Executive Director

SECTION 104 - ADOPTION OF STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS AND RULES

104.1 All provisions of the following state rules that are in effect as of <u>April 21, 2021</u> ((February 19, 2020)) are hereby adopted by reference and made part of the Regulation of the NWCAA: chapter 173-400 WAC, (except - -025, -030, -035, -036, -040(1) & (7), -045, -075, -099, -100, -101, -102, -103, -104, -105(7), -110, -114, -115, -116, -171, -930), chapter 173-401 WAC, chapter 173-407 WAC, chapter 173-420

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WAC, chapter 173-425 WAC, chapter 173-430 WAC, chapter 173-433 WAC, chapter 173-434 WAC, chapter 173-435 WAC, chapter 173-441 WAC, chapter 173-442 WAC, chapter 173-450 WAC, chapter 173-460 WAC, chapter 173-476 WAC, chapter 173-480 WAC, chapter 173-481 WAC, chapter 173-485 WAC, chapter 173-491 WAC. The requirements of the NWCAA Regulation apply in addition to the statewide regulations adopted and enforced under this paragraph.

104.2 All provisions of the following federal rules that are in effect as of April 21, 2021 ((February 19, 2020)) are hereby adopted by reference and made part of the Regulation of the NWCAA: 40 CFR Part 51 (Requirements for Preparation, Adoption, and Submittal of Implementation Plans) Appendix M; 40 CFR Part 60 (Standards of Performance For New Stationary Sources) subparts A, D, Da, Db, Dc, E, Ea, Eb, Ec, F, G, Ga, H, I, J, Ja, K, Ka, Kb, L, M, N, Na, O, P, Q, R, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z, AA, AAa, CC, DD, EE, GG, HH, KK, LL, MM, NN, PP, QQ, RR, SS, TT, UU, VV, VVa, WW, XX, AAA, BBB, DDD, FFF, GGG, GGGa, HHH, III, JJJ, KKK, LLL, NNN, OOO, PPP, QQQ, RRR, SSS, TTT, UUU, VVV, WWW, XXX, AAAA, CCCC, EEEE, IIII, JJJJ, KKKK, LLLL, OOOO, OOOOa, QQQQ, and Appendix A -I; 40 CFR Part 61 (National Emission Standards For Hazardous Air Pollutants) Subparts A, C, D, E, F, J, L, M, N, O, P, V, Y, BB, FF; 40 CFR Part 62 (Approval and Promulgation of State Plans for Designated Facilities and Pollutants) Subpart LLL; 40 CFR Part 63 (National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Categories) Subparts A, B, C, D, F, G, H, I, L, M, N, O, Q, R, T, U, W, X, Y, AA, BB, CC, DD, EE, GG, HH, II, JJ, KK, OO, PP, QQ, RR, SS, TT, UU, VV, WW, XX, YY, CCC, DDD, EEE, GGG, HHH, III, JJJ, LLL, MMM, NNN, OOO, PPP, QQQ, TTT, UUU, VVV, XXX, AAAA, CCCC, DDDD, EEEE, FFFF, GGGG, HHHH, IIII, JJJJ, KKKK, MMMM, NNNN, OOOO, PPPP, QQQQ, RRRR, SSSS, TTTT, UUUU, VVVV, WWWW, XXXX, YYYY, ZZZZ, AAAAA, BBBBB, CCCCC, DDDDD, EEEEE, FFFFF, GGGGG, HHHHH, IIIII, LLLLL, MMMMM, NNNNN, PPPPP, QQQQQ, RRRRR, SSSSS, TTTTT, UUUUU, WWWWW, YYYYY, ZZZZZ, BBBBBB, CCCCCC, EEEEEE, FFFFFF, GGGGGG, HHH-HHH, JJJJJJ, MMMMMM, NNNNNN, QQQQQQ, SSSSSS, TTTTTT, VVVVVV, WWWWWW, XXXXXX, ZZZZZZ, AAAAAA, DDDDDDD, EEEEEEE, and HHHHHHH; and 40 CFR Parts 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77 and 78 (Acid Rain Program).

PASSED: July 8, 1970.

AMENDED: April 14, 1993, September 8, 1993, December 8, 1993, October 13, 1994, May 11, 1995, February 8, 1996, May 9, 1996, March 13, 1997, May 14, 1998, November 12, 1998, November 12, 1999, June 14, 2001, July 10, 2003, July 14, 2005, November 8, 2007, June 10, 2010, June 9, 2011, November 17, 2011, August 9, 2012, March 14, 2013, September 11, 2014, August 13, 2015, August 11, 2016, September 13, 2018, April 11, 2019, April 9, 2020, June 10, 2021

WSR 21-09-075 PROPOSED RULES DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

(Economic Services Administration) [Filed April 20, 2021, 1:22 p.m.]

Original Notice.

Preproposal statement of inquiry was filed as WSR 20-09-134.

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: The department is proposing amendments to WAC 388-444-0015 How can the basic food employment and training (BF E&T) program help me find work?, and 388-444-0025 What expenses will the department pay to help me participate in BF E&T?

Hearing Location(s): On May 25, 2021, at 10:00 a.m., at Office Building 2, Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) Headquarters, 1115 Washington Street S.E., Olympia, WA 98504. Public parking at 11th and Jefferson. A map is available at https://www.dshs.wa.gov/office-of-the-secretary/driving-directions-office-bldg-2; or by Skype. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, hearing may be held via Skype, see DSHS website for most up-to-date information.

Date of Intended Adoption: Not earlier than May 26, 2021.

Submit Written Comments to: DSHS Rules Coordinator, P.O. Box 45850, Olympia, WA 98504, email DSHSRPAU RulesCoordinator@dshs.wa.gov, fax 360-664-6185, by 5:00 p.m., May 25, 2021.

Assistance for Persons with Disabilities: Contact Jeff Kildahl, DSHS rules consultant, phone 360-664-6092, fax 360-664-6185, TTY 711 relay service, email Kildaja@dshs.wa.gov, by May 11, 2021.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: Proposed amendments will better align rule language with current federal regulations and clarify eligibility for and services available through the basic food employment and training program.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: See purpose above.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 74.04.050, 74.04.055, 74.04.057, 74.04.500, 74.04.515, 74.04.535, 74.08.090, 74.08A.120, 74.08A.903; 7 U.S.C. 2015 (d)(1); and 7 C.F.R. § 273.7.

Statute Being Implemented: None.

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Proponent: DSHS, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting, Implementation, and Enforcement: Bessie Williams, P.O. Box 45470, Olympia, WA 98504-5770, 360-725-4630.

A school district fiscal impact statement is not required under RCW 28A.305.135.

A cost-benefit analysis is not required under RCW 34.05.328. This amendment is exempt as allowed under RCW 34.05.328 (5)(b)(vii) which states in part, "[t]his section does not apply to ... rules of the department of social and health services relating only to client medical or financial eligibility and rules concerning liability for care of dependents."

Proposed [22]

This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt from requirements of the Regulatory Fairness Act because the proposal:

Is exempt under RCW 34.05.328 (5)(b)(vii).

Explanation of exemptions: The proposed amendments do not impact small businesses. They only impact DSHS clients.

April 20, 2021 Katherine I. Vasquez Rules Coordinator

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 13-24-043, filed 11/26/13, effective 1/1/14)

WAC 388-444-0015 How can the basic food employment and training (((BF E&T))) (BFET) program help me find work? The basic food employment and training (((BF E&T))) (BFET) program is the name for Washington's voluntary supplemental nutrition assistance program (SNAP) employment and training program.

- (1) If you receive federally funded basic food benefits and are at least sixteen years of age or older (see additional requirements to serve sixteen to seventeen year olds below) and are able to work at least twenty hours per week (see additional requirements below), you may choose to receive services through the ((BF E&T)) BFET program in one or more of the following activities, if we currently provide the service in the county where you live:
 - (a) Job search((;)) and training, which may include:
 - (i) Labor market information;
 - (ii) Job seeking skills instruction;
 - (iii) Resume writing;
 - (iv) Job skills assessment;
 - (v) Coaching;
 - (vi) Work ethic training; or
 - (vii) Job placement services.
 - (b) Supervised job search, which may include:
 - (i) Use of computer, email, fax, telephone;
 - (ii) Search of job listings; and
 - (iii) Participation in a job club; or
- (iv) Securing identification, professional license, or certifications.
 - (c) Basic education, which may include:
 - (i) Education in basic computer skills;
 - (ii) Literacy or math training;
 - (iii) High school equivalency (formerly GED);
 - (iv) Basic education for adults (BEA); or
 - (v) English as a second language (ESL).
 - (d) Life skills, which may include:
 - (i) Work preparation;
 - (ii) Health and well-being;
 - (iii) Effective communication;
 - (iv) Personal strength builders;
 - (v) Community engagement.
 - (e) Vocational education, which may include:
 - (i) Credentialed;
 - (ii) Recognized by an independent third party; or
 - (iii) Accepted by local industry employers.
 - (f) Job retention services, which may include:
 - (i) Counseling;

- (ii) Coaching;
- (iii) Case management; and
- (iv) Participant reimbursements.
- (g) Paid or unpaid work((;
- (c) Training or work experience;
- (d) High school equivalency classes; or
- (e) English as a second language (ESL) classes)).
- (2) If you are eligible to participate in ((a BF E&T activity, there is no limit to the number of hours you can participate)) BFET activities, you must be able to participate in BFET twenty hours per week, up to forty hours per week.
- (a) Youth ages sixteen to seventeen may participate in BFET programs, even if they receive basic food benefits independently or through their parents basic food case.
- (i) The participation exception for youth is secondary education, or high school equivalency classes.
- (ii) Youth may participate in vocational education programs if they have received or in the process of receiving their high school equivalency.
- (iii) Youth sixteen years and older do not require parental consent to participate in BFET.
- (iv) Persons with a verified disability (which may include those receiving services from the division of vocational rehabilitation) may be eligible for BFET services.
- (3) <u>If you are an able bodied adult without dependents</u> (ABAWD) and able to work, you may be eligible for BFET services.
- (4) If you receive employment and training services within multiple department of social and health services administrations, you cannot receive duplication of services, nor duplication of support services.
- (5) If you receive benefits under the state-funded food assistance program (FAP), you are not eligible to participate in ((BF E&T)) BFET.
- (6) If you receive temporary assistance to needy families (TANF), you are not eligible to participate in BFET.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 10-18-048, filed 8/26/10, effective 10/1/10)

WAC 388-444-0025 What ((expenses will)) support services may the ((department)) basic food employment and training (BFET) program pay to help me participate ((in BF E&T))? (((1))) The ((department pays)) BFET program may pay certain actual expenses needed for you to participate in the ((BF E&T)) BFET program. ((We will)) The BFET program may pay for the following expenses:

- $((\frac{(a)}{a}))$ (1) Transportation related costs; $((\frac{and}{and}))$
- (b))) (2) Books and training supplies;
- (3) Clothing;
- (4) Educational or credential testing:
- (5) Housing or utilities;
- (6) Personal hygiene; or
- (7) Child care or medical;
- (a) Dependent care costs for each dependent through twelve years of age.
 - (((2))) (b) We do not pay your dependent care costs if:
- $((\frac{(a)}{a}))$ (i) The child is thirteen years of age or older unless they are:

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- $((\frac{(i)}{i}))$ (A) Physically and/or mentally unable to care for themselves; or
- $(((\frac{ii)}{ii}))$ (B) Under court order requiring adult supervision; or
- $((\frac{b}{c}))$ (C) Any member in the food assistance unit provides the dependent care.
- (((3))) (ii) We do not use the cost of dependent care the department pays for <u>under subsection (1) of this section</u> as an income deduction for your household's dependent care costs under WAC 388-450-0185.

WSR 21-09-076 PROPOSED RULES DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

(Board of Nursing Home Administrators) [Filed April 20, 2021, 1:33 p.m.]

Original Notice.

Preproposal statement of inquiry was filed as WSR 21-04-138.

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: WAC 246-843-130 Continuing education requirements for nursing home administrators, the board of nursing home administrators (board) is proposing an amendment to permanently allow continuing education credit for pandemic-related training and experience and, for a limited time, allow nursing home administrators to attest to such trainings acquired under self-study methods if proof of course completion isn't otherwise provided.

Hearing Location(s): On May 27, 2021, at 1:00 p.m. In response to the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19), the board will not provide a physical location for this hearing to promote social distancing and the safety of the citizens of Washington state. A virtual public hearing, without a physical meeting space, will be held instead. You can find information about how to join the meeting on the agenda posted on the board of nursing home administrators' website under Meetings https://www.doh.wa.gov/LicensesPermitsand Certificates/ProfessionsNewReneworUpdate/NursingHome Administrator/BoardInformation.

Date of Intended Adoption: May 27, 2021.

Submit Written Comments to: Kendra Pitzler, P.O. Box 47852, Olympia, WA 98504-7852, email https://fortress.wa.gov/doh/policyreview, fax 360-236-2901, kendra.pitzler@doh.wa.gov, by May 20, 2021.

Assistance for Persons with Disabilities: Contact Kendra Pitzler, phone 360-236-4723, fax 360-236-2901, TTY 711, email Kendra.pitzler@doh.wa.gov, by May 20, 2021.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: The proposal would permanently allow continuing education credit for pandemic-related training and experience for nursing home administrators. While this amendment includes training and experience related to the COVID-19 disease, it also allows for other pandemic-related trainings. This amendment also, for a limited time, allows nursing home administrators to attest to such trainings acquired under self-study methods if proof of course completion isn't otherwise provided.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: The proposal would permanently adopt the board's emergency rule as filed on February 10, 2021, under WSR 21-05-030. The emergency process was used to allow licensees to continue to perform their job of protecting residents and focus on immediate patient needs during the COVID-19 response, which continues to be overwhelming for many nursing homes and long-term care facilities. Permanent adoption of the emergency rule would allow administrators who are currently affected by the COVID-19 pandemic to encourage more training for licensees in the subject and to assist in avoiding a lapse in licensing, which would adversely affect residents. Permanent adoption of the rule would also allow licensees to continue with this type of continuing education through the pandemic and beyond that timeframe as it is important that administrators be prepared for pandemic emergencies in the future.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 18.52.061.

Statute Being Implemented: RCW 18.52.061.

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Proponent: Department of health, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting, Implementation, and Enforcement: Kendra Pitzler, 111 Israel Road S.E., Tumwater, WA 98501, 360-236-4723.

A school district fiscal impact statement is not required under RCW 28A.305.135.

A cost-benefit analysis is required under RCW 34.05.328. A preliminary cost-benefit analysis may be obtained by contacting Kendra Pitzler, P.O. Box 47852, Olympia, WA 98504-7852, phone 360-236-4723, fax 360-236-2901, TTY 711, email kendra.pitzler@doh.wa.gov.

The proposed rule does not impose more-than-minor costs on businesses. Following is a summary of the agency's analysis showing how costs were calculated. There are nominal to no costs associated with the proposed rules. The proposed rules do not impact businesses; these rules pertain only to provider's license.

April 20, 2021 U. James Chaney, Executive Director Board of Nursing Home Administrators

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 19-19-050, filed 9/13/19, effective 10/14/19)

WAC 246-843-130 Continuing education requirements. (1) A licensed nursing home administrator shall demonstrate completion of thirty-six hours of continuing education every two years and comply with chapter 246-12 WAC, Part 7.

- (2) Continuing education approved by the National Continuing Education Review Service (NCERS) is acceptable for continuing education credit.
- (3) Continuing education that is not approved by NCERS must meet the following requirements:
- (a) The basic methods of continuing education learning are:
 - (i) Seminars;
 - (ii) Teleconferencing;
 - (iii) Webinars; and

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- (iv) Self-study programs.
- (b) Continuing education courses shall consist of a minimum of one hour of instruction. Hours are based upon clock hours and are calculated in half hour increments. College courses are rated at fifteen hours per each semester unit and ten hours per each quarter credit.
- (c) Continuing education must relate to nursing home administration, be designed to promote continued knowledge and skills with nursing home administration standards, and improve and enhance professional competencies. Continuing education must fit within the following subjects:
 - (i) Resident centered care;
 - (ii) Human resources;
 - (iii) Finance;
 - (iv) Environment;
 - (v) Leadership and management;
 - (vi) Suicide prevention;
 - (vii) Cultural competency training;
 - (viii) Laws relating to Washington state nursing homes:
- (ix) Pandemic response and compliance measures. Examples include, but are not limited to, infections control measures, resident engagement, personal protective equipment procurement and training, emergency staffing, writing and updating policies and procedures pertaining to pandemic management, and other pandemic-related training.
- (d) The licensee shall retain proof of course completion. To receive full credit, attendees shall attend the full program. The maximum number of hours allowed for continuing education is twelve hours per day.
- (e) Until December 31, 2022, licensees due to demonstrate completion of continuing education may accrue up to thirty-six of those hours in pandemic response and compliance measure subjects described in (c)(ix) of this subsection. During this time, if proof of course completion is not provided for pandemic response and compliance measure courses earned under self-study programs as allowed under (a)(iv) of this subsection, the licensee may sign an attestation on a form provided by the department.
- (4) Continuing education credit of two hours per month may be granted to a preceptor of an administrator-in-training program.
- (5) Continuing education credit of a maximum of two hours per month may be granted for serving as a board member for the board of nursing home administrators.
- (6) Within one hundred eighty days after becoming licensed, a nursing home administrator shall attend a board approved course on laws relating to nursing homes in Washington. The board will grant retroactive credit to those licensees who obtain the required training as administrators-intraining under WAC 246-843-090. The state law training course consists of a minimum of a six-hour program, with formal training objectives, that covers the requirements of chapter 18.52 RCW and essential areas of laws that apply to nursing homes regulated by the department of social and health services under chapter 388-97 WAC to include:
 - (a) Resident services, medical and social:
- (b) Resident rights, including resident decision making, informed consent, advance directives and notices to residents:
 - (c) Enforcement;

- (d) Criminal history inquiries;
- (e) Differences between federal and state law.

WSR 21-09-078 PROPOSED RULES BELLEVUE COLLEGE

[Filed April 20, 2021, 1:55 p.m.]

Original Notice.

Preproposal statement of inquiry was filed as WSR 21-03-043.

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: Revision of chapter 132H-140 WAC, Fees—Facility rental—Additional services for Community College District VIII.

Amending WAC 132H-140-020, 132H-140-025, 132H-140-030, 132H-140-050, 132H-140-065, 132H-140-070, 132H-140-085, 132H-140-110, and 132H-140-120; adding WAC 132H-140-022; and repealing WAC 132H-140-010 and 132H-140-040.

Hearing Location(s): On Wednesday, June 9, 2021, at 3:30 - 4:30 p.m., online via Zoom https://bellevuecollege.zoom.us/j/83188568869?pwd=TG9EU1FUeUFrUmFyRFFZU2pHQzU0UT09, Meeting ID 831 8856 8869, Passcode 301761, Dial in +1 253 215 8782. Public hearing to be held remotely due to COVID-19.

Date of Intended Adoption: September 1, 2021.

Submit Written Comments to: Nadescha Bunje, Bellevue College, 3000 Landerholm Circle S.E., Bellevue, WA 98007, email nadescha.bunje@bellevuecollege.edu, phone 425-564-5669.

Assistance for Persons with Disabilities: Contact Nadescha Bunje, phone 425-564-5669, TTY 425-564-6189, email nadescha.bunje@bellevuecollege.edu, by May 28, 2021.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: Bellevue College plans to update its policy on college property use in order to clarify processes. Changes include updating titles, contacts, and roles of officials and offices. Out of date language is being brought into alignment with current rules, policies, procedures and ordinances.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: Chapter 132H-140 WAC has not been updated since 2005. Bellevue College intends to update college property use rules in order to more clearly and accurately communicate current processes.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 28B.50.140 (13); chapter 34.05 RCW.

Statute Being Implemented: RCW 28B.50.140(13).

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Agency Comments or Recommendations, if any, as to Statutory Language, Implementation, Enforcement, and Fiscal Matters: Not applicable.

Name of Proponent: Bellevue College, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting, Implementation, and Enforcement: Nadescha Bunje, Bellevue College, K100F, 3000 Landerholm Circle S.E., Bellevue, WA 98007, 425-564-5669.

A school district fiscal impact statement is not required under RCW 28A.305.135.

Proposed

A cost-benefit analysis is not required under RCW 34.05.328. Bellevue College is not one of the enumerated agencies required to conduct cost-benefit analyses under RCW 34.05.328(5).

This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt from requirements of the Regulatory Fairness Act because the proposal:

Is exempt under RCW 19.85.025(3) as the rules relate only to internal governmental operations that are not subject to violation by a nongovernment party.

April 20, 2021 Tracy Biga MacLean Associate Director

Chapter 132H-140 WAC

((FEES FACILITY RENTAL ADDITIONAL SER-VICES FOR COMMUNITY)) COLLEGE ((DISTRICT VIII)) PROPERTY USE

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 05-07-069, filed 3/14/05, effective 4/14/05)

WAC 132H-140-020 Statement of purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to establish procedures and reasonable controls for the use of college property by all college and noncollege groups. Bellevue ((Community)) College ((District VIII)) is an educational institution provided and maintained by the people of the state of Washington. The college reserves its ((facilities, buildings and grounds)) property for ((those)) activities that are related to its broad educational mission. ((At other times, the)) When not being used for those purposes, college ((facilities)) property may be made available to other individuals and organizations.

((The purpose of these regulations is to establish procedures and reasonable controls for the use of college facilities for noncollege groups and for college groups where applicable.

In keeping with this general purpose, and)) Consistent with RCW 28B.50.140(7) and 28B.50.140(9), ((facilities)) college property should be available for a variety of uses which are of benefit to either the college community or the general public if such ((general)) uses substantially relate to and do not interfere with the mission of the college. However, a state agency is under no obligation to make its ((public facilities)) property available to the ((community)) general public for private purposes.

When determining whether to authorize a particular use, primary consideration shall be given at all times to activities ((specifically)) related to the college's mission, and no arrangements shall be made that may interfere with, or operate to the detriment of, the college's own teaching, student programming, or ((public service)) other college-sponsored programs.

((Reasonable conditions may be imposed to regulate the timeliness of requests, to determine the appropriateness of space assigned, time of use, and to insure the proper maintenance of the facilities. Subject to the same limitations, college facilities shall be made available for assignment to individuals or groups within the college community. Such

arrangements by both organizations and individuals must be made through eampus operations.))

NEW SECTION

WAC 132H-140-022 **Definitions.** For the purposes of this chapter, the following definition shall apply:

"College property" shall include, but not be limited to, all campuses of the college, wherever located, and all college-controlled land, buildings, facilities, vehicles, equipment, and any other property owned or used by the college, including study abroad, retreat, and conference sites.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 05-07-069, filed 3/14/05, effective 4/14/05)

WAC 132H-140-025 ((Facilities use for first amendment activities.)) Applicability to expressive activity. Use of ((the eampus)) college property for ((first amendment activities, as defined by law,)) expressive activity is governed by the rules set forth in chapter ((WAC 132H-142-010 through 132H-142-060. This chapter does not apply to those individuals or groups using the college facilities for first amendment activities)) 132H-142 WAC.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 05-07-069, filed 3/14/05, effective 4/14/05)

WAC 132H-140-030 Request for use of ((facilities)) college property. Requests by ((noneollege)) individuals or groups ((for utilization of college facilities)) from outside the college shall be made to the ((director of campus operations)) vice president of administrative services or a designee, who shall be the agent of the college in consummating rental and use agreements.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 05-07-069, filed 3/14/05, effective 4/14/05)

WAC 132H-140-050 Scheduling and reservation practices. The primary purpose of college ((facilities)) property use is to ((serve the instructional program)) advance the mission of the college. However, ((the facilities)) college property, when not required for scheduled college ((use)) purposes, may be available for ((rental)) use by the public in accordance with current fee schedules and other relevant terms and conditions ((for such use)) developed and maintained by the vice president of administrative services.

No college ((facilities)) property may be used by individuals or groups from outside the college ((unless the facilities including buildings, equipment and facilities land have been reserved)) without first executing a written contract, signed by the vice president of administrative services or designee, reserving the property and setting forth the fees, terms, and conditions of use.

In determining whether to accept a request for the use of college ((facilities)) property, the administration shall use the college mission statement and the following items, listed in priority order, as guidelines:

(1) Bellevue ((Community)) College scheduled programs ((and)), activities, and events.

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- (2) ((Major college events.
- (3)) Foundation related events.
- $((\frac{4}{1}))$ (3) Noncollege (outside individual or organization) events.

Arrangements for use of college ((facilities)) property must be made through the ((eampus operations)) office of the vice president of administrative services.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 05-07-069, filed 3/14/05, effective 4/14/05)

WAC 132H-140-065 Limitations and denial of use. Bellevue ((Community)) College is a state agency and exists to serve the public. However, the college may deny use of its ((facilities)) property to any individual, group or organization if the requested use would:

- (1) Interfere or conflict with the college's ((instructional)) mission including, but not limited to, instruction, student services ((or)), support programs, research, or public service programs;
- (2) Interfere with the free flow of pedestrian or vehicular traffic on campus;
- (3) Involve illegal activity <u>or fail to comply with college</u> <u>policies, procedures, contracts, or the Washington Administrative Code;</u>
- (4) Create a hazard or result in damage to college ((facilities)) property; or
- (5) Create undue stress on college resources (((e.g., a request for a major event may be denied if another major event is already scheduled for the same time period, because of demands for parking, security coverage, etc.))).

Where college space is used for an authorized function (((such as a class or a public or private meeting under approved sponsorship, administrative functions or service related activities))), groups must obey or comply with directions of ((the designated administrative officer or individual in charge of the meeting)) college officials.

Any individual or group granted permission to use college ((facilities)) property shall agree in advance to abide by all college rules and regulations. Use of college property by college personnel, students, college organizations and the general public is also subject to local, state, and federal laws.

The college reserves the right to deny use of college ((facilities)) property to any individual or group whose past conduct indicates a likelihood that college rules and regulations will not be obeyed. The college may also deny use to a requesting individual or organization ((which has)) that used ((the facilities)) college property in the past and ((has damaged college property)) caused damage, left college buildings and grounds in excessive disorder, or failed to cooperate with college ((staff)) officials concerning use of the ((facilities)) property.

((No person or group may use or enter onto college grounds or facilities having in their possession firearms or other dangerous weapons, even if licensed to do so, except commissioned police officers as prescribed by law.))

College ((facilities)) property may be used for purposes of political campaigning by or for candidates who have filed for public office, if the campaigning is directed to members of the public, and only when the full ((rental cost of)) fee for

the ((facility)) property is paid. Use of state funds to pay for ((facility rental costs for political campaigns)) or subsidize a political campaign's use of college property is prohibited.

If at any time actual use of college ((facilities)) property by an individual or group constitutes an unreasonable disruption of the normal operation of the college, such use shall immediately terminate((5)); all persons engaged in such use shall immediately vacate the premises((5)) and leave the college property upon ((command)) direction of ((the appropriate)) a designated college official.

Advertising or promotional materials for any event being held <u>on or</u> in ((a)) college ((facility)) property must ((follow the same procedure as applies to students outlined in WAC 132H-120-050)) comply with college policies and procedures.

Use of audio amplifying equipment is permitted only in locations and at times that will not <u>disrupt</u>, <u>or disturb</u>, <u>or interfere</u> with the normal conduct of college affairs <u>including</u>, <u>but not limited to</u>, the use of classrooms, offices, libraries, <u>and laboratories</u>; and <u>previously scheduled college events or activities</u>.

((BCC facilities may not be used for private or commercial purposes unless such activities clearly serve the educational mission of the college, are either sponsored by an appropriate college unit or conducted by contractual agreement with the college. Commercial uses may also be made as noted in WAC 132H-133-050.))

<u>Use of college property for commercial purposes must</u> be preapproved by the vice president of administrative services and comply with WAC 132H-133-050.

Alcoholic beverages will not be served without the approval of the ((president)) provost or ((his/her)) designee. It shall be the responsibility of the event sponsor to obtain all necessary licenses from the Washington state liquor ((eon-trol)) and cannabis board and adhere to their regulations((5)) and those of Bellevue ((Community)) College.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 02-14-007, filed 6/20/02, effective 7/21/02)

- WAC 132H-140-070 Other requirements. (1) When using college ((facilities)) property, an individual or organization may be required to make an advance deposit, post a bond and/or obtain insurance to protect the college against costs or other liability.
- (2) When the college grants permission to an individual or organization to use its ((faeilities)) property it is with the expressed understanding and condition that the individual or organization assumes full responsibility for any loss or damage resulting from such use and agrees to hold harmless and indemnify the college against any loss or damage claim arising out of such use.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 02-14-007, filed 6/20/02, effective 7/21/02)

WAC 132H-140-085 ((Facility rental/use)) College property use fees. Use fees will be charged in accordance with a schedule developed by the vice president of administrative services, which is available at the ((eampus operations)) events office. The college reserves the right to make

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pricing changes without prior written notice, except that such price changes shall not apply to facility use agreements already approved by the administration.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 02-14-007, filed 6/20/02, effective 7/21/02)

WAC 132H-140-110 Animals ((policy)) on campus. Pets on the grounds of Bellevue ((Community)) College shall be in the physical control of their owner in accordance with the city of Bellevue (("leash law")) dog leash and waste removal required ordinance, chapter ((8.04)) 8.05.

Animals((, except for service animals,)) are prohibited from entering buildings operated by Bellevue ((Community)) College, with the exception of service animals or as approved as an accommodation for a disability in accordance with Bellevue College policies and procedures.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 02-14-007, filed 6/20/02, effective 7/21/02)

WAC 132H-140-120 Trespass. (1) Individuals who are not students or members of the faculty or staff and who violate these rules will be advised of the specific nature of the violation, and if they persist in the violation, they will be requested by the president($(\frac{1}{2})$) or ($(\frac{\text{his or her}}{\text{her}})$) designee($(\frac{1}{2})$) to leave the college property. Such a request prohibits the entry of and withdraws the license or privilege to enter onto or remain upon any portion of the college ((facilities)) prop-<u>erty</u> by the person or group of persons requested to leave. Such persons shall be subject to arrest under the provisions of chapter 9A.52 RCW. Individuals requested to leave college property may appeal that decision by submitting to the college president by certified mail, return receipt requested, a letter stating the reasons the person should not be barred from college ((facilities)) property. The college president or designee shall respond in writing within fifteen calendar days with a final decision of the college. Persons shall continue to be barred from college property while an appeal is pending.

(2) Students, faculty, and staff of the college who do not comply with these regulations will be reported to the appropriate college office or agency for action in accordance with this chapter or with other applicable rules, regulations, or policies.

REPEALER

The following sections of the Washington Administrative Code are repealed:

WAC 132H-140-010 Title.

WAC 132H-140-040 Facility usage board policy.

WSR 21-09-079 PROPOSED RULES DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

[Filed April 20, 2021, 2:55 p.m.]

Original Notice.

Preproposal statement of inquiry was filed as WSR 20-15-095.

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: WAC 246-10-109 and 246-11-080, the department of health (department) is proposing amending the procedural rules applicable to adjudicative proceedings conducted by the department and health professions boards and commissions in order to facilitate filing and serving documents. The department is proposing adding the option of electronic filing of documents with the department's adjudicative clerk's office (ACO) and electronic serving documents by the department to a party or a party's designated representative.

Hearing Location(s): On May 25, 2021, at 10:00 a.m. In response to the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) public health emergency, the department of health (DOH) will not provide a physical location for this hearing. This promotes social distancing and the safety of the citizens of Washington state. A virtual public hearing, without a physical meeting space, will be held instead. Please register at https://attendee.gotowebinar.com/register/9105921519605707276. After registering, you will receive a confirmation email containing information about joining the webinar. Participants can use their telephone or computer mic and speakers (VoIP), United States +1 (415) 655-0052.

Date of Intended Adoption: May 25, 2021.

Submit Written Comments to: Tami Thompson, DOH, P.O. Box 47890, Olympia, WA 98504-7890, email https://fortress.wa.gov/doh/policyreview, by May 25, 2021.

Assistance for Persons with Disabilities: Contact Tami Thompson, phone 360-628-0096, TTY 711, email tami.thompson@doh.wa.gov, by May 18, 2021.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: The department is proposing to amend WAC 246-10-109 and 246-11-080, procedural rules applicable to adjudicative proceedings conducted by the department and health professions boards and commissions. Chapter 246-10 WAC applies to all adjudicative proceedings conducted by the department. Chapter 246-11 WAC applies to adjudicative proceedings conducted by health professions boards and commissions having disciplining authority under the Uniform Disciplinary Act, chapter 18.130 RCW.

The proposed rules: (1) Will allow for the option of electronically filing documents with ACO. Electronic filing may be done via electronic mail or other secure electronic means as established by the department; (2) continue to allow for the option of hand delivering documents to ACO, however, the proposed rule excludes hand delivery of documents to the ACO when the office is closed during normal business hours due to exigent circumstances; (3) no longer require copies of documents being filed or served by fax to be mailed simultaneously with fax transmission of documents; (4) recognize that the parties may agree to electronic mail for service of documents between or among themselves, and provides that ACO will serve documents on the parties electronically when the parties agree to service via electronic mail or other secure electronic means as established by the department.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: In response to the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19), the department took action to help prevent the spread of COVID-19, by following social

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distancing practices and responding to the governor's proclamations. The department continues these efforts while vaccine distribution efforts are ongoing. The department filed several emergency rules to prohibit the hand-delivery of documents, and instead allowed for electronic filing.

Existing emergency rules, filed as WSR 21-08-007 on March 24, 2021, continue to prohibit hand delivery of documents to the ACO and personal service of documents on a party or a party's designated representative. The proposed rules are intended to replace the emergency rules. The proposed rules will allow for the department to determine when the office is safe to open, and the exigent circumstances are no longer in effect.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 43.70.040 and 34.05.220 (1)(a).

Statute Being Implemented: RCW 43.70.040 and 34.05.220 (1)(a).

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Proponent: DOH, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting: Tami Thompson, 101 Israel Road S.E., Tumwater, WA 98501, 360-628-0096; Implementation and Enforcement: Shellie Carpenter, 101 Israel Road S.E., Tumwater, WA 98501, 360-236-4674.

A school district fiscal impact statement is not required under RCW 28A.305.135.

A cost-benefit analysis is not required under RCW 34.05.328. The proposed rule is exempt under RCW 34.05.328 (5)[(a)](i). By definition the proposed rule is not a significant legislative rule, the proposed rule is by definition a procedural rule.

This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt from requirements of the Regulatory Fairness Act because the proposal:

Is exempt under RCW 19.85.025(3) as the rules adopt, amend, or repeal a procedure, practice, or requirement relating to agency hearings; or a filing or related process requirement for applying to an agency for a license or permit.

April 19, 2021 Jessica Todorovich Chief of Staff for Umair A. Shah, MD, MPH Secretary

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-18-049, filed 8/29/18, effective 9/29/18)

WAC 246-10-109 Filing and service of documents.

- (1) For purposes of this section "documents" means pleadings, briefs, exhibits, <u>orders</u>, or other materials requested or relevant to an adjudicative proceeding.
- (2) Filing. Filing is the act of delivering documents to the adjudicative clerk's office.
- (a) A party must file with the adjudicative clerk's office documents required or allowed pursuant to this chapter.
- (b) Unless otherwise provided by law <u>or directed by the presiding officer</u>, documents must be filed by:

- (i) Hand delivery to the adjudicative clerk's office, except when the office is closed during normal business hours due to exigent circumstances;
 - (ii) First class, registered, or certified mail; ((or))
- (iii) Fax transmission ((where copies are mailed simultaneously)):
 - (iv) Electronic mail sent to ACOfax@doh.wa.gov; or
- (v) Other secure electronic means as established by the department.
- (c) The date of filing is the date the documents are received by the adjudicative clerk's office.
- (d) Filing is effective when the documents are received by the adjudicative clerk's office during normal business hours. For documents received after 5:00 p.m. on a business day or on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the filing is effective the next business day.
- (3) Service. Service is the act of delivering a document to a party or a party's designated representative.
- (a) Unless otherwise provided by law, documents must be served by:
 - (i) Personal service;
 - (ii) First class, registered, or certified mail; or
- (iii) Fax transmission ((where copies are mailed simultaneously)).
- (b) A party must serve copies of documents required or allowed by this chapter prior to or simultaneously with filing the original document with the adjudicative clerk's office.
 - (c) Service is complete when the documents are:
 - (i) Personally served;
- (ii) Properly stamped, addressed, and deposited in the United States mail; or
- (iii) Successfully transmitted by fax ((and properly stamped and addressed copies are deposited in the United States mail)).
- (d) A party may prove service by filing in compliance with this chapter any of the following:
 - (i) An acknowledgment of service; or
- (ii) A certificate of service including the date the documents were served, the parties upon whom served, the signature of the serving party, and a statement specifying which type of service was used.
- (e) Service on a licensee, applicant, or a person requesting an adjudicative proceeding will be made at the last known address provided to the department in accordance with WAC 246-12-310, unless the program has actual knowledge of a different correct address for the person being served.
- (4) The parties may agree to use electronic mail for service of documents.
- (5) A party may agree with the adjudicative clerk's office to service of documents via electronic mail or other secure electronic means as established by the department, including notices of hearing, initial orders, and final orders.
- (6) The adjudicative clerk's office will serve documents via electronic mail or other secure electronic means as established by the department in those cases in which all parties agree to electronic service.

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AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-18-050, filed 8/29/18, effective 9/29/18)

WAC 246-11-080 Filing and service of documents. (1) For purposes of this section "document" means pleadings, briefs, exhibits, <u>orders</u>, or other materials requested or relevant to an adjudicative proceeding.

- (2) Filing. Filing is the act of delivering documents to the adjudicative clerk's office.
- (a) A party must file with the adjudicative clerk's office documents required or allowed pursuant to this chapter.
- (b) Unless otherwise provided by law <u>or directed by the presiding officer</u>, documents must be filed by:
- (i) Hand delivery to the adjudicative clerk's office, except when the office is closed during normal business hours due to exigent circumstances;
 - (ii) First class, registered, or certified mail; ((or))
- (iii) Fax transmission ((where copies are mailed simultaneously)):
 - (iv) Electronic mail sent to ACOfax@doh.wa.gov; or
- (v) Other secure electronic means as established by the department.
- (c) The date of filing is the date the documents are received by the adjudicative clerk's office.
- (d) Filing is effective when the documents are received by the adjudicative clerk's office during normal business hours. For documents received after 5:00 p.m. on a business day or on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the filing is effective the next business day.
- (3) Service. Service is the act of delivering a document to a party or a party's designated representative.
- (a) Unless otherwise provided by law, documents must be served by:
 - (i) Personal service;
 - (ii) First class, registered, or certified mail; or
- (iii) Fax transmission ((where copies are mailed simultaneously)).
- (b) A party must serve copies of documents required or allowed by this chapter prior to or simultaneously with filing the original document with the adjudicative clerk's office.
 - (c) Service is complete when the documents are:
 - (i) Personally served;
- (ii) Properly stamped, addressed, and deposited in the United States mail; or
- (iii) Successfully transmitted by fax ((and properly stamped and addressed copies are deposited in the United States mail)).
- (d) A party may prove service by filing in compliance with this chapter any of the following:
 - (i) An acknowledgment of service; or
- (ii) A certificate of service including the date the documents were served, the parties upon whom served, the signature of the serving party, and a statement specifying which type of service was used.
- (e) Service on a licensee, applicant, or a person requesting an adjudicative proceeding will be made at the last known address provided to the department in accordance with WAC 246-12-310, unless the program has actual knowledge of a different correct address for the person being served.
- (4) The parties may agree to use electronic mail for service of documents.

- (5) A party may agree with the adjudicative clerk's office to service of documents via electronic mail or other secure electronic means as established by the department, including notices of hearing, initial orders, and final orders.
- (6) The adjudicative clerk's office will serve documents via electronic mail or other secure electronic means as established by the department in those cases in which all parties have agreed to electronic service.

WSR 21-09-081 PROPOSED RULES PENINSULA COLLEGE

[Filed April 20, 2021, 4:07 p.m.]

Original Notice.

Preproposal statement of inquiry was filed as WSR 21-06-107.

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: Title IX regulations (85 F.R. 30757) address the grievance process for formal complaints of sexual harassment. Updates to the college's student conduct code are necessary to be compliant with federal regulations. Chapter 132A-125 WAC will be repealed in its entirety and new chapter 132A-126 WAC is being submitted.

Hearing Location(s): On May 25, 2021, at 4:00 p.m., Zoom virtual meeting, https://pencol.edu.zoom.us/j/83786784962?pwd=V21STjhBOUZzU0huSjB3SDR2WURuQY09.

Date of Intended Adoption: May 26, 2021.

Submit Written Comments to: Kelly Griffith, Rules Coordinator, 1502 East Lauridsen Boulevard, Port Angeles, WA 98382, email kgriffith@pencol.edu, 360-417-6201, by Friday, May 21, 2021.

Assistance for Persons with Disabilities: Contact Hayley Anderson, phone 360-417-6373, email ssd@pencol.edu, by May 21, 2021.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: On May 19, 2020, the Federal Register printed amendments to Title IX regulations (85 F.R. 30757). The new regulations address the grievance process for formal complaints of sexual harassment and were scheduled to take effect on August 14, 2020. A CR-103E was filed on February 17, 2021 (WSR 21-06-001). Updates to the college's student conduct code are necessary to be compliant with federal regulations. Chapter 132A-125 WAC will be repealed in its entirety and new chapter 132A-126 WAC is being submitted.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: Amendments outlined for compliance were printed in the Federal Register on May 19, 2020.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: Chapter 34.05 RCW; and RCW 28B.50.140(13); 20 U.S.C. Section 1092(f); Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20 U.S.C. Section 1681 et seq.

Statute Being Implemented: 85 F.R. 30757.

Rule is necessary because of federal law, 85 F.R. 30757. Name of Proponent: Peninsula College, governmental.

Proposed [30]

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting, Implementation, and Enforcement: Jack Huls, 1502 East Lauridsen Boulevard, Peninsula College, 360-417-6231.

A school district fiscal impact statement is not required under RCW 28A.305.135.

A cost-benefit analysis is not required under RCW 34.05.328.

The proposed rule does not impose more-than-minor costs on businesses. Following is a summary of the agency's analysis showing how costs were calculated. It does not impact businesses.

April 20, 2021 Kelly Griffith Code Reviser Assistant to the President

Chapter 132A-126 WAC

CODE OF STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

NEW SECTION

WAC 132A-126-005 Preamble. Peninsula College is a diverse and dynamic learning community. As such, the college maintains a strong commitment to providing a learning environment that is civil and free from disruptive behavior. All members of the college community share in the responsibility to promote a positive learning environment, demonstrate mutual respect and dignity, and avoid adversarial relationships. Thus, students are expected to act as responsible members of this community, maintain a high degree of honesty and integrity, comply with the rules and regulations of the college, and respect the rights, privileges, and property of the college community.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132A-126-010 Authority. The board of trustees, acting pursuant to RCW 28B.50.140(14), delegates to the president of the college the authority to administer disciplinary action. Administration of the disciplinary procedures is the responsibility of the vice president for student services or their designee. The student conduct officer shall serve as the principal investigator and administrator for alleged violations of this code.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132A-126-015 **Definitions.** The following definitions shall apply for the purposes of this student conduct code:

- (1) "Business day" means a weekday, excluding weekends and college holidays.
- (2) "College premises" shall include all campuses of the college, wherever located, and includes all land, buildings, facilities, vehicles, equipment, and other property owned, used, or controlled by the college.
- (3) "Complainant" is an alleged victim of sexual misconduct.

- (4) "Conduct review officer" is the vice president of student services or other college administrator designated by the president to be responsible for receiving and for reviewing or referring appeals of student disciplinary actions in accordance with the procedures of this code.
- (5) "Disciplinary action" is the process by which the student conduct officer imposes discipline against a student for a violation of the student conduct code.
- (6) "Disciplinary appeal" is the process by which an aggrieved student can appeal the discipline imposed by the student conduct officer. Disciplinary appeals from a suspension in excess of ten instructional days or an expulsion are heard by the student conduct appeals board. Appeals of all other appealable disciplinary action shall be reviewed through brief adjudicative proceedings.
- (7) "Filing" is the process by which a document is officially delivered to a college official responsible for facilitating a disciplinary review. Unless otherwise provided, filing shall be accomplished by:
- (a) Hand delivery of the document to the specified college official or college official's assistant; or
- (b) Sending the document by email and first class mail to the specified college official's office and college email address.

Papers required to be filed shall be deemed filed upon actual receipt during office hours at the office of the specified college official.

- (8) "Instructional day" is a day identified in the academic calendar and quarterly schedule as a classroom instruction day.
- (9) "President" is the president of the college. The president is authorized to:
- (a) Delegate any of their responsibilities as set forth in this chapter as may be reasonably necessary; and
- (b) Reassign any and all duties and responsibilities as set forth in this chapter as may be reasonably necessary.
- (10) "Respondent" is the student against whom disciplinary action is initiated.
- (11) "Service" is the process by which a document is officially delivered to a party. Unless otherwise provided, service upon a party shall be accomplished by:
 - (a) Hand delivery of the document to the party; or
- (b) Sending the document by email and by certified mail or first class mail to the party's last known address.

Service is deemed complete upon hand delivery of the document or upon the date the document is emailed and deposited in the mail.

- (12) "Sexual misconduct" has the meaning ascribed to this term in WAC 132A-126-030(13).
- (13) "Student" includes all persons taking courses at or through the college, whether on a full-time or part-time basis, and whether such courses are credit courses, noncredit courses, online courses, or otherwise. Persons who withdraw after allegedly violating the code, who are not officially enrolled for a particular term but who have a continuing relationship with the college, or who have been notified of their acceptance for admission are considered "students" for purposes of this chapter.

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(14) "Student conduct officer" is a college administrator designated by the president to be responsible for implementing and enforcing the student conduct code.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132A-126-020 Statement of jurisdiction. (1) The Peninsula College code of student rights and responsibilities shall apply to student conduct that occurs:

- (a) On college premises;
- (b) At or in connection with college-sponsored activities; or
- (c) To off-campus conduct that, in the judgment of the college, adversely affects the college community or the pursuit of its objectives.
- (2) Jurisdiction extends to, but is not limited to, locations in which students are engaged in official college activities including, but not limited to, foreign or domestic travel, activities funded by the associated students, athletic events, training internships, cooperative and distance education, online education, practicums, supervised work experiences, or any other college-sanctioned social or club activities.
- (3) Students are responsible for their conduct from the time of application for admission through the actual receipt of a degree, even though conduct may occur before classes begin or after classes end, as well as during the academic year and during periods between terms of actual enrollment.
- (4) These standards shall apply to a student's conduct even if the student withdraws from college while a disciplinary matter is pending. The college has sole discretion, on a case-by-case basis, to determine whether the student conduct code will be applied to conduct that occurs off campus.
- (5) The student conduct officer has sole discretion, on a case-by-case basis to bring a student conduct proceeding under this code for academic dishonesty. Nothing in this code precludes instructors and/or academic divisions or departments from imposing an academic sanction, up to and including a failing grade in an academic course or dismissal from an academic program, in response to academic dishonesty.

Policies and procedures governing the imposition of academic sanctions for academic dishonesty can be found in the college's academic integrity policy, the course syllabus, and any applicable program handbook.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132A-126-025 Statement of student rights. As members of the academic community, students are encouraged to develop the capacity for critical judgment and to engage in an independent search for truth. Freedom to teach and freedom to learn are inseparable facets of academic freedom. The freedom to learn depends upon appropriate opportunities and conditions in the classroom, on the campus, and in the larger community. Students should exercise their freedom with responsibility. The responsibility to secure and to respect general conditions conducive to the freedom to learn is shared by all members of the college community.

The following enumerated rights are guaranteed to each student within the limitations of statutory law and college policy, which are deemed necessary to achieve the educational goals of the college:

(1) Academic freedom.

- (a) Students are guaranteed the rights of free inquiry, expression, and assembly upon and within college facilities that are generally open and available to the public.
- (b) Students are free to pursue appropriate educational objectives from among the college's curricula, programs, and services, subject to the limitations of RCW 28B.50.090 (3)(b).
- (c) Students shall be protected from academic evaluation that is arbitrary, prejudiced, or capricious, but are responsible for meeting the standards of academic performance established by each of their instructors.
- (d) Students have the right to a learning environment that is free from unlawful discrimination, inappropriate and disrespectful conduct, and any and all harassment, including sexual harassment.

(2) Due process.

- (a) The rights of students to be secure in their persons, quarters, papers, and effects against unreasonable searches and seizures is guaranteed.
- (b) No disciplinary sanction may be imposed on any student without notice to the accused of the nature of the charges.
- (c) A student accused of violating this code of student conduct is entitled, upon request, to procedural due process as set forth in this chapter.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132A-126-030 Prohibited student conduct. The college may impose disciplinary sanctions against a student who commits, attempts to commit, aids, abets, incites, encourages or assists another person to commit an act(s) of misconduct, which include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (1) **Academic dishonesty.** Any act of academic dishonesty including, but not limited to, cheating, plagiarism, and fabrication.
- (a) Cheating includes any attempt to give or obtain unauthorized assistance relating to the completion of an academic assignment.
- (b) Plagiarism includes taking and using as one's own, without proper attribution, the ideas, writings, or work of another person in completing an academic assignment. Prohibited conduct may also include the unauthorized submission for credit of academic work that has been submitted for credit in another course.
- (c) Fabrication includes falsifying data, information, or citations in completing an academic assignment and also includes providing false or deceptive information to an instructor concerning the completion of an assignment.
- (2) **Other dishonesty.** Any other acts of dishonesty. Such acts include, but are not limited to:
- (a) Forgery, alteration, submission of falsified documents or misuse of any college document, record, or instrument of identification;
- (b) Tampering with an election conducted by or for college students; or

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- (c) Furnishing false information or failing to furnish correct information, in response to the request or requirement of a college officer or employee.
- (3) **Obstructive or disruptive conduct.** Conduct, not otherwise protected by law, that interferes with, impedes, or otherwise unreasonably hinders:
- (a) Instruction, research, administration, disciplinary proceeding, or other college activity, including the obstruction of the free flow of pedestrian or vehicular movement on college property or at a college activity; or
- (b) Any activity that is authorized to occur on college property, whether or not actually conducted or sponsored by the college.
- (4) **Assault, intimidation, harassment.** Unwanted touching, physical abuse, verbal abuse, threat(s), intimidation, harassment, bullying, for purposes of this code, "bullying" is defined as repeated or aggressive unwanted behavior, not otherwise protected by law that intentionally humiliates, harms, or intimidates the victim.
- (5) Cyber misconduct. Cyberstalking, cyberbullying or online harassment. Use of electronic communications including, but not limited to, electronic mail, instant messaging, electronic bulletin boards, and social media sites to harass, abuse, bully or engage in other conduct which harms, threatens, or is reasonably perceived as threatening the health or safety of another person. Prohibited activities include, but are not limited to, unauthorized monitoring of another's email communications directly or through spyware, sending threatening emails, disrupting electronic communications with spam or by sending a computer virus, sending false messages to third parties using another's email identity, nonconsensual recording of sexual activity, and nonconsensual distribution of a recording of sexual activity.
- (6) **Property violation.** Damage to, misappropriation of, unauthorized use or possession of, vandalism, or other nonaccidental damaging or destruction of college property or the property of another person. Property for purposes of this subsection includes computer passwords, access codes, identification cards, personal financial account numbers, other confidential personal information, intellectual property, and college trademarks.
- (7) **Failure to comply with directive.** Failure to comply with the direction of a college officer or employee who is acting in the legitimate performance of his or her duties including failure to properly identify oneself to such a person when requested to do so.
- (8) **Weapons.** Possession, holding, wearing, transporting, storage, or presence of any firearm, dagger, sword, knife or other cutting or stabbing instrument, club, explosive device, or any other weapon apparently capable of producing bodily harm is prohibited on the college campus, subject to the following exceptions:
- (a) Commissioned law enforcement personnel or legally authorized military personnel while in performance of their duties; or
- (b) A student with a valid concealed weapons permit may store a firearm in his or her vehicle parked on campus in accordance with RCW 9.41.050 (2) or (3), provided the vehicle is locked and the weapon is concealed from view; or

- (c) The president or his or her designee may grant permission to bring a weapon on campus upon a determination that the weapon is reasonably related to a legitimate pedagogical purpose. Such permission shall be in writing and shall be subject to such terms or conditions incorporated in the written permission; or
- (d) This policy does not apply to the possession and/or use of disabling chemical sprays when possessed and/or used for self-defense.
- (9) **Hazing.** Hazing includes, but is not limited to, any initiation into a student organization or any pastime or amusement engaged in with respect to such an organization that causes, or is likely to cause, bodily danger or physical harm, or serious mental or emotional harm to any student.
 - (10) Alcohol, drug, and tobacco violations.
- (a) **Alcohol.** The use, possession, delivery, sale or being observably under the influence of any alcoholic beverage, except as permitted by law and applicable college policies.
- (b) Marijuana. The use, possession, delivery, sale or being observably under the influence of marijuana or the psychoactive compounds found in marijuana and intended for human consumption, regardless of form. While state law permits the recreational use of marijuana, federal law prohibits such use on college premises or in connection with college activities.
- (c) **Drugs.** The use, possession, delivery, sale, or being observably under the influence of any legend drug, including anabolic steroids, androgens, or human growth hormones as defined in chapter 69.41 RCW, or any other controlled substance under chapter 69.50 RCW, except as prescribed for a student's use by a licensed practitioner.
- (d) Tobacco, electronic cigarettes, and related products. The use of tobacco, electronic cigarettes, and related products in any building owned, leased or operated by the college or in any location where such use is prohibited, including twenty-five feet from entrances, exits, windows that open, and ventilation intakes of any building owned, leased, or operated by the college. "Related products" include, but are not limited to, cigarettes, pipes, bidi, clove cigarettes, water-pipes, hookahs, chewing tobacco, and snuff.
- (11) **Lewd conduct.** Conduct that is lewd or obscene that is not otherwise protected under the law.
- (12) **Discriminatory conduct.** Discriminatory conduct that harms or adversely affects any member of the college community because of her/his race; color; national origin; sensory, mental or physical disability; use of a service animal; gender, including pregnancy; marital status; age; religion; creed; genetic information; sexual orientation; gender identity; veteran's status; or any other legally protected classification.
- (13) **Sexual misconduct.** The term "sexual misconduct" includes sexual harassment, sexual intimidation, and sexual violence. Sexual harassment prohibited by Title IX is defined in the supplemental procedures to this code. See WAC 132A-126-205 Prohibited conduct under Title IX.
- (a) **Sexual harassment.** The term "sexual harassment" means unwelcome sexual- or gender-based conduct, including unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, quid pro quo harassment, and other verbal, nonverbal, or

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physical conduct of a sexual or a gendered nature that is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive as to:

- (i) Deny or limit the ability of a student to participate in or benefit from the college's educational program;
- (ii) Alter the terms or conditions of employment for a college employee(s); and/or
- (iii) Creates an intimidating, hostile, or offensive environment for other campus community members.
- (b) **Sexual intimidation.** The term "sexual intimidation" incorporates the definition of "sexual harassment" and means threatening or emotionally distressing conduct based on sex including, but not limited to, nonconsensual recording of sexual activity or the distribution of such recording.
- (c) **Sexual violence.** "Sexual violence" is a type of sexual discrimination and harassment. Nonconsensual sexual intercourse, nonconsensual sexual contact, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking are all types of sexual violence.
- (i) **Nonconsensual sexual intercourse.** Any actual or attempted sexual intercourse (anal, oral, or vaginal), however slight, with any object or body part, by a person upon another person, that is without consent and/or by force. Sexual intercourse includes anal or vaginal penetration by a penis, tongue, finger, or object, or oral copulation by mouth to genital contact or genital to mouth contact.
- (ii) **Nonconsensual sexual contact.** Any actual or attempted sexual touching, however slight, with any body part or object, by a person upon another person that is without consent and/or by force. Sexual touching includes any bodily contact with the breasts, groin, mouth, or other bodily orifice of another individual, or any other bodily contact in a sexual manner.
- (iii) **Incest.** Sexual intercourse or sexual contact with a person known to be related to them, either legitimately or illegitimately, as an ancestor, descendant, brother, or sister of either wholly or half related. Descendant includes stepchildren, and adopted children under the age of eighteen.
- (iv) **Statutory rape.** Consensual intercourse between a person who is eighteen years of age or older, and a person who is under the age of sixteen.
- (v) **Domestic violence.** Physical violence, bodily injury, assault, the infliction of fear of imminent physical harm, sexual assault, or stalking committed by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the state of Washington, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the state of Washington, RCW 26.50.010.
- (vi) **Dating violence.** Physical violence, bodily injury, assault, the infliction of fear of imminent physical harm, sexual assault, or stalking committed by a person:
- (A) Who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and
- (B) Where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors:
 - (I) The length of the relationship;
 - (II) The type of relationship; and

- (III) The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.
- (vii) **Stalking.** Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to:
 - (A) Fear for their safety or the safety of others; or
 - (B) Suffer substantial emotional distress.

For the purposes of this code, "consent" means knowing, voluntary and clear permission by word or action, to engage in mutually agreed upon sexual activity. Each party has the responsibility to make certain that the other has consented before engaging in the activity. For consent to be valid, there must be at the time of the act of sexual intercourse or sexual contact actual words or conduct indicating freely given agreement to have sexual intercourse or sexual contact.

A person cannot consent if they are unable to understand what is happening or is disoriented, helpless, asleep, or unconscious for any reason, including due to alcohol or other drugs. An individual who engages in sexual activity when the individual knows, or should know, that the other person is physically or mentally incapacitated has engaged in nonconsensual conduct.

Intoxication is not a defense against allegations that an individual has engaged in nonconsensual sexual conduct.

- (14) **Harassment.** Unwelcome and offensive conduct, including verbal, nonverbal, or physical conduct, that is directed at a person because of such person's protected status and that is sufficiently serious as to deny or limit, and that does deny or limit, the ability of a student to participate in or benefit from the college's educational program or that creates an intimidating, hostile, or offensive environment for other campus community members. Protected status includes a person's race; color; national origin; sensory, mental or physical disability; use of a service animal; gender, including pregnancy; marital status; age; religion; creed; genetic information; sexual orientation; gender identity; veteran's status; or any other legally protected classification. See "sexual misconduct" for the definition of "sexual harassment." Harassing conduct may include, but is not limited to, physical conduct, verbal, written, social media, and electronic communications.
- (15) **Retaliation.** Retaliation against any individual for reporting, providing information, exercising one's rights or responsibilities, or otherwise being involved in the process of responding to, investigating, or addressing allegations or violations of federal, state, or local law, or college policies including, but not limited to, student conduct code provisions prohibiting discrimination and harassment.
- (16) **Misuse of electronic resources.** Theft or other misuse of computer time or other electronic information resources of the college. Such misuse includes, but is not limited to:
- (a) Unauthorized use of such resources or opening of a file, message, or other item;
- (b) Unauthorized duplication, transfer, or distribution of a computer program, file, message, or other item;
- (c) Unauthorized use or distribution of someone else's password or other identification;
- (d) Use of such time or resources to interfere with someone else's work;
- (e) Use of such time or resources to send, display, or print an obscene or abusive message, text, or image;

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- (f) Use of such time or resources to interfere with normal operation of the college's computing system or other electronic information resources;
- (g) Use of such time or resources in violation of applicable copyright or other law;
- (h) Adding to or otherwise altering the infrastructure of the college's electronic information resources without authorization; or
- (i) Failure to comply with the college's electronic use policy.
- (17) **Unauthorized access.** Unauthorized possession, duplication, or other use of a key, keycard, or other restricted means of access to college property, or unauthorized entry onto or into college property.
- (18) **Safety violations.** Safety violation includes any nonaccidental conduct that interferes with or otherwise compromises any college policy, equipment, or procedure relating to the safety and security of the campus community, including tampering with fire safety equipment and triggering false alarms or other emergency response systems.
- (19) **Violation of other laws or policies.** Violation of any federal, state, or local law, rule, or regulation or other college rules or policies, including college traffic and parking rules.
- (20) **Ethical violation.** The breach of any generally recognized and published code of ethics or standards of professional practice that governs the conduct of a particular profession for which the student is taking a course or is pursuing as an educational goal or major.

In addition to initiating discipline proceedings for violation of the student conduct code, the college may refer any violations of federal, state, or local laws to civil and criminal authorities for disposition. The college shall proceed with student disciplinary proceedings regardless of whether the underlying conduct is subject to civil or criminal prosecution.

NEW SECTION

- WAC 132A-126-035 Disciplinary sanctions— Terms—Conditions. The following disciplinary sanctions may be imposed upon students found to have violated the student conduct code.
- (1) **Disciplinary warning.** A verbal statement to a student that there is a violation and that continued violation may be cause for further disciplinary action.
- (2) **Written reprimand.** Notice in writing that the student has violated one or more terms of this code of conduct and that continuation of the same or similar behavior may result in more severe disciplinary action.
- (3) **Disciplinary probation.** Formal action placing specific conditions and restrictions upon the student's continued attendance, depending upon the seriousness of the violation, and which may include a deferred disciplinary sanction. If the student subject to a deferred disciplinary sanction is found in violation of any college rule during the time of disciplinary probation, the deferred disciplinary sanction, which may include, but is not limited to, a suspension or a dismissal from the college, shall take effect immediately without further review. Any such sanction shall be in addition to any sanction or conditions arising from the new violation. Probation may

be for a limited period of time or may be for the duration of the student's attendance at the college.

- (4) **Disciplinary suspension.** Dismissal from the college and from student status for a stated period of time. There will be no refund of tuition or fees for the quarter in which the action is taken.
- (5) **Dismissal.** The revocation of all rights and privileges of membership in the college community and exclusion from the campus and college-owned or controlled facilities without any possibility of return. There will be no refund of tuition or fees for the quarter in which the action is taken. Disciplinary terms and conditions that may be imposed in conjunction with the imposition of a disciplinary sanction include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (a) Restitution. Reimbursement for damage to or misappropriation of property, or for injury to persons, or for reasonable costs incurred by the college in pursuing an investigation or disciplinary proceeding. This may take the form of monetary reimbursement, appropriate service, or other compensation.
- (b) Professional evaluation. Referral for drug, alcohol, psychological or medical evaluation by an appropriately certified or licensed professional may be required. The student may choose the professional within the scope of practice and with the professional credentials as defined by the college. The student will sign all necessary releases to allow the college access to any such evaluation. The student's return to college may be conditioned upon compliance with recommendations set forth in such a professional evaluation. If the evaluation indicates that the student is not capable of functioning within the college community, the student will remain suspended until future evaluation recommends that the student is capable of reentering the college and complying with the rules of conduct.
- (6) **Not in good standing.** A student may be deemed "not in good standing" with the college. If so, the student shall be subject to the following restrictions:
- (a) Ineligible to hold an office in any student organization recognized by the college or to hold any elected or appointed office of the college.
- (b) Ineligible to represent the college to anyone outside the college community in any way, including representing the college at any official function, or any forms of intercollegiate competition or representation.
- (7) **No contact order.** An order directing a student to have no contact with a specified student, college employee, a member of the college community, or a particular college facility.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132A-126-040 Initiation of disciplinary action.

- (1) All disciplinary actions shall be initiated by the student conduct officer. If that officer is the subject of a complaint initiated by the respondent, the president shall, upon request and when feasible, designate another person to fulfill any such disciplinary responsibilities relative to the complainant.
- (2) The student conduct officer shall initiate disciplinary action by serving the respondent with written notice directing him or her to attend a disciplinary meeting. The notice shall

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briefly describe the factual allegations, the provision(s) of the conduct code the respondent is alleged to have violated, the range of possible sanctions for the alleged violation(s), and specify the time and location of the meeting. At the meeting, the student conduct officer will present the allegations to the respondent and the respondent shall be afforded an opportunity to explain what took place. If the respondent fails to attend the meeting, the student conduct officer may take disciplinary action based upon the available information.

- (3) The student conduct officer, prior to taking disciplinary action in a case involving allegations of sexual misconduct, will make a reasonable effort to contact the complainant to discuss the results of the investigation and possible disciplinary sanctions and/or conditions, if any, that may be imposed upon the respondent if the allegations of sexual misconduct are found to have merit.
- (4) Within ten days of the initial disciplinary meeting and after considering the evidence in the case, including any facts or argument presented by the respondent, the student conduct officer shall serve the respondent with a written decision setting forth the facts and conclusions supporting his or her decision, the specific student conduct code provisions found to have been violated, the discipline imposed, if any, and a notice of any appeal rights with an explanation of the consequences of failing to file a timely appeal.
- (5) The student conduct officer may take any of the following disciplinary actions:
- (a) Exonerate the respondent and terminate the proceedings.
- (b) Impose a disciplinary sanction(s), as described in WAC 132A-126-035.
- (c) Refer the matter directly to the student conduct committee for such disciplinary action, as the committee deems appropriate. Such referral shall be in writing, to the attention of the chair of the student conduct committee, with a copy served on the respondent.
- (6) In cases involving allegations of sexual misconduct, the student conduct officer, on the same date that a disciplinary decision is served on the respondent, will serve a written notice informing the complainant whether the allegations of sexual misconduct were found to have merit and describing any disciplinary sanctions and/or conditions imposed upon the respondent for the complainant's protection, including disciplinary suspension or dismissal of the respondent. The notice will also inform the complainant of their appeal rights. If protective sanctions and/or conditions are imposed, the student conduct officer shall make a reasonable effort to contact the complainant to ensure that prompt notice of the protective disciplinary sanctions and/or conditions occurs.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132A-126-045 Appeal of disciplinary action.

(1) The respondent may appeal a disciplinary action by filing a written notice of appeal with the conduct review officer within ten days of service of the student conduct officer's decision. Failure to timely file a notice of appeal constitutes a waiver of the right to appeal and the student conduct officer's decision shall be deemed final.

- (2) The notice of appeal must include a brief statement explaining why the respondent is seeking review.
- (3) The parties to an appeal shall be the respondent and the conduct review officer.
- (4) A respondent, who timely appeals a disciplinary action or whose case is referred to the student conduct committee, has a right to a prompt, fair, and impartial hearing as provided for in these procedures.
- (5) On appeal, the college bears the burden of establishing the evidentiary facts underlying the imposition of a disciplinary sanction by a preponderance of the evidence.
- (6) Imposition of disciplinary action for violation of the student conduct code shall be stayed pending appeal, unless the respondent has been summarily suspended.
- (7) The student conduct committee shall hear appeals from:
- (a) The imposition of disciplinary suspensions in excess of ten instructional days;
 - (b) Dismissals; and
- (c) Discipline cases referred to the committee by the student conduct officer, the conduct review officer, or the president.
- (8) Student conduct appeals from the imposition of the following disciplinary sanctions shall be reviewed through a brief adjudicative proceeding:
 - (a) Suspensions of ten instructional days or less;
 - (b) Disciplinary probation;
 - (c) Written reprimands; and
- (d) Any conditions or terms imposed in conjunction with one of the foregoing disciplinary actions.

Except as provided elsewhere in these rules, disciplinary warnings and dismissals of disciplinary actions are final action and are not subject to appeal.

- (9) In cases involving allegations of sexual misconduct, the complainant has the right to appeal the following actions by the student conduct officer following the same procedures as set forth above for the respondent:
 - (a) The dismissal of a sexual misconduct complaint; or
- (b) Any disciplinary sanction(s) and conditions imposed against a respondent for a sexual misconduct violation, including a disciplinary warning.
- (10) If the respondent timely appeals a decision imposing discipline for a sexual misconduct violation, the college shall notify the complainant of the appeal and provide the complainant an opportunity to intervene as a party to the appeal.
- (11) Except as otherwise specified in this chapter, a complainant who timely appeals a disciplinary decision or who intervenes as a party to a respondent's appeal of a disciplinary decision shall be afforded the same procedural rights as are afforded the respondent.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132A-126-050 Brief adjudicative proceedings authorized. Brief adjudicative proceedings shall be used for student conduct appeals involving the following disciplinary actions:

- (1) Suspensions of ten instructional days or less;
- (2) Disciplinary probation;

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- (3) Written reprimands;
- (4) Any conditions or terms imposed in conjunction with one of the foregoing disciplinary actions; and
- (5) Appeals by a complainant in student disciplinary proceedings involving allegations of sexual misconduct in which the student conduct officer:
- (a) Dismisses disciplinary proceedings based upon a finding that the allegations of sexual misconduct have no merit; or
 - (b) Issues a verbal warning to the respondent.

- WAC 132A-126-055 Brief adjudicative proceedings —Initial hearing. (1) Brief adjudicative proceedings shall be conducted by a conduct review officer. The conduct review officer shall not participate in any case in which they are a complainant or witness, or in which they have direct or personal interest, prejudice, or bias, or in which they have acted previously in an advisory capacity.
- (2) The parties to a brief adjudicative proceeding are the respondent, the student conduct officer, and in cases involving sexual misconduct, the complainant. Before taking action, the conduct review officer shall conduct an informal hearing and provide each party:
- (a) An opportunity to be informed of the agency's view of the matter; and
- (b) An opportunity to explain the party's view of the matter
- (3) The conduct review officer shall serve an initial decision upon the respondent and the student conduct officer within ten days of consideration of the appeal. The initial decision shall contain a brief written statement of the reasons for the decision and information about how to seek administrative review of the initial decision. If no request for review is filed within ten days of service of the initial decision, the initial decision shall be deemed the final decision.
- (4) In cases involving allegations of sexual misconduct, the conduct review officer, on the same date the initial decision is served on the respondent, will serve a written notice upon the complainant informing the complainant whether the allegations of sexual misconduct were found to have merit and describing any disciplinary sanctions and/or conditions imposed upon the respondent for the complainant's protection. The notice will also inform the complainant of their appeal rights.
- (5) If the conduct review officer upon review determines that the respondent's conduct may warrant imposition of a disciplinary suspension of more than ten instructional days or expulsion, the matter shall be referred to the student conduct committee for a disciplinary hearing.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132A-126-060 Brief adjudicative proceedings—Review of an initial decision. (1) An initial decision is subject to review by the president, provided the respondent files a written request for review with the conduct review officer within twenty-one days of service of the initial decision.

- (2) The president shall not participate in any case in which he or she is a complainant or witness, or in which they have direct or personal interest, prejudice, or bias, or in which they have acted previously in an advisory capacity.
- (3) During the review, the president shall give each party an opportunity to file written responses explaining their view of the matter and shall make any inquiries necessary to ascertain whether the sanctions should be modified or whether the proceedings should be referred to the student conduct committee for a formal adjudicative hearing.
- (4) The decision on review must be in writing and must include a brief statement of the reasons for the decision and must be served on the parties within twenty days of the initial decision or of the request for review, whichever is later. The decision on review will contain a notice that judicial review may be available. A request for review may be deemed to have been denied if the president does not make a disposition of the matter within twenty days after the requestor is submitted
- (5) If the president upon review determines that the respondent's conduct may warrant imposition of a disciplinary suspension of more than ten instructional days or expulsion, the matter shall be referred to the student conduct committee for a disciplinary hearing.
- (6) In cases involving allegations of sexual misconduct, the president, on the same date the final decision is served on the respondent, will serve a written notice upon the complainant informing the complainant whether the allegations of sexual misconduct were found to have merit and describing any disciplinary sanctions and/or conditions imposed upon the respondent for the complainant's protection, including suspension or dismissal of the respondent. The notice will also inform the complainant of their appeal rights.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132A-126-065 Brief adjudicative proceedings—Agency record. The agency record for brief adjudicative proceedings shall consist of any documents regarding the matter that were considered or prepared by the presiding officer for the brief adjudicative proceeding or by the reviewing officer for any review. These records shall be maintained as the official record of the proceedings.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132A-126-070 Student conduct committee proceedings. (1) The student conduct committee shall consist of five members:

- (a) Two full-time students appointed by the student government;
 - (b) Two faculty members appointed by the president;
- (c) One faculty member or administrator (other than an administrator serving as a student conduct or conduct review officer) appointed by the president at the beginning of the academic year.
- (2) The faculty member or administrator appointed on a yearly basis shall serve as the chair of the committee and may take action on preliminary hearing matters prior to convening the committee. The chair shall receive annual training on pro-

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tecting victims and promoting accountability in cases involving allegations of sexual misconduct.

- (3) Hearings may be heard by a quorum of three members of the committee, so long as one faculty member and one student are included on the hearing panel. Committee action may be taken upon a majority vote of all committee members attending the hearing.
- (4) Members of the student conduct committee shall not participate in any case in which they are a party, complainant, or witness, in which they have direct or personal interest, prejudice, or bias, or in which they have acted previously in an advisory capacity. Any party may petition the committee for disqualification of a committee member.

NEW SECTION

- WAC 132A-126-075 Appeal—Student conduct committee. (1) Proceedings of the student conduct committee shall be governed by the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW.
- (2) The student conduct committee chair shall serve all parties with written notice of the hearing not less than seven days in advance
- of the hearing date, as further specified in RCW 34.05.434 and WAC 10-08-040 and 10-08-045. The chair may shorten this notice period if both parties agree, and also may continue the hearing at a later time for good cause shown.
- (3) The committee chair is authorized to conduct prehearing conferences and/or to make prehearing decisions concerning the extent and form of any discovery, issuance of protective decisions, and similar procedural matters.
- (4) Upon request, filed at least five days before the hearing by any party or at the direction of the committee chair, the parties shall exchange, no later than the third day prior to the hearing, lists of potential witnesses and copies of potential exhibits that they reasonably expect to present to the committee. Failure to participate in good faith in such a requested exchange may be cause for exclusion from the hearing of any witness or exhibit not disclosed, absent a showing of good cause for such failure.
- (5) The committee chair may provide to the committee members in advance of the hearing copies of:
- (a) The conduct officer's notification of imposition of discipline (or referral to the committee); and
- (b) The notice of appeal (or any response to referral) by the respondent. If doing so, however, the chair should remind the members that these "pleadings" are not evidence of any facts they may allege.
- (6) The parties may agree before the hearing to designate specific exhibits as admissible without objection and, if they do so, whether the committee chair may provide copies of these admissible exhibits to the committee members before the hearing.
- (7) The student conduct officer, upon request, shall provide reasonable assistance to the respondent in obtaining relevant and admissible evidence that is within the college's control.
- (8) Communications between committee members and other hearing participants regarding any issue in the proceeding, other than procedural communications that are necessary

- to maintain an orderly process, are generally prohibited without notice and opportunity for all parties to participate, and any improper "ex parte" communication shall be placed on the record, as further provided in RCW 34.05.455.
- (9) In cases heard by the committee, each party may be accompanied at the hearing by a nonattorney assistant of their choice. The respondent in all appeals before the committee, or a complainant in an appeal involving allegations of sexual misconduct before the committee, may elect to be represented by an attorney at their own cost, but will be deemed to have waived that right unless, at least four business days before the hearing, written notice of the attorney's identity and participation is filed with the committee chair with a copy to the student conduct officer. The committee will ordinarily be advised by an assistant attorney general. If the respondent and/or the complainant is represented by an attorney, the student conduct officer may also be represented by a second, appropriately screened assistant attorney general.
- (10) At the option of the college president, the college may appoint an administrative law judge to serve as a hearing officer responsible for handling procedural matters otherwise assigned to the chair and to conduct the hearing on behalf of the student conduct committee.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132A-126-080 Student conduct committee hearings—Presentations of evidence. (1) Upon the failure of any party to attend or participate in a hearing, the student conduct committee may either:

- (a) Proceed with the hearing and issuance of its decision; or
- (b) Serve a decision of default in accordance with RCW 34.05.440.
- (2) The hearing will ordinarily be closed to the public. However, if all parties agree on the record that some or all of the proceedings be open, the chair shall determine any extent to which the hearing will be open. If any person disrupts the proceedings, the chair may exclude that person from the hearing room.
- (3) The chair shall cause the hearing to be recorded by a method that he/she selects, in accordance with RCW 34.05.449. That recording, or a copy, shall be made available to any party upon request. The chair shall assure maintenance of the record of the proceeding that is required by RCW 34.05.476, which shall also be available upon request for inspection and copying by any party. Other recording shall also be permitted, in accordance with WAC 10-08-190.
- (4) The chair shall preside at the hearing and decide procedural questions that arise during the hearing, except as overridden by majority vote of the committee.
- (5) The student conduct officer, unless represented by an assistant attorney general, shall present the case for imposing disciplinary sanctions.
- (6) All testimony shall be given under oath or affirmation. Evidence shall be admitted or excluded in accordance with RCW 34.05.452.

In cases involving allegations of sexual misconduct, no party shall directly question or cross-examine one another. Attorneys for the parties are also prohibited from questioning

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the opposing party absent express permission from the committee chair. Subject to this exception, all cross-examination questions shall be directed to the committee chair, who in their discretion shall pose the questions on the party's behalf.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132A-126-085 Student conduct committee— Initial decision. (1) At the conclusion of the hearing, the student conduct committee shall permit the parties to make closing arguments in whatever form it wishes to receive them. The committee also may permit each party to propose findings, conclusions, and/or a proposed decision for its consideration.

- (2) Within twenty days following the later of the conclusion of the hearing, or the committee's receipt of closing arguments, the committee shall issue an initial decision in accordance with RCW 34.05.461 and WAC 10-08-210. The initial decision shall include findings on all material issues of fact and conclusions on all material issues of law including which, if any, provisions of the student conduct code were violated. Any findings based substantially on the credibility of evidence or the demeanor of witnesses shall be so identified.
- (3) The committee's initial order shall also include a determination on appropriate discipline, if any. If the matter was referred to the committee by the student conduct officer, the committee shall identify and impose disciplinary sanction(s) or conditions, if any, as authorized in the student code. If the matter is an appeal by the respondent, the committee may affirm, reverse, or modify the disciplinary sanction and/or conditions imposed by the student conduct officer and/or impose additional disciplinary sanction(s) or conditions as authorized herein.
- (4) The committee chair shall cause copies of the initial decision to be served on the parties and their legal counsel of record. The committee chair shall also promptly transmit a copy of the decision and the record of the committee's proceedings to the president.
- (5) In cases involving allegations of sexual misconduct, the chair of the student conduct committee, on the same date as the initial decision is served on the respondent, will serve a written notice upon the complainant informing the complainant whether the allegations of sexual misconduct were found to have merit and describing any disciplinary sanctions and/or conditions imposed upon the respondent for the complainant's protection, including suspension or dismissal of the respondent. Complainant may appeal the student conduct committee's initial decision to the president subject to the same procedures and deadlines applicable to other parties. The notice will also inform the complainant of their appeal rights.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132A-126-090 Appeal from student conduct committee initial decision. (1) A party who is aggrieved by the findings or conclusions issued by the student conduct committee may appeal the committee's initial decision to the president by filing a notice of appeal with the president's office within ten days of service of the committee's initial

decision. Failure to file a timely appeal constitutes a waiver of the right and the initial decision shall be deemed final.

- (2) The notice of appeal must identify the specific findings of fact and/or conclusions of law in the initial decision that are challenged and must contain argument why the appeal should be granted. If necessary to aid review, the president may ask for additional briefing from the parties on issues raised on appeal. The president's review shall be restricted to the hearing record made before the student conduct committee and will normally be limited to a review of those issues and arguments raised in the notice of appeal.
- (3) The president shall provide a written decision to all parties within twenty days after receipt of the notice of appeal. The president's decision shall be final and shall include a notice of any rights to request reconsideration and/or judicial review.
- (4) In cases involving allegations of sexual misconduct, the president, on the same date that the final decision is served upon the respondent, shall serve a written notice informing the complainant of the final decision. This notice shall inform the complainant whether the sexual misconduct allegation was found to have merit and describe any disciplinary sanctions and/or conditions imposed upon the respondent for the complainant's protection, including suspension or dismissal of the respondent.
- (5) The president shall not engage in an ex parte communication with any of the parties regarding an appeal.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132A-126-095 Summary suspension. (1) Summary suspension is a temporary exclusion from specified college premises or denial of access to all activities or privileges, for which a respondent might otherwise be eligible, while an investigation and/or formal disciplinary procedures are pending.

- (2) The student conduct officer may impose a summary suspension if there is probable cause to believe that the respondent:
- (a) Has violated any provision of the code of conduct;
- (b) Presents an immediate danger to the health, safety, or welfare of members of the college community; or
- (c) Poses an ongoing threat of substantial disruption of, or interference with, the operations of the college.
- (3) Notice. Any respondent who has been summarily suspended shall be served with oral or written notice of the summary suspension. If oral notice is given, a written notification shall be served on the respondent within two business days of the oral notice.
- (4) The written notification shall be entitled "Notice of Summary Suspension" and shall include:
- (a) The reasons for imposing the summary suspension, including a description of the conduct giving rise to the summary suspension and reference to the provisions of the student conduct code or the law allegedly violated;
- (b) The date, time, and location when the respondent must appear before the conduct review officer for a hearing on the summary suspension; and

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- (c) The conditions, if any, under which the respondent may physically access the campus or communicate with members of the campus community. If the respondent has been trespassed from the campus, a notice against trespass shall be included warning respondent that their privilege to enter into or remain on college premises has been withdrawn, and that the respondent shall be considered trespassing and subject to arrest for criminal trespass if the respondent enters the college campus other than to meet with the student conduct officer or conduct review officer, or to attend a disciplinary hearing.
- (5)(a) The conduct review officer shall conduct a hearing on the summary suspension as soon as practicable after imposition of the summary suspension.
- (b) During the summary suspension hearing, the issue before the conduct review officer is whether there is probable cause to believe that the summary suspension should be continued pending the conclusion of disciplinary proceedings and/or whether the summary suspension should be less restrictive in scope.
- (c) The respondent shall be afforded an opportunity to explain why summary suspension should not be continued while disciplinary proceedings are pending or why the summary suspension should be less restrictive in scope.
- (d) If the student fails to appear at the designated hearing time, the conduct review officer may order that the summary suspension remain in place pending the conclusion of the disciplinary proceedings.
- (e) As soon as practicable following the hearing, the conduct review officer shall issue a written decision which shall include a brief explanation for any decision continuing and/or modifying the summary suspension and notice of any right to appeal.
- (f) To the extent permissible under applicable law, the conduct review officer shall provide a copy of the decision to all persons or offices that may be bound or protected by it.
- (6) In cases involving allegations of sexual misconduct, the complainant shall be notified that a summary suspension has been imposed on the same day that the summary suspension notice is served on the respondent. The college will also provide the complainant with timely notice of any subsequent changes to the summary suspension order.

WAC 132A-126-100 Sexual misconduct proceedings. Both the respondent and the complainant in cases involving allegations of sexual misconduct shall be provided the same procedural rights to participate in student discipline matters, including the right to participate in the initial disciplinary decision-making process and to appeal any disciplinary decision.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132A-126-200 Supplemental Title IX student conduct procedures—Order of precedence. This supplemental procedure applies to allegations of sexual harassment subject to Title IX jurisdiction pursuant to regulations promulgated by the United States Department of Education. See 34 C.F.R. Part 106. To the extent these supplemental hearing

procedures conflict with the college's standard disciplinary procedures, WAC 132A-126-005 through 132A-126-095, these supplemental procedures shall take precedence.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132A-126-205 Prohibited conduct under Title IX. Pursuant to RCW 28B.50.140(13) and Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1681, the college may impose disciplinary sanctions against a student who commits, attempts to commit, or aids, abets, incites, encourages, or assists another person to commit, an act(s) of "sexual harassment."

For purposes of this supplemental procedure, "sexual harassment" encompasses the following conduct:

- (1) Quid pro quo harassment. A college employee conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the college on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct.
- (2) Hostile environment. Unwelcome conduct that a reasonable person would find to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the college's educational programs or activities, or employment.
- (3) Sexual assault. Sexual assault includes the following conduct:
- (a) Nonconsensual sexual intercourse. Any actual or attempted sexual intercourse (anal, oral, or vaginal), however slight, with any object or body part, by a person upon another person, that is without consent and/or by force. Sexual intercourse includes anal or vaginal penetration by a penis, tongue, finger, or object, or oral copulation by mouth to genital contact or genital to mouth contact.
- (b) Nonconsensual sexual contact. Any actual or attempted sexual touching, however slight, with any body part or object, by a person upon another person that is without consent and/or by force. Sexual touching includes any bodily contact with the breasts, groin, mouth, or other bodily orifice of another individual, or any other bodily contact in a sexual manner.
- (c) Incest. Sexual intercourse or sexual contact with a person known to be related to them, either legitimately or illegitimately, as an ancestor, descendant, brother, or sister of either wholly or half related. Descendant includes stepchildren and adopted children under the age of eighteen.
- (d) Statutory rape. Consensual sexual intercourse between someone who is eighteen years of age or older and someone who is under the age of sixteen.
- (4) Domestic violence. Physical violence, bodily injury, assault, the infliction of fear of imminent physical harm, sexual assault, or stalking committed by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the state of Washington, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the state of Washington, RCW 26.50.010.

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- (5) Dating violence. Physical violence, bodily injury, assault, the infliction of fear of imminent physical harm, sexual assault, or stalking committed by a person:
- (a) Who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and
- (b) Where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors:
 - (i) The length of the relationship;
 - (ii) The type of relationship; and
- (iii) The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.
- (6) Stalking. Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for their safety or the safety of others, or suffer substantial emotional distress.

WAC 132A-126-210 Title IX jurisdiction. (1) This supplemental procedure applies only if the alleged misconduct:

- (a) Occurred in the United States;
- (b) Occurred during a college educational program or activity; and
- (c) Meets the definition of sexual harassment as that term is defined in this supplemental procedure.
- (2) For purposes of this supplemental procedure, an "educational program or activity" is defined as locations, events, or circumstances over which the college exercised substantial control over both the respondent and the context in which the alleged sexual harassment occurred. This definition includes any building owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the college.
- (3) Proceedings under this supplemental procedure must be dismissed if the decision maker determines that one or all of the requirements of subsection (1)(a) through (c) of this section have not been met. Dismissal under this supplemental procedure does not prohibit the college from pursuing other disciplinary action based on allegations that the respondent violated other provisions of the college's student conduct code, WAC 132A-126-020 through 132A-126-095.
- (4) If the student conduct officer determines the facts in the investigation report are not sufficient to support Title IX jurisdiction and/or pursuit of a Title IX violation, the student conduct officer will issue a notice of dismissal in whole or part to both parties explaining why some or all of the Title IX claims have been dismissed.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132A-126-215 Initiation of discipline. (1) Upon receiving the Title IX investigation report from the Title IX coordinator, the student conduct officer will independently review the report to determine whether there are sufficient grounds to pursue a disciplinary action against the respondent for engaging in prohibited conduct under Title IX.

(2) If the student conduct officer determines that there are sufficient grounds to proceed under these supplemental procedures, the student conduct officer will initiate a Title IX disciplinary proceeding by filing a written disciplinary notice with the chair of the student conduct committee and serving

the notice on the respondent and the complainant, and their respective advisors. The notice must:

- (a) Set forth the basis for Title IX jurisdiction;
- (b) Identify the alleged Title IX violation(s);
- (c) Set forth the facts underlying the allegation(s);
- (d) Identify the range of possible sanctions that may be imposed if the respondent is found responsible for the alleged violation(s);
- (e) Explain that the parties are entitled to be accompanied by their chosen advisors during the hearing and that:
- (i) The advisors will be responsible for questioning all witnesses on the party's behalf;
 - (ii) An advisor may be an attorney; and
- (iii) The college will appoint the party an advisor of the college's choosing at no cost to the party, if the party fails to do so.
- (3) Explain that if a party fails to appear at the hearing, a decision of responsibility may be made in their absence.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132A-126-220 Prehearing procedure. (1) Upon receiving the disciplinary notice, the chair of the student conduct committee will send a hearing notice to all parties, in compliance with WAC 132A-126-040. In no event will the hearing date be set less than ten days after the Title IX coordinator provided the final investigation report to the parties.

- (2) A party may choose to have an attorney serve as their advisor at the party's own expense. This right will be waived unless, at least five days before the hearing, the attorney files a notice of appearance with the committee chair with copies to all parties and the student conduct officer.
- (3) In preparation for the hearing, the parties will have equal access to all evidence gathered by the investigator during the investigation, regardless of whether the college intends to offer the evidence at the hearing.

NEW SECTION

WAC 132A-126-225 Rights of parties. (1) The college's student conduct procedures, WAC 132A-126-040 through 132A-126-095, and this supplemental procedure shall apply equally to all parties.

- (2) The college bears the burden of offering and presenting sufficient testimony and evidence to establish that the respondent is responsible for a Title IX violation by a preponderance of the evidence.
- (3) The respondent will be presumed not responsible until such time as the disciplinary process has been finally resolved.
- (4) During the hearing, each party shall be represented by an advisor. The parties are entitled to an advisor of their own choosing and the advisor may be an attorney. If a party does not choose an advisor, then the Title IX coordinator will appoint an advisor of the college's choosing on the party's behalf at no expense to the party.

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- WAC 132A-126-230 Evidence. The introduction and consideration of evidence during the hearing is subject to the following procedures and restrictions:
- (1) Relevance: The committee chair shall review all questions for relevance and shall explain on the record their reasons for excluding any question based on lack of relevance
- (2) Relevance means that information elicited by the question makes facts in dispute more or less likely to be true.
- (3) Questions or evidence about a complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior are not relevant and must be excluded, unless such question or evidence:
- (a) Is asked or offered to prove someone other than the respondent committed the alleged misconduct; or
- (b) Concerns specific incidents of prior sexual behavior between the complainant and the respondent, which are asked or offered on the issue of consent.
- (4) Cross-examination required: If a party or witness does not submit to cross-examination during the live hearing, the committee must not rely on any statement by that party or witness in reaching a determination of responsibility.
- (5) No negative inference: The committee may not make an inference regarding responsibility solely on a witness's or party's absence from the hearing or refusal to answer questions.
- (6) Privileged evidence: The committee shall not consider legally privileged information unless the holder has effectively waived the privilege. Privileged information includes, but is not limited to, information protected by the following:
 - (a) Spousal/domestic partner privilege;
 - (b) Attorney-client and attorney work product privileges:
- (c) Privileges applicable to members of the clergy and priests;
- (d) Privileges applicable to medical providers, mental health therapists, and counselors;
- (e) Privileges applicable to sexual assault and domestic violence advocates; and
 - (f) Other legal privileges identified in RCW 5.60.060.

NEW SECTION

- WAC 132A-126-235 Initial order. (1) In addition to complying with WAC 132A-126-055, the student conduct committee will be responsible for conferring and drafting an initial order that:
 - (a) Identifies the allegations of sexual harassment;
- (b) Describes the grievance and disciplinary procedures, starting with filing of the formal complaint through the determination of responsibility, including notices to parties, interviews with witnesses and parties, site visits, methods used to gather evidence, and hearings held;
- (c) Makes findings of fact supporting the determination of responsibility;
- (d) Reaches conclusions as to whether the facts establish whether the respondent is responsible for engaging in sexual harassment in violation of Title IX;
- (e) Contains a statement of, and rationale for, the committee's determination of responsibility for each allegation;

- (f) Describes any disciplinary sanction or conditions imposed against the respondent, if any;
- (g) Describes to what extent, if any, complainant is entitled to remedies designed to restore or preserve complainant's equal access to the college's education programs or activities; and
- (h) Describes the process for appealing the initial order to the college president.
- (2) The committee chair will serve the initial order on the parties simultaneously.

NEW SECTION

- WAC 132A-126-240 Appeals. (1) The parties shall have the right to appeal from the initial order's determination of responsibility and/or dismissal of an allegation(s) of sexual harassment in a formal complaint. The right to appeal will be subject to the same procedures and time frames set forth in WAC 132A-126-060.
- (2) The president or their delegate will determine whether the grounds for appeal have merit, provide the rationale for this conclusion, and state whether the disciplinary sanction and condition(s) imposed in the initial order are affirmed, vacated, or amended, and, if amended, set forth any new disciplinary sanction and/or condition(s).

The president's office shall serve the final decision on the parties simultaneously.

WSR 21-09-082 PROPOSED RULES PENINSULA COLLEGE

[Filed April 20, 2021, 4:48 p.m.]

Original Notice.

Preproposal statement of inquiry was filed as WSR 21-06-106.

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: Confidentiality of student records, repeal of WAC 132A-280-006 through 132A-280-085.

Hearing Location(s): On May 25, 2021, at 4:00 p.m., Zoom virtual meeting, https://pencol.edu.zoom.us/j/83786784962?pwd=V21STjhBOUZzU0huSjB3SDR2WURuQY09.

Date of Intended Adoption: May 26, 2021.

Submit Written Comments to: Kelly Griffith, Rules Coordinator, 1502 East Lauridsen Boulevard, Port Angeles, WA 98382, email kgriffith@pencol.edu, by Friday, May 21, 2021.

Assistance for Persons with Disabilities: Contact Hayley Anderson, phone 360-417-6373, email ssd@pencol.edu, by May 23, 2019.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: This rule is no longer needed as it is governed by federal policy.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: This rule is no longer needed as it is governed by federal policy.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 28B.50.140; and chapter 28B.50 RCW.

Statute Being Implemented: Not applicable.

Proposed [42]

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Proponent: Peninsula College, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting, Implementation, and Enforcement: Jack Huls, 1502 East Lauridsen Boulevard, Peninsula College, 360-417-6231.

A school district fiscal impact statement is not required under RCW 28A.305.135.

A cost-benefit analysis is not required under RCW 34.05.328.

The proposed rule does not impose more-than-minor costs on businesses. Following is a summary of the agency's analysis showing how costs were calculated. It does not impact businesses.

April 20, 2021 Kelly Griffith Code Reviser Assistant to the President

REPEALER

The following chapter of the Washington Administrative Code is repealed:

WAC 132A-280-006 Purpose.

WAC 132A-280-011 Definitions.

WAC 132A-280-016 Direction to college offices retaining student education records.

WAC 132A-280-021 Access to education records.

WAC 132A-280-026 Access to education records—Limitations on access.

WAC 132A-280-031 Right to copy education records.

WAC 132A-280-035 Request for explanation or interpretation of record.

WAC 132A-280-040 Challenges—To content of education records, release of education records, or denial of access to education records.

WAC 132A-280-045 Challenges—Informal proceedings.

WAC 132A-280-050 Challenges—Hearing before grievance review committee.

WAC 132A-280-055 Release of personally identifiable information or education records.

WAC 132A-280-060 Release of personally identifiable information or education records—Nature of consent required.

WAC 132A-280-065 Release of personally identifiable information or education records—

Exceptions to consent requirement.

WAC 132A-280-070 Release of information in emergencies.

WAC 132A-280-075 Directory information.

WAC 132A-280-080 Destruction of student records.

WAC 132A-280-085 Notification of rights under this chapter.

WSR 21-09-083 PROPOSED RULES PENINSULA COLLEGE

[Filed April 21, 2021, 8:23 a.m.]

Original Notice.

Preproposal statement of inquiry was filed as WSR 20-22-097.

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: Title IX, sexual harassment, student conduct code.

Hearing Location(s): On May 25, 2021, at 4:00 p.m., Zoom virtual meeting, https://pencol.edu.zoom.us/j/83786784962?pwd=V21STjhBOUZzU0huSjB3SDR2WURuQY09.

Date of Intended Adoption: May 26, 2021.

Submit Written Comments to: Kelly Griffith, Rules Coordinator, 1502 East Lauridsen Boulevard, Port Angeles, WA 98382, email kgriffith@pencol.edu, by Friday, May 21, 2021.

Assistance for Persons with Disabilities: Contact Cathy Engle, phone 360-417-6347, email ssd@pencol.edu, by May 21, 2021.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: On May 19, 2020, the Federal Register printed amendments to Title IX regulations (85 F.R. 30575). The new regulations address the grievance process for formal complaints of sexual harassment and were scheduled to take effect on August 14, 2020. An emergency update to the college's student conduct code was filed to be compliant with the federal regulations. WAC 132A-350-020 and 132A-350-015 are being repealed in their entirety.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: Amendments mandated and printed in the Federal Register.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: Chapter 34.05 RCW; and RCW 28B.50.140(13); 20 U.S.C. Section 1092(f); Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20 U.S.C. Section 1681 et seq.

Statute Being Implemented: Not applicable.

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Proponent: Peninsula College, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting, Implementation, and Enforcement: Krista Francis, 1502 East Lauridsen Boulevard, Peninsula College, 360-417-6212.

A school district fiscal impact statement is not required under RCW 28A.305.135.

A cost-benefit analysis is not required under RCW 34.05.328.

The proposed rule does not impose more-than-minor costs on businesses. Following is a summary of the agency's analysis showing how costs were calculated. It does not impact businesses.

April 20, 2021 Kelly Griffith Code Reviser

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Assistant to the President

REPEALER

The following sections of the Washington Administrative Code are repealed:

WAC 132A-350-015 Nondiscrimination and antiharassment policy.

WAC 132A-350-020 Discrimination and harassment complaint procedure.

WSR 21-09-084 PROPOSED RULES HEALTH CARE AUTHORITY

[Filed April 21, 2021, 9:17 a.m.]

Supplemental Notice to WSR 21-06-100.

Preproposal statement of inquiry was filed as WSR 20-11-075.

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: WAC 182-543-0500 Medical equipment, supplies, and appliances—General, and 182-551-2040 Home health services—Face-to-face encounter requirements.

Hearing Location(s): On May 25, 2021, at 10:00 a.m. In response to the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) public health emergency, the agency will not provide a physical location for this hearing. This promotes social distancing and the safety of the citizens of Washington state. A virtual public hearing, without a physical meeting space, will be held instead. To attend the virtual public hearing, you must register at the following link https://attendee.gotowebinar.com/register/3149709801907452684, Webinar ID 105-469-387. After registering, you will receive a confirmation email containing the information about joining the webinar.

Date of Intended Adoption: Not sooner than May 26, 2021.

Submit Written Comments to: Health Care Authority (HCA) Rules Coordinator, P.O. Box 42716, Olympia, WA 98504-2716, email arc@hca.wa.gov, fax 360-586-9727, by May 25, 2021.

Assistance for Persons with Disabilities: Contact Amber Lougheed, phone 360-725-1349, fax 360-586-9727, telecommunication[s] relay service 711, email amber.lougheed@hca. wa.gov, by May 14, 2021.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: HCA is filing this supplemental CR-102 due to a date error submitted on the original proposed rule making (CR-102) filed under WSR 21-06-100. Instead of indicating that rules proposed under WSR 21-06-0100 would be adopted no sooner than April 7, 2021, HCA mistakenly indicated no sooner than August 7, 2021. To avoid any further delay in finalizing these rules, HCA has decided to refile the proposed rules for a second public hearing rather than waiting until August to file the permanent rules. This is a quicker route than delaying the filing of the final rules until August 7, 2021.

The original intention of the CR-102 filed under WSR 21-06-100 was to amend WAC 182-543-0500 and 182-551-2040 to allow ordering of home health services, including medical supplies, by certain nonphysician practitioners. HCA received stakeholder comments during the public hearing and made changes to WAC 182-543-0500 as a result. Those changes are reflected in the proposed rules attached to this supplemental CR-102.

HCA also plans on initiating rule making (CR-101) within the next few weeks on rule sections within chapters 182-543 and 182-551 WAC, as requested by stakeholders during the public hearing on the proposed rules under WSR 21-06-100 to align the language with changes under this filing.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: See purpose.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 41.05.021, 41.05.160.

Statute Being Implemented: RCW 41.05.021, 41.05.160; and 42 C.F.R. § 440.70.

Rule is necessary because of federal law, 42 C.F.R. § 440.70.

Agency Comments or Recommendations, if any, as to Statutory Language, Implementation, Enforcement, and Fiscal Matters: Not applicable.

Name of Proponent: HCA, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting: Jason Crabbe, P.O. Box 42716, Olympia, WA 98504-2716, 360-725-9563; Implementation and Enforcement: Cynde Rivers, P.O. Box 45506, Olympia, WA 98504-5506, 360-725-5282.

A school district fiscal impact statement is not required under RCW 28A.305.135.

A cost-benefit analysis is not required under RCW 34.05.328. RCW 34.05.328 does not apply to HCA rules unless requested by the joint administrative rules review committee or applied voluntarily.

This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt from requirements of the Regulatory Fairness Act because the proposal:

Is exempt under RCW 19.85.061 because this rule making is being adopted solely to conform and/or comply with federal statute or regulations. Citation of the specific federal statute or regulation and description of the consequences to the state if the rule is not adopted: 42 C.F.R. § 440.70, Home health services. Federal funding would be at risk for noncompliance.

April 21, 2021 Wendy Barcus Rules Coordinator

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 18-24-021, filed 11/27/18, effective 1/1/19)

WAC 182-543-0500 General. (1) The federal government considers medical equipment, supplies, and appliances, which the medicaid agency refers to throughout this chapter as medical equipment, services under the medicaid program.

(2) The agency pays for medical equipment, including modifications, accessories, and repairs, according to agency

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rules and subject to the limitations and requirements in this chapter when the medical equipment is:

- (a) Medically necessary, as defined in WAC 182-500-0070:
- (b) Authorized, as required within this chapter, chapters 182-501 and 182-502 WAC, and the agency's published billing instructions and provider notices; and
- (c) Billed according to this chapter, chapters 182-501 and 182-502 WAC, and the agency's published billing instructions and provider notices.
- (3) For the initiation of medical equipment under WAC 182-551-2122, the face-to-face encounter must be related to the primary reason the client requires medical equipment and must occur no later than six months prior to the start of services.
- (4) The face-to-face encounter ((must)) may be conducted by ((the ordering)):
- (a) A physician((, a nonphysician practitioner as described in WAC 182-500-0075,));
 - (b) A nurse practitioner;
 - (c) A clinical nurse specialist;
- (d) A certified nurse midwife under 42 C.F.R. 440.70 when furnished by a home health agency that meets the conditions of participation for medicare;
 - (e) A physician assistant; or
- (f) The attending acute, or post-acute physician, for beneficiaries admitted to home health immediately after an acute or post-acute stay.
- (5) ((If a nonphysician practitioner as described in WAC 182-500-0075 (or the attending physician when a client is discharged from an acute hospital stay) performs the face to-face encounter, the nonphysician practitioner (or attending physician) must communicate the clinical findings of that face to face encounter to the ordering physician. Those clinical findings must be incorporated into a written or electronic document included in the client's medical record.)) Services may be ordered by:
 - (a) Physicians;
 - (b) Nurse practitioners;
 - (c) Clinical nurse specialists; or
 - (d) Physician assistants.
- (6) The agency requires prior authorization for covered medical equipment when the clinical criteria set forth in this chapter are not met, including the criteria associated with the expedited prior authorization process.
- (a) The agency evaluates requests requiring prior authorization on a case-by-case basis to determine medical necessity as defined in WAC 182-500-0070, according to the process found in WAC 182-501-0165.
- (b) Refer to WAC 182-543-7000, 182-543-7100, 182-543-7200, and 182-543-7300 for specific details regarding authorization.
- (7) The agency bases its determination about which medical equipment requires prior authorization (PA) or expedited prior authorization (EPA) on utilization criteria (see WAC 182-543-7100 for PA and WAC 182-543-7300 for EPA). The agency considers all of the following when establishing utilization criteria:
 - (a) Cost:
 - (b) The potential for utilization abuse;

- (c) A narrow therapeutic indication; and
- (d) Safety.
- (8) The agency evaluates a request for equipment that does not meet the definition of medical equipment or that is determined not medically necessary under the provisions of WAC 182-501-0160. When early and periodic screening, diagnosis and treatment (EPSDT) applies, the agency evaluates a noncovered service, equipment, or supply according to the process in WAC 182-501-0165 to determine if it is medically necessary, safe, effective, and not experimental (see WAC 182-543-0100 for EPSDT rules).
- (9) The agency may terminate a provider's participation with the agency according to WAC 182-502-0030 and 182-502-0040.
- (10) The agency evaluates a request for a service that meets the definition of medical equipment but has been determined to be experimental or investigational, under the provisions of WAC 182-501-0165.
- (11) If the agency denies a requested service, the agency notifies the client in writing that the client may request an administrative hearing under chapter 182-526 WAC. (For MCO enrollees, see WAC 182-538-110.)

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 18-24-023, filed 11/27/18, effective 1/1/19)

- WAC 182-551-2040 Face-to-face encounter requirements. (1) The face-to-face encounter requirements of this section may be met using telemedicine or telehealth services. See WAC 182-551-2125.
- (2) The medicaid agency pays for home health services provided under this chapter only when the face-to-face encounter requirements in this section are met.
- $((\frac{(2)}{2}))$ (3) For initiation of home health services, with the exception of medical equipment under WAC 182-551-2122, the face-to-face encounter must be related to the primary reason the client requires home health services and must occur within ninety days before or within the thirty days after the start of the services.
- $((\frac{(3)}{)})$ (4) For the initiation of medical equipment under WAC 182-551-2122, the face-to-face encounter must be related to the primary reason the client requires medical equipment and must occur no $((\frac{1}{2}))$ more than six months $((\frac{1}{2}))$ before the start of services.
- (((4))) (5) The face-to-face encounter may be conducted by ((the ordering)):
- (a) A physician((, a nonphysician practitioner as described in WAC 182-500-0075,));
 - (b) A nurse practitioner;
 - (c) A clinical nurse specialist;
- (d) A certified nurse midwife under 42 C.F.R. 440.70 when furnished by a home health agency that meets the conditions of participation for medicare;
 - (e) A physician assistant; or
- (f) The attending acute, or post-acute physician, for beneficiaries admitted to home health immediately after an acute or post-acute stay.
- (((5) If a nonphysician practitioner as described in WAC 182-500-0075 (or the attending physician when a client is discharged from an acute hospital stay) performs the face-to-

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face encounter, the nonphysician practitioner (or attending physician) must communicate the clinical findings of that face-to-face encounter to the ordering physician. Those clinical findings must be incorporated into a written or electronic document included in the client's medical record.))

- (6) Services may be ordered by:
- (a) Physicians;
- (b) Nurse practitioners;
- (c) Clinical nurse specialists; or
- (d) Physician assistants.
- (7) For all home health services except medical equipment under WAC 182-551-2122, the physician, nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, or physician assistant responsible for ordering the services must:
- (a) Document that the face-to-face encounter, which is related to the primary reason the client requires home health services, occurred within the required time frames described in subsection $((\frac{2}{2}))$ of this section prior to the start of home health services; and
- (b) Indicate the practitioner who conducted the encounter, and the date of the encounter.
- (((7))) (<u>8</u>) For medical equipment under WAC 182-551-2122, except as provided in (b) of this subsection, an ordering physician, ((<u>a nonphysician practitioner as described in WAC 182-500-0075</u>, except for certified nurse midwives)) nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, physician assistant, or the attending physician when a client is discharged from an acute hospital stay, must:
- (a) Document that the face-to-face encounter, which is related to the primary reason the client requires home health services, occurred within the required time frames described in subsection (((3))) (4) of this section prior to the start of home health services; and
- (b) Indicate the practitioner who conducted the encounter, and the date of the encounter.
- (((8) The face-to-face encounter may occur through telemedicine. See WAC 182-551-2125.))

WSR 21-09-087 PROPOSED RULES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIES

[Filed April 21, 2021, 10:16 a.m.]

Original Notice.

Preproposal statement of inquiry was filed as WSR 21-06-104.

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: Amendments to the plumber rules, chapter 296-400A WAC, Plumber certification rules.

Hearing Location(s): On May 25, 2021, at 9:00 a.m., virtual and telephonic hearing only. Access the Zoom meeting at https://us02web.zoom.us/j/89186112107, Meeting ID 891 8611 2107, Passcode plumber2!, or dial by your location +1 253 215 8782 US (Tacoma), Meeting ID 891 8611 2107, Passcode 416874989. The virtual/telephonic hearing starts at 9:00 a.m. and will continue until all oral comments are received.

Date of Intended Adoption: May 28, 2021.

Submit Written Comments to: Beverly Clark, P.O. Box 44470, Olympia, WA 98504-4470, email Beverly.Clark@Lni.wa.gov, fax 360-902-5292, by 5:00 p.m. on May 25, 2021.

Assistance for Persons with Disabilities: Beverly Clark, phone 360-902-6272, fax 360-902-5292, email Beverly. Clark@Lni.wa.gov, by 5:00 p.m. on May 21, 2021.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: The department of labor and industries (L&I) is proposing rules to amend chapter 296-400A WAC, Plumber certification rules, in order to implement the legislative changes made within 2020's Plumbing Act (chapter 153, Laws of 2020, SB 6170) that will address the following:

- Adjusting fees related to journey level and specialty plumber certification;
- Modifying how plumbing contractor's license, renew, and reinstate their license; and
- Adding and amending definitions.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: This rule is the result of the entire industry working together for several years. It addresses issues in the plumbing industry that have not been updated for thirty-five years. There is a current shortage of service plumbers due to high training hour requirements, workforce aging, and an increasing need for that work. This creates a vacuum where the industry is flooded with untrained and uncertified people working in homes. The rule maintains the House Bill Report page 5, SB 6170 integrity of the existing law while ensuring that qualified workers are put into people's homes. The definition of plumbing is limited to work within a building and the rule is limited to work that certified plumbers do. The industry is prepared to handle any added costs through options such as fees.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: Chapter 153, Laws of 2020; SB 6170.

Statute Being Implemented: Chapter 153, Laws of 2020; SB 6170.

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Proponent: L&I, governmental.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting, Implementation, and Enforcement: Dean Simpson, Tumwater, Washington, 360-902-5571.

A school district fiscal impact statement is not required under RCW 28A.305.135.

A cost-benefit analysis is not required under RCW 34.05.328. A cost-benefit analysis is not required in accordance with RCW 34.05.328 (5)(b)(iii), as these rules are adopting or incorporating by reference without material change state and federal regulations; RCW 34.05.328 (5)(b)(iv) making housekeeping changes; and RCW 34.05.328 (5)(b)(v) as the content of these rules are explicitly and specifically dictated by statute; and lastly RCW 34.05.328 (5)(b)(vi) adjusting certain fees.

This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt from requirements of the Regulatory Fairness Act because the proposal:

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Is exempt under RCW 19.85.061 because this rule making is being adopted solely to conform and/or comply with federal statute or regulations. Citation of the specific federal statute or regulation and description of the consequences to the state if the rule is not adopted: Portions of the proposed rule are being adopted to conform with 29 C.F.R. Part 30. Failure to conform with may result in derecognition of Washington's authority to certify apprenticeship programs for federal purposes.

Is exempt under RCW 19.85.025(3) as the rules are adopting or incorporating by reference without material change federal statutes or regulations, Washington state statutes, rules of other Washington state agencies, shoreline master programs other than those programs governing shorelines of statewide significance, or, as referenced by Washington state law, national consensus codes that generally establish industry standards, if the material adopted or incorporated regulates the same subject matter and conduct as the adopting or incorporating rule; rules only correct typographical errors, make address or name changes, or clarify language of a rule without changing its effect; rule content is explicitly and specifically dictated by statute; and rules set or adjust fees under the authority of RCW 19.02.075 or that set or adjust fees or rates pursuant to legislative standards, including fees set or adjusted under the authority of RCW 19.80.045.

> April 21, 2021 Joel Sacks Director

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 20-16-141, filed 8/4/20, effective 8/4/20)

WAC 296-400A-005 What definitions do I need to know to understand these rules? Unless a different meaning is clearly required by the context, the following terms and definitions are important:

<u>"Administrative law judge (ALJ)"</u> is a person appointed by the chief administrative law judge pursuant to chapter 34.12 RCW to conduct or preside over hearings convened under chapter 18.106 RCW and this chapter.

"Advisory board" is the state advisory board of plumbers.

"Appeal bond" is a certified check in the amount prescribed under RCW 18.106.200 made payable to the Washington state department of labor and industries.

"Appeal hearing" is any proceeding in which an administrative law judge is empowered to determine legal rights, duties, or privileges of specific parties on behalf of the director.

"Applicant" is any person, firm, corporation or other entity applying to become a licensed plumbing contractor according to chapter 18.106 RCW and this chapter. Applicant includes all principal officer(s), members, partners of a partnership, firm, corporation, or other entity named on the application.

"Assist" means a friend, neighbor, or other person (including a certified plumber) may assist a householder, at his or her residence, in the performance of plumbing work on the condition that the householder is present when the work is performed and the person assisting the householder does not accept money or other forms of compensation for the volunteer work. For the purposes of this subsection, a residence is a single-family residence.

"Audit" means an assessment, evaluation, examination or investigation of, <u>plumbing</u> contractor's accounts, books and records for the purpose of verifying the <u>plumbing</u> contractor's compliance with RCW 18.106.320.

"Backflow assembly" or "backflow prevention assembly" or "backflow preventer" is a device as described in the *Uniform Plumbing Code* used to prevent the undesired reversal of flow of water or other substances through a cross-connection into the public water system or consumer's potable water system.

"Backflow assembly tester" is an individual certified by the department of health to perform tests to backflow assemblies.

"Calendar day" means each day of the week, including weekends and holidays.

"Continuing education" is approved plumbing and electrical courses for journey level, domestic pump specialty plumbers, and residential specialty plumbers, to meet the requirements to maintain their plumbing certification and for trainees or individuals to become certified plumbers in Washington.

"Continuing education course provider" is an entity approved by the department, in consultation with the state advisory board of plumbers, to provide continuing education training for journey level, domestic pump specialty plumbers, residential specialty plumbers, and trainees. All training course providers must comply with the requirements in WAC 296-400A-028.

"Continuity affidavit" is a form developed by the department that is used to verify whether medical gas pipe installation work (brazing process) has been performed biannually. This form is provided to the department at the time of renewal by the person holding the medical gas piping installer endorsement and requires the notarized signature of the employer of the medical gas piping installer or another qualified verifier as determined by the department. Continuity is a visual examination by the employer of the brazing that was performed. The medical gas installer must also review the current medical gas code and sign the affidavit stating that they have done so.

(("Contractor" means any person, corporate or otherwise, who engages in, or offers or advertises to engage in, any work covered by the provisions of chapter 18.106 RCW by way of trade or business, or any person, corporate or otherwise, who employs anyone, or offers or advertises to employ anyone, to engage in any work covered by the provisions of chapter 18.106 RCW and is registered as a contractor under chapter 18.27 RCW.))

"Control" means that the journey level plumber, specialty plumber, or temporary permit plumber is physically on-site at the start of each day and each and every job site to

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diagnose, direct, and lay out the plumbing work the trainee is to perform.

- "Course of study" means classroom training and practical work experience in the plumbing industry as defined in WAC 296-400A-100.
 - "Department" is the department of labor and industries.
- "Director" is the director of the department of labor and industries or designee.
- "Dispatcher" means the contractor's employee who authorized the work assignment of the person employed in violation of chapter 18.106 RCW.
- "Final judgment" means any money that is owed to a claimant as a result of court action against or settlement with a plumbing contractor and/or plumbing contractor's bond or assigned savings account with the department or any money that is owed the department as a result of a plumbing contractor's unsuccessful appeal of an infraction. Final judgment also includes any penalties assessed against the plumbing contractor and owed the department as a result of an infraction or notice of correction that has not been appealed, final tax warrants or any delinquent fees or penalties due.
- "Journey level plumber" is anyone who has learned the commercial plumbing trade and has been issued a journey level certificate of competency by the department. A journey level plumber may work on plumbing projects including residential, commercial and industrial worksite locations.
- "Medical gas piping installer" is anyone who has been issued a medical gas piping installer endorsement of competency by the department.
- "Medical gas piping systems" are piping systems that convey or involve oxygen, nitrous oxide, high pressure nitrogen, medical compressed air, and other medical gas or equipment including, but not limited to, medical vacuum systems.
- "Multiunit" is a multi-single family residence contained in a building or group of buildings that do not exceed three stories on any portion of the building.
- "Plumbing" is that craft involved in installing, altering, repairing and renovating potable water systems, liquid waste systems and medical gas piping systems, including multipurpose or passive purge fire sprinkler systems in the footprint of a building. Potable water systems, liquid waste systems, and medical gas piping systems are defined by the current *Uniform Plumbing Code* (UPC) and amendments adopted by the state building code council. All piping, fixtures, pumps and plumbing appurtenances that are used for rain water catchment and a reclaimed water system are included in the definition of liquid waste systems.
- "Plumbing contractor" means any person, corporate or otherwise, who engages in, or offers or advertises to engage in, any plumbing work covered by the provisions of this chapter by way of trade or business, or any person, corporate or otherwise, who employs anyone, or offers or advertises to employ anyone, to engage in any plumbing work as defined in this section. The plumbing contractor is responsible for ensuring the plumbing business is operated in accordance with rules adopted under this chapter.
- "Records" include, but are not limited to, all bids, invoices, billing receipts, time cards and payroll records that show the work was performed, advertised, or bid.

- "Reinstatement" or "reinstated" means the reinstatement of a plumbing contractor's license after the license has expired, or has been suspended, or been revoked.
- <u>"Relicense"</u> means an update to a plumbing contractor's license because of business structure change or name change.
- <u>"Renewal"</u> or <u>"renewed"</u> means the renewal of a plumbing contractor's license before it expires.
- "Residential service" is limited to performing residential service <u>plumbing</u> in single-family dwellings and duplexes and can only repair or replace previously existing fixtures, piping, and fittings that are outside the interior wall or above the floor.
- "Secured contractor" is a plumbing contractor who has complied with RCW 18.106.410 by assigning to the department a savings account held in a Washington state bank, or by filing with the department a surety bond.
- <u>"Security"</u> is a savings account held in a Washington state branch of a financial institution and assigned to the department in lieu of a surety bond.
- "Specialty plumber" is anyone who has been issued a specialty plumbers certificate of competency by the department limited to:
- (a) Installation, maintenance and repair of plumbing for single-family dwellings, duplexes and apartment buildings which do not exceed three stories;
- (b) Maintenance and repair of backflow assemblies located within a residential or commercial building or structure. For the purposes of this subsection, "maintenance and repair" includes cleaning and replacing internal parts of an assembly, but does not include installing or replacing backflow assemblies.
- (c) "Domestic pump specialty" means the installation, maintenance, and repair of a domestic water pumping system consisting of the pressurization, treatment, and filtration components of a domestic water system consisting of: One or more pumps; pressure, storage, and other tanks; filtration and treatment equipment; if appropriate, a pitless adapter; along with valves, transducers, and other plumbing components that:
- (i) Are used to acquire, treat, store, or move water suitable for either drinking or other domestic purposes, including irrigation, to:
- (A) A single-family dwelling, duplex, or other similar place of residence;
- (B) A public water system, as defined in RCW 70.119.020 and as limited under RCW 70.119.040; or
- (C) A farm owned and operated by a person whose primary residence is located within thirty miles of any part of the farm:
- (ii) Are located within the interior space including, but not limited to, an attic, basement, crawl space, or garage, of a residential structure, which space is separated from the living area of the residence by a lockable entrance and fixed walls, ceiling, or floor;
- (iii) If located within the interior space of a residential structure, are connected to a plumbing distribution system supplied and installed into the interior space by either:
- (A) A person who, pursuant to RCW 18.106.070 or 18.106.090, possesses a valid temporary permit or certificate

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of competency as a journey level plumber, specialty plumber, or trainee, as defined in this chapter; or

(B) A person exempt from the requirement to obtain a certified plumber to do such plumbing work under RCW 18.106.150.

For the purposes of the domestic pump specialty, residential structure includes any improvement to real property where that property is primarily used as a residence.

"Story" ((is)) <u>as</u> defined by the ((current)) <u>Washington</u> <u>state adopted</u> building codes and amendments ((adopted by the state building code council which)). <u>Also</u> includes basements or garages.

"Supervision" for the purpose of these rules means within sight and sound. Supervision requirements are met when the supervising plumber is on the premises and within sight and sound of the individual who is being trained. "Exception" for remote service trainee supervision available via mobile phone or a similar device on a residential structure and meeting all other requirements under RCW 18.106.070 and the requirements for service plumbing under RCW 18.106.010.

"Trainee plumber" is anyone who has been issued a trainee certificate and is learning or being trained in the plumbing trade with direct supervision of either a journey level plumber or specialty plumber working in their specialty.

"Training course provider" is an entity approved by the department, in consultation with the state advisory board of plumbers, to provide medical gas piping installer training. All training course providers must comply with the requirements in WAC 296-400A-026.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 20-16-141, filed 8/4/20, effective 8/4/20)

- WAC 296-400A-010 Plumbing certificate types and scope of work. (1) Journey level plumber (PL01): A journey level plumber may work on all phases of plumbing projects including residential, commercial and industrial worksite locations.
- (2) **Residential specialty plumber (PL02):** Installation, maintenance and repair of all phases of plumbing for single-family dwellings, duplexes and apartment buildings which do not exceed three stories.
- (3) "Residential service plumber (PL04)" is limited to performing residential service in single-family dwellings and duplexes and can only repair or replace previously existing fixtures, piping, and fittings that are outside the interior wall or above the floor. Does not include the removal or reconnection of 120/240 electrical wiring for like-in-kind replacement of household appliances or ((other small utilization equipment that requires limited electric power and limited waste and/or water connections)) utilization equipment for the residential service plumber (PL04) or an unsupervised or remote supervised trainee.
- (4) Backflow specialty plumber (PL30): Maintenance and repair of backflow assemblies located within a residential or commercial building or structure. For the purposes of this subsection, "maintenance and repair" includes cleaning and replacing internal parts of an assembly, but does not include installing or replacing backflow assemblies. A plumber

trainee must have a PT31 certificate in order to work as a backflow specialty plumber under the supervision of a certified backflow specialty plumber, certified residential specialty plumber or certified journey level plumber. PT31 trainee requires one hundred percent supervision.

- (5) Pump and irrigation specialty plumber (PL03): Installation, maintenance and repair of equipment that is used to acquire, treat, store, or move water suitable for either drinking or other domestic purposes, including irrigation or to a domestic water pumping system consisting of the pressurization, treatment, and filtration components of a domestic water system consisting of: One or more pumps; pressure, storage, and other tanks; filtration and treatment equipment. For the purposes of this subsection, if located within the interior space of a residential structure as stated in RCW 18.106.010 (14)(c), only the equipment and piping defined by RCW 18.106.010 (14)(c) are included in this specialty and other parts of the system must be worked on by the appropriate certification.
- (6) Limited volume domestic pump specialty plumber (PL03A): Installation, maintenance and repair of equipment that is used to acquire, treat, store, or move water suitable for either drinking or other domestic purposes on pumping systems not exceeding one hundred gallons per minute. A domestic water pumping system consisting of the pressurization, treatment, and filtration components of a domestic water system consisting of: One or more pumps; pressure, storage, and other tanks; filtration and treatment equipment. For the purposes of this subsection, if located within the interior space of a residential structure as stated in RCW 18.106.010 (14)(c), only the equipment and piping to stated equipment in this locked room can be worked on by this certification; other parts of the system must be worked on by the appropriate certification.
- (7) **Plumber trainee (PT00 and PT31):** Is an individual learning the trade or craft of plumbing. Trainees are required to have and maintain a valid plumber's training certificate. Trainees will be accredited for those hours worked within the scope of their supervising plumber. Any plumber trainee may perform plumbing work within the scope of their supervising journey level or specialty plumber. A trainee must keep a record of the hours worked as a trainee as required by WAC 296-400A-120(3).
- (8) Certified journey level electricians, certified residential specialty electricians, or electrical trainees (EL01 and EL02): According to RCW 18.106.150 (2)(b), a current plumbing certificate of competency or plumber trainee card is not required for: Certified journey level electricians, certified residential specialty electricians, or electrical trainees working for a general or residential specialty electrical contractor (EC01 or EC02) and performing exempt work under RCW ((18.27.090(18))) 18.106.150(8). A plumber trainee must have an electrical trainee (ET00) certificate in order to work with a journey level electrician or residential specialty electrician.

The plumbing work must be directly and immediately appropriate to the like-in-kind replacement of a household fixture or its component(s) that requires limited power and waste/water connections.

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An example would be replacing the heating element (a component) of an electric hot water heater. An electrician performing a like-in-kind replacement of an electric hot water tank could only disconnect and then reconnect the water supply lines to the tank and drain line from the temperature and pressure relief valve. Gas hot water tanks are not part of the electrician's exemption.

NEW SECTION

- WAC 296-400A-011 How does a plumbing contractor become licensed, renew, and reinstate their license? (1) A plumbing contractor may license/renew/relicense/reinstate if it:
- (a) Complete an application for plumbing contractor licensing, have it notarized, and submit it to the department as required by RCW 18.106.400;
 - (b) Satisfies one of the following:
- (i) Obtains a continuous surety bond in the total amount specified in WAC 296-400A-012 and submits the original bond to the department or submits the bond information through the department of labor and industries' electronic bond and insurance policy system (EBIPS) (see RCW 18.106.410); or
- (ii) Assigns, to the department, a security deposit in the form of a savings account held in a Washington state bank on a department issued form in the amounts specified in WAC 296-400A-012;
- (c) Obtains public liability and property damage insurance and submits the original insurance certificate to the department or submits the insurance information through the department of labor and industries' electronic bond and insurance policy system (EBIPS) (see RCW 18.106.420); and
- (d) Pays the issuance/renewal/relicensing/reinstatement fee shown in WAC 296-400A-045.
- (2) A plumbing contractor may renew its license if it submits, to the department, a completed plumbing contractor license renewal notice and the material required in subsection (1)(b) and (c) of this section and pays the renewal fee shown in WAC 296-400A-045. No more than forty-five days before the plumbing contractor's license expires, the department must send a renewal notice to the plumbing contractor's last recorded address with the plumbing contractor licensing program. It is the responsibility of the plumbing contractor to notify the department within ten days and in writing of a change in address.
- (3) The plumbing contractor must submit all required documents to the department in a manner approved by the department as set forth in this subsection:
- (a) Include, on each document, the name exactly as it appears on the plumbing contractor license application or renewal notice;
- (b) Include, if renewing a license, the plumbing contractor's license number on each of the documents;
- (c) Include a copy of the certificate or document (when required) by the secretary of state for the contractor to do business in the state of Washington; and
- (d) Have and maintain an active and valid unified business identifier (certificate of registration) with the department of revenue.

- (4) The department will not license, renew, or reinstate the license of a plumbing contractor if:
- (a) Any of the required documents are missing, false, or are incomplete;
- (b) The documents do not have the legal name of the plumbing contractor as documented on official governmental issued photo identification;
- (c) In the case of a renewal, the documents do not include the license number or UBI number; or
- (d) The applicant or person pursuant to RCW 18.106.400 has an unsatisfied final judgment based on work which is subject to chapter 18.106 RCW and this chapter.
- (5) The plumbing contractor may request, in a letter filed with the application or renewal materials, that the license period end on a particular day. However, the license period cannot exceed two years.

NEW SECTION

WAC 296-400A-012 How much are the surety bond or savings account amounts? (1) The continuous surety bond or savings account amounts for applicants of plumbing contractor license: Six thousand dollars for the plumbing contractor license.

(2) The surety bond or savings account amounts for applicants of plumbing contractors with final judgments involving a residential single-family dwelling in the previous five years can be required a bond up to three times the normal amount: Per RCW 18.106.410(11).

Bond or Savings Account Amount per Registration Cycle Up to 3 \$18,000.00

- (3) At the time of relicensing, renewal, or reinstatement the department shall only consider final judgments from the previous five years which will be used to determine the bond or savings account amount according to subsection (2) of this section.
- (4) A plumbing contractor's required bond or savings account amount may only be reviewed for reduction to a lower level at their next regular renewal. The increased bond requirement must remain in effect during the entire license cycle even if reinstatement or relicensing occurs.
- (5) For purposes of this section, final judgment does not include infractions.

NEW SECTION

- WAC 296-400A-013 What can cause the suspension of a plumbing contractor's license? (1) A plumbing contractor's license will be suspended if the following impairments, cancellations, noncompliance, or errors occur:
- (a) A surety bond or other security has an unsatisfied final judgment against it or becomes otherwise impaired.
 - (b) A surety bond is canceled.
- (c) An insurance policy on file is expired, canceled, revoked, or the insurer is withdrawn from the insurance policy.

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- (d) The plumbing contractor has an unsatisfied final judgment against it under chapter 18.106 RCW and this chapter.
- (e) The department has notice that the plumbing contractor is a sole proprietor or an owner, principal, or officer of a licensed plumbing contractor that has an unsatisfied final judgment against it for work within the scope of chapter 18.106 RCW and this chapter.
- (f) The department finds that the plumbing contractor has provided false or misleading information or has otherwise been licensed in error.
- (g) The plumbing contractor fails to comply with a penalty payment plan agreement.
- (h) The plumbing contractor has been certified by a lending agency and reported to the department for nonpayment or default on a federally or state-guaranteed educational loan or service conditional scholarship.
- (i) The plumbing contractor does not maintain an active and valid unified business identifier number with the department of revenue.
- (j) The plumbing contractor does not provide the department with updated information or forms as necessary to validate their information.
- (2) The plumbing contractor's license will be automatically suspended on the effective date of the impairment or cancellation. The department must mail a notice of the suspension to the plumbing contractor's last recorded address with the plumbing contractor licensing program within two days after suspension.
- (3) A plumbing contractor must not advertise, offer to do work, submit a bid, or perform any work as a plumbing contractor while its license is suspended. To continue to operate as a plumbing contractor while its license is suspended is a violation of chapter 18.106 RCW and subject to infractions.
- (4) The department shall not deny an application or suspend a license because of an unsatisfied final judgment if the applicant's or licensee's unsatisfied final judgment was determined by the director to be the result of the fraud or negligence of another party.

WAC 296-400A-014 When will the department deny an application for licensure, renewal, or reinstatement? The department shall deny an application for licensure, renewal, or reinstatement if:

- (1) The applicant does not submit the required documents on the forms required by the department.
 - (2) The documents are false or incomplete.
- (3) The documents do not have the legal name of the plumbing contractor as documented on official governmental issued photo identification.
- (4) The applicant does not have a valid unified business identifier number, if required by the department of revenue.
- (5) The applicant has been previously performing work subject to this chapter as a sole proprietor, partnership, corporation, or other entity and the department has notice that the applicant has an unsatisfied final judgment against him or her in an action based on this chapter or the applicant owes the

- department money for penalties assessed or fees due under this chapter as a result of a final judgment.
- (6) The applicant was an owner, principal, or officer of a partnership, corporation, or other entity that either has an unsatisfied final judgment against it in an action that was incurred for work performed subject to this chapter or owes the department money for penalties assessed or fees due under this chapter as a result of a final judgment.
- (7) The applicant has not complied with a department of social and health services support enforcement division support enforcement order.
- (8) The plumbing contractor does not employ a full-time individual who currently possesses a valid journey level plumber's certificate of competency or specialty plumber's certificate of competency in the specialty for the scope of work performed.

NEW SECTION

WAC 296-400A-015 What requirements must be met if a plumbing contractor changes its business structure, name or address? (1) If a plumbing contractor changes its business structure (for example, from a partnership to a corporation or if the partners in a partnership change or change in designated plumber), the plumbing contractor must:

- (a) Apply for a new plumbing license as required in WAC 296-400A-011; and
- (b) Pay the plumbing license fee shown in WAC 296-400A-045.
- (2) Failure to relicense after a change in business structure may invalidate the plumbing contractor's license. See RCW 18.106.410.
- (3) If a licensed plumbing contractor changes its name, it must:
 - (a) Notify the department, in writing, of the change; and
- (b) Pay the relicensing fee shown in WAC 296-400A-045; and
- (c) Submit to the department a name change rider or a new bond in the new name and a certificate of insurance in the new name.
- (4) If a licensed plumbing contractor changes its address, it must notify the department in writing.

NEW SECTION

WAC 296-400A-016 What procedures must be followed when surety bonds and/or insurance policies are canceled? (1) Insurance and bonding companies must send cancellation notices to the department.

- (2) Cancellation notices must contain the following information:
- (a) The name of the plumbing contractor exactly as it appears in the plumbing contractor's licensing file;
 - (b) The plumbing contractor's license number;
 - (c) The plumbing contractor's business address;
- (d) The names of the owners, partners, or officers of the plumbing contractor;
 - (e) The bond or insurance policy number; and
 - (f) The effective date of the bond or insurance policy.

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(3) The cancellation of a surety bond or insurance policy shall be considered effective immediately after the department receives a cancellation notice unless a later specific date is provided.

NEW SECTION

WAC 296-400A-017 What procedures must be followed when surety bonds and/or other securities approved by the department become impaired? (1) Once the department has been notified that the surety bond or other security approved by the department has been impaired by a final judgment or reduced by payment to an amount less than is required by WAC 296-400A-012, the plumbing contractor's license will automatically be suspended and the department will mail a letter to the plumbing contractor within two days.

(2) Once the unsatisfied final judgment has been satisfied, the plumbing contractor may reapply according to the requirements of this chapter.

NEW SECTION

WAC 296-400A-018 When will the department release a security deposit? (1) The department will release a security deposit two years after the plumbing contractor's last plumbing license has expired unless there is an unsatisfied final judgment or ongoing claim against the plumbing contractor.

(2) The department will release a security deposit in less than two years after the plumbing contractor's last license has expired if the plumbing contractor provides a surety bond covering both the previous and current registration periods.

NEW SECTION

WAC 296-400A-019 How is a suit filed against a plumbing contractor? (1) A civil suit against a plumbing contractor must be filed in the superior court of the county in which the work was done or of any county in which jurisdiction of the plumbing contractor may be had. Unless the suit is filed in a superior court, the department will not be able to direct payment on an unsatisfied final judgment against a secured contractor.

- (2) Notice that a suit has been filed (a summons and complaint) against a plumbing contractor, the plumbing contractor's bond, and/or the plumbing contractor's deposit must be exclusively delivered to the department by registered or certified mail to: P.O. Box 44470, Olympia, Washington 98504-4470. The notice must be addressed to the department and must include three copies of the summons and complaint filed against the plumbing contractor, the plumbing contractor's bond and/or the plumbing contractor's deposit. The person filing the suit must pay the required service fee to the department in WAC 296-400-045.
- (3) The summons and complaint against a plumbing contractor must include the following information:
- (a) The name of the plumbing contractor exactly as it appears in the plumbing contractor's licensing file;
 - (b) The plumbing contractor's business address;

- (c) The names of the owners, partners, or officers of the plumbing contractor if known; and
 - (d) The plumbing contractor's license number.
- (4) If the suit joins a bonding company, the summons and complaint should also include:
- (a) The name of the bonding company that issued the plumbing contractor's bond;
 - (b) The bond number; and
 - (c) The effective date of the bond.
- (5) If the suit is against a plumbing contractor using an assigned account in lieu of a bond, the complaint must also include:
- (a) The name of the institution where the assigned account is held;
 - (b) The account number; and
 - (c) The date the assigned account was opened.
- (6) Service is not considered complete until the department receives the documents in Tumwater with the service fee required by WAC 296-400A-045 and three copies of the summons and complaint.
- (7) Within two days of receiving a summons and complaint, the department must mail a copy of the summons and complaint to the licensee at the address listed on the licensee's application or at their last known address provided to the department and to the licensee's surety.
- (8) The department will return a summons and complaint without it being served, if the department cannot readily identify either the contractor or bonding company being sued, if the action did not arise under chapter 18.106 RCW, or if the fee and three copies of the summons and complaint are not received.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 20-16-141, filed 8/4/20, effective 8/4/20)

WAC 296-400A-022 What procedure is required for renewal of a journey level medical gas endorsement? (1) Maintain an active Washington state journey level certification

- (2) Submit affidavit of continuity verifying that brazing has been performed every six months during the renewal cycle.
- (3) Submit affidavit of review of current medical gas code adopted by the Washington state building code council.
- (4) Pay the appropriate fee: If renewal occurs before expiration of current endorsement, the renewal fee shown in WAC 296-400A-045; if renewal occurs within ninety days of expiration of current endorsement, you must pay a double renewal fee; if the current endorsement has been expired for ninety-one days or more, you must take an examination relating to medical gas installation administered by the department and pay the examination application fee shown in WAC 296-400A-045. Medical gas endorsement is renewed every three years.
- (5) <u>Plumbing contractors</u> must accurately verify and attest to brazing performed by the journey level <u>plumber</u> by sending an affidavit of continuity to the department or in lieu of the biannual braze requirement from the <u>plumbing</u> contractor, a performed brazed coupon test documenting that the

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coupon was certified as passing from a department approved medical gas training course provider would be accepted.

(6) If affidavit of continuity and/or affidavit of review are not received within ninety days of expiration, the applicant will be required to retake the examination and pay the appropriate fees prior to being placed in active status.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 16-08-100, filed 4/5/16, effective 5/16/16)

- WAC 296-400A-024 How should a person performing plumbing wear or visibly display their certification, trainee card, or endorsement? (1) The certificate must be immediately available for examination at all times.
- (2) The individual must also have in their possession governmental issued photo identification.
- (3) To work in the plumbing trade, an individual must possess, ((and is encouraged to)) wear, and visibly display on the front of the upper body a current, valid plumber certificate of competency, medical gas endorsement, or plumber trainee card.

- (a) The certificate may be worn inside the outer layer of clothing when outer protective clothing (e.g., rain gear when outside in the rain, arc flash, welding gear, etc.), is required.
- (b) The certificate may be worn inside the protective clothing so that when the protective clothing is removed, the certificate is visible. A cold weather jacket or similar apparel is not protective clothing.
- (c) The certificate may be worn inside the outer layer of clothing when working in an attic or crawl space or when operating equipment where wearing the certificate may pose an unsafe condition for the individual.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 20-16-141, filed 8/4/20, effective 8/4/20)

WAC 296-400A-045 What fees ((will I have to pay)) does the department charge for issuance, renewal, relicensing, and reinstatement of a plumbing contractor license and plumbing certificates? The following are the department's ((plumbers)) nonrefundable fees: Fees related to journey level and specialty plumber certification and exam application:

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Type of Fee	Period Covered by Fee	Dollar Amount of Fee
Plumbing contractor	This registration is valid for two years from	<u>\$139.10</u>
For each issuance, renewal or reregistration of a license	date of issuance, renewal or reregistration, or until it is suspended or revoked	
Assignment/unassignment of the designated plumber (nonrefundable)		
Examination application for journey level, residential specialty, residential service, backflow certification or Reexaminations of medical gas endorsements	Per examination the department's fee. Normal examination administration is performed by a state authorized contractor. The fees for such examinations are set by contract with the department and are additional to the department's examination fees	((\$160.85)) \$189.80
Domestic pump specialty application fee******	Per application the department's fee. Normal examination administration is performed by a state authorized contractor. The fees for such examinations are set by contract with the department and are additional to the department's examination fees	((\$160.85)) \$189.80
Reciprocity application*	Per application	((\$160.85)) <u>\$189.80</u>
Trainee certificate**	One year or when hours are updated	((\$47.85)) \$56.40
Temporary permit (not applicable for backflow assembly maintenance and repair specialty)	One hundred twenty days	((\$79.85)) <u>\$94.20</u>
Journey level, residential specialty, or residential service certificate renewal or 1st card***	Three years	((\$193.15)) <u>\$227.90</u>
Domestic pump specialty plumber certificate renewal or 1st card***	Three years	((\$193.25)) \$228.00

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Type of Fee Backflow assembly maintenance and repair specialty certificate renewal or 1st card***	Period Covered by Fee Three years	Dollar Amount of Fee ((\$133.25)) \$157.20
Medical gas endorsement application	Per application	((\$59.20)) \$69.80
Medical gas endorsement renewal or 1st card***	Three years	((\$132.80)) <u>\$156.70</u>
Medical gas endorsement examination fee****		See note below.
Medical gas endorsement training course fee****		See note below.
Domestic pump specialty examination fee****		See note below.
Reinstatement of a plumbing contractor license		<u>\$69.50</u>
Reinstatement fee for residential and journey level certificates		((\$258.30)) \$304.70
Reinstatement fee for backflow assembly maintenance and repair specialty certificates		((\$148.55)) \$175.20
Reinstatement fee for domestic pump		((\$386.75)) \$456.30
Replacement fee for all certificates <u>and licenses</u>		((\$ 21.70)) \$ <u>25.60</u>
Refund processing fee		((\$34.50)) \$27.50
Unsupervised trainee endorsement		((\$34.50)) <u>\$40.70</u>
Inactive status fee		((\$34.50)) <u>\$40.70</u>
Certified letter fee/verification of licensure		((\$34.50)) <u>\$40.70</u>
Required to cover the costs for the service of process in an action against a plumbing contractor, the contractor's bond, or the deposit under RCW 18.106.410		<u>\$55.00</u>
Documents copied from a plumber's, trainee or plumbing contractor file		((\$2.10)) \$2.40 per page maximum copy charge ((\$31.75)) \$37.40
Continuing education new course fee*****		((\$ 209.15)) <u>\$246.70</u>
Continuing education renewal course fee*****		((\$ 104.40)) <u>\$123.10</u>
Continuing education classes provided by the department		((\$12.70)) $$14.90$ per continuing education training hour
		((\$8.45)) \$9.90 per continuing education training hour for correspondence and internet courses

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- * Reciprocity application is only allowed for applicants that are applying work experience toward certification that was obtained in state(s) with which the department has a reciprocity agreement. The reciprocity application is valid for one year.
- ** The trainee certificate will expire one year from the date of issuance and must be renewed on or before the date of expiration. Trainee update fee required when hours are submitted outside of renewal period.
- *** This fee applies to either the original issuance or a renewal of a certificate. If you have passed the plumbers certificate of competency examination or the medical gas piping installer endorsement examination and paid the certificate fee, you will be issued a plumber certificate of competency or a medical gas endorsement that will expire on your birth date.
 - The ((two-year)) three-year renewal of a Medical Gas Piping Installer Endorsement must include a continuity affidavit verifying that brazing work has been performed every six months during the renewal cycle.
- **** This fee is paid directly to a nationally recognized testing agency under contract with the department. It covers the cost of preparing and administering the written competency examination and the materials necessary to conduct the practical competency examination required for the medical gas piping system installers endorsement or the domestic pump or pump and irrigation examination. This fee is not paid to the department.
- ***** This fee is paid directly to a training course provider approved by the department, in consultation with the state advisory board of plumbers. It covers the cost of providing training courses required for the medical gas piping system installer endorsement. This fee is not paid to the department.
- ***** This fee is for a three-year period or code cycle.
- ****** The domestic pump specialty application is valid for one year.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 98-13-126, filed 6/17/98, effective 7/20/98)

WAC 296-400A-110 ((Does previous)) How does work experience count toward my trainee certificate? If your work experience was in plumbing construction in Washington state, you will be given credit for all verifiable hours that are properly submitted on the department's approved form. Plumber trainee hours accumulated in the state of Washington will be credited only if an active Washington state trainee card was in place when the work occurred. (Refer to the definition of "plumbing" in WAC 296-400A-005.)

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 20-16-141, filed 8/4/20, effective 8/4/20)

WAC 296-400A-120 What do I need to know about plumber trainee certificates? General.

(1) Journey level and specialty plumber original trainee certificates:

The department will issue an original trainee certificate when the trainee applicant submits a complete trainee certificate application including:

- (a) Date of birth, mailing address, Social Security number; and
 - (b) All appropriate fees as listed in WAC 296-400A-045.
- (c) If an individual has previously held a plumbing trainee certificate, then that individual is not eligible for a subsequent original trainee certificate.
- (d) All applicants for a plumbing trainee certificate must be at least sixteen years of age and must follow requirements as defined in WAC 296-125-030.
 - (2) Renewal.
- (a) The department issues separate trainee certificates once a year.
- (b) The plumbing trainee may not apply for renewal more than ninety days prior to the expiration date. Plumber trainee certificates are valid for one year.
 - (c) All applicants for trainee certificate of renewal must:
 - (i) Submit a complete renewal application;
 - (ii) Pay all appropriate fees; and

- (iii) Completed the continuing education requirements described in chapter 296-400A WAC. Backflow trainees are exempt from continuing education requirements.
- (d) If an individual files inaccurate or false evidence of continuing education information when renewing a plumbing trainee certificate, the individual's certificate may be suspended or revoked.
- (e) An individual who has not completed the required hours of continuing education can renew a trainee certificate; however, the training certificate will be placed in an inactive status. The inactive training certificate will be returned to active status upon validation by the department of the required continuing education.
- (f) If continuing education hours have not been met, trainee certificates will become expired/inactive and any plumbing work experience obtained by the trainee in expired/inactive status will not be credited.
- (g) An individual may not renew a revoked trainee certificate.
- (h) Apprentices registered in an approved program according to chapter 49.04 RCW who are obtaining classroom training consistent with the continuing education requirements under chapter 18.106 RCW and this chapter, as approved by the department, are deemed to have met the continuing education requirements necessary to renew a trainee certificate. Included under this exemption are active trainees that are not in the formal approved program according to chapter 49.04 RCW but are attending all hours of required classroom training along with the apprentices and meeting the work experience as required under chapter 18.106 RCW and this chapter. The plumber craft training school will be required to supply the department the necessary documentation to prove there was full hourly attendance of these trainees as is required of the apprentices while they attend the classroom training.
- (i) The trainee will not be issued a renewal or reinstated training certificate if the individual owes the department money as a result of an outstanding final judgment.
 - (3) Ratio/supervision.
 - (a) Commercial/residential.
- (i) A certified residential specialty plumber, residential service plumber, or domestic pump specialty plumber working on a commercial job site may work as a journey level

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trainee only if they have a current trainee certificate on their person while performing commercial plumbing work.

- (ii) On a job site, the ratio of certified plumbers to plumber((s)) trainees must be:
- (A) One journey level plumber working on a commercial job site may supervise no more than one trainee or one residential specialty plumber who holds a current trainee certificate. Supervision must be a minimum of seventy-five percent of the time spent on each and every job site.
- (B) One residential specialty plumber or journey level working on a residential plumbing job site may supervise no more than three trainees, until December 31, 2025, no more than two trainees can be supervised. Supervision must be a minimum of seventy-five percent of the time spent on each and every job site.
- (((B))) (C) One journey level ((plumber working on a commercial job site)), residential specialty, or residential service plumber performing residential service work on an existing residential structure by remote trainee supervision may supervise no more than one trainee ((or one residential specialty plumber)) who holds a current trainee certificate. Inperson supervision must be a minimum of seventy-five percent of the time spent on each and every job site.

(b) Domestic pump.

One appropriate domestic pump specialty plumber or one journey level plumber working on a domestic pump system may supervise no more than three trainees, until December 31, 2025, no more than two trainees can be supervised. Supervision must be a minimum of seventy-five percent of the time spent on each and every job site.

(c) Medical gas.

A plumber trainee or specialty plumber who has a current trainee certificate with the state of Washington and has successfully completed or is enrolled in an approved medical gas piping installer training course may work on medical gas piping systems. Work may only occur when there is direct supervision by an active Washington state certified journey level plumber with an active medical gas piping installer endorsement issued by the department. Supervision must be one hundred percent of the time spent on each and every job site on a one-to-one ratio.

(d) Backflow.

A backflow specialty plumber, a journey level plumber on a commercial job site, or a residential specialty plumber on a residential job site must supervise one backflow trainee to perform maintenance and repair work on every backflow assembly on potable water systems inside every commercial or residential building. The ratio must be one to one for one hundred percent of the time on each and every job site.

- (4) Affidavits of experience.
- (a) At the time of renewal, the holder must provide the department with an accurate list of the holder's employers in the plumbing construction industry for the previous annual period. The individual must submit a completed, signed, and notarized affidavit(s) of experience. The affidavit of experience must accurately attest to:
- (i) The plumbing installation work performed for each employer the individual worked for in the plumbing trade during the previous period;

- (ii) The correct plumbing category the individual worked in: and
- (iii) The actual number of hours worked in each category, worked under the proper supervision of a Washington certified journey level plumber, certified domestic pump specialty plumber, or residential specialty plumber.
- (b) The trainee should ask each employer and/or apprenticeship-training director for an accurately completed, signed, and notarized affidavit of experience for the previous certification period. The employer(s) or apprenticeship training director(s) must provide the previous period's affidavit of experience to the individual within twenty days of the request.
- (c) ((Iff)) <u>Plumbing</u> hours for previous ((period are not)) years are not to be submitted within ((the)) thirty days after ((renewing a)) the renewal date of the plumbing training certificate((5)); failure to submit within thirty days is a violation of chapter 18.106 RCW. The individual may not receive credit for these previous ((period)) <u>plumbing</u> hours <u>and will result in nonrenewal of the trainee certificate and subject to an infraction under RCW 18.106.320. See RCW 18.106.070(2).</u>
- (d) Trainee hours will not be credited if the trainee owes outstanding penalties for violations of this chapter.
- (e) Trainee hours will not be credited during periods of time when the trainee card is expired or inactive.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 20-16-141, filed 8/4/20, effective 8/4/20)

WAC 296-400A-121 What do I need to know about trainee experience and plumber examination requirements for the journey level and specialty plumber? (1) You may take the journey level examination after completing 8,000 hours and not less than four years of documented training which must include 4,000 hours of commercial plumbing experience under direct supervision of a certified journey level plumber.

- (2) You may take the residential specialty plumber examination after completing 6,000 hours and not less than three years of documented training under direct supervision of a certified residential specialty or journey level plumber.
- (3) You may take the residential service plumbing examination after completing 4,000 hours and not less than two years of documented training. The first year and 2,000 hours of supervision must be under direct supervision of a certified journey level or residential specialty plumber. The second year and 2,000 hours of trainee could be under a residential service plumber.
 - (4) For domestic pump specialty plumbers:
- (a) To be eligible for a limited volume domestic pump specialty plumbers examination defined by RCW 18.106.010 (14)(c), the trainee must complete one year and 2,000 hours practical experience working under the direct supervision of a certified limited volume domestic pump specialty plumber, a certified unrestricted domestic pump specialty plumber, or a journey level plumber on pumping systems not exceeding one hundred gallons per minute. The experience may be obtained at the same time the individual is meeting the experience required by RCW 19.28.191, or equivalent experience

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may be accepted as determined by rule by the department in consultation with the advisory board. Restricted domestic pump specialty trainees who have completed at least 720 hours of on-the-job training and passed the competency examination required by WAC 296-400A-020 may work unsupervised for the remainder of the time required for work experience to become a restricted domestic pump specialty plumber.

- (b) To be eligible for an unrestricted domestic pump specialty plumbers examination defined by RCW 18.106.010 (14)(c), the trainee must complete 4,000 hours but not less than two years, of practical experience working under the direct supervision of a certified unrestricted domestic pump specialty plumber or a journey level plumber on pumping systems. The experience may be obtained at the same time the individual is meeting the experience required by RCW 19.28.191 or equivalent experience may be accepted as determined by rule by the department in consultation with the advisory board.
- (5) To be eligible for a backflow assembly maintenance and repair specialty examination, the trainee must furnish written evidence that they have a valid backflow assembly tester certification administered and enforced by the department of health.
- (6) Individuals are required to complete 16 hours of continuing education with a minimum of 4 hours of industry related electrical training prior to testing for journey level, domestic pump, or residential specialty plumber certification.
- (7) ((Effective January 1, 2005, all plumber trainees will be required to meet the current hour requirements to test.
- (8)) Apprentice/trade school endorsement requirements. An individual who has a current journey level plumber, domestic pump specialty plumber, or residential specialty plumber trainee certificate and who has successfully completed or is currently enrolled in an approved apprenticeship program or in a technical school program in the plumbing construction trade in a school approved by the work force training and education coordinating board, may work without direct on-site supervision during the last six months of meeting the practical experience requirements of this chapter.
- (a) In order to work without direct on-site supervision applicable to the type (residential or journey level) of training hours for which certification is being sought by the individual, this individual must obtain an apprentice/trade school trainee endorsement by submitting the applicable forms provided by the department and paying the applicable fees.
- (b) This individual may work without direct on-site supervision until he or she receives the remaining hours required ((to be eligible)) to take the applicable examination.
- (c) This individual may not supervise trainees. (See RCW 18.106.070.)
- (((9))) (8) Any applicant who fails an examination will be required to wait at least until the next scheduled examination date and location and work under the direct supervision of a certified plumber while holding an active trainee card, until they have passed the exam and their certificate of competency has been issued. Examinations are held the first Thursday of every month, unless that date falls on a holiday. Applications must be submitted and received by the plumb-

ing certification program office two weeks before the next scheduled date.

(((10))) (<u>9</u>) Failure to reschedule or appear on the scheduled exam date will result in forfeiture of the examination fee

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 09-10-080, filed 5/5/09, effective 6/5/09)

- WAC 296-400A-130 What if I make a false statement or a material misrepresentation on an application, an employment report or a trainee certificate? (1) A person making a false statement or material misrepresentation on an application, statement of hours, or signed statement to the department may be referred to the county prosecutor for criminal prosecution. The department may also file a civil action under chapter 18.106 RCW and may revoke or suspend a certificate under chapter 18.106 RCW.
- (2) The department may file a civil action under chapter 18.106 RCW and may revoke or suspend a certificate of competency under chapter 18.106 RCW for inaccurate or false reporting of continuing education hours.
- (3) If the department determines that a course sponsor has issued an inaccurate or incomplete course application or attendance/completion roster, the department may suspend or revoke the course approval and deny future approval of a continuing education course(s) by the course sponsor.
- (4) The department may file a civil action under chapter 18.106 RCW against both the trainee and the <u>plumbing</u> contractor, apprentice training director, or other entity verifying the training hours and may subtract the falsified hours of employment from a trainee's total hours if the department determines a false statement or material misrepresentation has been made in an affidavit of experience.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 04-12-046, filed 5/28/04, effective 6/30/04)

WAC 296-400A-150 May the department audit the records of a plumbing contractor? Yes, for any reason ((such as)), but not limited to: Dispatching, ratio, supervision, excessive hours, and certification. The department may audit the records of plumbing contractors as authorized under RCW 18.106.320 when the department has reason to believe that a violation of the plumbing certification laws has occurred.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 09-10-080, filed 5/5/09, effective 6/5/09)

- WAC 296-400A-155 What records must every plumbing contractor keep for quarterly reporting and audits of trainee hours. (1) The department, under RCW 18.106.320, may audit the employment records of the plumbing contractor or employer who verified the plumbing trainee hours.
- (2) Every contractor must keep a record of trainee employment so the department may obtain the necessary information to verify plumbing trainee work experience.
- (a) The <u>plumbing</u> contractor must keep the records of jobs performed for ((a)) <u>at</u> least ((five)) <u>three</u> years.

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- (b) Upon request, these records must be made available to the department for inspection within seven business days.
- (3) The <u>plumbing</u> contractor must maintain ((time eards or similar)) records to verify:
- (a) The number of hours the trainee worked as a supervised trainee by category((-));
- (b) The type of plumbing work the trainee performed (e.g., commercial or residential).
- (4) Any information obtained from the trainee's <u>plumbing</u> contractor ((or employer)) during the audit under the provisions of RCW 18.106.320 is confidential and is not open to public inspection under chapter 42.17 RCW.
- (5) The department's audit may include, but will not be limited to, the following:
- (a) An audit to determine whether the trainee and supervising plumber were employed by the same <u>plumbing</u> contractor ((or employer)) during the period for which the hours were submitted, the actual number of hours the trainee worked, and the category of plumbing work performed; and
- (b) An audit covering a specific time period and examination of a <u>plumbing</u> contractor's ((or employer's)) books and records which may include their reporting of the trainee's payroll hours required for industrial insurance, employment security or prevailing wage purposes.

WAC 296-400A-165 Is a city, town, or county required to verify a plumbing contractor license number? Before issuing a plumbing permit, a city, town, or county must verify the licensure of the plumbing contractor applying for the permit.

NEW SECTION

WAC 296-400A-170 How does a city, town, or county verify a plumbing contractor's license? A city, town, or county may verify a plumbing contractor's license by checking the department's contractor registration internet website or by calling the department to confirm that the plumbing contractor is licensed.

NEW SECTION

WAC 296-400A-175 Who is liable when a city, town, or county fails to verify a plumbing contractor's license? The city, town, or county that issues a building permit without verifying the contractor's registration may be liable for a maximum penalty amount of five thousand dollars. See RCW 18.106.440(1).

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 20-16-141, filed 8/4/20, effective 8/4/20)

WAC 296-400A-300 What procedures does the department follow when issuing a notice of infraction? (1) If an authorized representative of the department determines that an individual, employer, contractor, or plumbing contractor has violated plumber certification requirements, including medical gas piping installer endorsement requirements, and plumbing licensing requirements, the department

- must issue a notice of infraction describing the reasons for the infraction.
- (2) For plumber certification violations, the department may issue a notice of infraction to:
- (a) An individual who is plumbing without a current plumber certificate; and
- (b) The <u>plumbing contractor or</u> employer of the individual who is plumbing without a current plumber certificate; and
- (c) The <u>plumbing contractor or</u> employer's authorizing agent or foreman that made the work assignment to the individual who is plumbing without a current plumber certificate; and
- (d) An individual for not having their department issued certification card and governmental issued photo identification in their possession and not visibly wearing their certification on the job site.
- (3) For medical gas piping installer endorsement violations, the department may issue a notice of infraction to:
- (a) An individual who is installing medical gas piping systems without a current plumber certificate and a current medical gas piping installer endorsement; and
- (b) The <u>plumbing contractor or</u> employer of the individual who is installing medical gas piping systems without a current plumber certificate and a current medical gas piping installer endorsement; and
- (c) The <u>plumbing contractor or</u> employer's authorizing agent or foreman that made the work assignment to the individual who is installing medical gas piping systems without a current plumber certificate and a current medical gas piping installer endorsement; and
- (d) An individual for not having their department issued certification card and governmental issued photo identification in their possession and not visibly wearing their certification on the job site.
- (4) The department may issue an infraction to ((a)) an individual, employer, contractor, or plumbing contractor advertising or performing work and is not properly licensed under this chapter or chapter ((18.27 RCW who is not properly registered under chapter 18.27)) 18.106 RCW.
- (5) An individual, employer, contractor, or plumbing contractor may appeal a notice of infraction by complying with the appropriate provisions of RCW 18.106.220.
- (6) If good cause is shown, the director may waive, reduce or suspend any monetary penalties resulting from the infraction.
- (7) Any monetary penalties collected under this chapter, must be deposited in the plumbing certificate fund.
- (8) The notice shall be accompanied by a certified check for two hundred dollars. The check shall be returned to the assessed party if the decision of the department is not sustained by the <u>administrative law judge (ALJ)</u>. If the ALJ sustains the decision of the department, the amount of the check shall be applied by the department.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 20-16-141, filed 8/4/20, effective 8/4/20)

WAC 296-400A-400 What are the monetary penalties for violating certification requirements? (1) A person

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cited for an infraction under chapter 18.106 RCW or this chapter will be assessed a monetary penalty based upon the following schedule:

(a) Individual or dispatcher

First Infraction	\$100.00
Second Infraction	\$200.00
Third Infraction	\$500.00
Fourth Infraction	\$1,000.00
Fifth Infraction	\$2,000.00
Sixth Infraction	\$4,000.00
Seventh and each additional infraction	Not more than \$5,000.00
mmachon	\$5,000.00

(b) Contractor, employer, or plumbing contractor

First Infraction	\$500.00
Second Infraction	\$1,000.00
Third Infraction	\$2,000.00
Fourth Infraction	\$4,000.00
Fifth and each additional	Not more than
infraction	\$5,000.00

- (2) Each day a person is in violation is considered a separate infraction.
- (3) Each job site at which a person is in violation is considered a separate infraction.
- (4) A warning <u>may be issued</u> for first-time violation of chapter 18.106 RCW and this chapter ((may be issued)) <u>to</u> only <u>individuals or employees and only</u> once ((to an individual)). Second or additional violations must be assessed a monetary penalty based on the escalating schedule; starting with the first infraction penalty amount under individual or dispatcher.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 16-08-100, filed 4/5/16, effective 5/16/16)

WAC 296-400A-430 If I am a certified backflow assembly maintenance and repair, journey level, or specialty plumber do I need to be a ((registered)) licensed plumbing contractor under chapter ((18.27)) 18.106 RCW? Anyone who advertises, offers to do work, submits a bid, or performs any work under chapter 18.106 RCW and these rules must be a ((registered)) licensed plumbing contractor as required under chapter ((18.27)) 18.106 RCW, or an employee of such a ((registered)) licensed plumbing contractor, with wages as their sole compensation.

REPEALER

The following section of the Washington Administrative Code is repealed:

WAC 296-400A-028 What are the requirements for continuing education and classroom training?

WSR 21-09-088 PROPOSED RULES SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

[Filed April 21, 2021, 10:20 a.m.]

Supplemental Notice to WSR 20-23-116.

Preproposal statement of inquiry was filed as WSR 20-03-151.

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: Chapters 392-172A and 392-173 WAC; WAC 392-140-60105 through 392-140-685.

Hearing Location(s): On May 25, 2021, at 1:00 p.m., webinar via Zoom (call-in option will be available). Due to the public health emergency related to the COVID-19 virus pandemic, this public hearing will take place by webinar via Zoom (with a call-in option). There will be no physical location for the hearing. For information on registering and participating, please visit the office of superintendent of public instruction's (OSPI) website at https://www.k12.wa.us/policyfunding/ospi-rulemaking-activity. For questions, please email kristin.murphy@k12.wa.us.

Date of Intended Adoption: May 28, 2021.

Submit Written Comments to: Glenna Gallo, Assistant Superintendent, Special Education, OSPI, P.O. Box 47200, Olympia, WA 98504, email Glenna.gallo@k12.wa.us, fax 360-586-0247, www.k12.wa.us, by May 25, 2021.

Assistance for Persons with Disabilities: Contact Kristin Murphy, phone 360-725-6133, fax 360-754-4201, TTY 360-664-3631, email Kristin.murphy@k12.wa.us, by May 18, 2021.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: This proposal seeks to amend and add sections to address changes to federal law and requirements, clarify existing requirements under current state law that impact the free appropriate public education (FAPE) of students eligible for special education services and add requirements from ESHB 1130 (2020) and make housekeeping changes to correct typographical errors, reorganize WAC in this chapter for ease of reference and other rule changes that are technical in nature.

The proposed supplemental rule changes are in response to substantive comments received on or before January 20, 2021, regarding proposed rule changes initially filed in WSR 20-23-116. As a result of ESHB 1130 (2019), and comments received regarding WSR 20-23-116, OSPI is proposing a substantial variance from the proposed rule changes initially filed in order to clarify the following sections:

- WAC 392-172A-01035 defining a child with a disability/student eligible for special education services;
- WAC 392-172A-01109 defining likelihood of serious harm;
- WAC 392-172A-01152 defining regular early childhood program;
- WAC 392-172A-01155 defining related services;
- WAC 392-172A-02080 and 392-172A-03005 clarifying and withdrawing proposed changes to portions of the current regulations regarding a referral for an initial special education evaluation;

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- WAC 392-172A-03100 and 392-172A-05001 clarifying requirements for parent participation and language access consistent with ESHB 1130;
- WAC 392-172A-04095 clarifying application requirements for nonpublic agencies; and
- WAC 392-172A-05030 withdrawing proposed changes to complaint investigation procedures.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: OSPI has the authority under state statute to develop administrative rules to implement federal statutes and state regulations governing special education services to students. OSPI is considering amending and/or adding new sections to current special education rules to: (1) Address changes to federal law and requirements; (2) clarify existing requirements under current state law that impact FAPE of students eligible for special education services, including new requirements under ESHB 1130 (2019); and (3) make housekeeping changes to correct typographical errors, reorganize WAC for ease of reference, and make other rule changes that are technical in nature. OSPI has had chapter 392-172A WAC pertaining to special education services in the state, open and solicited public comments over the summer of 2020 and winter 2020-21. The open period was lengthened due to the COVID-19 pandemic across the state.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 28A.155.090; 20 U.S.C. § 1400 et seq.

Statute Being Implemented: Chapter 28A.155 RCW, Special education.

Rule is necessary because of federal law, 34 C.F.R. 300 (IDEA).

Agency Comments or Recommendations, if any, as to Statutory Language, Implementation, Enforcement, and Fiscal Matters: Supplemental language within these WAC, in response to substantive comments received on or before January 20, 2021, contemplates making a substantial variance from proposed rule changes initially filed in WSR 20-23-116. OSPI has had chapter 392-172A WAC pertaining to special education services in the state open and solicited public comments over the summer of 2020 and winter 2020-21. The open period was lengthened due to the COVID-19 pandemic across the state.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting: Scott Raub, OSPI, 600 South Washington Street, Olympia, 360-725-6075; Implementation and Enforcement: Glenna Gallo, OSPI, 600 South Washington Street, Olympia, 360-725-6075.

A school district fiscal impact statement is not required under RCW 28A.305.135.

A cost-benefit analysis is not required under RCW 34.05.328.

This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt from requirements of the Regulatory Fairness Act because the proposal:

Is exempt under RCW 19.85.030.

Explanation of exemptions: No small business economic impact statement has been prepared under chapter 19.85 RCW. The proposed amendment does not have an impact on small business [businesses] and therefore does not meet the requirements for a statement under RCW 19.85.030 (1) or (2).

April 21, 2021 Chris P. S. Reykdal State Superintendent of Public Instruction

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 19-01-039, filed 12/13/18, effective 1/13/19)

WAC 392-140-60105 Definition—High need student. For purposes of special education safety net awards, high need student means a student eligible for special education services whose Individualized Education Program (IEP) costs as calculated on worksheet C exceed a multiple of the statewide average per pupil expenditures (APPE) as defined in section 7801 of the Every Student Succeeds Act of 2015.

- (1) For federal special education safety net funding, the multiple of the statewide average per pupil expenditures shall be at least three times the statewide average; and
- (2) For state special education funding, the multiple of the statewide average per pupil expenditure shall be the ((multiple of the statewide average per pupil amount established by the office of the superintendent of public instruction in consultation with the office of financial management and the fiscal committees of the legislature, and published in the annual Safety Net Bulletin)) lesser of:
- (a) Two and three-tenths times the statewide average per pupil expenditure excluding provided state safety net funding; or
- (b) The average per pupil expenditure calculated using the methodology defined in 20 U.S.C. Sec. 7801, the Every Student Succeeds Act of 2015, excluding provided state safety net funding, using only the expenditure and average daily attendance data for the subset of districts receiving the same salary regionalization factor as the high need student's district, as determined under RCW 28A.150.412 and the Omnibus Operating Appropriations Act.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 19-01-039, filed 12/13/18, effective 1/13/19)

WAC 392-140-60120 Definition—Capacity for funding. For the purpose of state special education safety net funding, potential capacity for funding exists when an applicant's net special education expenditures exceed total resources available demonstrating a fiscal capacity in excess of all available revenue to the applicant for special education services, including state and federal revenue, program income generated by such state and/or federally funded special education programs, and all carryover of state and federal special education revenue. Local education agencies with demonstrated capacity and approved applications may access safety net award regardless of the percentage of the local education agency's enrollment of students with disabilities. Beginning in ((2019-2020)) 2020-21, applicants must either submit ((verification of medicaid billing for each high need student application,)) high need student applications with adjustments for medicaid billing, if applicable($(\frac{1}{2})$) or receive a deduction calculated by office of the superintendent of public instruction as a percentage of the billing rates published by the health care authority to compensate for the local education agency's decision not to pursue medicaid reimbursement.

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AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 19-01-039, filed 12/13/18, effective 1/13/19)

- WAC 392-140-602 Special education safety net—Eligible applicants. (1) An individual school district of the state of Washington is eligible to apply for special education safety net awards on behalf of its resident students. Resident students include those students as defined by state law. Resident students exclude those residing in another district and enrolled as part of an interdistrict cooperative program (RCW 28A.225.250).
- (2) An interdistrict cooperative or educational service agency consistent with WAC 392-172A-01055 and 392-172A-01115 of at least fifteen districts in which all excess cost services for special education students of the member districts are provided by the cooperative or educational agency is eligible to apply for special education safety net awards. Member districts shall be treated as a single school district for the purposes of this chapter and are not eligible to apply for safety net awards individually.
- (3) The Washington ((state)) center for ((ehildhood deafness and hearing loss)) deaf and hard of hearing youth and the Washington state school for the blind are eligible to apply for high need students under WAC 392-140-616.
- (4) Individual charter schools are eligible to apply for special education safety net awards under WAC 392-140-616
- (5) Tribal compact schools are eligible to apply for special education safety net award under WAC 392-140-616.

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 19-01-039, filed 12/13/18, effective 1/13/19)

- WAC 392-140-616 Special education safety net—Standards—High need student applications. For applicants requesting safety net awards to meet the needs of an eligible high need student, the applicant shall convincingly demonstrate to a majority of the state oversight committee members at a minimum that:
- (1)(a) The reviewed individualized education program demonstrates compliance with federal and state procedural requirements, in the office of superintendent of public instruction-selected applicable reviewed areas; or
- (b) The local education agency has corrected any noncompliance identified through general supervision processes, including monitoring or during a review of a sample of individualized education programs; and
- (2) Costs eligible for safety net consideration are associated with providing direct special education and related services identified in implementation of an individualized education program and quantifiable by the committee on worksheet C; and
- (3) In order to deliver appropriate special education and related services to the student, the applicant is providing services which incur costs exceeding:
- (a) The annual threshold as established in WAC 392-140-60105 by the office of superintendent of public instruction for state safety net awards.
- (b) Threshold amounts shall be adjusted pro rata for eligible students not served by the applicant on all nine enrollment count dates (October through June). For example, for a

student served six of the nine count dates, the threshold amount shall be reduced to two-thirds of the full amount.

(4) The state safety net oversight committee shall adapt the worksheet A for the Washington state school for the blind, the Washington ((state)) center for ((ehildhood deafness and hearing loss)) deaf and hard of hearing youth, and tribal compact schools.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 19-01-039, filed 12/13/18, effective 1/13/19)

WAC 392-140-650 Special education safety net—Withdrawal of application. If at any time an applicant wishes to withdraw an application submitted prior to the committee vote, the superintendent or designee of the applicant district, or lead administrator or designee of the applicant charter school, tribal compact school, Washington ((state)) center for ((ehildhood deafness and hearing loss)) deaf and hard of hearing youth, and the Washington state school for the blind, must submit a letter requesting withdrawal to the state oversight committee manager.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 19-01-039, filed 12/13/18, effective 1/13/19)

WAC 392-140-685 Special education safety net—Recovery of state and/or federal award. High need student state and/or federal special education safety net award and state community impact safety net award shall be recovered or award reduced for the following reasons:

- (1) The application omits pertinent information and/or contains a falsification or misrepresentation of information in the application.
- (2) The award is unexpended for the purpose allocated including, but not limited to, situations where the student leaves a school district, charter school, tribal compact school, Washington ((state)) center for ((ehildhood deafness and hearing loss)) deaf and hard of hearing youth, and the Washington state school for the blind, or has a change in services. For students who transfer to another Washington public school district or enroll in a charter school or tribal compact school located in Washington state, expenditures for specialized equipment purchased with these funds shall not be recovered provided the district, charter school or tribal compact school transfers the equipment to the other school district, charter school or tribal compact school.
- (3) The applicant has carryover of state and/or federal flow-through special education funding from the school year for which the award was made.
- (4) The applicant's available revenues are significantly higher than estimated revenues on which the award was based or the applicant's legitimate expenditures are significantly lower than the estimated expenditures on which the award was based.
- (5) The state oversight committee finds grounds for adjustment in the special education program audit team's review pursuant to WAC 392-140-630.

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Chapter 392-172A WAC

((RULES FOR THE)) PROVISION OF SPECIAL EDU-CATION <u>SERVICES</u>

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-01005 Purposes. The purposes of this chapter are to:

- (1) Implement chapter 28A.155 RCW consistent with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.;
- (2) Ensure that all students eligible for special education <u>services</u> have available to them a free appropriate public education (FAPE) that emphasizes special education and related services designed to meet their unique needs and prepare them for further education, employment, and independent living;
- (3) Ensure that the rights of students eligible for special education <u>services</u> and their parents are protected;
- (4) Assist school districts, educational service agencies and federal and state agencies to provide for the education of all students eligible for special education <u>services</u>; and
- (5) Assess and ensure the effectiveness of efforts to educate students eligible for special education <u>services</u>.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

- WAC 392-172A-01010 Applicability. (1)(a) The provisions of this chapter apply to all political subdivisions and public institutions of the state that are involved in the education of students eligible for special education <u>services</u>, including:
- (i) The <u>office of superintendent of public instruction</u> (OSPI) to the extent that it receives payments under Part B and exercises supervisory authority over the provision of the delivery of special education services by school districts and other public agencies;
- (ii) School districts, charter schools, educational service agencies, and educational service districts; and
- (iii) State residential education programs established and operated pursuant to chapter 28A.190 RCW, the <u>Washington</u> state school for the blind and the ((eenter for childhood deafness and hearing loss)) Washington center for deaf and hard of hearing youth established and operated pursuant to chapter 72.40 RCW, and education programs for juvenile inmates established and operated pursuant to chapters 28A.193 and 28A.194 RCW; and
- (b) Are binding on each public agency or public institution in the state that provides special education and related services to students eligible for special education <u>services</u>, regardless of whether that agency is receiving funds under Part B of the act.
- (2) Each school district, charter school, and educational service agency is responsible for ensuring that the rights and protections under Part B of the act are given to students eligible for special education <u>services</u> who are referred to or placed in private schools and facilities by that public agency

under the provisions of WAC 392-172A-04080 through 392-172A-04110.

(3) Each school district and educational service agency is responsible for ensuring that the rights and protections under Part B of the act are given to students eligible for special education <u>services</u> who are placed in private schools by their parents under the provisions of WAC 392-172A-04000 through 392-172A-04060.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-01020 Act. Act means Part B of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, as amended.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-01025 Assistive technology device. Assistive technology device means any item, piece of equipment, or product system, whether acquired commercially off the shelf, modified, or customized, that is used to increase, maintain, or improve the functional capabilities of a student eligible for special education services. The term does not include a medical device that is surgically implanted, or the replacement of such device.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-01030 Assistive technology service. Assistive technology service means any service that directly assists a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> in the

assists a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> in the selection, acquisition, or use of an assistive technology device. The term includes:

- (1) The evaluation of the needs of a student, including a functional evaluation of the student in the student's customary environment;
- (2) Purchasing, leasing, or otherwise providing for the acquisition of assistive technology devices by students eligible for special education <u>services</u>;
- (3) Selecting, designing, fitting, customizing, adapting, applying, maintaining, repairing, or replacing assistive technology devices;
- (4) Coordinating and using other therapies, interventions, or services with assistive technology devices, such as those associated with existing education and rehabilitation plans and programs;
- (5) Training or technical assistance for a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> or, if appropriate, that student's family; and
- (6) Training or technical assistance for professionals (including individuals providing education or rehabilitation services), employers, or other individuals who provide services to, employ, or are otherwise substantially involved in the major life functions of that student.

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Washington State Register, Issue 21-09

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

WAC 392-172A-01035 Child with a disability or student eligible for special education services. (1)(a) Child with a disability or as used in this chapter, a student eligible for special education services means a student who has been evaluated and determined to need special education services because of having a disability in one of the following eligibility categories: Intellectual disability, ((a hearing impairment (including deafness))) deafness (including hard of hearing), a speech or language impairment, a visual impairment (including blindness), an emotional/behavioral disability, an orthopedic impairment, autism, traumatic brain injury, an other health impairment, a specific learning disability, ((deafblindness)) deafblindness, multiple disabilities, or for students, three through ((eight)) nine, a developmental delay and who, because of the disability and adverse educational impact, has unique needs that cannot be addressed exclusively through education in general education classes with or without individual accommodations, and needs special education and related services.

- (b) For purposes of providing a student with procedural safeguard protections identified in WAC 392-172A-05015, the term, "student eligible for special education <u>services</u>" also includes a student whose identification, evaluation or placement is at issue.
- (c) If it is determined, through an appropriate evaluation, that a student has one of the disabilities identified in (a) of this subsection, but only needs a related service and not special education <u>services</u>, the student is not a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> under this chapter. School districts and other public agencies must be aware that they have obligations under other federal and state civil rights laws and rules, including 29 U.S.C. 764, RCW 49.60.030, and 43 U.S.C. 12101 that apply to students who have a disability regardless of the student's eligibility for special education and related services.
- (d) Speech and language pathology, audiology, physical therapy, and occupational therapy services, may be provided as specially designed instruction, if the student requires those therapies as specially designed instruction, and meets the eligibility requirements which include a disability, adverse educational impact and need for specially designed instruction. They are provided as a related service under WAC 392-172A-01155 when the service is required to allow the student to benefit from specially designed instruction.
- (e) Special education services may not be solely based on the disability category for which the student is eligible.
- (2) The terms used in subsection (1)(a) of this section are defined as follows:
- (a)(i) Autism means a developmental disability significantly affecting verbal and nonverbal communication and social interaction, generally evident before age three, that adversely affects a student's educational performance. Other characteristics often associated with autism are engagement in repetitive activities and stereotyped movements, resistance to environmental change or change in daily routines, and unusual responses to sensory experiences.
- (ii) Autism does not apply if a student's educational performance is adversely affected primarily because the student

- has an emotional/behavioral disability, as defined in subsection (2)(e) of this section.
- (iii) A student who manifests the characteristics of autism after age three could be identified as having autism if the criteria in (a)(i) of this subsection are satisfied.
- (b) ((Deaf-blindness)) <u>Deafblindness</u> means concomitant ((hearing)) <u>deafness</u> and visual impairments, the combination of which causes such severe communication and other developmental and educational needs that ((they)) <u>a student's educational performance</u> is adversely affected and the student cannot be accommodated in special education programs solely for students with deafness or students with blindness ((and adversely affect a student's educational performance)).
- (c) Deafness means a ((hearing impairment that is so)) student who is deaf or hard of hearing which manifests in severe ((that the student is impaired in)) difficulty processing linguistic information through hearing, with or without amplification, that adversely affects a student's educational performance.
- (d)(i) Developmental delay means a student three through ((eight)) nine who is experiencing developmental delays that adversely affect the student's educational performance in one or more of the following areas: Physical development, cognitive development, communication development, social or emotional development or adaptive development and who demonstrates a delay on a standardized norm referenced test, with a test-retest or split-half reliability of .80 that is at least:
- (A) Two standard deviations below the mean in one or more of the five developmental areas; or
- (B) One and one-half standard deviations below the mean in two or more of the five developmental areas.
- (ii) The five developmental areas for students with a developmental delay are:
- (A) Cognitive development: Comprehending, remembering, and making sense out of one's experience. Cognitive ability is the ability to think and is often thought of in terms of intelligence;
- (B) Communication development: The ability to effectively use or understand age-appropriate language, including vocabulary, grammar, and speech sounds;
- (C) Physical development: Fine and/or gross motor skills requiring precise, coordinated, use of small muscles and/or motor skills used for body control such as standing, walking, balance, and climbing;
- (D) Social or emotional development: The ability to develop and maintain functional interpersonal relationships and to exhibit age appropriate social and emotional behaviors; and
- (E) Adaptive development: The ability to develop and exhibit age-appropriate self-help skills, including independent feeding, toileting, personal hygiene and dressing skills.
- (iii) A school district is not required to adopt and use the category "developmentally delayed" for students, three through ((eight)) nine.
- (iv) If a school district uses the category "developmentally delayed," the district must conform to both the definition and age range of three through ((eight)) nine, established under this section.

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- (v) School districts using the category "developmentally delayed," for students three through ((eight)) nine may also use any other eligibility category.
- (vi) Students who qualify under the developmental delay eligibility category must be reevaluated before age ((nine)) ten and determined eligible for services under one of the other eligibility categories in order to continue receiving special education services.
- (vii) The term "developmentally delayed, birth to three years" are those infants and toddlers under three years of age who:
- (A) Meet the eligibility criteria established by the state lead agency under Part C of IDEA; and
- (B) Are in need of early intervention services under Part C of IDEA. Infants and toddlers who qualify for early intervention services must be evaluated prior to age three in order to determine eligibility for special education and related services.
- (e)(i) Emotional/behavioral disability means a condition where the student exhibits one or more of the following characteristics over a long period of time and to a marked degree that adversely affects a student's educational performance:
- (A) An inability to learn that cannot be explained by intellectual, sensory, or health factors.
- (B) An inability to build or maintain satisfactory interpersonal relationships with peers and teachers.
- (C) Inappropriate types of behavior or feelings under normal circumstances.
- (D) A general pervasive mood of unhappiness or depression.
- (E) A tendency to develop physical symptoms or fears associated with personal or school problems.
- (ii) Emotional/behavioral disability includes schizophrenia and other psychiatric conditions. The term does not apply to students who are socially maladjusted, unless it is determined that they have an ((emotional disturbance)) emotional/behavioral disability under (e)(i) of this subsection.
- (f) <u>Hard of hearing</u> ((impairment)) means ((an impairment in)) <u>difficulty</u> hearing, whether permanent or fluctuating, that adversely affects a student's educational performance but that is not included under the definition of deafness in this section.
- (g) Intellectual disability means significantly subaverage general intellectual functioning, existing concurrently with deficits in adaptive behavior and manifested during the developmental period, that adversely affects a student's educational performance.
- (h) Multiple disabilities means concomitant impairments, the combination of which causes such severe educational needs that they cannot be accommodated in special education programs solely for one of the impairments. The term, multiple disabilities does not include ((deaf-blindness)) deafblindness.
- (i) Orthopedic impairment means a severe orthopedic impairment that adversely affects a student's educational performance. The term includes impairments caused by a congenital anomaly, impairments caused by disease (e.g., poliomyelitis, bone tuberculosis), and impairments from other causes (e.g., cerebral palsy, amputations, and fractures or burns that cause contractures).

- (j) Other health impairment means having limited strength, vitality, or alertness, including a heightened alertness to environmental stimuli, that results in limited alertness with respect to the educational environment, that:
- (i) Is due to chronic or acute health problems such as asthma, attention deficit disorder or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, diabetes, epilepsy, a heart condition, hemophilia, lead poisoning, leukemia, nephritis, rheumatic fever, sickle cell anemia, and Tourette syndrome; and
- (ii) Adversely affects a student's educational performance.
- (k)(i) Specific learning disability means a disorder in one or more of the basic psychological processes involved in understanding or in using language, spoken or written, that may manifest itself in the imperfect ability to listen, think, speak, read, write, spell, or to do mathematical calculations, including conditions such as perceptual disabilities, brain injury, minimal brain dysfunction, dyslexia, and developmental aphasia, that adversely affects a student's educational performance.
- (ii) Specific learning disability does not include learning problems that are primarily the result of visual, hearing, or motor disabilities, of intellectual disability, of emotional disturbance, or of environmental, cultural, or economic disadvantage.
- (l) Speech or language impairment means a communication disorder, such as stuttering, impaired articulation, a language impairment, or a voice impairment, that adversely affects a student's educational performance.
- (m) Traumatic brain injury means an acquired injury to the brain caused by an external physical force, resulting in total or partial functional disability or psychosocial impairment, or both, that adversely affects a student's educational performance. Traumatic brain injury applies to open or closed head injuries resulting in impairments in one or more areas, such as cognition; language; memory; attention; reasoning; abstract thinking; judgment; problem solving; sensory, perceptual, and motor abilities; psychosocial behavior; physical functions; information processing; and speech. Traumatic brain injury does not apply to brain injuries that are congenital or degenerative, or to brain injuries induced by birth trauma.
- (n) Visual impairment including blindness means an impairment in vision that, even with correction, adversely affects a student's educational performance. The term includes both partial sight and blindness.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

WAC 392-172A-01055 Educational service agency. Educational service agency means:

- (1) A regional public multiservice agency:
- (a) Authorized to develop, manage, and provide services or programs to students eligible for special education <u>services</u> within school districts;
- (b) Recognized as an administrative agency by the OSPI for purposes of the provision of special education and related services provided within public elementary schools and secondary schools; and

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(2) Includes any other public institution or agency having administrative control and direction over a public elementary school or secondary school.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 16-02-034, filed 12/29/15, effective 1/29/16)

WAC 392-172A-01092 Imminent. Imminent as defined in RCW ((70.96B.010)) 71.05.020 means: The state or condition of being likely to occur at any moment or near at hand, rather than distant or remote.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-01100 Individualized education program. Individualized education program or IEP means a written statement of an educational program for a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> that is developed, reviewed, and revised in accordance with WAC 392-172A-03090 through 392-172A-03135.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 16-02-034, filed 12/29/15, effective 1/29/16)

WAC 392-172A-01109 Likelihood of serious harm. Likelihood of serious harm as defined in RCW ((70.96B.010)) 71.05.020 means:

- (1) A substantial risk that:
- (a) Physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon his or her own person, as evidenced by threats or attempts to ((eommit)) die by suicide, or inflict physical harm on oneself;
- (b) Physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon another, as evidenced by behavior that has caused such harm or that places another person or persons in reasonable fear of sustaining such harm; or
- (c) Physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon the property of others, as evidenced by behavior that has caused substantial loss or damage to the property of others; or
- (2) The person has threatened the physical safety of another and has a history of one or more violent acts.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

WAC 392-172A-01115 Local educational agency or school district. (1) Local educational agency or the term "school district" as used in this chapter, means a public board of education or other public authority legally constituted for either administrative control or direction of, or to perform a service function for, any combination of public elementary and secondary schools, or for a combination of school districts.

(2) The term includes any other public institution or agency having administrative control and direction of a public elementary school or secondary school, including charter schools, educational service agencies, the ((eenter for childhood hearing loss and deafness)) Washington center for deaf and hard of hearing youth, and the Washington state school for the blind.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

- WAC 392-172A-01120 Native language. (1) Native language, when used with respect to an individual who is an English learner, means the following:
- (a) The language normally used by that individual, or, in the case of a student, the language normally used by the parents of the student, except as provided in (b) of this subsection
- (b) In all direct contact with a student (including evaluation of the student), the language normally used by the student in the home or learning environment.
- (2) For an individual with ((deafness or)) blindness or who is deaf or hard of hearing, or for an individual with no written language, the mode of communication is that normally used by the individual, such as sign language, Braille, or oral communication.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-01135 Part-time enrollment. Part-time enrollment means a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> who is home schooled or attends private school, and whose parent chooses to enroll the student in his or her resident school district for special education or related services pursuant to RCW 28A.150.350 and chapter 392-134 WAC.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

WAC 392-172A-01150 Public agency. Public agency includes school districts, educational service agencies, charter schools, state operated programs identified in WAC 392-172A-02000 and any other political subdivisions of the state that are responsible for providing special education or related services or both to students eligible for special education services.

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WAC 392-172A-01152 Regular early childhood program. Regular early childhood program means a program that includes fifty percent or more children who do not have an IEP. Programs may include, but are not limited to, the following: Head start; early childhood education and assistance program (ECEAP); kindergarten; preschool classes offered to an eligible prekindergarten population by the public school system; private kindergartens or preschools; group child development centers; or child care.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-01155 Related services. (1) Related services means transportation and such developmental, corrective, and other supportive services as are required to assist a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> to benefit from special education <u>services</u>, and includes speech-lan-

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guage pathology and audiology services, interpreting services, psychological services, physical and occupational therapy, recreation, including therapeutic recreation, early identification and assessment of disabilities in students, counseling services, including rehabilitation counseling, orientation and mobility services, behavioral services, and medical services for diagnostic or evaluation purposes. Related services also include school health services and school nurse services, social work services in schools, and parent counseling and training.

- (2) Related services do not include a medical device that is surgically implanted, the optimization of that device's functioning (e.g., mapping), maintenance of that device, or the replacement of that device. Nothing in this subsection:
- (a) Limits the right of a student with a surgically implanted device (e.g., cochlear implant) to receive related services (as listed in paragraph (a) of this section) that are determined by the IEP team to be necessary for the student to receive FAPE;
- (b) Limits the responsibility of a public agency to appropriately monitor and maintain medical devices that are needed to maintain the health and safety of the student, including breathing, nutrition, or operation of other bodily functions, while the student is transported to and from school or is at school; or
- (c) Prevents the routine checking of an external component of a surgically implanted device to make sure it is functioning properly.
- (3) Individual related services terms used in this definition are defined as follows:
 - (a) Audiology includes:
 - (i) Identification of students with hearing loss;
- (ii) Determination of the range, nature, and degree of hearing loss, including referral for medical or other professional attention for the habilitation of hearing;
- (iii) Provision of habilitative activities, such as language habilitation, auditory training, speech reading (lip reading), hearing evaluation, and speech conservation;
- (iv) Creation and administration of programs for prevention of hearing loss;
- (v) Counseling and guidance of students, parents, and teachers regarding hearing loss; and
- (vi) Determination of students' needs for group and individual amplification, selecting and fitting an appropriate aid, and evaluating the effectiveness of amplification.
- (b) Counseling services means services provided by qualified social workers, psychologists, ((guidance)) school counselors, or other qualified personnel.
- (c) Early identification and assessment of disabilities in students means the implementation of a formal plan for identifying a disability as early as possible in a student's life.
 - (d) Interpreting services includes:
- (i) Oral transliteration services, cued language transliteration services, sign language transliteration and interpreting services, and transcription services, such as communication access real-time translation (CART), C-Print, and TypeWell for students who are deaf or hard of hearing; and
- (ii) Special interpreting services for students who are ((deaf-blind)) deafblind.

- (e) Medical services means services provided by a licensed physician to determine a student's medically related disability that results in the student's need for special education and related services.
- (f) Occupational therapy means services provided by a qualified occupational therapist and includes:
- (i) Improving, developing, or restoring functions impaired or lost through illness, injury, or deprivation;
- (ii) Improving ability to perform tasks for independent functioning if functions are impaired or lost; and
- (iii) Preventing through early intervention, initial or further impairment or loss of function.
- (g) Orientation and mobility services means services provided to blind or visually impaired students by qualified personnel to enable those students to attain systematic orientation to and safe movement within their environments in school, home, and community; and can include teaching the student:
- (i) Spatial and environmental concepts and use of information received by the senses (such as sound, temperature and vibrations) to establish, maintain, or regain orientation and line of travel (e.g., using sound at a traffic light to cross the street);
- (ii) To use the long cane or a service animal to supplement visual travel skills or as a tool for safely negotiating the environment for students with no available travel vision;
- (iii) To understand and use remaining vision and distance low vision aids; and
 - (iv) Other concepts, techniques, and tools.
- (h) Parent counseling and training means assisting parents in understanding the special needs of their child; providing parents with information about child development; and helping parents to acquire the necessary skills that will allow them to support the implementation of their child's IEP.
- (i) Physical therapy means services provided by a qualified physical therapist.
 - (j) Psychological services includes:
- (i) Administering psychological and educational tests, and other assessment procedures;
 - (ii) Interpreting assessment results;
- (iii) Obtaining, integrating, and interpreting information about child behavior and conditions relating to learning;
- (iv) Consulting with other staff members in planning school programs to meet the special educational <u>service</u> needs of students as indicated by psychological tests, interviews, direct observation, and behavioral evaluations;
- (v) Planning and managing a program of psychological services, including psychological counseling for students and parents; and
- (vi) Assisting in developing positive behavioral intervention strategies.
 - (k) Recreation includes:
 - (i) Assessment of leisure function;
 - (ii) Therapeutic recreation services;
- (iii) Recreation programs in schools and community agencies; and
 - (iv) Leisure education.
- (l) Rehabilitation counseling services means services provided by qualified personnel in individual or group sessions that focus specifically on career development, employ-

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ment preparation, achieving independence, and integration in the workplace and community of a student with a disability. The term also includes vocational rehabilitation services provided to a student with a disability by vocational rehabilitation programs funded under the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, 29 U.S.C. Sec. 701 et seq.

- (m) School health services and school nurse services means health services that are designed to enable a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> to receive FAPE as described in the student's IEP. School nurse services are services provided by a qualified school nurse. School health services are services that may be provided by either a qualified school nurse or other qualified person.
 - (n) Social work services in schools includes:
- (i) Preparing a social or developmental history on a student eligible for special education <u>services</u>;
- (ii) Group and individual counseling with the student and family;
- (iii) Working in partnership with parents and others on those problems in a student's living situation (home, school, and community) that affect the student's adjustment in school;
- (iv) Mobilizing school and community resources to enable the student to learn as effectively as possible in his or her educational program; and
- (v) Assisting in developing positive behavioral intervention strategies.
 - (o) Speech-language pathology services includes:
- (i) Identification of children with speech or language impairments;
- (ii) Diagnosis and appraisal of specific speech or language impairments;
- (iii) Referral for medical or other professional attention necessary for the habilitation of speech or language impairments;
- (iv) Provision of speech and language services for the habilitation or prevention of communicative impairments; and
- (v) Counseling and guidance of parents, children, and teachers regarding speech and language impairments.
 - (p) Transportation includes:
 - (i) Travel to and from school and between schools;
 - (ii) Travel in and around school buildings; and
- (iii) Specialized equipment (such as special or adapted buses, lifts, and ramps), if required to provide special transportation for a student eligible for special education <u>services</u>.
- (q) Behavioral services means any services described in an IEP that specifically supports a student's behavioral needs.

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-01170 Services plan. Services plan means a written statement that describes the special education and related services the school will provide to a parentally placed student eligible for special education services who is enrolled in ((a)) an approved, nonprofit private elementary or secondary school who has been designated to receive services. The plan will include the location of the services and any transportation necessary. The plan will be

developed using the procedures for development and implementation of an IEP.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-01175 Special education services. (1) Special education services means specially designed instruction, at no cost to the parents, to meet the unique needs of a student eligible for special education services, including instruction conducted in the classroom, in the home, in hospitals and institutions, and in other settings; and instruction in physical education.

- (2) Special education <u>services</u> includes:
- (a) The provision of speech-language pathology, occupational therapy, audiology, and physical therapy service as defined in WAC 392-172A-01155 when it meets the criteria in WAC 392-172A-01035 (1)(c);
 - (b) Travel training; and
 - (c) Vocational education.
 - (3) The terms in this section are defined as follows:
- (a) At no cost means that all specially designed instruction is provided without charge, but does not preclude incidental fees that are normally charged to nondisabled students or their parents as a part of the general education program.
 - (b) Physical education means the development of:
 - (i) Physical and motor fitness;
 - (ii) Fundamental motor skills and patterns; and
- (iii) Skills in aquatics, dance, and individual and group games and sports including intramural and lifetime sports; and
- (iv) Includes special physical education, adapted physical education, movement education, and motor development.
- (c) Specially designed instruction means adapting, as appropriate to the needs of an eligible student, the content, methodology, or delivery of instruction:
- (i) To address the unique needs of the student that result from the student's disability; and
- (ii) To ensure access of the student to the general curriculum, so that the student can meet the educational standards within the jurisdiction of the public agency that apply to all students.
- (d) Travel training means providing instruction, as appropriate, to students with significant cognitive disabilities, and any other eligible students who require this instruction, to enable them to:
- (i) Develop an awareness of the environment in which they live; and
- (ii) Learn the skills necessary to move effectively and safely from place to place within that environment (e.g., in school, in the home, at work, and in the community).
- (e) Vocational education means organized educational programs that are directly related to the preparation of individuals for paid or unpaid employment, or for additional preparation for a career not requiring a baccalaureate or advanced degree.

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AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-01185 Supplementary aids and services. The term "supplementary aids and services" means aids, services, and other supports that are provided in ((general education classes or other)) education-related settings to enable students eligible for special education services to be educated with nondisabled students to the maximum extent appropriate in accordance with the least restrictive environment requirements in WAC 392-172A-02050 through 392-172A-02065.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-01190 Transition services. (1) Transition services means a coordinated set of activities for a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> that:

- (a) Is designed to be within a results-oriented process, that is focused on improving the academic and functional achievement of the student to facilitate his or her movement from school to post-school activities, including postsecondary education, vocational education, integrated employment, supported employment, continuing and adult education, adult services, independent living, or community participation;
- (b) Is based on the individual student's needs, taking into account the student's strengths, preferences, and interests; and includes:
 - (i) Instruction;
 - (ii) Related services;
 - (iii) Community experiences;
- (iv) The development of employment and other postschool adult living objectives; and
- (v) If appropriate, acquisition of daily living skills and provision of a functional vocational evaluation.
- (2) Transition services for students eligible for special education <u>services</u> may be special education <u>services</u>, if provided as specially designed instruction, or a related service, if required to assist a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> to benefit from special education <u>services</u>.

NEW SECTION

WAC 392-172A-01197 Universal design for learning. Universal design for learning (UDL) is a framework to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students based on research showing how students learn. The goal of UDL is to use a variety of teaching methods to remove and reduce barriers to learning and provide each student with opportunities to be successful through instructional flexibility that can be adjusted.

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-01200 Ward of the state. Ward of the state means a student within the jurisdiction of the department of ((social and health services)) children, youth, and families, children's administration through shelter care, dependency or other proceedings to protect abused and

neglected children, except that it does not include a foster child who has a foster parent who meets the definition of a parent in WAC 392-172A-01125.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

WAC 392-172A-02000 Students' rights to a free appropriate public education (FAPE). (1) Each school district and residential or day schools operated under chapters 28A.190 and 72.40 RCW shall provide every student who is eligible for special education services between the age of three and twenty-one years, a free appropriate public education program (FAPE). The right to a FAPE includes special education services for students who have been suspended or expelled from school. A FAPE is also available to any student determined eligible for special education services even though the student has not failed or been retained in a course or grade and is advancing from grade to grade. The right to special education services for eligible students starts on their third birthday with an IEP in effect by that date. If an eligible student's third birthday occurs during the summer, the student's IEP team shall determine the date when services under the individualized education program will begin.

- (2) A student who is determined eligible for special education services shall remain eligible until one of the following occurs:
- (a) A group of qualified professionals and the parent of the student, based on a reevaluation, determines the student is no longer eligible for special education <u>services</u>; or
- (b) The student has met high school graduation requirements established by the school district pursuant to rules of the state board of education, and the student has graduated from high school with a regular high school diploma. A regular high school diploma does not include a certificate of high school completion, or a general educational development credential. Graduation from high school with a regular high school diploma constitutes a change in placement, requiring written prior notice in accordance with WAC 392-172A-05010; or
- (c) The student enrolled in the public school system or is receiving services pursuant to chapter 28A.190 or 72.40 RCW has reached age twenty-one. The student whose twenty-first birthday occurs on or before August 31 would no longer be eligible for special education services. The student whose twenty-first birthday occurs after August 31, shall continue to be eligible for special education and any necessary related services for the remainder of the school year; or
- (d) The student stops receiving special education services based upon a parent's written revocation to a school district pursuant to WAC 392-172A-03000 (2)(e).

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

WAC 392-172A-02005 Exceptions to a student's right to FAPE. (1) A student eligible for special education services residing in a state adult correctional facility is eligible for special education services pursuant to chapter 28A.193 RCW. The department of corrections is the agency assigned supervisory responsibility by the governor's office

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for any student not served pursuant to chapter 28A.193 RCW.

- (2)(a) Students determined eligible for special education services and incarcerated in other adult correctional facilities will be provided special education and related services under chapter 28A.194 RCW.
- (b) Subsection (2)(a) of this section does not apply to students aged eighteen to twenty-one if they:
- (i) Were not actually identified as being a student eligible for special education <u>services</u>; and
 - (ii) Did not have an IEP; unless the student:
- (A) Had been identified as a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> and had received services in accordance with an IEP, but who left school prior to incarceration; or
- (B) Did not have an IEP in his or her last education setting, but who had actually been identified as a student eligible for special education services.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-02010 Methods of payment for FAPE. (1) If the delivery of services in a public or private residential educational program is necessary to provide special education services to an eligible student, the program, including nonmedical care and room and board, must be at no cost to the parents of the student. Nothing in this chapter limits the responsibility of agencies other than educational agencies for providing or paying some or all of the costs of a FAPE to students eligible for special education services.

- (2) Nothing in this chapter relieves an insurer or similar third party from an otherwise valid obligation to provide or to pay for services provided to students eligible for special education services.
- (3) Consistent with the IEP provisions in this chapter, the OSPI shall ensure that there is no delay in implementing a student's IEP, including any case in which the payment source for providing or paying for special education and related services to the student is being determined.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-02015 Availability of assistive technology. (1) Each school district shall ensure that assistive technology devices or assistive technology services, or both, are made available to a student eligible for special education services if required as part of the student's:

- (a) Special education services;
- (b) Related services; or
- (c) Supplementary aids and services.
- (2) On a case-by-case basis, the use of school-purchased assistive technology devices in a student's home or in other settings is required if the student's IEP team determines that the student needs access to those devices in order to receive FAPE.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-02020 Extended school year services. (1) Extended school year services means services meeting state standards contained in this chapter that are provided to a student eligible for special education <u>services</u>:

- (a) Beyond the normal school year;
- (b) In accordance with the student's IEP; and
- (c) Are provided at no cost to the parents of the student.
- (2) School districts must ensure that extended school year services are available when necessary to provide a FAPE to a student eligible for special education services.
- (3) Extended school year services must be provided only if the student's IEP team determines on an individual basis that the services are necessary for the provision of FAPE to the student.
- (4) A school district may not limit extended school year services to particular categories of disability or unilaterally limit the type, amount or duration of those services.
- (5) The purpose of extended school year services is the maintenance of the student's learning skills or behavior, not the teaching of new skills or behaviors.
- (6) School districts must develop criteria for determining the need for extended school year services that include regression and recoupment time based on documented evidence, or on the determinations of the IEP team, based upon the professional judgment of the team and consideration of factors including the nature and severity of the student's disability, rate of progress, and emerging skills, with evidence to support the need.
 - (7) For the purposes of subsection (6) of this section:
- (a) Regression means significant loss of skills or behaviors if educational services are interrupted in any area specified on the IEP;
- (b) Recoupment means the recovery of skills or behaviors to a level demonstrated before interruption of services specified on the IEP.

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-02025 Nonacademic services. (1) Each school district must take steps, including the provision of supplementary aids and services determined appropriate and necessary by the student's IEP team, to provide nonacademic and extracurricular services and activities in the manner necessary to afford students eligible for special education services an equal opportunity for participation in those services and activities.

(2) Nonacademic and extracurricular services and activities may include counseling services, athletics, transportation, health services, recreational activities, special interest groups or clubs sponsored by the school district, referrals to agencies that provide assistance to individuals with disabilities, and employment of students, including both employment by the public agency and assistance in making outside employment available.

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AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

- **WAC 392-172A-02030 Physical education.** (1) Physical education services, specially designed if necessary, must be made available to every student receiving FAPE.
- (2) Each student eligible for special education services must be afforded the opportunity to participate in the general physical education program available to students who are not disabled unless:
- (a) The student is enrolled full time in a separate facility; or
- (b) The student needs specially designed physical education, as described in the student's individualized education program.
- (3) If specially designed physical education is required in a student's individualized education program, the school district shall ensure that the public agency responsible for the education of that student provides the service directly, or makes arrangements for it to be provided through other public or private programs.
- (4) The school district shall ensure that any student eligible for special education <u>services</u> who is enrolled in a separate facility will be provided with appropriate physical education services.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-02035 Program options. Each school district shall ensure that its students eligible for special education services have available to them the variety of educational programs and services available to nondisabled students in the school district's area, including art, music, ((industrial arts, consumer and homemaking education, and vocational education)) and career and technical education.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

- WAC 392-172A-02040 Child find. (1) School districts shall conduct child find activities calculated to reach all students with a suspected disability for the purpose of locating, evaluating and identifying students who are in need of special education and related services, regardless of the severity of their disability. The child find activities shall extend to students residing within the school district boundaries whether or not they are enrolled in the public school system; except that students attending approved nonprofit private elementary or secondary schools located within the school district boundaries shall be located, identified and evaluated consistent with WAC 392-172A-04005. School districts will conduct any required child find activities for infants and toddlers, consistent with the child find requirements of the lead agency for Part C of the act.
- (2) Child find activities must be calculated to reach students who are homeless, wards of the state, highly mobile students with disabilities, such as homeless and migrant students and students who are suspected of being a student with a disability and in need of special education <u>services</u>, even though they are advancing from grade to grade.

- (3) The school district shall have policies and procedures in effect that describe the methods it uses to conduct child find activities in accordance with subsections (1) and (2) of this section. Methods used may include, but are not limited to, activities such as:
- (a) Providing written notification to all parents of students in the school district's jurisdiction regarding access to and the use of its child find system;
- (b) Posting notices in school buildings, other public agency offices, medical facilities, and other public areas, describing the availability of child find;
 - (c) Offering preschool developmental screenings;
 - (d) Conducting local media informational campaigns;
- (e) Coordinating distribution of information with other child find programs within public and private agencies; and
- (f) Using internal district child find methods such as screening, reviewing district-wide test results, providing inservice education to staff, and other methods developed by the school district to identify, locate and evaluate students including a systematic, intervention based, process within general education for determining the need for a special education services referral.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

- WAC 392-172A-02045 Routine checking of hearing aids and external components of surgically implanted medical devices. (1) Hearing aids. Each school district must ensure that hearing aids worn in school by students ((with hearing impairments, including deafness,)) who are deaf or hard of hearing are functioning properly.
- (2) External components of surgically implanted medical devices. Each school district must ensure that the external components of surgically implanted medical devices are functioning properly.
- (3) A school district is not responsible for the postsurgical maintenance, programming, or replacement of the medical device that has been surgically implanted or of an external component of the surgically implanted medical device.

LEAST RESTRICTIVE ENVIRONMENT $\underline{\text{AND}}$ $\underline{\text{PLACEMENT}}$

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-02050 Least restrictive environment. Subject to the exceptions for students in adult correctional facilities, school districts shall ensure that the provision of services to each student eligible for special education services, including preschool students and students in public or private institutions or other care facilities, shall be provided:

- (1) To the maximum extent appropriate in the general education environment with students who are nondisabled; and
- (2) Special classes, separate schooling or other removal of students eligible for special education <u>services</u> from the general educational environment occurs only if the nature or severity of the disability is such that education in general edu-

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cation classes with the use of supplementary aids and services cannot be achieved satisfactorily.

- (3) The public agency responsible for providing FAPE to a preschool child with a disability must ensure that FAPE is provided in the least restrictive environment where the child's unique needs (as described in the child's IEP) can be met, regardless of whether the local education agency operates public preschool programs for children without disabilities.
- (4) For children ages three to five, a general education environment is a regular early childhood program.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

- WAC 392-172A-02055 Continuum of alternative placements. (1) Each school district shall ensure that a continuum of alternative placements is available to meet the special education and related services needs of students eligible for special education services between the ages of three and twenty-one years old.
- (2) The continuum required in this section <u>for eligible</u> students kindergarten (including five year olds in kindergarten) through age twenty-one must:
- (a) Include the ((alternative)) placements listed in the definition of special education services in WAC 392-172A-01175, such as instruction in general education classes, special education classes, special education classes, special schools, home instruction, and instruction in hospitals and institutions; and
- (b) Make provision for supplementary services such as resource room or itinerant instruction to be provided in conjunction with general education classroom placement.
- (3) The continuum of alternative placements a public agency providing special education and related services to a preschool child with a disability may include, but is not limited to, the following:
- (a) Providing opportunities for the participation of preschool children with disabilities in preschool programs operated by public agencies other than school districts (such as head start or community-based child care);
- (b) Enrolling preschool children with disabilities in private preschool programs for nondisabled preschool children;
- (c) Locating classes for preschool children with disabilities in regular public elementary schools; and
 - (d) Providing services and instruction in the home.
- (4) If a public agency determines that placement in a private preschool program is necessary for a child with a disability to receive FAPE, the public agency must make that program available at no cost to the parent.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

- WAC 392-172A-02060 Placements. (1) When determining the educational placement of a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> including a preschool student, the placement decision shall be determined annually and made by a group of persons, including the parents, and other persons knowledgeable about the student, the evaluation data, and the placement options.
- (2) The selection of the appropriate placement for each student shall be based upon:

- (a) The student's IEP;
- (b) The least restrictive environment requirements contained in WAC 392-172A-02050 through 392-172A-02070, including this section;
- (c) The placement option(s) that provides a reasonably high probability of assisting the student to attain his or her annual goals; and
- (d) A consideration of any potential harmful effect on the student or on the quality of services which he or she needs.
- (3) Unless the IEP of a student requires some other arrangement, the student shall be educated in the school that he or she would attend if nondisabled. In the event the student needs other arrangements, placement shall be as close as possible to the student's home.
- (4) A student shall not be removed from education in age-appropriate general classrooms solely because of needed modifications in the general education curriculum.
- (5) Notwithstanding subsections (1) through (4) of this section, an IEP team, or other team making placement decisions for a student convicted as an adult and receiving educational services in an adult correctional facility, may modify the student's placement if there is a demonstrated bona fide security or compelling penological interest that cannot otherwise be accommodated.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-02065 Nonacademic settings. In providing or arranging for the provision of nonacademic and extracurricular services and activities, including meals, recess periods, each public agency must ensure that each student eligible for special education services participates with nondisabled students in the extracurricular services and activities to the maximum extent appropriate to the needs of that student. The public agency must ensure that each student eligible for special education services has the supplementary aids and services determined by the student's IEP team to be appropriate and necessary for the student to participate in nonacademic settings.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 16-02-034, filed 12/29/15, effective 1/29/16)

- WAC 392-172A-02076 Prohibited practices. (1) School district personnel are prohibited from using aversive interventions with a student eligible for special education <u>services</u>, and are prohibited from physically restraining or isolating any student, except when the student's behavior poses an imminent likelihood of serious harm as defined in WAC 392-172A-01092 and 392-172A-01109.
- (2) There are certain practices that are manifestly inappropriate by reason of their offensive nature or their potential negative physical consequences, or their illegality. The purpose of this section is to prohibit the use of certain practices with students eligible for special education <u>services</u> as follows:
- (a) Electric current. No student may be stimulated by contact with electric current including, but not limited to, tasers.

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- (b) Food services. A student who is willing to consume subsistence food or liquid when the food or liquid is customarily served must not be denied or subjected to an unreasonable delay in the provision of the food or liquid.
- (c)(i) Force and restraint in general. A district must not use force or restraint that is either unreasonable under the circumstances or deemed to be an unreasonable form of corporal punishment as a matter of state law. See RCW 9A.16.100, which prohibits the following uses of force or restraint including:
 - (A) Throwing, kicking, burning, or cutting a student.
 - (B) Striking a student with a closed fist.
 - (C) Shaking a student under age three.
 - (D) Interfering with a student's breathing.
 - (E) Threatening a student with a deadly weapon.
- (F) Doing any other act that is likely to cause bodily harm to a student greater than transient pain or minor temporary marks.
- (ii) The statutory listing of worst case uses of force or restraint described in this subsection may not be read as implying that all unlisted uses (e.g., shaking a four year old) are permissible. Whether or not an unlisted use of force or restraint is permissible depends upon such considerations as the balance of these rules, and whether the use is reasonable under the circumstances.
- (d) Hygiene care. A student must not be denied or subjected to an unreasonable delay in the provision of common hygiene care.
- (e) Isolation. A student must not be excluded from his or her regular instructional or service area and isolated within a room or any other form of enclosure, except under the conditions set forth in WAC 392-172A-02110.
- (f) Medication. A student must not be denied or subjected to an unreasonable delay in the provision of medication.
- (g) Noise. A student must not be forced to listen to noise or sound that the student finds painful.
- (h) Noxious sprays. A student must not be forced to smell or be sprayed in the face with a noxious or potentially harmful substance.
- (i) Physical restraints. A student must not be physically restrained or immobilized by binding or otherwise attaching the student's limbs together or by binding or otherwise attaching any part of the student's body to an object or against a wall or the floor, except under the conditions set forth in WAC 392-172A-02110.
- (j) Prone, supine, and wall restraints. A student must not be subjected to the use of prone (lying face-down) and supine (lying face-up) restraint, wall restraint, or any restraint that interferes with the student's breathing.
- (k) Taste treatment. A student must not be forced to taste or ingest a substance which is not commonly consumed or which is not commonly consumed in its existing form or concentration.
- $((\frac{(k)}{k}))$ (1) Water treatment. A student's head must not be partially or wholly submerged in water or any other liquid.

- AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)
- WAC 392-172A-02080 Transition of children from the Part C program to preschool programs. Each school district shall have policies and procedures for transition to preschool programs to ensure that:
- (1) Students participating in early intervention programs assisted under Part C of the IDEA, and who will participate in preschool programs assisted under Part B of the IDEA, experience a smooth and effective transition to those preschool programs in a manner consistent with the Part C requirements.
- (2)(a) Each school district will participate in transition planning conferences arranged by the designee of the lead agency for Part C in the state. A transition planning conference will be convened for each student who may be eligible for preschool services at least ninety days prior to the student's third birthday.
- (b) Within twenty-five school days following the transition planning conference, a determination whether or not to evaluate the student for Part B will be made. The district will provide prior written notice of the decision that complies with the requirements of WAC 392-172A-05010.
- (3) By the third birthday of a student described in subsection (1) of this section, an IEP has been developed and is being implemented for the student consistent with WAC 392-172A-02000(1).

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

- WAC 392-172A-02090 Personnel qualifications. (1) All school district personnel providing special education services and/or related services shall meet the following qualifications:
- (a) All employees shall hold such credentials, licenses, certificates, endorsements or permits as are now or hereafter required by the professional educator standards board for the particular position of employment and shall meet such supplemental standards as may be established by the school district of employment. Supplemental standards established by a district or other public agency may exceed, but not be less than, those established by the professional educator standards board in accordance with Title 181 WAC and this section.
- (b) In addition to the requirement in (a) of this subsection, all special education ((teachers)) personnel providing, designing, supervising, monitoring or evaluating the provision of special education services shall possess "substantial professional training." "Substantial professional training" as used in this section shall be evidenced by issuance of an appropriate special education endorsement (or deaf education endorsement or teacher of the visually impaired endorsement) on an individual teaching certificate issued by the OSPI, professional education and certification section.
- (c) A teacher will be considered to meet the applicable requirements in (a) and (b) of this subsection if that teacher is participating in an alternative route to a special education certification program under which the teacher:
- (i) Receives high-quality professional development that is sustained, intensive, and classroom-focused in order to

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have a positive and lasting impact on classroom instruction, before and while teaching;

- (ii) Participates in a program of intensive supervision that consists of structured guidance and regular ongoing support for teachers or a teacher mentoring program;
- (iii) Assumes functions as a teacher only for a specified period of time not to exceed three years; and
- (iv) Demonstrates satisfactory progress toward full certification according to the state professional <u>educator</u> standards board rules, and the state ensures, through its certification and endorsement process, that the provisions of subsection (2) of this section are met.
- (d) Other certificated related services <u>school</u> personnel providing specially designed instruction or related services as defined in this chapter, shall meet standards established under the educational staff associate rules of the professional educator standards board, as now or hereafter amended.
- (e) Employees with only an early childhood special education endorsement may be assigned to programs that serve students birth through eight. Preference for an early childhood special education assignment must be given first to employees having early childhood special education endorsement, but may be assigned to an individual with a special education endorsement.
- (f) Certified and/or classified staff assigned to provide instruction in Braille, the use of Braille, or the production of Braille must demonstrate competency ((with grade two standard literary Braille code)) by successful completion of a test approved by the professional educator standards board pursuant to WAC 181-82-130.
- (g) Certified and/or classified staff assigned as educational interpreters, must meet the performance standards outlined in RCW 28A.410.271 by passing an educational interpreter assessment approved by the professional educator standards board.
- (h) ((Paraprofessional)) Paraeducator staff and aides shall present evidence of skills and knowledge established under the rules of the professional educator standards board, necessary to meet the needs of students eligible for special education services, and shall be under the supervision of a certificated teacher with a special education endorsement, or a certificated educational staff associate or a licensed staff, as provided in (i) of this subsection. ((Paraprofessional)) Paraeducator staff assigned to Title 1 ((school wide)) schoolwide programs shall also meet ESEA standards for ((paraprofessionals)) paraeducators.
- (i) Special education and related services must be provided by appropriately qualified staff. Other staff including general education teachers and ((paraprofessionals)) paraeducators may assist in the provision of special education and related services, provided that the instruction is designed and supervised by special education certificated staff (or deafeducation certificated staff), or for related services by a certificated educational staff associate. Student progress must be monitored and evaluated by special education certificated staff or for related services, a certificated educational staff associate.
- (2) School districts must take measurable steps to recruit, hire, train, and retain personnel, who meet the applicable requirements described in subsection (1)(a) of this section, to

- provide special education and related services to students eligible for special education <u>services</u>. There may be occasions when, despite efforts to hire or retain teachers who meet the applicable requirements, they are unable to do so. The following options are available in these situations:
- (a) Teachers who meet ((state)) professional educator standards board criteria pursuant to WAC 181-82-110(3) as now or hereafter amended, are eligible for a preendorsement waiver. Application for the special education preendorsement waiver shall be made to the special education ((section)) division at the OSPI.
- (b) In order to temporarily assign a classroom teacher without a special education endorsement to a special education position, the district or other public agency must keep written documentation on the following:
- (i) The school district must make one or more of the following factual determinations:
- (A) The district or other public agency was unable to recruit a teacher with the proper endorsement who was qualified for the position;
- (B) The need for a teacher with such an endorsement could not have been reasonably anticipated and the recruitment of such a classroom teacher at the time of assignment was not reasonably practicable; and/or
- (C) The reassignment of another teacher within the district or other public agency with the appropriate endorsement to such assignment would be unreasonably disruptive to the current assignments of other classroom teachers or would have an adverse effect on the educational program of the students assigned such other classroom teachers.
- (ii) Upon determination by a school district that one or more of these criteria can be documented, and the district determines that a teacher has the competencies to be an effective special education teacher but does not have endorsement in special education, the district can so assign the teacher to special education. The school district is responsible for determining that the assigned teacher must have completed ((nine quarter hours (six semester hours))) ninety continued education credit hours of course work applicable to an endorsement in special education.
- (iii) Pursuant to WAC 181-82-110, if teachers are so assigned, the following requirements apply:
- (A) A designated representative of the district and any such teacher shall mutually develop a written plan which provides for necessary assistance to the teacher, and which provides for a reasonable amount of planning and study time associated specifically with the out-of-endorsement assignment:
- (B) Such teachers shall not be subject to nonrenewal or probation based on evaluations of their teaching effectiveness in the out-of-endorsement assignments; and
- (C) Such teaching assignments shall be approved by a formal vote of the local school board for each teacher so assigned.
- (3) Teachers placed under the options described in subsection (2) of this section do not meet the definition of substantial professional training.
- (4) Notwithstanding any other individual right of action that a parent or student may maintain under this chapter, nothing in this section shall be construed to create a right of

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action on behalf of an individual student or a class of students for the failure of a particular school district employee to meet the applicable requirements described in subsection (1)(a) of this section, or to prevent a parent from filing a state complaint about staff qualifications with the OSPI under WAC 392-172A-05025 through 392-172A-05040.

(5) School districts and other public agencies that are recipients of funding under Part B of the act must make positive efforts to employ, and advance in employment, qualified individuals with disabilities in programs assisted under Part B of the act.

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

- WAC 392-172A-02095 Transportation. (1) Methods. Transportation options for students eligible for special education <u>services</u> shall include the following categories and shall be exercised in the following sequence:
 - (a) A scheduled school bus;
- (b) Contracted transportation, including public transportation; and
- (c) Other transportation arrangements, including that provided by parents. Board and room cost in lieu of transportation may be provided whenever the above stated transportation options are not feasible because of the need(s) of the student or because of the unavailability of adequate means of transportation, in accordance with rules of the superintendent of public instruction.
- (2) Welfare of the student. The transportation of the student shall be in accordance with chapters 392-143, 392-144, and 392-145 WAC.
- (3) Bus aides and drivers. Training and supervision of bus aides and drivers shall be the responsibility of the school district.
- (4) Special equipment. Special equipment may include lifts, wheelchair holders, restraints, and two-way radios. All such special equipment shall comply with specifications contained in the specifications for school buses as now or hereafter established by the OSPI.
- (5) Transportation time on bus. Wherever reasonably possible, no student should be required to ride more than sixty minutes one way.
- (6) Transportation for state residential school students to and from the residential school and the sites of the educational program shall be the responsibility of the department of social and health services and each state residential school pursuant to law.
- (7) Transportation for a state residential school student, including students attending the <u>Washington</u> state school for the deaf and the <u>Washington</u> state school for the blind, to and from such school and the residency of such student shall be the responsibility of the district of residency only if the student's placement was made by such district or other public agency pursuant to an interagency agreement—i.e., an appropriate placement in the least restrictive environment.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

- WAC 392-172A-02100 Home/hospital instruction. (1) Home or hospital instruction shall be provided to students eligible for special education <u>services</u> and other students who are unable to attend school for an estimated period of four weeks or more because of disability or illness.
- (2) As a condition to such services, the parent of a student shall request the services and provide a written statement to the school district from a qualified medical practitioner that states the student will not be able to attend school for an estimated period of at least four weeks.
- (3) A student who is not determined eligible for special education <u>services</u>, but who qualifies pursuant to this subsection shall be deemed "((disabled)) as having a disability" only for the purpose of home/hospital instructional services and funding and may not otherwise qualify as a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> for the purposes of generating state or federal special education funds.
- (4) A school district shall not pay for the cost of the statement from a qualified medical practitioner for the purposes of qualifying a student for home/hospital instructional services pursuant to this section.
- (5) Home/hospital instructional services funded in accordance with the provisions of this section shall not be used for the initial or ongoing delivery of services to students eligible for special education <u>services</u> in a homebound <u>or hospital</u> placement pursuant to a student's individualized education program.
- (6) Home/hospital instruction shall be limited to services necessary to provide temporary intervention as a result of a physical disability or illness.
- (7) A student eligible for special education <u>services</u> who qualifies for home/hospital instruction must continue to receive <u>IEP team determined</u> educational services that provide a FAPE, so as to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting, and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the student's IEP. ((The IEP team determines the appropriate services.))

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 16-02-034, filed 12/29/15, effective 1/29/16)

- WAC 392-172A-02105 Emergency response protocols. (1) If the parent and the school district determine that a student requires advanced educational planning, the parent and the district may develop emergency response protocols to be used in the case of emergencies that pose an imminent likelihood of serious harm, as defined in this section. Emergency response protocols, if developed, must be incorporated into a student's IEP. Emergency response protocols shall not be used as a substitute for the systematic use of a behavioral intervention plan that is designed to change, replace, modify, or eliminate a targeted behavior. Emergency response protocols are subject to the conditions and limitations as follows:
- (a) The student's parent provides consent, as defined in WAC 392-172A-01040, in advance, to the emergency response protocols to be adopted;
 - (b) The emergency response protocols specify:

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- (i) The emergency conditions under which isolation, restraint, or restraint devices, if any, may be used;
- (ii) The type of isolation, restraint, and/or restraint device, if any, that may be used;
- (iii) The staff members or contracted positions permitted to use isolation, restraint, or restraint devices with the student, updated annually, and identify any required training associated with the use of isolation, restraint, or restraint device for each staff member or contracted position;
 - (iv) Any other special precautions that must be taken.
- (c) Any use of isolation, restraint, and/or restraint device must be discontinued as soon as the likelihood of serious harm has dissipated.
- (d) Any staff member or other adults using isolation, restraint, or a restraint device must be trained and certified by a qualified provider in the use of <u>trauma-informed crisis</u> intervention (including de-escalation techniques) and the safe <u>use of</u> isolation, restraint, or a restraint device.
- (2) School districts must follow the documentation and reporting requirements for any use of isolation, restraint, or restraint device consistent with RCW 28A.600.485, regardless of whether the use of isolation, restraint, or restraint device is included in the student's emergency response protocols.
- (3) Nothing in this section is intended to limit the application of a school district's policy developed under RCW 28A.600.485 to protect the general safety of students and staff from an imminent likelihood of serious harm.
- (4) Nothing in this section is intended to limit the provision of a free and appropriate public education under Part B of the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act or Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 16-02-034, filed 12/29/15, effective 1/29/16)

WAC 392-172A-02110 Isolation ((and)) or restraint—Conditions. Any use of isolation, restraint, and/or a restraint device shall be used only when a student's behavior poses an imminent likelihood of serious harm. The limited use of isolation, restraint, or restraint device not prohibited in WAC 392-172A-02076 is conditioned upon compliance with the following procedural and substantive safeguards:

- (1) Isolation. The use of isolation as defined by RCW 28A.600.485 is subject to each of the following conditions:
- (a) The isolation must be discontinued as soon as the likelihood of serious harm has dissipated.
- (b) The isolation enclosure shall be ventilated, lighted, and temperature controlled from inside or outside for purposes of human occupancy.
- (c) The isolation enclosure shall permit continuous visual monitoring of the student from outside the enclosure.
- (d) An adult responsible for supervising the student shall remain in visual ((or auditory)) range of the student at all times.
- (e) Either the student shall be capable of releasing himself or herself from the enclosure, or the student shall continuously remain within view of an adult responsible for supervising the student.

- (f) Any staff member or other adults using isolation must be trained and certified by a qualified provider in the use of trauma-informed crisis intervention (including de-escalation techniques), and also trained by the district in isolation requirements, or otherwise available in the case of an emergency when trained personnel are not immediately available due to the unforeseeable nature of the emergency.
- (2) Restraint. The use of restraint as defined by RCW 28A.600.485 is subject to each of the following conditions:
- (a) The restraint must be discontinued as soon as the likelihood of serious harm has dissipated.
- (b) The restraint shall not interfere with the student's breathing.
- (c) Any staff member or other adults using a restraint must be trained and certified by a qualified provider in the use of <u>trauma-informed crisis intervention (including deescalation techniques)</u> and such restraints, or otherwise available in the case of an emergency when trained personnel are not immediately available due to the unforeseeable nature of the emergency.
- (3) Restraint device. The use of a restraint device as defined by RCW 28A.600.485 is subject to each of the following conditions:
- (a) The restraint device must be discontinued as soon as the likelihood of serious harm has dissipated.
- (b) The restraint device shall not interfere with the student's breathing.
- (c) Either the student shall be capable of releasing himself or herself from the restraint device or the student shall continuously remain within view of an adult responsible for supervising the student.
- (d) Any staff member or other adults using a restraint device must be trained and certified by a qualified provider in the use of such restraint devices, or otherwise available in the case of an emergency when trained personnel are not immediately available due to the unforeseeable nature of the emergency.
- (4) School districts must follow the documentation and reporting requirements for any use of isolation, restraint, or restraint device consistent with RCW 28A.600.485.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

- WAC 392-172A-03000 Parental consent for initial evaluations, initial services and reevaluations. (1)(a) A school district proposing to conduct an initial evaluation to determine if a student is eligible for special education services must provide prior written notice consistent with WAC 392-172A-05010 and obtain informed consent from the parent before conducting the evaluation.
- (b) Parental consent for an initial evaluation must not be construed as consent for initial provision of special education and related services.
- (c) The school district must make reasonable efforts to obtain the informed consent from the parent for an initial evaluation to determine whether the student is eligible for special education <u>services</u>.
- (d) If the student is a ward of the state and is not residing with the student's parent, the school district or public agency

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is not required to obtain informed consent from the parent for an initial evaluation to determine eligibility for special education services if:

- (i) Despite reasonable efforts to do so, the school district cannot discover the whereabouts of the parent of the child;
- (ii) The rights of the parents of the child have been terminated; or
- (iii) The rights of the parent to make educational decisions have been subrogated by a judge in accordance with state law and consent for an initial evaluation has been given by an individual appointed by the judge to represent the child.
- (e) If the parent of a student enrolled in public school or seeking to be enrolled in public school does not provide consent for an initial evaluation under subsection (1) of this section, or the parent fails to respond to a request to provide consent, the school district may, but is not required to, pursue the initial evaluation of the student by using due process procedures or mediation.
- (f) The school district does not violate its child find and evaluation obligations, if it declines to pursue the initial evaluation when a parent refuses to provide consent under (e) of this subsection.
- (2)(a) A school district that is responsible for making FAPE available to a student must obtain informed consent from the parent of the student before the initial provision of special education and related services to the student.
- (b) The school district must make reasonable efforts to obtain informed consent from the parent for the initial provision of special education and related services to the student.
- (c) If the parent of a student fails to respond to a request for or refuses to consent to the initial provision of special education and related services, the school district may not use the due process procedures or mediation in order to obtain agreement or a ruling that the services may be provided to the student.
- (d) If the parent of the student refuses to consent to the initial provision of special education and related services, or the parent fails to respond to a request to provide consent for the initial provision of special education and related services, the school district:
- (i) Will not be considered to be in violation of the requirement to make available FAPE to the student for the failure to provide the student with the special education and related services for which the school district requests consent; and
- (ii) Is not required to convene an IEP team meeting or develop an IEP.
- (e) If at any time after the initial provision of special education and related services, the parent revokes consent in writing for the continued provision of special education and related services, the school district:
- (i) Must provide prior written notice to the parent in accordance with WAC 392-172A-05010 before ceasing to provide special education and related services and may not continue to provide special education and related services after the effective date of the prior written notice;
- (ii) May not use mediation or the due process procedures in order to obtain an agreement or a ruling that the services may be provided to the student;

- (iii) Will not be considered to be in violation of the requirement to make FAPE available to the student because of the failure to provide the student with further special education and related services; and
- (iv) Is not required to convene an IEP team meeting or develop an IEP for the student for further provision of special education services.
- (3)(a) A school district must obtain informed parental consent, prior to conducting any reevaluation of a student eligible for special education services, subject to the exceptions in (d) of this subsection and subsection (4) of this section.
- (b) If the parent refuses to consent to the reevaluation, the school district may, but is not required to, pursue the reevaluation by using the due process procedure to override the parent's refusal to provide consent or mediation to obtain an agreement from the parent to provide consent.
- (c) The school district does not violate its child find obligations or the evaluation and reevaluation procedures if it declines to pursue the evaluation or reevaluation.
- (d) A school district may proceed with a reevaluation and does not need to obtain informed parental consent if the school district can demonstrate that:
 - (i) It made reasonable efforts to obtain such consent; and
 - (ii) The child's parent has failed to respond.
- (4)(a) Parental consent for an initial or a reevaluation is not required before:
- (i) Reviewing existing data as part of an evaluation or a reevaluation; or
- (ii) Administering a test or other evaluation that is administered to all students unless, before administration of that test or evaluation, consent is required of parents of all students.
- (b) A school district may not use a parent's refusal to consent to one service or activity of an initial evaluation or reevaluation to deny the parent or student any other service, benefit, or activity of the school district, except as required by this chapter.
- (c) If a parent of a child who is home schooled or placed in a private school by the parents at their own expense does not provide consent for the initial evaluation or the reevaluation, or the parent fails to respond to a request to provide consent, the public agency may not use the consent override procedures and the public agency is not required to consider the student as eligible for special education services.
- (d) To meet the reasonable efforts requirements to obtain consent for an evaluation or reevaluation the school district must document its attempts to obtain parental consent using the procedures in WAC 392-172A-03100(6).

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

WAC 392-172A-03005 Referral and timelines for initial evaluations. (1)(a) A parent of a child, a school district, a public agency, or other persons knowledgeable about the child may initiate a <u>referral</u> request for an initial evaluation to determine if the student is eligible for special education <u>services</u>.

(b) The request ((will)) must be in writing, unless the person is unable to write and/or communicate orally.

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- (c) Each school district must have an optional referral form for requesting an initial evaluation available to the general public and provide it upon receipt of any referral request in the requestor's native language or with the support of a qualified interpreter when needed.
- (2) The school district must document the request for an initial evaluation, including the date the request is received, and:
- (a) Notify the parent that the student has been referred because of a suspected disability and that the district, with parental input, will determine whether or not to evaluate the student;
- (b) Collect and examine existing school, medical and other records in the possession of the parent and the school district; and
- (c) Within twenty-five school days after receipt of the request for an initial evaluation, make a determination whether or not to evaluate the student. The school district will provide prior written notice of the decision that complies with the requirements of WAC 392-172A-05010.
- (d) Exception: Referral requests received through IDEA Part C notification of toddlers potentially eligible for Part B special education preschool services are subject to the timelines described under WAC 392-172A-02080 and not the timeline described in (c) of this subsection.
- (3) When the student is to be evaluated to determine eligibility for special education services and the educational needs of the student, the school district shall provide prior written notice to the parent, obtain consent, fully evaluate the student and arrive at a decision regarding eligibility within:
- (a) Thirty-five school days after the date written consent for an evaluation has been provided to the school district by the parent; or
- (b) Thirty-five school days after the date the consent of the parent is obtained by agreement through mediation, or the refusal to provide consent is overridden by an administrative law judge following a due process hearing; or
- (c) Such other time period as may be agreed to by the parent and documented by the school district, including specifying the reasons for extending the timeline.
- (d) Exception. The thirty-five school day time frame for evaluation does not apply if:
- (i) The parent of a child repeatedly fails or refuses to produce the child for the evaluation; or
- (ii) A student enrolls in another school district after the consent is obtained and the evaluation has begun but not yet been completed by the other school district, including a determination of eligibility.
- (e) The exception in (d)(ii) of this subsection applies only if the subsequent school district is making sufficient progress to ensure a prompt completion of the evaluation, and the parent and subsequent school district agree to a specific time when the evaluation will be completed.

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

WAC 392-172A-03015 Reevaluation timelines. (1) A school district must ensure that a reevaluation of each student eligible for special education services is conducted in accor-

- dance with WAC 392-172A-03020 through 392-172A-03080 when:
- (a) The school district determines that the educational or related services needs, including improved academic achievement and functional performance, of the student warrant a reevaluation; or
- (b) If the child's parent or teacher requests a reevaluation.
- (2) A reevaluation conducted under subsection (1) of this section:
- (a) May occur not more than once a year, unless the parent and the school district agree otherwise; and
- (b) Must occur at least once every three years, unless the parent and the school district agree that a reevaluation is unnecessary.
 - (3) Reevaluations shall be completed within:
- (a) Thirty-five school days after the date written consent for an evaluation has been provided to the school district by the parent;
- (b) Thirty-five school days after the date the refusal of the parent was overridden through due process procedures or agreed to using mediation; or
- (c) Such other time period as may be agreed to by the parent and documented by the school district, including specifying the reasons for extending the timeline.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

- WAC 392-172A-03020 Evaluation procedures. (1) The school district must provide prior written notice to the parents of a student, in accordance with WAC 392-172A-05010, that describes any evaluation procedures the district proposes to conduct.
- (2) In conducting the evaluation, the group of qualified professionals selected by the school district must:
- (a) Use a variety of assessment tools and strategies to gather relevant functional, developmental, and academic information about the student, including information provided by the parent, that may assist in determining:
- (i) Whether the student is eligible for special education services as defined in WAC 392-172A-01175; and
- (ii) The content of the student's IEP, including information related to enabling the student to be involved in and progress in the general education curriculum, or for a preschool child, to participate in appropriate activities;
- (b) Not use any single measure or assessment as the sole criterion for determining whether a student's eligibility for special education <u>services</u> and for determining an appropriate educational program for the student; and
- (c) Use technically sound instruments that may assess the relative contribution of cognitive and behavioral factors, in addition to physical or developmental factors.
 - (3) Each school district must ensure that:
- (a) Assessments and other evaluation materials used to assess a student:
- (i) Are selected and administered so as not to be discriminatory on a racial or cultural basis;
- (ii) Are provided and administered in the student's native language or other mode of communication and in the form

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most likely to yield accurate information on what the student knows and can do academically, developmentally, and functionally unless it is clearly not feasible to so provide or administer;

- (iii) Are used for the purposes for which the assessments or measures are valid and reliable. If properly validated tests are unavailable, each member of the group shall use professional judgment to determine eligibility based on other evidence of the existence of a disability and need for special education <u>services</u>. Use of professional judgment shall be documented in the evaluation report;
- (iv) Are administered by trained and knowledgeable personnel; and
- (v) Are administered in accordance with any instructions provided by the producer of the assessments.
- (b) Assessments and other evaluation materials include those tailored to assess specific areas of educational need and not merely those that are designed to provide a single general intelligence quotient.
- (c) Assessments are selected and administered so as best to ensure that if an assessment is administered to a student with impaired sensory, manual, or speaking skills, the assessment results accurately reflect the student's aptitude or achievement level or whatever other factors the test purports to measure, rather than reflecting the student's impaired sensory, manual, or speaking skills (unless those skills are the factors that the test purports to measure).
- (d) If necessary as part of a complete assessment, the school district obtains a medical statement or assessment indicating whether there are any other factors that may be affecting the student's educational performance.
- (e) The student is assessed in all areas related to the suspected disability, including, if appropriate, health, vision, hearing, social and emotional status, general intelligence, academic performance, communicative status, and motor abilities.
- (f) Assessments of students eligible for special education services who transfer from one school district to another school district in the same school year are coordinated with those students' prior and subsequent schools, as necessary and as expeditiously as possible, to ensure prompt completion of full evaluations.
- (g) In evaluating each student to determine eligibility or continued eligibility for special education services, the evaluation is sufficiently comprehensive to identify all of the student's special education and related services needs, whether or not commonly linked to the disability category in which the student has been classified.
- (h) Assessment tools and strategies are used that provide relevant information that directly assists persons in determining the educational needs of the student.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

WAC 392-172A-03025 Review of existing data for evaluations and reevaluations. As part of an initial evaluation, if appropriate, and as part of any reevaluation, the IEP team and other qualified professionals, as appropriate, must:

- (1) Review existing evaluation data on the student, including:
- (a) Evaluations and information provided by the parents of the student:
- (b) Current classroom-based, local, or state assessments, and classroom-based observations; and
- (c) Observations by teachers and related services providers
- (2)(a) On the basis of that review, and input from the student's parents, identify what additional data, if any, are needed to determine:
- (i) Whether the student is eligible for special education services, and what special education and related services the student needs; or
- (ii) In case of a reevaluation, whether the student continues to meet eligibility, and whether the educational needs of the student including any additions or modifications to the special education and related services are needed to enable the student to meet the measurable annual goals set out in the IEP of the student and to participate, as appropriate, in the general education curriculum; and
- (b) The present levels of academic achievement and related developmental needs of the student.
- (3) The group described in this section may conduct its review without a meeting.
- (4) The school district must administer such assessments and other evaluation measures as may be needed to produce the data identified in subsection (2) of this section.
- (5)(a) If the IEP team and other qualified professionals, as appropriate, determine that no additional data are needed to determine whether the student continues to be a student eligible for special education services, and to determine the student's educational needs, the school district must notify the student's parents of:
- (i) That determination and the reasons for the determination; and
- (ii) The right of the parents to request an assessment to determine whether the student continues to be a student eligible for special education <u>services</u>, and to determine the student's educational needs.
- (b) The school district is not required to conduct the assessment described in this subsection (5) unless requested to do so by the student's parents.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

- WAC 392-172A-03030 Evaluations before change in eligibility. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, school districts must evaluate a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> in accordance with WAC 392-172A-03020 through 392-172A-03080 before determining that the student is no longer eligible for special education services.
- (2) A reevaluation is not required before the termination of a student's eligibility due to graduation from secondary school with a regular diploma, or due to exceeding the age eligibility for FAPE under WAC 392-172A-02000 (2)(c).
- (3) For a student whose eligibility terminates under circumstances described in subsection (2) of this section, a pub-

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lic agency must provide the student with a summary of the student's academic achievement and functional performance, which shall include recommendations on how to assist the student in meeting the student's postsecondary goals.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

- WAC 392-172A-03035 Evaluation report. (1) The evaluation report shall be sufficient in scope for the IEP team to develop an IEP, and at a minimum, must include:
- (a) A statement of whether the student has a disability that meets the eligibility criteria in this chapter;
- (b) A discussion of the assessments and review of data that supports the conclusion regarding eligibility including additional information required under WAC 392-172A-03080 for students with specific learning disabilities;
- (c) How the student's disability affects the student's involvement and progress in the general education curriculum or for preschool children, in appropriate activities;
- (d) The recommended special education ((and related)) services ((needed by the student)), and any related services the evaluation group determines the student needs in order to benefit from special education services;
- (e) Other information, as determined through the evaluation process and parental input, needed to develop an IEP;
- (f) The date and signature of each professional member of the group certifying that the evaluation report represents his or her conclusion. If the evaluation report does not reflect his or her conclusion, the professional member of the group must include a separate statement representing his or her conclusions.
- (2) Individuals contributing to the report must document the results of their individual assessments or observations.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-03040 Determination of eligibility. (1) Upon completion of the administration of assessments and other evaluation measures:

- (a) A group of qualified professionals and the parent of the student determine whether the student is eligible for special education <u>services</u> and the educational needs of the student; and
- (b) The school district must provide a copy of the evaluation report and the documentation of determination of eligibility at no cost to the parent.
- (2)(a) A student must not be determined to be eligible for special education services if the determinant factor is:
- (i) Lack of appropriate instruction in reading, based upon the state's grade level standards;
 - (ii) Lack of appropriate instruction in math; or
 - (iii) Limited English proficiency; and
- (b) If the student does not otherwise meet the eligibility criteria including presence of a disability, adverse educational impact and need for specially designed instruction.
- (3) In interpreting evaluation data for the purpose of determining eligibility for special education services, each school district must:

- (a) Draw upon information from a variety of sources, including aptitude and achievement tests, parent input, and teacher recommendations, as well as information about the student's physical condition, social or cultural background, and adaptive behavior; and
- (b) Ensure that information obtained from all of these sources is documented and carefully considered.
- (4) If a determination is made that a student is eligible for special education <u>services</u>, an IEP must be developed for the student in accordance with WAC 392-172A-03090 through 392-172A-03135.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 09-20-053, filed 10/1/09, effective 11/1/09)

- WAC 392-172A-03045 District procedures for specific learning disabilities. In addition to the evaluation procedures for determining whether students are eligible for special education services, school districts must follow additional procedures for identifying whether a student has a specific learning disability. Each school district shall develop procedures for the identification of students with specific learning disabilities which may include the use of:
- (1) A severe discrepancy between intellectual ability and achievement; or
- (2) A process based on the student's response to scientific, research-based intervention; or
- (3) A combination of both within a school district, provided that the evaluation process used is the same for all students within the selected grades or buildings within the school district and is in accordance with district procedures.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 16-02-034, filed 12/29/15, effective 1/29/16)

- WAC 392-172A-03090 Definition of individualized education program. (1) The term IEP means a written statement for each student eligible for special education <u>services</u> that is developed, reviewed, and revised in a meeting in accordance with WAC 392-172A-03095 through 392-172A-03100, and that must include:
- (a) A statement of the student's present levels of academic achievement and functional performance, including:
- (i) How the student's disability affects the student's involvement and progress in the general education curriculum (the same curriculum as for nondisabled students); or
- (ii) For preschool children, as appropriate, how the disability affects the child's participation in appropriate activities;
- (b)(i) A statement of measurable annual goals, including academic and functional goals designed to:
- (A) Meet the student's needs that result from the student's disability to enable the student to be involved in and make progress in the general education curriculum; and
- (B) Meet each of the student's other educational needs that result from the student's disability; and
- (ii) For students who take alternate assessments aligned to alternate achievement standards, a description of benchmarks or short-term objectives((x; x)) for the areas in which the alternate assessment will be administered; and

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- (iii) Documentation that the parent(s) were informed, as part of the IEP process, that their student's academic achievement will be measured on alternate standards and how participation in an alternate assessment may delay or otherwise affect the student from completing the requirements for a regular high school diploma.
 - (c) A description of:
- (i) How the district will measure the student's progress toward meeting the annual goals described in (b) of this subsection; and
- (ii) When the district will provide periodic reports on the progress the student is making toward meeting the annual goals (such as through the use of quarterly or other periodic reports, concurrent with the issuance of report cards);
- (d) A statement of the special education and related services and supplementary aids and services, based on peerreviewed research to the extent practicable, evaluation data, and input from IEP team members, to be provided to the student, or on behalf of the student, and a statement of the program modifications or supports for school personnel that will be provided to enable the student:
- (i) To advance appropriately toward attaining the annual goals;
- (ii) To be involved in and make progress in the general education curriculum, and to participate in extracurricular and other nonacademic activities; and
- (iii) To be educated and participate with other students including nondisabled students in the activities described in this section;
- (e) An explanation of the extent, if any, to which the student will not participate with nondisabled students in the general education classroom and extracurricular and nonacademic activities:
- (f)(i) A statement of any individual appropriate accommodations that are necessary to measure the academic achievement and functional performance of the student on state and district-wide assessments; and
- (ii) If the IEP team determines that the student must take an alternate assessment instead of a particular regular state or district-wide assessment of student achievement, a statement of why:
- (A) The student cannot participate in the regular assessment; and
- (B) The particular alternate assessment selected is appropriate for the student;
- (g) Extended school year services, if determined necessary by the IEP team for the student to receive FAPE.
- (h) Behavioral intervention plan, if determined necessary by the IEP team for the student to receive FAPE.
- (i) Emergency response protocols, if determined necessary by the IEP team for the student to receive FAPE, and the parent provides consent, as defined in WAC 392-172A-01040.
- (j) The projected date for the beginning of the services and modifications described in (d) of this subsection, and the anticipated frequency, location, and duration of those services and modifications.
- (k) Beginning not later than the first IEP to be in effect when the student turns sixteen, or younger if determined

- appropriate by the IEP team, and updated annually, thereafter, the IEP must include:
- (i) Appropriate measurable postsecondary goals based upon age appropriate transition assessments related to training, education, employment, and, where appropriate, independent living skills; ((and))
- (ii) The transition services including courses of study needed to assist the student in reaching those goals; and
- (iii) A description of how the postsecondary goals and transition services align with the high school and beyond plan.
- (l) Transfer of rights at age of majority. Beginning not later than one year before the student reaches the age of eighteen, the IEP must include a statement that the student has been informed of the student's rights under the act, if any, that will transfer to the student on reaching the age of majority.
- (m) The school district's procedures for notifying a parent regarding the use of isolation, restraint, or a restraint device as required by RCW 28A.155.210.
- (2) Construction. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require:
- (a) Additional information be included in a student's IEP beyond what is explicitly required by the federal regulations implementing the act or by state law; or
- (b) The IEP team to include information under one component of a student's IEP that is already contained under another component of the student's IEP.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

- WAC 392-172A-03095 IEP team membership. (1) School districts must ensure that the IEP team for each student eligible for special education services includes:
 - (a) The parents of the student;
- (b) Not less than one general education teacher of the student if the student is, or may be, participating in the general education environment;
- (c) Not less than one special education teacher of the student, or where appropriate, not less than one special education provider of the student;
 - (d) A representative of the public agency who:
- (i) Is qualified to provide, or supervise the provision of, specially designed instruction to meet the unique needs of students eligible for special education <u>services</u>;
- (ii) Is knowledgeable about the general education curriculum; and
- (iii) Is knowledgeable about the availability of resources of the school district.
- (e) An individual who can interpret the instructional implications of evaluation results, who may be a member of the team described in (b) through (e) of this subsection;
- (f) At the discretion of the parent or the school district, other individuals who have knowledge or special expertise regarding the student, including related services personnel as appropriate; and
 - (g) Whenever appropriate, the student.
- (2)(a) The student must be invited to the IEP team meeting when the purpose of the meeting will be the consideration

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of the postsecondary goals for the student and the transition services needed to assist the student in reaching those goals.

- (b) If the student does not attend the IEP team meeting, the school district must take other steps to ensure that the student's preferences and interests are considered.
- (c) To the extent appropriate, with the consent of the parents or a student who has reached the age of majority, the public agency must invite a representative of any participating agency that is likely to be responsible for providing or paying for transition services.
- (3) The determination of the knowledge or special expertise of any individual invited pursuant to subsection (1)(f) of this section must be made by the party who invited the individual to be a member of the IEP team.
- (4) A school district may designate one of the members of the IEP team identified in subsection (1)(b), (c), or (e) of this section to also serve as the district representative, if the criteria in subsection (1)(d) of this section are satisfied.
- (5)(a) A school district member of the IEP team is not required to attend a meeting, in whole or in part, if the parent of a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> and the school district agree, in writing, that the attendance of the member is not necessary because the member's area of the curriculum or related services is not being modified or discussed in the meeting.
- (b) A member of the IEP team described in (a) of this subsection may be excused from attending an IEP team meeting, in whole or in part, when the meeting involves a modification to or discussion of the member's area of the curriculum or related services, if:
- (i) The parent, in writing, and the public agency consent to the excusal; and
- (ii) The member submits written input into the development of the IEP prior to the meeting and provides the input to the parent and other IEP team members.
- (6) In the case of a student who was previously served under Part C of the act, an invitation to the initial IEP team meeting must, at the request of the parent, be sent to the Part C service coordinator or other representatives as specified by the state lead agency for Part C to assist with the smooth transition of services.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-03100 Parent participation. A school district must ensure that one or both of the parents of a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> are present at each IEP team meeting or are afforded the opportunity to participate, including:

- (1) Notifying parents of the meeting early enough to ensure that they will have an opportunity to attend; and
- (2) Scheduling the meeting at a mutually agreed on time and place.
- (3) The notification required under subsection (1) of this subsection must:
- (a) Indicate the purpose, time, and location of the meeting and who will be in attendance; ((and))
- (b) Inform the parents about the provisions relating to the participation of other individuals on the IEP team who have

- knowledge or special expertise about the student, and participation of the Part C service coordinator or other designated representatives of the Part C system as specified by the state lead agency for Part C at the initial IEP team meeting for a child previously served under Part C of IDEA; and
- (c) Include whatever action is necessary to ensure that the parent understands the notification being provided, including providing the notification in writing in a parent's native language when necessary for the parent's understanding and arranging for an interpreter for parents who are deaf or hard of hearing or whose native language is other than English.
- (4) Beginning not later than the first IEP to be in effect when the student turns sixteen, or younger if determined appropriate by the IEP team, the notice also must:
- (a) Indicate that a purpose of the meeting will be the consideration of the postsecondary goals and transition services for the student and that the agency will invite the student; and
- (b) Identify any other agency that ((will be invited to send a representative)) may be responsible for providing or paying for transition services and request consent as defined in WAC 392-172A-01040 from the parent/adult student to invite a representative from the outside agency to the IEP meeting.
- (5) If neither parent can attend an IEP team meeting, the school district must use other methods to ensure parent participation, including video or telephone conference calls.
- (6) A meeting may be conducted without a parent in attendance if the school district is unable to convince the parents that they should attend. In this case, the public agency must keep a record of its attempts to arrange a mutually agreed on time and place, such as:
- (a) Detailed records of telephone calls made or attempted and the results of those calls;
- (b) Copies of correspondence sent to the parents and any responses received; and
- (c) Detailed records of visits made to the parent's home or place of employment and the results of those visits.
- (7) The school district must take whatever action is necessary to ensure that the parent understands the proceedings of the IEP team meeting, including:
- (a) Notifying parents in advance in the parent's native language of the availability of interpretation and translation services at no cost to the parents;
- (b) Arranging for an interpreter for parents ((with deafness)) who are deaf or hard of hearing or whose native language is other than English; and
- (c) Documenting the language in which families prefer to communicate and whether a qualified interpreter for the student's family was provided in accordance with RCW 28A.155.230.
- (8) The school district must give the parent a copy of the student's IEP at no cost to the parent.

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

WAC 392-172A-03105 When IEPs must be in effect. (1) At the beginning of each school year, each school district must have an IEP in effect for each student eligible for spe-

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cial education <u>services</u> that it is serving through enrollment in the district.

- (2) For an initial IEP, a school district must ensure that:
- (a) The school district holds a meeting to develop the student's IEP within thirty days of a determination that the student is eligible for special education and related services; and
- (b) As soon as possible following development of the IEP, special education and related services are made available to the student in accordance with the student's IEP.
 - (3) Each school district must ensure that:
- (a) The student's IEP is accessible to each general education teacher, special education teacher, related services provider, and any other service provider who is responsible for its implementation; and
- (b) Each teacher and provider described in (a) of this subsection is informed <u>in a timely manner</u> of:
- (i) His or her specific responsibilities related to implementing the student's IEP; and
- (ii) The specific accommodations, modifications, and supports that must be provided for the student in accordance with the IEP.
- (4) If a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> transfers from one school district to another school district within Washington state and had an IEP that was in effect in the previous school district, the new school district, in consultation with the parents, must provide FAPE to the student including services comparable to those described in the student's IEP, until the new school district either:
- (a) Adopts the student's IEP from the previous school district; or
- (b) Develops and implements a new IEP that meets the applicable requirements in WAC 392-172A-03090 through 392-172A-03110.
- (5) If a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> transfers from a school district located in another state to a school district within Washington state and had an IEP that was in effect in the previous school district, the new school district, in consultation with the parents, must provide FAPE to the student including services comparable to those described in the student's IEP, until the new school district:
- (a) Conducts an evaluation to determine whether the student is eligible for special education services in Washington state, if the school district determines an evaluation is necessary to establish eligibility requirements under Washington state standards; and
- (b) Develops and implements a new IEP, if appropriate, that meets the applicable requirements in WAC 392-172A-03090 through 392-172A-03110.
- (6) To facilitate the transition for a student described in subsections (4) and (5) of this section:
- (a) The new school in which the student enrolls must take reasonable steps to promptly obtain the student's records, including the IEP and supporting documents and any other records relating to the provision of special education or related services to the student, from the school district in which the student was previously enrolled, pursuant to RCW 28A.225.330 and consistent with applicable Family Education Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) requirements; and

(b) The school district in which the student was enrolled must take reasonable steps to promptly respond to the request from the new school district, pursuant to RCW 28A.225.330 and applicable FERPA requirements.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 16-02-034, filed 12/29/15, effective 1/29/16)

WAC 392-172A-03110 Development, review, and revision of IEP. (1) In developing each student's IEP, the IEP team must consider:

- (a) The strengths of the student;
- (b) The concerns of the parents for enhancing the education of their student;
- (c) The results of the initial or most recent evaluation of the student; and
- (d) The academic, developmental, and functional needs of the student.
- (2)(a) When considering special factors unique to a student, the IEP team must:
- (i) Consider the use of positive behavioral interventions and supports, to address behavior, in the case of a student whose behavior impedes the student's learning or that of others; and
- (ii) Consider the language needs of the student as those needs relate to the student's IEP, for a student with limited English proficiency;
- (iii) In the case of a student who is blind or visually impaired, provide for instruction in Braille and the use of Braille unless the IEP team determines, after an evaluation of the student's reading and writing skills, needs, and appropriate reading and writing media (including an evaluation of the student's future needs for instruction in Braille or the use of Braille), that instruction in Braille or the use of Braille is not appropriate for the student;
- (iv) Consider the communication needs of the student, and in the case of a student who is deaf or hard of hearing, consider the student's language and communication needs, opportunities for direct communications with peers and professional personnel in the student's language and communication mode, academic level, and full range of needs, including opportunities for direct instruction in the student's language and communication mode; and
- (v) Consider whether the student needs assistive technology devices and services.
- (b) A general education teacher of a student eligible for special education <u>services</u>, as a member of the IEP team, must, to the extent appropriate, participate in the development of the student's IEP, including the determination of:
- (i) Appropriate positive behavioral interventions and supports for the student; and
- (ii) Supplementary aids and services, program modifications, and support for school personnel consistent with WAC 392-172A-01185.
- (c) After the annual IEP team meeting for a school year, the parent of a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> and the school district may agree not to convene an IEP team meeting for the purposes of making changes to the IEP, and instead may develop a written document to amend or modify the student's current IEP. If changes are made to the student's

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IEP the school district must ensure that the student's IEP team is informed of those changes and that other providers responsible for implementing the IEP are informed of any changes that affect their responsibility to the student, consistent with WAC 392-172A-03105(3).

- (d) Changes to the IEP may be made either by the entire IEP team at an IEP team meeting, or as provided in (c) of this subsection, by amending the IEP rather than by redrafting the entire IEP. Upon request, a parent must be provided with a revised copy of the IEP with the amendments incorporated.
- (e) To the extent possible, the school districts must encourage the consolidation of reevaluation meetings and other IEP team meetings for the student.
- (3) Each public agency must ensure that, subject to subsections (4) and (5) of this section the IEP team:
- (a) Reviews the student's IEP periodically, but not less than annually, to determine whether the annual goals for the student are being achieved; and
 - (b) Revises the IEP, as appropriate, to address:
- (i) Any lack of expected progress toward the annual goals described in WAC 392-172A-03090 (1)(b) and in the general education curriculum, if appropriate;
 - (ii) The results of any reevaluations;
- (iii) Information about the student provided to, or by, the parents, as described under WAC 392-172A-03025;
 - (iv) The student's anticipated needs; or
 - (v) Other matters.
- (4) In conducting a review of the student's IEP, the IEP team must consider the special factors described in subsection (2)(a) of this section.
- (5) A general education teacher of the student, as a member of the IEP team, must, consistent with subsection (2)(b) of this section, participate in the review and revision of the IEP of the student.
- (6)(a) If a participating agency, other than the school district, fails to provide the transition services described in the IEP in accordance with WAC 392-172A-03090 (1)(j), the school district must reconvene the IEP team to identify alternative strategies to meet the transition objectives for the student set out in the IEP.
- (b) Nothing in this chapter relieves any participating agency, including a state vocational rehabilitation agency, of the responsibility to provide or pay for any transition service that the agency would otherwise provide to students eligible for special education services who meet the eligibility criteria of that agency.
- (7)(a) The following requirements do not apply to students eligible for special education <u>services</u> who are convicted as adults under state law and incarcerated in adult prisons:
- (i) The requirement that students eligible for special education <u>services</u> participate in district or statewide assessments.
- (ii) The requirements related to transition planning and transition services, if the student's eligibility for special education services will end because of their age, before they will be eligible to be released from prison based on consideration of their sentence and eligibility for early release.
- (b)(i) Subject to (b)(ii) of this subsection, the IEP team of a student with a disability who is convicted as an adult under

state law and incarcerated in an adult prison may modify the student's IEP or placement if the state has demonstrated a bona fide security or compelling penological interest that cannot otherwise be accommodated.

(ii) Contents of the IEP and LRE (least restrictive environment) requirements do not apply with respect to the modifications described in (b)(i) of this subsection.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-03115 Educational placements. Consistent with WAC 392-172A-05000 (3)(a), each school district must ensure that the parents of each student eligible for special education <u>services</u> are members of any group that makes decisions on the educational placement of the student.

((STUDENTS IN PRIVATE SCHOOLS))

((Students Eligible for Special Education Enrolled by Their Parents in Private Schools)) STUDENTS ELIGIBLE FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION SERVICES ENROLLED BY THEIR PARENTS IN PRIVATE SCHOOLS

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-04000 Definition of parentally placed private school students. Parentally placed private school students means students eligible for special education services enrolled by their parents in approved, nonprofit private, including religious, elementary or secondary schools. It does not include students receiving home-based instruction under RCW 28A.225.010(4) or students placed by a school district in a nonpublic agency for the provision of FAPE.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-04005 Child find for parentally placed private school students eligible for special education services. (1) Each school district must locate, identify, and evaluate all students who may be eligible for special education services who are enrolled by their parents in approved, nonprofit private, including religious, elementary and secondary schools located in the school district, in accordance with general child find procedures and subsections (2) through (5) of this section.

- (2) The child find process must be designed to ensure:
- (a) The equitable participation of parentally placed private school students; and
 - (b) An accurate count of those students.
- (3) In carrying out the requirements of this section, the school district must undertake activities similar to the activities undertaken for the school district's public school students.
- (4) The cost of carrying out the child find requirements in this section, including individual evaluations, may not be

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considered in determining if the school district has met its proportional share obligation under WAC 392-172A-04015.

- (5) The child find process must be completed in a time period comparable to that for students attending public schools in the school district, for both initial evaluations and reevaluations.
- (6) Each school district in which approved, nonprofit private, including religious, elementary schools and secondary schools are located must include parentally placed private school students who reside in another state but attend the private school located within the school district boundaries.

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-04010 Provision of services for parentally placed private school students eligible for special education services. (1) In addition to the provisions addressed in this section, parents who have placed their children in a for profit or nonprofit private school are entitled to enroll their children part-time in their resident district for any course, activity or ancillary service, not provided by the private school under chapter 392-134 WAC and pursuant to WAC 392-172A-01135. Parents who elect to enroll part-time in their resident district in order to receive special education and/or related services are served through an IEP and are counted for federal and state special education reimbursement.

- (2) To the extent consistent with the number and location of students eligible for special education <u>services</u> who are enrolled by their parents in <u>approved</u>, <u>nonprofit</u> private, including religious, elementary and secondary schools located in the school district boundaries, and who are not part-time enrolled for special education services under chapter 392-134 WAC, districts must allow for the participation of those students by providing them with special education and related services, including direct services determined in accordance with WAC 392-172A-04035.
- (3) In accordance with subsection (2) of this section and WAC 392-172A-04035 through 392-172A-04070, a services plan must be developed and implemented for each <u>nonprofit</u> private school student eligible for special education <u>services</u> who has been designated by the school district to receive special education and related services.
- (4) Each school district must maintain in its records, and provide to the OSPI, the following information related to parentally placed <u>nonprofit</u> private school students:
- (a) The number of students evaluated, including initial evaluations and reevaluations;
- (b) The number of students determined eligible for special education <u>services</u>; and
- (c) The number of students served through a services plan.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 09-20-053, filed 10/1/09, effective 11/1/09)

WAC 392-172A-04015 Expenditures. (1) To meet the requirement of WAC 392-172A-04010(2), each school district must make available the following amounts for providing special education and related services, including direct

services to parentally placed <u>nonprofit</u> private <u>school</u> students eligible for special education <u>services</u>.

- (a) For students eligible for special education <u>services</u> aged three through twenty-one, an amount that is the same proportion of the school district's total subgrant under section 611(f) of the act as the number of private school students eligible for special education <u>services</u> aged three through twenty-one who are enrolled by their parents in <u>approved</u>, <u>nonprofit</u> private, including religious, elementary schools and secondary schools located in the school district, is to the total number of students eligible for special education <u>services</u> in its jurisdiction aged three through twenty-one.
- (b)(i) For children aged three through five, an amount that is the same proportion of the school district's total subgrant under section 619(g) of the act as the number of parentally placed <u>nonprofit</u> private school students eligible for special education <u>services</u> aged three through five who are enrolled by their parents in ((a)) <u>approved, nonprofit</u> private, including religious, elementary schools located in the school district, is to the total number of students eligible for special education <u>services</u> in its jurisdiction aged three through five.
- (ii) As described in (b)(i) of this subsection, students aged three through five are considered to be parentally placed private school students enrolled by their parents in private, including religious, elementary schools, if they are enrolled in ((a)) an approved, nonprofit private school at the kindergarten level or above.
- (c) If a school district has not expended all of the funds for equitable services described in (a) and (b) of this subsection by the end of the fiscal year for which Congress appropriated the funds, the remaining funds must be obligated for special education and related services to parentally placed nonprofit private school students eligible for special education services during a carry-over period of one additional year.
- (2) In calculating the proportionate amount of federal funds to be provided for parentally placed <u>nonprofit</u> private school students eligible for special education <u>services</u>, the school district, after timely and meaningful consultation with representatives of <u>approved</u>, <u>nonprofit</u> private schools under WAC 392-172A-04020, must conduct a thorough and complete child find process to determine the number of parentally placed students eligible for special education <u>services</u> attending <u>nonprofit</u> private schools located in the school district.
- (3)(a) After timely and meaningful consultation with representatives of parentally placed <u>nonprofit</u> private school students eligible for special education <u>services</u>, school districts must:
- (i) Determine the number of parentally placed private school students eligible for special education <u>services</u> attending <u>approved</u>, <u>nonprofit</u> private schools located in the school district; and
- (ii) Ensure that the count is conducted on any date between October 1 and December 1, inclusive, of each year.
- (b) The count must be used to determine the amount that the school district must spend on providing special education and related services to parentally placed <u>nonprofit</u> private school students eligible for special education <u>services</u> in the next subsequent fiscal year.

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(4) State and local funds may supplement and in no case supplant the proportionate amount of federal funds required to be expended for parentally placed <u>nonprofit</u> private school students eligible for special education <u>services</u> to the extent consistent with state law.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

- WAC 392-172A-04020 Consultation. To ensure timely and meaningful consultation, a school district must consult with private school representatives and representatives of parents of parentally placed <u>nonprofit</u> private school students eligible for special education <u>services</u> during the design and development of special education and related services for the students regarding the following:
 - (1) The child find process, including:
- (a) How parentally placed private school students suspected of having a disability can participate equitably; and
- (b) How parents, teachers, and private school officials will be informed of the process.
- (2) The determination of the proportionate share of federal funds available to serve parentally placed <u>nonprofit</u> private school students eligible for special education <u>services</u> including the determination of how the district calculated the proportionate share of those funds.
- (3) The consultation process among the school district, private school officials, and representatives of parents of parentally placed private school students eligible for special education <u>services</u>, including how the process will operate throughout the school year to ensure that parentally placed students eligible for special education <u>services</u> identified through the child find process can meaningfully participate in special education and related services.
- (4) How, where, and by whom special education and related services will be provided for parentally placed private school students eligible for special education <u>services</u>, including a discussion about:
- (a) The types of services, including direct services and alternate service delivery mechanisms; and
- (b) How special education and related services will be apportioned if funds are insufficient to serve all parentally placed private school students; and
 - (c) How and when those decisions will be made.
- (5) How, if the school district disagrees with the views of the private school officials on the provision of services or the types of services, the school district will provide to the private school officials a written explanation of the reasons why the school district chose not to provide services directly or through a contract.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-04025 Written affirmation. (1) When timely and meaningful consultation has occurred, the school district must obtain a written affirmation signed by the representatives of participating <u>nonprofit</u> private schools after timely and meaningful consultation.

(2) If the representatives do not provide the affirmation within a reasonable period of time, the school district must

forward the documentation of the consultation process to the OSPL

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

- WAC 392-172A-04030 Compliance with procedures for consultation. (1) A private school official has the right to submit a complaint to the OSPI, special education ((section)) division that the school district:
- (a) Did not engage in consultation that was meaningful and timely; or
- (b) Did not give due consideration to the views of the private school official.
- (2)(a) If the private school official wishes to submit a complaint, the official must provide to the OSPI special education ((section)) division, the basis of the noncompliance by the school district with the applicable private school provisions in this part; and
- (b) The school district must forward the appropriate documentation to OSPI.
- (3) If the private school official is dissatisfied with the decision of the OSPI, the official may submit a complaint to the Secretary of the <u>United States</u> Department of Education by providing the information on noncompliance described in subsections (1) and (2) of this section and the OSPI must forward the appropriate documentation to the secretary.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

- WAC 392-172A-04035 Determination of equitable services. (1) A parentally placed private school student does not have an individual right to receive some or all of the special education and related services that the student would receive if enrolled full- or part-time in a public school.
- (2) Decisions about the services that will be provided to parentally placed private school students eligible for special education ((disabilities)) services under WAC 392-172A-04010 through 392-172A-04070 must be made in accordance with subsection (4) of this section and the consultation process.
- (3) The school district must make the final decisions with respect to the services to be provided to eligible parentally placed private school students eligible for special education <u>services</u>.
- (4) If a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> is enrolled in a religious or other private school by the student's parents and will receive special education or related services from a school district, the school district must:
- (a) Initiate and conduct meetings to develop, review, and revise a services plan for the student; and
- (b) Ensure that a representative of the religious or other private school attends each meeting. If the representative cannot attend, the school district shall use other methods to ensure participation by the religious or other private school, including individual or conference telephone calls.

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AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

WAC 392-172A-04040 Equitable services provided.

- (1) The services provided to parentally placed <u>nonprofit</u> private school students eligible for special education <u>services</u> must be provided by personnel meeting the same standards as personnel providing services in the public schools.
- (2) Parentally placed private school students eligible for special education <u>services</u> may receive a different amount of services than students eligible for special education <u>services</u> attending public schools.
- (3) Each parentally placed private school student eligible for special education <u>services</u> who has been designated to receive services must have a services plan that describes the specific special education and related services that the school district will provide in light of the services that the school district has determined, it will make available to parentally placed private school students eligible for special education services.
 - (4) The services plan must, to the extent appropriate:
- (a) Meet the requirements of WAC 392-172A-03090, with respect to the services provided; and
- (b) Be developed, reviewed, and revised consistent with WAC 392-172A-03090 through 392-172A-03110.
 - (5) The provision of services must be provided:
 - (a) By employees of a school district or ESD; or
- (b) Through contract by the school district with an individual, association, agency, organization, or other entity.
- (6) Special education and related services provided to parentally placed <u>nonprofit</u> private school students eligible for special education <u>services</u>, including materials and equipment, must be secular, neutral, and nonideological.

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 09-20-053, filed 10/1/09, effective 11/1/09)

- WAC 392-172A-04045 Location of services and transportation. (1) Services to parentally placed nonprofit private school students eligible for special education services may be provided on the premises of private schools.
- (2) If necessary for the student to benefit from or participate in the services provided, a parentally placed private school student eligible for special education <u>services</u> must be provided transportation:
- (a) From the student's school or the student's home to a site other than the private school; and
- (b) From the service site to the private school, or to the student's home, depending on the timing of the services.
- (3) School districts are not required to provide transportation from the student's home to the private school.
- (4) The cost of the transportation described in subsection (2) of this section may be included in calculating whether the school district has met its proportional share requirement.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-04055 Requirement that funds not benefit a private school. Public funds provided and property

derived from those funds shall not benefit any private school or agency.

A school district must use funds provided under the act to meet the special education and related services needs of students enrolled in <u>nonprofit</u> private schools, but not for:

- (1) The needs of a private school; or
- (2) The general needs of the students enrolled in the private school.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

WAC 392-172A-04080 Applicability and authorization. (1) The provisions of WAC 392-172A-04080 through 392-172A-04095 apply to students eligible for special education services who have been placed in or referred to ((a)) an in-state private elementary or secondary school or facility, or placed in or referred to a public or private out-of-state elementary or secondary school or facility meeting nonpublic agency (NPA) approval by the student's school district as a means of providing special education and related services when the school district cannot provide an appropriate education for the student within the district.

- (2)(a) School districts are also authorized to ((enter into interdistrict agreements with other school districts pursuant to chapter 392-135 WAC or)) contract with other public and private agencies under WAC 392-121-188 to provide special education or related services, or both to eligible students when the private or public agency does not meet the criteria for nonpublic agencies under WAC 392-172A-04090 and 392-172A-04095, but the school district determines that the private or public agency can provide the student with a free appropriate public education (FAPE).
- (b) When a district contracts with other public or private agencies to provide special education or related services or both, under subsection (2)(a) of this section, the school district shall notify in writing the OSPI special education division of its intent to serve a student under this section and ensure that it follows the requirements under WAC 392-172A-04085.
- (3) The provisions of this section do not apply to the authority of school districts to enter into interdistrict agreements with other Washington state school districts pursuant to chapter 392-135 WAC.

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

WAC 392-172A-04085 Responsibility of the school district. (1) A school district that places a student eligible for special education services with a nonpublic agency or with another private or public agency under WAC 392-172A-04080(2) for special education and related services shall develop a written contract ((or interdistrict agreement which will)) which must include, but not be limited to, the following elements:

- (a) The names of the parties involved;
- (b) The name(s) of the student(s);
- (c) The location(s) and setting(s) of the services to be provided;

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- (d) A description of services provided, program administration and supervision, including access to state learning standards;
- (e) The charges and reimbursement including billing and payment procedures;
 - (f) The total contract cost;
- (g) A description of the district responsibility and process of data collection and reporting for the student(s), including the data required under IDEA, restraint or isolation (RCW 28A.600.485) reports to parents and the OSPI, and school discipline;
- (h) Assurance that the requirements of WAC 392-172A-02105 through 392-172A-02110 are met (including requirements for parental consent, notification, and reporting):
- (i) Assurance that the agency will notify the school district and OSPI of program changes within the agency that may affect the agency's ability to contract or any complaints against the agency regarding services to students eligible for special education services; and
- (j) Any other contractual elements including those identified in WAC 392-121-188 that may be necessary to assure compliance with state and federal rules.
- (2) Each school district must ensure that a student eligible for special education services placed in or referred to a nonpublic agency under WAC 392-172A-04080(1) or with another private or public agency under WAC 392-172A-04080(2) is provided special education and related services:
- (a) In conformance with an IEP developed by the school district that meets the requirements of this chapter; and
 - (b) At no cost to the parents.
- (3) <u>Each school district remains responsible for ensuring</u> that the student ((shall be)) is provided ((with a)) FAPE.
- (4) The school district remains responsible for evaluations and IEP meetings for the student. If the school district requests that the nonpublic agency conduct evaluations or IEP meetings, the school district will ensure that all applicable requirements of Part B of the act are met.
- (5) The student ((has)) retains all of the rights of a student eligible for special education services who is served within the school district.
- (6) The student must be provided with an opportunity to participate in state and district assessments.
- (7) The student must be provided with an opportunity to fulfill the requirements to receive a Washington state diploma.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

- WAC 392-172A-04090 Approval of nonpublic agencies. (1) The school district shall notify the special education ((section)) division of the OSPI, in writing, of their intent to serve a student through contract with a nonpublic agency.
- (2) The school district and the nonpublic agency will review the requirements for approval and complete the application for nonpublic agency approval. In addition, the school district shall conduct an on-site visit of the nonpublic agency.
- (3) Upon review of the completed application which includes the results of the on-site visit, the OSPI may conduct an independent on-site visit, if appropriate, and will deter-

- mine whether the application will be approved or disapproved.
- (4) The OSPI makes information regarding currently approved nonpublic agencies available on its website.
- (5) School districts shall ensure that an approved non-public agency is able to provide the services required to meet the unique needs of any student being placed according to the provisions of WAC 392-172A-04080 through 392-172A-04095.
- (6) Private schools or facilities located in other states must first be approved by the state education agency of the state in which the educational institution is located to provide FAPE to students referred by school districts. Documentation of the approval shall be provided to OSPI. In the event the other state does not have a formal approval process, the private school or facility shall meet the requirements for approval in this state under the provisions of this chapter.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

WAC 392-172A-04095 Application requirements for nonpublic agency approval. (1) A nonpublic agency must meet the following requirements to be approved:

- (a) The nonpublic agency is approved by the state board as a private school, and has at least one certificated teacher with a special education endorsement, other certificated teachers who meet state standards, and related services staff meeting state licensure requirements for their profession. If the education program is associated with a facility, such as a hospital mental health, or treatment facility, and the program is not an approved private school, the program must comply with the licensing requirements for the facility, such as the department of health, and the facility will assure that it has teachers who meet certification requirements developed by the professional educators standards board, related services staff meeting state licensure requirements for their profession as applicable, and at least one certificated teacher with a special education endorsement.
- (b) The private school or facility meets applicable fire codes of the local or state fire marshal, including inspections and documentation of corrections of violation.
- (c) The private school or facility meets applicable health and safety standards.
- (d) The private school or facility can demonstrate through audits that it is financially stable, and has accounting systems that allow for separation of school district funds.
- (e) The private school or facility has procedures in place that address staff hiring and evaluation including:
- (i) Checking personal and professional references for employees;
- (ii) Criminal background checks in accordance with state rules for public school employees;
- (iii) Regular scheduling of staff evaluations of the competencies that enable the staff to work with students.
- (f) The private school or facility has a policy of nondiscrimination.
- (g) The private school or facility meets state education rules for hours and days of instruction.

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- (h) The private school or facility understands and has procedures in place to protect the procedural safeguards of the students eligible for special education <u>services</u> and their families.
- (2) After approval as a nonpublic agency, the private school or facility must provide annual review information to the OSPI and school districts with whom they contract the following two years. The nonpublic agency must complete a renewal application, including scheduling a site visit by a contracting school district every third year following approval.
- (3) OSPI may modify, substitute, add, or waive as necessary any requirements for nonpublic agency approval under this section, and provide an indication of a change to the approval requirements for any nonpublic agency on the list of currently approved nonpublic agencies available to the public maintained on the OSPI website.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

- WAC 392-172A-04100 Notification of nonpublic agency program changes. (1) An approved nonpublic agency must notify any school districts with whom they contract and the OSPI of any major program changes that occur during the approval period, including adding additional services or changing the type of programs available to students. OSPI will review these program changes with affected districts to determine whether the nonpublic agency remains able to provide contracted services to public school students eligible for special education services.
- (2) An approved nonpublic agency must promptly notify any school districts with whom they contract and the OSPI of any conditions that would affect their ability to continue to provide contracted services to public school students eligible for special education <u>services</u>.
- (3) An approved nonpublic agency must promptly notify any school districts with whom they contract and the OSPI of any complaints it receives regarding services to students.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

- WAC 392-172A-04105 Suspension, revocation or refusal to renew approval. OSPI may suspend, revoke or refuse to renew its approval of a nonpublic agency to contract with school districts for the provision of special education services if the nonpublic agency:
- (1) Fails to maintain the approval standards in WAC 392-172A-04090 through 392-172A-04100;
- (2) Violates the rights of students eligible for special education <u>services</u>; or
- (3) Refuses to implement any corrective actions ordered by the OSPI.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-04110 State responsibility for nonpublic agency placements. In implementing the nonpublic

- agency provisions of WAC 392-172A-04080 through 392-172A-04105, the state shall:
- (1) Monitor compliance through procedures such as written reports, on-site visits, and parent questionnaires;
- (2) Disseminate copies of applicable standards to each private school and facility to which a public agency has referred or placed a ((special education)) student eligible for special education services; and
- (3) Provide an opportunity for those private schools and facilities to participate in the development and revision of state standards that apply to them.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 11-06-052, filed 3/1/11, effective 4/1/11)

- WAC 392-172A-04115 Placement of students when FAPE is at issue. (1) If a student eligible for special education services has a FAPE available and the parents choose to place the student in a private school or facility, the school district is not required by this chapter to pay for the student's education, including special education and related services, at the private school or facility. However, the school district shall include that student in the population whose needs are addressed consistent with WAC 392-172A-04000 through 392-172A-04070.
- (2) Disagreements between the parents and a school district regarding the availability of a program appropriate for the student and the question of financial reimbursement are subject to the due process procedures at WAC 392-172A-05080 through 392-172A-05125.
- (3) If the parents of a student, who previously received special education and related services under the authority of a school district, enroll the student in a private preschool, elementary or secondary school, or other facility without the consent of or referral by a school district or other public agency, a court or an administrative law judge may require a school district or other public agency to reimburse the parents for the cost of that enrollment if the court or administrative law judge finds that a school district or other public agency had not made a free appropriate public education available to the student in a timely manner prior to that enrollment and that the private placement is appropriate. A parental placement may be found to be appropriate by a hearing officer or a court even if it does not meet the state standards that apply to education provided by a school district or other public agency.
- (4) The cost of reimbursement may be reduced or denied if:
- (a)(i) At the most recent individualized education program meeting that the parents attended prior to removal of the student from the public school, the parents did not inform the team that they were rejecting the placement proposed by a school district to provide a FAPE to their student, including stating their concerns and their intent to enroll their student in a private school at public expense; or
- (ii) At least ten business days (including any holidays that occur on a business day) prior to the removal of the student from the public school, the parents did not give written notice to a school district of the information described in (a)(i) of this subsection; or

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- (b) Prior to the parents' removal of the student from the public school, a school district informed the parents, through the notice requirements described in this chapter, of its intent to evaluate the student (including a statement of the purpose of the evaluation that was appropriate and reasonable), but the parents did not make the student available for the evaluation; or
- (c) Upon a judicial finding of unreasonableness with respect to actions taken by the parents.
- (5) Notwithstanding the notice requirement in subsection (4)(a)(i) of this section, the cost of reimbursement must not be reduced or denied for failure to provide the notice if:
- (a) The school district prevented the parent from providing the notice; or
- (b) The parent had not received the procedural safeguards containing notice of the requirement to notify a school district of the information required in subsection (4)(a)(i) of this section.
- (6) An administrative law judge or court may, in its discretion, determine that the cost of reimbursement will not be reduced or denied for failure to provide the notice in subsection (4)(a)(i) of this section if:
- (a) The parents are not literate or cannot write in English; or
- (b) Compliance with subsection (4)(a)(i) of this section would likely result in serious emotional harm to the student.

PROCEDURAL SAFEGUARDS

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

WAC 392-172A-05000 Opportunity to examine records. The parents of a student eligible for special education services must be afforded an opportunity to inspect and review all education records. Inspection and review of education records is provided consistent with WAC 392-172A-05180 through 392-172A-05245.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

- WAC 392-172A-05001 Parent participation in meetings. (1)(a) The parents of a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> must be afforded an opportunity to participate in meetings with respect to the identification, evaluation, educational placement and the provision of FAPE to the student.
- (b) Each school district must provide notice consistent with WAC 392-172A-03100 (1) and (3) to ensure that parents of students eligible for special education services have the opportunity to participate in meetings described in (a) of this subsection.
- (c) A meeting does not include informal or unscheduled conversations involving school district personnel and conversations on issues such as teaching methodology, lesson plans, or coordination of service provision. A meeting also does not include preparatory activities that school district personnel engage in to develop a proposal or response to a parent proposal that will be discussed at a later meeting.

- (2)(a) Each school district must ensure that a parent of each student eligible for special education <u>services</u> is a member of any group that makes decisions on the educational placement of the parent's child.
- (b) In implementing the requirements of (a) of this subsection, the school district must use procedures consistent with the procedures described in WAC 392-172A-03100 (1) through (3).
- (c) If neither parent can participate in a meeting in which a decision is to be made relating to the educational placement of their child, the school district must use other methods to ensure their participation, including individual or conference telephone calls, or video conferencing.
- (d) A placement decision may be made by a group without the involvement of a parent, if the school district is unable to obtain the parent's participation in the decision. In this case, the school district must have a record of its attempt to ensure their involvement.
- (e) A parent of a student eligible for special education services may request permission to observe their student's current educational placement, and to observe any educational placement proposed or under consideration either by a parent or a group that makes decisions on the educational placement of the parent's child, in accordance with applicable school district policy and state law.
- (3) When conducting IEP team meetings and placement meetings and in carrying out administrative matters such as scheduling, exchange of witness lists and status conferences for due process hearing requests, the parent and the district may agree to use alternative means of meeting participation such as video conferences and conference calls.
- (4) For any meeting under this section, including meetings related to a student's IEP, school discipline, and truancy, in accordance with RCW 28A.155.230, each school district must:
- (a) Notify parents in advance in the parent's native language of the availability of interpretation and translation services at no cost to the parents;
- (b) Arrange for an interpreter for parents who are deaf or hard of hearing or whose native language is other than English; and
- (c) Document the language in which families prefer to communicate and whether a qualified interpreter for the student's family was provided.
- (5) A parent may request consent to record meetings under this section, in accordance with applicable school district policies and state law. Any recording that is maintained by the school district is an "education record" within the meaning under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 34 C.F.R. Part 99.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 09-20-053, filed 10/1/09, effective 11/1/09)

WAC 392-172A-05005 Independent educational evaluation. (1)(a) Parents of a student eligible for special education services have the right under this chapter to obtain an independent educational evaluation of the student if the parent disagrees with the school district's evaluation subject to subsections (2) through (7) of this section.

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- (b) Each school district shall provide to parents, upon request for an independent educational evaluation, information about where an independent educational evaluation may be obtained, and the agency criteria applicable for independent educational evaluations as set forth in subsection (7) of this section.
 - (c) For the purposes of this section:
- (i) Independent educational evaluation means an evaluation conducted by a qualified examiner who is not employed by the school district responsible for the education of the student in question; and
- (ii) Public expense means that the school district either pays for the full cost of the evaluation or ensures that the evaluation is otherwise provided at no cost to the parent, consistent with this chapter.
- (2)(a) A parent has the right to an independent educational evaluation at public expense if the parent disagrees with an evaluation conducted or obtained by the school district.
- (b) A parent is entitled to only one independent educational evaluation at public expense each time the school district conducts an evaluation with which the parent disagrees.
- (c) If a parent requests an independent educational evaluation at public expense consistent with (a) of this subsection, the school district must either:
- (i) Initiate a due process hearing within fifteen days to show that its evaluation is appropriate; or
- (ii) Ensure that an independent educational evaluation is provided at public expense without unnecessary delay, unless the school district demonstrates in a hearing under this chapter that the evaluation obtained by the parent did not meet agency criteria.
- (3) If the school district initiates a hearing and the final decision is that the district's evaluation is appropriate, the parent still has the right to an independent educational evaluation, but not at public expense.
- (4) If a parent requests an independent educational evaluation, the school district may ask for the parent's reason why he or she objects to the school district's evaluation. However, the explanation by the parent may not be required and the school district must either provide the independent educational evaluation at public expense or initiate a due process hearing to defend the educational evaluation.
- (5) If the parent obtains an independent educational evaluation at public or private expense, the results of the evaluation:
- (a) Must be considered by the school district, if it meets agency criteria, in any decision made with respect to the provision of FAPE to the student; and
- (b) May be presented as evidence at a hearing under this chapter regarding that student.
- (6) If an administrative law judge requests an independent educational evaluation as part of a due process hearing, the cost of the evaluation must be at public expense.
- (7)(a) If an independent educational evaluation is at public expense, the criteria under which the evaluation is obtained, including the location of the evaluation and the qualifications of the examiner, must be the same as the criteria that the school district uses when it initiates an evaluation,

- to the extent those criteria are consistent with the parent's right to an independent educational evaluation.
- (b) Except for the criteria described in (a) of this subsection, a school district may not impose conditions or timelines related to obtaining an independent educational evaluation at public expense.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-05010 Prior notice and contents. (1) Written notice that meets the requirements of subsection (2) of this section must be provided to the parents of a student eligible for special education <u>services</u>, or referred for special education <u>services</u> a reasonable time before the school district:

- (a) Proposes to initiate or change the identification, evaluation, or educational placement of the student or the provision of FAPE to the student; or
- (b) Refuses to initiate or change the identification, evaluation, or educational placement of the student or the provision of FAPE to the student.
 - (2) The notice required under this section must include:
- (a) A description of the action proposed or refused by the agency;
- (b) An explanation of why the agency proposes or refuses to take the action;
- (c) A description of each evaluation procedure, assessment, record, or report the agency used as a basis for the proposed or refused action;
- (d) A statement that the parents of a student eligible or referred for special education <u>services</u> have protection under the procedural safeguards and, if this notice is not an initial referral for evaluation, the means by which a copy of a description of the procedural safeguards can be obtained;
- (e) Sources for parents to contact to obtain assistance in understanding the procedural safeguards and the contents of the notice;
- (f) A description of other options that the IEP team considered and the reasons why those options were rejected; and
- (g) A description of other factors that are relevant to the agency's proposal or refusal.
- (3)(a) The notice required under subsections (1) and (2) of this section must be:
- (i) Written in language understandable to the general public; and
- (ii) Provided in the native language of the parent or other mode of communication used by the parent, unless it is clearly not feasible to do so.
- (b) If the native language or other mode of communication of the parent is not a written language, the school district must take steps to ensure:
- (i) That the notice is translated orally or by other means to the parent in his or her native language or other mode of communication;
- (ii) That the parent understands the content of the notice; and
- (iii) That there is written evidence that the requirements in (b) of this subsection have been met.

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AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-05015 Procedural safeguards notice.

- (1) School districts must provide a copy of the procedural safeguards that are available to the parents of a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> one time a school year, and:
 - (a) Upon initial referral or parent request for evaluation;
- (b) Upon receipt of the first state complaint and receipt of the first due process complaint in a school year;
- (c) When a decision is made to remove a student for more than ten school days in a year, and that removal constitutes a change of placement; and
 - (d) Upon request by a parent.
- (2) A school district may place a current copy of the procedural safeguards notice on its internet website if a website exists.
- (3) The procedural safeguards notice must include a full explanation of all of the procedural safeguards available under this chapter that relate to:
 - (a) Independent educational evaluations;
 - (b) Prior written notice;
 - (c) Parental consent;
 - (d) Access to education records;
- (e) An opportunity to present and resolve complaints through the due process hearing request and state complaint procedures, including:
- (i) The time period in which to file a state complaint and due process hearing request;
- (ii) The opportunity for the school district to resolve the due process hearing request; and
- (iii) The difference between the due process hearing request and the state complaint procedures, including the jurisdiction of each procedure, what issues may be raised, filing and decision timelines, and relevant procedures;
 - (f) The availability of mediation;
- (g) The student's placement during the pendency of any due process hearing;
- (h) Procedures for students who are subject to placement in an interim alternative educational setting;
- (i) Requirements for unilateral placement by parents of students in private schools at public expense;
- (j) Hearings on due process hearing requests, including requirements for disclosure of evaluation results and recommendations;
- (k) Civil actions, including the time period in which to file those actions; and
 - (1) Attorneys' fees.
 - (4)(a) The procedural safeguards notice must be:
- (i) Written in language understandable to the general public; and
- (ii) Provided in the native language of the parent or other mode of communication used by the parent, unless it is clearly not feasible to do so.
- (b) If the native language or other mode of communication of the parent is not a written language, the school district must take steps to ensure:
- (i) That the notice is translated orally or by other means to the parent in his or her native language or other mode of communication:

- (ii) That the parent understands the content of the notice; and
- (iii) That there is written evidence that the requirements in (b) of this subsection have been met.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-05020 Electronic mail. A parent of a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> may elect to receive prior written notices, procedure safeguards notices and notices relating to due process hearing requests by an electronic mail communication, if the school district makes that option available.

STATE ((CITIZEN)) <u>COMMUNITY</u> COMPLAINT PROCEDURES

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

WAC 392-172A-05025 Procedures for filing a complaint. (1) An organization or individual, including an organization or individual from another state, may file with the OSPI((5)) special education ((section)) division, a written, signed complaint that the OSPI, or a subgrantee of the OSPI including, but not limited to, an ESD, school district, or other subgrantee is violating or has violated Part B of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act or regulations implementing the act.

- (2)(a) A written complaint filed with OSPI will include:
- (i)(A) A statement that the agency has violated or is violating one or more requirements of Part B of IDEA including the state and federal regulations implementing the act; or
- (B) A statement that the school district is not implementing a mediation agreement or a resolution agreement;
 - (ii) The facts on which the statement is based;
- (iii) The signature and contact information, including an address of the complainant; and
- (iv) The name and address of the school district, or other agency subject to the complaint.
- (b) If the allegations are with respect to a specific student the information must also include:
- (i) The name and address of the student, or in the case of a homeless child or youth, contact information for the student;
- (ii) The name of the school the student attends and the name of the school district;
- (iii) A description of the nature of the problem of the student, including the facts relating to the problem; and
- (iv) A proposed resolution of the problem to the extent known and available to the party at the time the complaint is filed.
- (c) The complainant must send a copy of the complaint to the agency serving the student at the same time the complainant files the complaint with OSPI. Complaints under this chapter are filed with the assistant superintendent of special education, OSPI.

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- (d) The complaint must allege a violation that occurred not more than one year prior to the date that the complaint is received.
- (e) The OSPI has developed a form for use by persons or organizations filing a complaint. Use of the form is not required, but the complaint must contain the elements addressed in (a) and (b) of this subsection.

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

- WAC 392-172A-05030 Investigation of the complaint and decision. (1) Upon receipt of a properly filed complaint, the OSPI shall send a copy of the complaint to the school district or other agency for their investigation of the alleged violations. A complaint against OSPI shall be investigated pursuant to WAC 392-172A-05040.
- (2) The OSPI will provide the complainant the opportunity to submit additional information, either orally or in writing, about the allegations contained in the complaint. If the additional information contains new information, the OSPI may, in its discretion, either notify the district of the additional issues or inform the parent of the option to open a new complaint.
- (3) The school district or other agency shall respond in writing to the OSPI with documentation of the investigation, no later than ((twenty)) seventeen calendar days after the date of receipt of the complaint.
 - (4) The response to the OSPI shall clearly state whether:
- (a) The allegations contained in the complaint are denied and the basis for such denial; or
- (b) The allegations are admitted and with proposed reasonable corrective action(s) deemed necessary to correct the violation.
- (5) The OSPI will provide the complainant a copy of the school district's or other agency's response to the complaint and provide the complainant an opportunity to reply. If the complainant is not authorized to review personally identifiable information, that information will not be provided to the complainant.
- (6) Upon review of all relevant information including, if necessary, information obtained through an independent onsite investigation by the OSPI, the OSPI will make an independent determination as to whether the school district or other public agency has or is violating a requirement of Part B of the act, the federal regulations implementing the act, this chapter, or whether the public agency is not implementing a mediation or resolution agreement.
- (7) The OSPI shall issue a written decision to the complainant that addresses each allegation in the complaint including findings of fact, conclusions, and the reasons for the decision. The decision will be issued within sixty days after receipt of the complaint unless:
- (a) Exceptional circumstances related to the complaint require an extension; or
- (b) The complainant and school district or other agency agrees in writing to extend the time to use mediation or an alternative dispute resolution method.
- (8) If the OSPI finds a violation, the decision will include any necessary corrective action to be undertaken and any

- documentation to be provided to ensure that the corrective action is completed. If the decision is that a school district or other public agency has failed to provide appropriate services, the decision will address:
- (a) How to remediate the failure to provide those services, including, as appropriate, compensatory education, monetary reimbursement, or other corrective action appropriate to the needs of the student; and
- (b) Appropriate future provision of services for all students eligible for special education <u>services</u>.
- (9) Corrective action ordered by OSPI must be completed within the timelines established in the written decision, unless another time period is established through an extension of the timeline. If compliance by a school district or other public agency is not achieved pursuant to subsection (8) of this section, the OSPI will initiate fund withholding, fund recovery, or any other sanction deemed appropriate.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

- WAC 392-172A-05035 ((Citizen)) Community complaints and due process hearings. (1) If a written complaint is received that is also the subject of a due process hearing under this chapter or contains multiple issues, of which one or more are part of that hearing, the OSPI must set aside any part of the complaint that is being addressed in the due process hearing, until the conclusion of the hearing. However, any issue in the complaint that is not a part of the due process hearing must be resolved using the time limit and procedures described in this section.
- (2) If an issue is raised in a complaint filed under this section that has previously been decided in a due process hearing involving the same parties:
 - (a) The hearing decision is binding; and
 - (b) The OSPI must inform the complainant to that effect.
- (3) A complaint alleging a school district's failure to implement a due process decision must be resolved by the OSPI.

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

- WAC 392-172A-05045 Informing ((eitizens)) the public about complaint procedures. The OSPI shall inform parents and other interested individuals about the ((eitizen)) community complaint procedures in this chapter. Specific actions to be taken by the superintendent of public instruction include:
- (1) Widely disseminating copies of the state's procedures to parents and other interested individuals, including protection and advocacy agencies, parent training and information centers, independent living centers, and other appropriate entities;
- (2) Posting information about the complaint procedures on the website;
- (3) Conducting in-service training sessions on the complaint process through educational service districts; and
- (4) Including information about the complaint procedures at statewide conferences.

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AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

- WAC 392-172A-05060 Mediation purpose—Availability. (1) The purpose of mediation is to offer both the parent and the school district an opportunity to resolve disputes and reach a mutually acceptable agreement concerning the identification, evaluation, educational placement or provision of FAPE to the student through the use of an impartial mediator.
- (2) Mediation is voluntary and requires the agreement of both parties. It may be terminated by either party at any time during the mediation process.
- (3) Mediation cannot be used to deny or delay a parent's right to a due process hearing under this chapter, or to deny any other rights afforded under this chapter.
- (4) Mediation services are provided by the OSPI at no cost to either party, including the costs of meetings described in WAC 392-172A-05075. To access the statewide mediation system, a request for mediation services may be made in writing or verbally to administrative agents for the OSPI. Written confirmation of the request shall be provided to both parties by an intake coordinator and a mediator shall be assigned to the case.
- (5) The OSPI will provide mediation services for individuals whose primary language is not English or who use another mode of communication when requested unless it is clearly not feasible to do so. Each session in the mediation process shall be scheduled in a timely manner and shall be held in a location that is convenient to the parties to the dispute.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

- WAC 392-172A-05085 Due process hearing request filing and response. (1)(a) To file a due process hearing request, the parent or the school district (party), or the attorney representing a party, must ((file)):
- (i) <u>Serve</u> the request, which must remain confidential, directly with the other party; and
- (ii) File a copy of the request via mail, fax, or electronically directly with the OSPI's designee, the office of administrative hearings, at the following:

Mail:

Office of Administrative Hearings 600 University Street, Suite 1500

Seattle, WA 98101-3126

Fax: 206-587-5135

<u>Electronically: Successfully uploading documents</u> through the filing portal operated by the office of administrative hearings.

(b) ((The party filing the due process hearing request must also mail or provide a copy of the due process hearing request directly to OSPI, Administrative Resources Section, Old Capitol Building, P.O. Box 47200, Olympia, WA 98504.)) Due process hearing timelines will begin upon receipt of the request by both the other party and the office of administrative hearings, whichever date is later.

- (c) When a parent is filing a due process hearing request, the party to be served is the superintendent of the school district, or public agency responsible for the student.
- (2) The due process hearing request required in subsection (1) of this section must include:
 - (a) The name of the student;
 - (b) The address of the residence of the student;
- (c) The name of the school the student is attending, and the name of the district or public agency that is responsible for the student's special education program in the school;
- (d) In the case of a homeless child or youth, available contact information for the student in addition to the information in (c) of this subsection;
- (e) A description of the nature of the problem of the student related to the proposed or refused initiation or change, including facts relating to the problem; and
- (f) A proposed resolution of the problem to the extent known and available to the party at the time.
- (3) OSPI has developed a due process hearing request form to assist parents and school districts filing a due process hearing. Parents and school districts are not required to use this form, and may use the form, or another form or other document, so long as the form or document that is used, meets the requirements in subsection (2) of this section.
- (4) A party may not have a hearing on a due process hearing request until the party, or the attorney representing the party, files a due process hearing request that meets the requirements of subsection (2) of this section.
- (5)(a) The due process hearing request will be deemed sufficient unless the party ((receiving)) served with the due process hearing request notifies the administrative law judge and the other party in writing, within fifteen days of receipt of the due process hearing request, that the receiving party believes the due process hearing request does not meet the requirements in subsection (2) of this section.
- (b) Within five days of receipt of notification that a due process hearing request is not sufficient, the administrative law judge must make a determination on the face of the due process hearing request of whether the request meets the requirements of subsection (2) of this section, and must immediately notify the parties in writing of that determination.
- (6) A party may amend its due process hearing request only if:
- (a) The other party consents in writing to the amendment and is given the opportunity to resolve the due process hearing request through a resolution meeting held pursuant to the procedures in WAC 392-172A-05090; or
- (b) The administrative law judge grants permission, except that the administrative law judge may only grant permission to amend not later than five days before the due process hearing begins.

If a party is allowed to amend the due process hearing request under (a) or (b) of this subsection, the timelines for the resolution meeting in WAC 392-172A-05090 (2)(a) and the time period to resolve in WAC 392-172A-05090 (2)(b) begin again with the filing of the amended due process hearing request.

(7)(a) If the school district has not sent a prior written notice under WAC 392-172A-05010 to the parent regarding

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the subject matter contained in a parent's due process hearing request, the school must send the parent a response, within ten days of receiving the due process hearing request, that includes:

- (i) An explanation of why the agency proposed or refused to take the action raised in the due process hearing request;
- (ii) A description of other options that the IEP team or evaluation group considered and the reasons why those options were rejected;
- (iii) A description of each evaluation procedure, assessment, record, or report the agency used as the basis for the proposed or refused action; and
- (iv) A description of the other factors that are relevant to the district's proposed or refused action.
- (b) A response by a school district under subsections (7) and (8) of this section shall not be construed to preclude the school district from asserting that the parent's due process hearing request was insufficient, where appropriate.
- (8) Except as provided in subsection (7)(a) of this section, the party receiving a due process hearing request must send the party a response that specifically addresses the issues raised in the due process hearing request within ten days of receiving the due process hearing request.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

WAC 392-172A-05090 Resolution process. (1)(a) Within fifteen days of receiving notice that a parent has ((filed)) served a due process hearing request ((with)) on the district and ((provided)) filed a copy of the due process request ((to the OSPI administrative resources section)) with the office of administrative hearings, and prior to the initiation of a due process hearing under WAC 392-172A-05100, the school district must convene a meeting with the parent and the relevant member or members of the IEP team who have specific knowledge of the facts identified in the due process hearing request and that:

- (i) Includes a representative of the school district who has decision-making authority on behalf of that district; and
- (ii) May not include an attorney of the school district unless the parent is accompanied by an attorney.
- (b) The purpose of the meeting is for the parent of the child to discuss the due process hearing request, and the facts that form the basis of the request, so that the school district has the opportunity to resolve the dispute that is the basis for the due process hearing request.
- (c) The meeting described in (a) of this subsection need not be held if:
- (i) The parent and the school district agree in writing to waive the meeting; or
- (ii) The parent and the school district agree to use the mediation process described in WAC 392-172A-05060.
- (d) The parent and the school district determine the relevant members of the IEP team to attend the meeting.
- (2)(a) If the school district has not resolved the due process hearing request to the satisfaction of the parent within thirty days of the parent's filing of the due process hearing

- request under WAC 392-172A-05085, the due process hearing may occur.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, the timeline for issuing a final decision under WAC 392-172A-05105 begins at the expiration of this thirty-day period.
- (c) Unless the parties have jointly agreed to waive the resolution process or to use mediation, notwithstanding (a) and (b) of this subsection, the failure of the parent filing a due process hearing request to participate in the resolution meeting will delay the timelines for the resolution process and due process hearing until the meeting is held.
- (d) If the school district is unable to obtain the participation of the parent in the resolution meeting after reasonable efforts have been made and documented using the procedures in WAC 392-172A-03100(6), the school district may, at the conclusion of the thirty-day period, request that an administrative law judge dismiss the parent's due process hearing request.
- (e) If the school district fails to hold the resolution meeting within fifteen days as specified in subsection (1) of this section or fails to participate in the resolution meeting, the parent may seek the intervention of an administrative law judge to begin the due process hearing timeline.
- (3) The forty-five day timeline for the due process hearing starts the day after one of the following events:
- (a) Both parties agree in writing to waive the resolution meeting;
- (b) After either the mediation or resolution meeting starts but before the end of the thirty-day period, the parties agree in writing that no agreement is possible;
- (c) If both parties agree in writing to continue the mediation at the end of the thirty-day resolution period, but later, the parent or school district withdraws from the mediation process.
- (4)(a) If a resolution to the dispute is reached at the meeting described in subsection (1)(a) and (b) of this section, the parties must execute a legally binding agreement that is:
- (i) Signed by both the parent and a representative of the school district who has the authority to bind the district; and
- (ii) Enforceable in any state court of competent jurisdiction or in a district court of the United States.
- (b) If the parties execute an agreement pursuant this section, a party may void the agreement within three business days of the agreement's execution.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

WAC 392-172A-05100 Hearing rights. These hearing rights govern both due process hearings conducted pursuant to WAC 392-172A-05080 through 392-172A-05125 and hearings for disciplinary matters conducted pursuant to WAC 392-172A-05160 ((and 392-172A-05165)).

- (1) Any party to a due process hearing has the right to:
- (a) Be represented by counsel and accompanied and advised by individuals with special knowledge or training with respect to the problems of students eligible for special education services;
- (b) Present evidence and confront, cross-examine, and compel the attendance of witnesses;

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- (c) Prohibit the introduction of any evidence at the hearing that has not been disclosed to that party at least five business days before the hearing((; or two business days if the hearing is expedited pursuant to WAC 392-172A-05160));
- (d) Obtain a written, or, at the option of the parents, electronic, verbatim record of the hearing; and
- (e) Obtain written, or, at the option of the parents, electronic findings of fact and decisions.
- (2)(a) At least five business days prior to a due process hearing conducted pursuant to this section, ((or two business days prior to a hearing conducted pursuant to WAC 392-172A-05165,)) each party must disclose to all other parties all evaluations completed by that date and the recommendations based on the offering party's evaluations that the party intends to use at the hearing.
- (b) An administrative law judge may bar any party that fails to comply with (a) of this subsection from introducing the relevant evaluation or recommendation at the hearing without the consent of the other party.
- (3) The party requesting the due process hearing may not raise issues at the due process hearing that were not raised in the due process hearing request unless the other party agrees otherwise.
- (4) Either party may file a separate due process hearing request on an issue separate from a due process hearing request already filed.
- (5) Parents involved in hearings must be given the right to:
- (a) Have the student who is the subject of the hearing present;
 - (b) Open the hearing to the public; and
- (c) Have the record of the hearing and the findings of fact and decisions described in subsection (1)(d) and (e) of this section provided to the parent at no cost.
- (6) To the extent not modified by the hearing procedures addressed in this section, the timelines addressed in WAC 392-172A-05110, and the timelines and procedures for civil actions addressed in WAC 392-172A-05115, the general rules applicable for administrative hearings contained in chapter 10-08 WAC govern the conduct of the due process hearing.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

- WAC 392-172A-05120 Attorneys' fees. (1) In any action or proceeding brought under 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1415 of the act, the court, in its discretion, may award reasonable attorneys' fees as part of the costs to:
- (a) The prevailing party who is the parent of a student eligible or referred for special education <u>services</u>;
- (b) To a prevailing party who is a school district, or OSPI, against the attorney of a parent who files a due process request or subsequent cause of action that is frivolous, unreasonable, or without foundation, or against the attorney of a parent who continued to litigate after the litigation clearly became frivolous, unreasonable, or without foundation; or
- (c) To a prevailing school district or OSPI against the attorney of a parent, or against the parent, if the parent's request for a due process hearing or subsequent cause of

- action was presented for any improper purpose, such as to harass, to cause unnecessary delay, or to needlessly increase the cost of litigation.
- (2)(a) Funds under Part B of the act may not be used to pay attorneys' fees or costs of a party related to any action or proceeding under section 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1415 and 34 C.F.R. Secs. 300.500 through 300.599.
- (b) Subsection (2)(a) of this section does not preclude a school district or OSPI from using funds under Part B of the act for conducting an action or proceeding under 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1415.
- (3)(a) Fees awarded under subsection (1) of this section must be based on rates prevailing in the community in which the action or proceeding arose for the kind and quality of services furnished. No bonus or multiplier may be used in calculating the fees awarded.
- (b) Attorneys' fees may not be awarded and related costs may not be reimbursed in any action or proceeding under 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1415 for services performed after a written offer of settlement to a parent if:
- (i) The offer is made within the time prescribed by Rule 68 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or, in the case of an administrative proceeding, at any time more than ten days before the proceeding begins;
 - (ii) The offer is not accepted within ten days; and
- (iii) The court or administrative law judge finds that the relief finally obtained by the parents is not more favorable to the parents than the offer of settlement.
- (c) Attorneys' fees may not be awarded relating to any meeting of the IEP team unless the meeting is convened as a result of an administrative proceeding or judicial action.
- (i) A resolution session meeting shall not be considered a meeting convened as a result of an administrative hearing or judicial action; or
- (ii) An administrative hearing or judicial action for purposes of this section.
- (4) Notwithstanding subsection (3)(b) of this section an award of attorneys' fees and related costs may be made to a parent who is the prevailing party and who was substantially justified in rejecting the settlement offer.
- (5) Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, the court will reduce, accordingly, the amount of the attorneys' fees awarded under this section if the court finds that:
- (a) The parent, or the parent's attorney, during the course of the action or proceeding, unreasonably protracted the final resolution of the controversy;
- (b) The amount of the attorneys' fees otherwise authorized to be awarded unreasonably exceeds the hourly rate prevailing in the community for similar services by attorneys of reasonably comparable skill, reputation, and experience;
- (c) The time spent and legal services furnished were excessive considering the nature of the action or proceeding; or
- (d) The attorney representing the parent did not provide to the school district the appropriate information in the due process request notice in accordance with WAC 392-172A-06085(2).
- (6) The provisions of subsection (4) of this section do not apply in any action or proceeding if the court finds that the school district unreasonably protracted the final resolution of

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the action or proceeding or there was a violation under the provisions of 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1415.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 16-02-034, filed 12/29/15, effective 1/29/16)

- WAC 392-172A-05125 Student's status during proceedings. (1)(a) Except for due process hearings involving special education discipline procedures, during the pendency of any administrative hearing or judicial proceeding regarding the due process hearing proceedings, the student involved in the hearing request must remain in his or her current educational placement, unless the school district and the parents of the child agree otherwise.
- (b) The student's status during the pendency of any proceedings does not preclude the IEP team from meeting, as needed or as required under this chapter, and updating and implementing the student's IEP, unless those changes are in dispute.
- (2) If the hearing request involves an application for initial admission to public school, the student, with the consent of the parents, must be placed in the public school until the completion of all the proceedings.
- (3) If the hearing request involves an application for initial Part B services for a child who is transitioning from Part C of the act to Part B and is no longer eligible for Part C services because the child has turned three, the school district is not required to provide the Part C services that the child had been receiving. If the student is found eligible for special education and related services and the parent consents to the initial provision of special education and related services, then the school district must provide those special education and related services that are not in dispute between the parent and the school district.
- (4) If the administrative law judge agrees with the student's parents that a change of placement is appropriate, that placement must be treated as an agreement between the school district and the parents for purposes of subsection (1) of this section.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 09-20-053, filed 10/1/09, effective 11/1/09)

- WAC 392-172A-05135 Transfer of parental rights to the student at age of majority. (1) Subject to subsections (4) and (5) of this section, when a student eligible for special education services reaches the age of eighteen or is deemed to have reached the age of majority, consistent with RCW 26.28.010 through 26.28.020:
- (a) The school district shall provide any notices required under this chapter to both the student and the parents; and
- (b) All other rights accorded to parents under the act and this chapter transfer to the student.
- (2) All rights accorded to parents under the act transfer to students at the age of majority who are incarcerated in an adult or juvenile, state, or local correctional institution.
- (3) Whenever a school district transfers rights under this section, it shall notify the student and the parents of the transfer of rights.

- (4) Students who have been determined to be incapacitated pursuant to chapter 11.88 RCW shall be represented by the legal guardian appointed under that chapter.
- (5) Students over the age of eighteen who have not been determined incapacitated under chapter 11.88 RCW, may be certified as unable to provide informed consent or to make educational decisions, and have an educational representative appointed for them pursuant to the following procedures:
- (a) Two separate professionals must state in writing they have conducted a personal examination or interview with the student, the student is incapable of providing informed consent to make educational decisions, and the student has been informed of this decision. The professionals must be:
- (i) A medical doctor licensed in the state where the doctor practices medicine;
- (ii) A physician's assistant whose certification is countersigned by a supervising physician;
 - (iii) A certified nurse practitioner;
 - (iv) A licensed clinical psychologist; or
 - (v) A guardian ad litem appointed for the student.
- (b) When it receives the required written certification, the school district will designate an educational representative from the following list and in the following order of representation:
 - (i) The student's spouse;
 - (ii) The student's parent(s);
- (iii) Another adult relative willing to act as the student's educational representative; or
- (iv) A surrogate educational representative appointed pursuant to and acting in accordance with WAC 392-172A-05130.
- (c) A student shall be certified as unable to provide informed consent pursuant to this section for a period of one year. However, the student, or an adult with a bona fide interest in and knowledge of the student, may challenge the certification at any time. During the pendency of any challenge, the school district may not rely on the educational representative under this section until the educational representative obtains a new certification under the procedures outlined in (a) of this subsection. If a guardianship action is filed on behalf of the student while a certification is in effect, the school district must follow any court orders in the guardianship proceeding regarding the student's capacity.
- (6) Nothing within this section shall prevent a student, who has reached the age of majority, from authorizing another adult to make educational decisions on that student's behalf using a power of attorney consistent with the requirements in chapter ((11.94)) 11.125 RCW.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

WAC 392-172A-05140 Purpose. The purpose of WAC 392-172A-05140 through 392-172A-05175 is to ensure that students eligible for special education services are not improperly excluded from school for disciplinary reasons and are provided services in accordance with WAC 392-172A-05145, 392-172A-05148, and 392-172A-05149. Each school district shall take steps to ensure that each employee, contractor, and other agent is knowledgeable of the disciplinary pro-

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cedures to be followed for students eligible for special education <u>services</u> and students who may be deemed to be eligible for special education <u>services</u>, and knowledgeable of the rules and procedures contained in chapter 392-400 WAC governing discipline for all students.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

WAC 392-172A-05145 Authority of school personnel. (1) School personnel may consider any unique circumstances on a case-by-case basis when determining whether a change in placement, consistent with the other requirements of this section, is appropriate for a student eligible for special education services, who violates a code of student conduct.

- (2)(a) School personnel may remove a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> who violates a code of student conduct from his or her current placement to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting, another setting, or suspension, for not more than ten consecutive school days to the extent those alternatives are applied to students without disabilities under this section, and for additional removals of not more than ten consecutive school days in that same school year for separate incidents of misconduct as long as those removals do not constitute a change of placement under WAC 392-172A-05155.
- (b) A school district is only required to provide services during periods of removal to a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> who has been removed from his or her current placement for ten school days or less in that school year, if it provides services to a student without disabilities who is similarly removed. The services may be provided in an interim alternative educational setting.
- (3) After a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> has been removed from his or her current placement for ten school days in the same school year, and the removal is a change of placement under WAC 392-172A-05155, during any subsequent days of removal the student must continue to receive educational services, that provide a FAPE, so as to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting, and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the student's IEP. The student's IEP team determines appropriate services. The services may be provided in an interim alternative educational setting.
- (4) After a student eligible for special education services has been removed from his or her current placement for ten school days in the same school year, if the current removal is for not more than ten consecutive school days and is not a change of placement under WAC 392-172A-05155, during any subsequent days of removals, school personnel, in consultation with at least one of the student's teachers, determine the extent to which services are needed, to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting, and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the student's IEP. The services may be provided in an interim alternative educational setting.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

WAC 392-172A-05146 Manifestation determination.

- (1) Within ten school days of any decision to change the placement of a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> because of a violation of a code of student conduct, the school district, the parent, and relevant members of the student's IEP team (as determined by the parent and the school district) must review all relevant information in the student's file, including the student's IEP, any teacher observations, and any relevant information provided by the parents to determine:
- (a) If the conduct in question was caused by, or had a direct and substantial relationship to, the student's disability; or
- (b) If the conduct in question was the direct result of the school district's failure to implement the IEP.
- (2) The conduct must be determined to be a manifestation of the student's disability if the school district, the parent, and relevant members of the student's IEP team determine that a condition in subsection (1)(a) or (b) of this section was met.

If the school district, the parent, and relevant members of the student's IEP team determine the conduct was manifestation of the student's disability, the school district must take immediate steps to remedy those deficiencies.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

WAC 392-172A-05148 Conduct is not a manifestation of student's disability. (1) When disciplinary changes in placement exceed ten consecutive school days, and the behavior that gave rise to the violation of the school code is determined not to be a manifestation of the student's disability pursuant to WAC 392-172A-05146, school personnel may apply the relevant disciplinary procedures to students eligible for special education services in the same manner and for the same duration as a district would apply discipline procedures to students without disabilities, except that services shall be provided in accordance with subsection (2) of this section.

- (2) A student who is removed from the student's current placement pursuant to subsection (1) of this section must:
- (a) Continue to receive educational services, that provide a FAPE, so as to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting, and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the student's IEP; and
- (b) Receive, as appropriate when a student's removal is not a manifestation of the student's disability, a functional behavioral assessment, and behavioral intervention services and modifications that are designed to address the behavior violation so that it does not recur.
- (3) The student's IEP team determines appropriate services.
- (4) The services required may be provided in an interim alternative educational setting.
- (5) The student's IEP team determines the interim alternative educational setting.

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AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

WAC 392-172A-05150 Notification of change of placement. On the date on which the decision is made to make a removal that constitutes a change of placement of a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> because of a violation of a code of student conduct, the school district must notify the parents of that decision, and provide the parents the procedural safeguards notice.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

- WAC 392-172A-05155 Change of placement because of disciplinary removals. (1) For purposes of removals of a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> from the student's current educational placement, because of disciplinary removals, a change of placement occurs if:
- (a) The removal is for more than ten consecutive school days; or
- (b) The student has been subjected to a series of removals that constitute a pattern:
- (i) Because the series of removals total more than ten school days in a school year;
- (ii) Because the student's behavior is substantially similar to the student's behavior in previous incidents that resulted in the series of removals; and
- (iii) Because of such additional factors as the length of each removal, the total amount of time the student has been removed, and the proximity of the removals to one another.
- (2) The school district determines on a case-by-case basis whether a pattern of removals constitutes a change of placement.
- (3) The determination regarding a disciplinary change of placement is subject to review through due process and judicial proceedings.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

- WAC 392-172A-05160 Appeal of placement decisions and manifestation determinations. (1) The parent of a student eligible for special education services who disagrees with any decision regarding placement under WAC 392-172A-05145 and 392-172A-05155, or the manifestation determination under WAC 392-172A-05146, or a school district that believes that maintaining the current placement of the student is substantially likely to result in injury to the student or others, may appeal the decision by requesting a due process hearing. The hearing is requested by filing a due process hearing request pursuant to WAC 392-172A-05080 and 392-172A-05085.
- (2)(a) An administrative law judge under WAC 392-172A-05095 hears, and makes a determination regarding an appeal under subsection (1) of this section.
- (b) In making the determination under (a) of this subsection, the administrative law judge may:
- (i) Return the student to the placement from which the student was removed if the administrative law judge determines that the removal was a violation of WAC 392-172A-

- 05145 through 392-172A-05155 or that the student's behavior was a manifestation of the student's disability; or
- (ii) Order a change of placement of the student to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for not more than forty-five school days if the administrative law judge determines that maintaining the current placement of the student is substantially likely to result in injury to the student or to others.
- (c) The procedures under subsection (1) of this section and (b) of this subsection may be repeated, if the school district believes that returning the student to the original placement is substantially likely to result in injury to the student or to others.
- (3) Whenever a hearing is requested under subsection (1) of this section, the parents and the school district involved in the dispute must have an opportunity for an impartial due process hearing consistent with the requirements of WAC 392-172A-05080 through 392-172A-05090 and 392-172A-05100 through 392-172A-05110, except:
- (a) The due process hearing must be expedited, and must occur within twenty school days of the date the due process hearing request is filed. The administrative law judge must make a determination within ten school days after the hearing.
- (b) Unless the parents and school district agree in writing to waive the resolution meeting described in (b)(i) of this subsection, or agree to use the mediation process:
- (i) A resolution meeting must occur within seven days of ((receiving notice of)) the date the due process hearing request is filed; and
- (ii) The due process hearing may proceed unless the matter has been resolved to the satisfaction of both parties within fifteen days of the ((receipt of)) date the due process hearing request is filed.
- (4) The administrative hearing decisions on expedited due process hearings may be appealed, by initiating a civil action consistent with WAC 392-172A-05115.

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

- WAC 392-172A-05170 Protections for students not determined eligible for special education and related services. (1) A student who has not been determined to be eligible for special education and related services under this chapter and who has engaged in behavior that violated a code of student conduct, may assert any of the protections provided for in this chapter if the school district had knowledge as determined in accordance with subsection (2) of this section that the student was a student eligible for special education services before the behavior that precipitated the disciplinary action occurred.
- (2) Basis of knowledge. A school district must be deemed to have knowledge that a student is eligible for special education <u>services</u> if before the behavior that precipitated the disciplinary action occurred:
- (a) The parent of the student expressed concern in writing to supervisory or administrative personnel of the appropriate educational agency, or a teacher of the student, that the student is in need of special education and related services;

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- (b) The parent of the student requested an evaluation of the student pursuant to WAC 392-172A-03005; or
- (c) The teacher of the student, or other personnel of the school district, expressed specific concerns about a pattern of behavior demonstrated by the student directly to the director of special education or to other supervisory personnel of the school district.
- (3) A school district would not be deemed to have knowledge under subsection (2) of this section if:
 - (a) The parent of the student:
- (i) Has not allowed an evaluation of the student pursuant to WAC 392-172A-03000 through 392-172A-03080; or
 - (ii) Has refused services under this chapter; or
- (b) The student has been evaluated in accordance with WAC 392-172A-03005 through 392-172A-03080 and determined to not be eligible for special education and related services under this part.
- (4)(a) If a school district does not have knowledge that a student is eligible for special education <u>services</u> prior to taking disciplinary measures against the student, the student may be disciplined using the same disciplinary measures applied to students without disabilities who engage in comparable behaviors consistent with (b) of this subsection.
- (b)(i) If a request is made for an evaluation of a student during the time period in which the student is subjected to disciplinary measures under WAC 392-172A-05145, 392-172A-05148, or 392-172A-05149 the evaluation must be conducted in an expedited manner.
- (ii) Until the evaluation is completed, the student remains in the educational placement determined by school authorities, which can include suspension or expulsion.
- (iii) If the student is determined to be eligible for special education services, taking into consideration information from the evaluation conducted by the school district and information provided by the parents, the agency must provide special education and related services in accordance with this chapter and follow the discipline requirements, including the provision of a free appropriate public education for students suspended or expelled from school.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-05175 Referral to and action by law enforcement and judicial authorities. (1) Nothing in this chapter prohibits a school district or other agency from reporting a crime committed by a student to appropriate authorities or prevents state law enforcement and judicial authorities from exercising their responsibilities with regard to the application of federal and state law to crimes committed by a student eligible for special education services.

(2) An agency reporting a crime committed by a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> must ensure that copies of the special education and disciplinary records of the student are transmitted for consideration by the appropriate authorities to whom the agency reports the crime, to the extent that the transmission is permitted by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

- WAC 392-172A-05185 Notice to parents. (1) Parents of students eligible for special education <u>services</u> have rights regarding the protection of the confidentiality of any personally identifiable information collected, used, or maintained under WAC 392-172A-05180 through 392-172A-05240, the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, state laws contained in Title 28A RCW that address personally identifiable information, regulations implementing state law, and Part B of IDEA.
- (2) State forms, procedural safeguards and parent handbooks regarding special education <u>services</u> are available in multiple languages, and alternate formats upon request.
- (3) Personally identifiable information about students for use by the OSPI((5)) special education ((section)) division, may be contained in state complaints, due process hearing requests and decisions, monitoring, safety net applications, and mediation agreements. The state may also receive personally identifiable information as a result of grant evaluation performance. This information is removed before forwarding information to other agencies or individuals requesting the information, unless the parent or adult student consents to release the information or the information is allowed to be released without parent consent under the regulations implementing the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 34 C.F.R. Part 99.
- (4) School districts are responsible for child find activities for students who may be eligible for special education services. If the state were to conduct any major identification, location, or evaluation activity, the state would publish notices in newspapers with circulation adequate to notify parents throughout the state of the activity, notify school districts and post information on its website.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-05190 Access rights. (1) Each participating agency shall permit parents of students eligible for special education services to inspect and review, during school business hours, any educational records relating to the student which are collected, maintained, or used by the district or other public agency under this chapter. The school district shall comply with a request promptly and before any meeting regarding an individualized education program or hearing or resolution session relating to the identification, evaluation, educational placement of the student or provision of FAPE to the student, including disciplinary proceedings. The school district shall respond, in no case, more than forty-five calendar days after the request has been made.

- (2) The right to inspect and review educational records under this section includes:
- (a) The right to a response from the school district to reasonable requests for explanations and interpretations of the records:
- (b) The right to request that the school district provide copies of the records containing the information if failure to provide those copies would effectively prevent the parent

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from exercising the right to inspect and review the records; and

- (c) The right to have a representative of the parent or adult student inspect and review records.
- (3) A participating agency may presume that a parent has authority to inspect and review records relating to his or her student unless the school district or other public agency has been advised that the parent does not have the authority under applicable state law governing such matters as guardianship, separation, and divorce.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-05245 District procedures for confidential information. (1) School districts must ensure that their policies and procedures for protection of confidential information comply with WAC 392-172A-05180 through 392-172A-05240.

- (2) OSPI reviews compliance through targeted monitoring activities, and state complaints.
- (3) If school districts do not have procedures in place that comply with subsection (1) of this section, OSPI will require the school district to correct noncompliance through corrective actions that include, but are not limited to:
 - (a) Review and revision of district procedures; and
 - (b) Technical assistance.
- (4) To the extent that any violations that exist under this section are also violations under 34 C.F.R. Part 99, complaints regarding a participating agency's failure to comply may be addressed to the <u>United States</u> Department of Education, Family Policy Compliance Office.

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

WAC 392-172A-06000 Condition of assistance. As a condition of receipt and expenditure of federal special education funds, a school district or other public agency shall annually submit a request for federal funds to the OSPI, and conduct its special education and related services program in compliance with the requirements of this chapter. The request shall be made through an application that includes, but is not limited to, the following assurances and types of information:

- (1) Assurances that: The school district or other public agency meets each of the conditions contained in 34 C.F.R. 300.201 through 300.213 relating to:
- (a) Development of policies and procedures consistent with this chapter and Part B of the act;
 - (b) The provision of FAPE to students;
- (c) Child find requirements for students, including evaluations:
 - (d) Development of an IEP;
- (e) The provision of services in the least restrictive environment, and the availability of a continuum of services, including access to extracurricular and nonacademic activities:
- (f) The provision of procedural safeguard protections and implementation of the procedural safeguards notices;
 - (g) Confidentiality of records and information;
 - (h) Transition of children from Part C to Part B services;

- (i) Participation of students enrolled in private school programs, using a proportional share of Part B funds;
- (j) Placement of students in private school programs to provide FAPE or placement of students in private school programs by their parents when FAPE is at issue;
 - (k) Use of funds;
 - (1) Personnel preparation;
- (m) Availability of documents relating to the eligibility of the school district;
- (n) Provision to OSPI of all necessary information and data for the state's performance goals;
- (o) Provision of instructional materials to blind persons or persons with print disabilities;
 - (p) Timely correction of noncompliance; and
- (q) A goal and detailed timetable for providing full educational opportunity to all ((special education)) students eligible for special education services.
- (2) Identification of the school district designee responsible for child identification activities and confidentiality of information.
- (3) Information that addresses the school district's progress or slippage in meeting the state's performance goals and in addressing the state's annual performance plan.
- (4) A description of the use of funds received under Part B of the act.
- (5) Any other information requested by the OSPI which is necessary for the management of the special education program, including compliance with enforcement activities related to monitoring, due process, ((eitizen)) community complaints, or determinations status.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 09-20-053, filed 10/1/09, effective 11/1/09)

WAC 392-172A-06005 Consistency with state policies. The school district or other public agency, in providing for the education of students eligible for special education services must have in effect policies, procedures, and programs that are consistent with the state policies and procedures established in this chapter.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-06010 School district use of funds. (1) Part B funds provided to school districts:

- (a) Must be expended in accordance with the applicable provisions of this chapter;
- (b) Must be used only to pay the excess costs of providing special education and related services to <u>students eligible</u> <u>for</u> special education ((<u>students</u>)) <u>services</u>, consistent with this chapter; and
- (c) Must be used to supplement state, local and other federal funds and not to supplant those funds.
- (2) The excess cost requirement prevents a school district from using funds provided under Part B of the act to pay for all of the costs directly attributable to the education of a student eligible for special education <u>services</u>.
- (3)(a) A school district meets the excess cost requirement if it has spent at least a minimum average amount for

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the education of its students eligible for special education <u>services</u> before funds under Part B of the act are used.

- (b) The excess cost amount is determined in accordance with the definition of excess costs in WAC 392-172A-01075. That amount may not include capital outlay or debt service.
- (4) If two or more school districts jointly establish eligibility in accordance with WAC 392-172A-06075 and 392-172A-06080, the minimum average amount is the average of the combined minimum average amounts determined in accordance with the definition of excess costs in those school districts for elementary or secondary school students, as the case may be.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 15-18-077, filed 8/28/15, effective 9/28/15)

WAC 392-172A-06015 Maintenance of effort. (1)(a) Eligibility standard. For purposes of establishing the school district's eligibility for an award for a fiscal year, the OSPI must determine that the school district budgets, for the education of students eligible for special education <u>services</u>, at least the same amount, from at least one of the following sources, as the school district spent for that purpose from the same source for the most recent fiscal year for which information is available:

- (i) Local funds only;
- (ii) The combination of state and local funds;
- (iii) Local funds only on a per capita basis; or
- (iv) The combination of state and local funds on a per capita basis.
- (b) When determining the amount of funds that the school district must budget to meet the requirement in (a) of this subsection, the school district may take into consideration, to the extent the information is available, the exceptions and adjustment provided in WAC 392-172A-06020 and 392-172A-06025 that the school district:
- (i) Took in the intervening year or years between the most recent fiscal year for which information is available and the fiscal year for which the school district is budgeting; and
- (ii) Reasonably expects to take in the fiscal year for which the school district is budgeting.
- (c) Expenditures made from funds provided by the federal government for which the OSPI is required to account to the federal government or for which the school district is required to account to the federal government directly or through the OSPI may not be considered in determining whether a school district meets the standard in (a) of this subsection.
- (2)(a) Compliance standard. Except as provided under WAC 392-172A-06020 and 392-172A-06025, funds provided to school districts or other public agencies under Part B of the IDEA may not be used to reduce the level of expenditures for the education of students eligible for special education services made by it from local funds below the level of those expenditures for the preceding fiscal year.
- (b) A school district meets this standard if it does not reduce the level of expenditures made by the school district for the education of students eligible for special education services from at least one of the following sources below the level of those expenditures from the same source for the pre-

ceding year except as provided under WAC 392-172A-06020 and 392-172A-06025:

- (i) Local funds only.
- (ii) The combination of state and local funds.
- (iii) Local funds only on a per capita basis; or
- (iv) The combination of state and local funds on a per capita basis.
- (c) The OSPI may not consider any expenditures made from funds provided by the federal government for which the OSPI is required to account to the federal government or for which the school district is required to account to the federal government directly or through the OSPI in determining a school district's compliance with the requirement in subsection (1)(a) and (b) of this section.
- (3)(a) Subsequent years. If, in the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2013, or July 1, 2014, a school district fails to meet the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 300.203 in effect at that time, the level of expenditures required of the school district for the fiscal year subsequent to the year of the failure is the amount that would have been required in the absence of that failure, not the school district's reduced levels of expenditures.
- (b) If, in any fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2015, a school district fails to meet the requirement of subsection (1)(a)(i) or (iii) of this section and the school district is relying on local funds only, or local funds only on a per capita basis, to meet the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 203 (a) and (b), the level of expenditures required of the school district for the fiscal year subsequent to the year of the failure is the amount that would have been required under subsection (1)(a)(i) or (iii) of this section in the absence of that failure, not the school district's reduced level of expenditures.
- (c) If, in any fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2015, a school district fails to meet the requirement of subsection (1)(a)(ii) or (iv) of this section and the school district is relying on the combination of state and local funds or the combination of state and local funds on a per capita basis, to meet the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 203 (a) and (b), the level of expenditures required of the school district for the fiscal year subsequent to the year of the failure is the amount that would have been required under subsection (1)(a)(ii) or (iv) of this section in the absence of that failure, not the school district's reduced level of expenditures.
- (4) If a school district fails to maintain its level of expenditures for the education of student's eligible for special education <u>services</u> in accordance with subsection (1) of this section, OSPI is liable in a recovery action under 20 U.S.C. 1234a to return to the United States Department of Education, using nonfederal funds, an amount equal to the amount by which the school district failed to maintain its level of expenditures in accordance with this subsection (1) of this section in that fiscal year, or the amount of the school district's Part B subgrant, in that fiscal year, whichever is lower.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

WAC 392-172A-06020 Exception to maintenance of effort. A school district or other public agency may reduce the level of expenditures made by it under Part B of the IDEA

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below the level of those expenditures for the preceding fiscal year if the reduction is attributable to:

- (1) The voluntary departure, by retirement or otherwise, or departure for just cause, of special education or related services personnel;
- (2) A decrease in the enrollment of students eligible for special education <u>services</u>;
- (3) The termination of the obligation of the district or agency, consistent with this chapter, to provide a program of special education <u>services</u> to a particular student that is an exceptionally costly program as determined by the state, because the student:
 - (a) Has left the jurisdiction of the district or agency;
- (b) Has reached the age at which the obligation of the district or agency to provide a free appropriate public education to the student has terminated; or
- (c) No longer needs the program of special education services.
- (4) The termination of costly expenditures for long-term purchases such as the acquisition of equipment or the construction of school facilities.
- (5) The assumption of costs by the high needs safety net fund operated by the OSPI.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

- WAC 392-172A-06030 School wide programs under Title 1 of the ESSA. (1) A school district may use funds received under Part B of the act for any fiscal year to carry out a school wide program under 20 U.S.C. Section 6314, except that the amount used in any school wide program may not exceed:
- (a) The amount received by the school district under Part B for that fiscal year; divided by the number of students eligible for special education <u>services</u> in the jurisdiction; multiplied by
- (b) The number of students eligible for special education <u>services</u> participating in the school wide program.
- (2) The funds described in subsection (1) of this section may be used without regard to WAC 392-172A-06010 (1)(a).
- (3) The funds described in subsection (1) of this section must be considered as federal Part B funds for purposes of the calculations in WAC 392-172A-06015(2).
- (4) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, all other requirements of Part B must be met, including ensuring that students eligible for special education <u>services</u> in school wide program schools:
- (a) Receive services in accordance with a properly developed IEP; and
- (b) Are afforded all of the rights and services guaranteed to students eligible for special education <u>services</u> under the IDEA.

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-06035 Permissive use of funds. (1) Funds provided to a school district under Part B of the act may be used for the following activities:

- (a) For the costs of special education and related services, and supplementary aids and services, provided in a general education class or other education-related setting to a ((special education)) student eligible for special education services in accordance with the IEP of the student, even if one or more nondisabled students benefit from these services.
- (b) To develop and implement coordinated, early intervening educational services in accordance with WAC 392-172A-06085.
- (c) To establish and implement cost or risk sharing funds, consortia, or cooperatives for the school district itself, or for school districts working in a consortium of which the district is a part, to pay for high cost special education and related services.
- (2) A school district may use funds received under Part B of the act to purchase appropriate technology for recordkeeping, data collection, and related case management activities of teachers and related services personnel providing services described in the IEP of students eligible for special education services, that are needed for the implementation of those case management activities.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

- WAC 392-172A-06040 Purchase of and access to instructional materials. The OSPI has elected to coordinate with the National Instructional Materials Access Center (NIMAC). School districts have the option of coordinating with NIMAC.
- (1) Not later than December 3, 2006, a school district that chooses to coordinate with NIMAC, when purchasing print instructional materials, including digital instructional materials, must acquire those instructional materials in accordance with subsection (2) of this section.
- (2) If a school district chooses to coordinate with the NIMAC, as of December 3, 2006, it must:
- (a) As part of any print instructional materials adoption process, procurement contract, or other practice or instrument used for purchase of print instructional materials, must enter into a written contract with the publisher of the print instructional materials to:
- (i) Require the publisher to prepare and, on or before delivery of the print instructional materials, provide to NIMAC electronic files containing the contents of the print instructional materials using the NIMAS; or
- (ii) Purchase instructional materials from the publisher that are produced in, or may be rendered in, specialized formats.
- (b) Make all reasonable attempts to provide instructional materials to blind persons or other persons with print disabilities in a timely manner.
- (c) In carrying out this section, the school district, to the maximum extent possible, must work with the state instructional resources center.
 - (3) For the purposes of this section:
- (a) Blind persons or other persons with print disabilities means students served under this part who may qualify to receive books and other publications produced in specialized formats in accordance with the act entitled "An Act to pro-

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vide books for adult blind," approved March 3, 1931, 2 U.S.C. 135a:

- (b) National Instructional Materials Access Center or NIMAC means the center established pursuant to section 674(e) of the act;
- (c) National Instructional Materials Accessibility Standard or NIMAS has the meaning given the term in section 674 (e)(3)(B) of the act;
- (d) Specialized formats has the meaning given the term in section 674 (e)(3)(D) of the act.
- (4) The definitions in subsection (3) of this section apply to each school district, whether or not the school district chooses to coordinate with the NIMAC.
- (5) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a school district to coordinate with the NIMAC.
- (6) If a school district chooses not to coordinate with the NIMAC, the school district must provide an assurance to the OSPI that the school district will provide instructional materials to blind persons or other persons with print disabilities by other means in a timely manner.
- (7) Nothing in this section relieves a school district of its responsibility to ensure that students eligible for special education <u>services</u> who need instructional materials in accessible formats but are not included under the definition of blind or other persons with print disabilities or who need materials that cannot be produced from NIMAS files, receive those instructional materials in a timely manner.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

WAC 392-172A-06045 School district information for the OSPI. (1) The school district must provide the OSPI with information that is necessary to enable the OSPI to carry out its duties under Part B of the act and state law((5)) including, but not limited to child count, least restrictive environment, suspension and expulsion rates, disproportionality, and other information relating to the performance of students eligible for special education services participating in programs carried out under Part B of the act.

(2) The information will be provided to the OSPI in the form and by the timelines specified for a particular report.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

WAC 392-172A-06050 Public information. The school district must make available to parents of students eligible for special education <u>services</u> and to the general public all documents relating to the eligibility of the school district under Part B of the act.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

WAC 392-172A-06055 Records regarding migratory students eligible for special education services. The school district must cooperate in the secretary's efforts under 20 U.S.C. Section 6398 to ensure the linkage of records pertaining to migratory students eligible for special education services for the purpose of electronically exchanging, among the

states, health and educational information regarding those students.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

WAC 392-172A-06065 Notification of a school district in case of ineligibility. (1) In the event the OSPI determines that a school district is not eligible under Part B of the act, or is not complying with corrective actions as a result of monitoring, state complaints, or due process decisions and the OSPI intends to withhold or recover funds in whole or in part, the school district shall be provided:

- (a) Written notice of intent to withhold or recover funds and the reasons supporting its notice;
- (b) The school district's opportunity for a hearing before the superintendent of public instruction's designee prior to a denial of the request.
- (2) The OSPI shall provide an opportunity for a hearing before ((the)) it disapproves the request in accordance with the following procedures:
- (a) The applicant shall request the hearing within thirty days of receiving notice of the action of the OSPI.
- (b) Within thirty days after it receives a request, the OSPI shall hold a hearing to review its action. At the hearing, the district shall have the opportunity to provide the superintendent's designee with documentary evidence demonstrating that the OSPI erred in reaching its determination.
- (c) The superintendent's designee shall consider any new evidence provided and respond in writing to the school district within thirty days, by affirming the initial determination, rescinding its initial determination, or issuing a revised determination.
- (d) If the district remains unsatisfied with the OSPI's determination, it may file an appeal of OSPI's determination with the office of administrative hearings within thirty days of receiving OSPI's final determination. Procedures for filing an appeal of a determination under this section shall be in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW and chapter 10-08 WAC.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

WAC 392-172A-06075 Collaborative requests. (1) The OSPI may require districts to submit a collaborative request for payments under Part B of the act if it is determined that a single district would be disapproved because the district is unable to establish and maintain programs of sufficient size and scope to effectively meet the educational needs of students eligible for special education <u>services</u>. Districts that apply for Part B funds in a collaborative request must meet the same minimum requirements as a single school district applicant. The request must be signed by the superintendent of each participating school district. The districts are jointly responsible for implementing programs receiving payments under Part B of the act. The total amount of funds made available to the affected school districts will be equal to the sum each would have received separately.

(2) The OSPI may not require a charter school to jointly establish its eligibility under subsection (1) of this section

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unless the charter school is explicitly permitted to do so under chapter 28A.710 RCW.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 09-20-053, filed 10/1/09, effective 11/1/09)

WAC 392-172A-06085 Coordinated early intervening services. (1) A school district may ((not use more than)) use up to fifteen percent of the amount the school district receives under Part B of the act for any fiscal year, less any amount reduced by the school district pursuant to WAC 392-172A-06015 if any, in combination with other amounts (which may include amounts other than education funds), to develop and implement coordinated early intervening services (CEIS), which may include interagency financing structures. Those services are for students in kindergarten through grade twelve, with a particular emphasis on students in kindergarten through grade three, who are not currently identified as needing special education or related services, but who need additional academic and behavioral support to succeed in a general education environment.

- (2) In implementing coordinated early intervening services under this section, a school district may carry out activities that include:
- (a) Professional development, which may be provided by entities other than the school district, for teachers and other school staff to enable such personnel to deliver scientifically based academic and behavioral interventions, including scientifically based literacy instruction, and, where appropriate, instruction on the use of adaptive and instructional software; and
- (b) Providing educational and behavioral evaluations, services, and supports, including scientifically based literacy instruction.
- (3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to either limit or create a right to FAPE under Part B of the act or to delay appropriate evaluation of a student suspected of having a disability.
- (4) Each school district that ((develops and maintains)) implements coordinated early intervening services under this section must annually report to the OSPI on:
- (a) The number of students served under this section who received coordinated early intervening services; and
- (b) The number of students served under this section who received coordinated early intervening services and later ((receive)) received special education and related services within the following two year period.
- (5) Funds made available to carry out this section may be used to carry out coordinated early intervening services aligned with activities funded by, and carried out under the ESEA if those funds are used to supplement, and not supplant, funds made available under the ESEA for the activities and services assisted under this section.
- (6) Districts who have been ((determined to have)) identified as having significant disproportionality will be required to reserve the maximum amount of fifteen percent of its Part B funds to develop and implement comprehensive coordinated early intervening ((funds)) services (CCEIS) for students, in accordance with WAC 392-172A-07040.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-06090 Direct services by the OSPI. (1) OSPI must use the payments that would otherwise have been available to a school district to provide special education and related services directly to students elicible for special

tion and related services directly to students eligible for special education <u>services</u> in the area served by that school district, if the OSPI determines that the school district:

- (a) Has not provided the information needed to establish the eligibility of the school district, or elected not to apply for its Part B allotment, under Part B of the act;
- (b) Is unable to establish and maintain programs of FAPE that meet the requirements of this part;
- (c) Is unable or unwilling to be consolidated with one or more school districts in order to establish and maintain the programs; or
- (d) Has one or more students eligible for special education <u>services</u> who can best be served by a regional or state program or service delivery system designed to meet the needs of these students.
- (2)(a) In meeting the requirements in subsection (1) of this section, the OSPI may provide special education and related services directly, by contract, or through other arrangements.
- (b) The excess cost requirements of WAC 392-172A-01075 do not apply to the OSPI.
- (3) The OSPI may provide special education and related services in the manner and at the location as the OSPI considers appropriate. The education and services must be provided in accordance with this chapter.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

WAC 392-172A-07000 Methods of ensuring services.

- (1) The OSPI must ensure that an interagency agreement or other mechanism for interagency coordination is in effect between each noneducational public agency described in this section and the OSPI, in order to ensure that all services that are needed to ensure FAPE are provided, including the provision of these services during the pendency of any dispute under (c) of this subsection. The agreement or mechanism shall contain:
- (a) An identification of, or a method of defining, the financial responsibility of each agency for providing services to ensure FAPE to students eligible for special education <u>services</u>. The financial responsibility of each noneducational public agency, including the state medicaid agency and other public insurers of students eligible for special education <u>services</u>, must precede the financial responsibility of the school district.
- (b) The conditions, terms, and procedures under which a school district must be reimbursed by other agencies.
- (c) Procedures for resolving interagency disputes (including procedures under which school districts may initiate proceedings) under the agreement or other mechanism to secure reimbursement from other agencies or otherwise implement the provisions of the agreement or mechanism.
- (d) Policies and procedures for agencies to determine and identify the interagency coordination responsibilities of

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each agency to promote the coordination and timely and appropriate delivery of services described in subsection (2)(a) of this section.

- (2)(a) If any public agency other than an educational agency is otherwise obligated under federal or state law, or assigned responsibility under state policy or pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, to provide or pay for any services that are also considered special education or related services such as, but not limited to, assistive technology devices and services, related services, whether provided as specially designed instruction or related services; supplementary aids and services, and transition services that are necessary for ensuring FAPE to students eligible for special education services, the noneducational public agency must fulfill that obligation or responsibility, either directly or through contract or other arrangement pursuant to subsection (1) of this section.
- (b) A noneducational public agency described in subsections (1)(a) and (2) of this section may not disqualify an eligible service for medicaid reimbursement because that service is provided in a school context.
- (c) If a noneducational public agency other than a school district fails to provide or pay for the special education and related services described in (a) of this subsection, the school district developing the student's IEP must provide or pay for these services to the student in a timely manner. The school district is authorized to claim reimbursement for the services from the noneducational public agency that failed to provide or pay for these services and that agency must reimburse the school district or state agency in accordance with the terms of the interagency agreement or other mechanism described in subsection (1) of this section.
- (3) The requirements of subsection (1) of this section may be met through:
 - (a) State statute or regulation;
- (b) Signed agreements between respective agency officials that clearly identify the responsibilities of each agency relating to the provision of services; or
- (c) Other appropriate written methods determined by the superintendent of the office of public instruction.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

WAC 392-172A-07005 Students eligible for special education services who are covered by public benefits or insurance or private insurance. (1) A school district may use the medicaid or other public benefits or insurance programs in which a student participates to provide or pay for services required under Part B of the act, as permitted under the public benefits or insurance program, except as provided under subsection (2) of this section.

- (2) With regard to services required to provide FAPE to an eligible student, the school district:
- (a) May not require parents to sign up for or enroll in public benefits or insurance programs in order for their student to receive FAPE under Part B of the act;
- (b) May not require parents to incur an out-of-pocket expense such as the payment of a deductible or co-pay amount incurred in filing a claim for services provided pursu-

ant to this part, but may pay the cost that the parents otherwise would be required to pay;

- (c) May not use a student's benefits under a public benefits or insurance program if that use would:
- (i) Decrease available lifetime coverage or any other insured benefit;
- (ii) Result in the family paying for services that would otherwise be covered by the public benefits or insurance program and that are required for the student outside of the time the student is in school;
- (iii) Increase premiums or lead to the discontinuation of benefits or insurance; or
- (iv) Risk loss of eligibility for home and communitybased waivers, based on aggregate health-related expenditures; and
- (d) Prior to accessing a student's or parent's public benefits or insurance for the first time, and after providing notification to the student's parents consistent with subsection (3) of this section, the school district must obtain written, parental consent that:
- (i) Meets the requirements of 34 C.F.R. Sec. 99.30 and WAC 392-172A-05225, which consent must specify:
- (A) The personally identifiable information that may be disclosed, such as records or information about the services that may be provided to a particular student;
- (B) The purpose of the disclosure, such as billing for services under the act; and
- (C) The agency to which the disclosure may be made such as the health care authority; and
- (ii) Specifies that the parent understands and agrees that the public agency may access the parent's or student's public benefits or insurance to pay for services under the act.
- (3) Prior to accessing a student's or parent's public benefits or insurance for the first time, and annually thereafter, the school district must provide written notification, consistent with WAC 392-172A-05010(3) to the student's parents, that includes:
- (a) A statement of the parental consent provisions in subsection (2)(d)(i) of this section;
- (b) A statement of the "no cost" provisions in subsection (2)(b) and (c) of this section;
- (c) A statement that the parents have the right under 34 C.F.R. Part 99 and WAC 392-172A-05225 to withdraw their consent to disclosure of their child's personally identifiable information to the agency responsible for the administration of the state's public benefits or insurance program at any time; and
- (d) A statement that the withdrawal of consent or refusal to provide consent under 34 C.F.R. Part 99 and WAC 392-172A-05225 to disclose personally identifiable information to the agency responsible for the administration of the state's public benefits or insurance program does not relieve the school district of its responsibility to ensure that all required services are provided at no cost to the parents.
- (4) With regard to services required to provide FAPE to an eligible student under this part, a school district may access the parents' private insurance proceeds only if the parents provide consent. Each time the public agency proposes to access the parents' private insurance proceeds, the school district must:

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- (a) Obtain parental consent; and
- (b) Inform the parents that their refusal to permit the public agency to access their private insurance does not relieve the school district of its responsibility to ensure that all required services are provided at no cost to the parents.
- (5)(a) If a school district is unable to obtain parental consent to use the parents' private insurance, or public benefits or insurance when the parents would incur a cost for a specified service required under this part, to ensure FAPE the public agency may use its Part B funds to pay for the service.
- (b) To avoid financial cost to parents who otherwise would consent to use private insurance, or public benefits or insurance if the parents would incur a cost, the school district may use its Part B funds to pay the cost that the parents otherwise would have to pay to use the parents' benefits or insurance such as deductible or co-pay amounts.
- (6) Proceeds from public benefits or insurance or private insurance will not be treated as program income for purposes of 34 C.F.R. 80.25.
- (7) If a school district spends reimbursements from federal funds such as medicaid, for services under this part, those funds will not be considered state or local funds for purposes of the maintenance of effort provisions.
- (8) Nothing in this part should be construed to alter the requirements imposed on a state medicaid agency, or any other agency administering a public benefits or insurance program by federal statute, regulations or policy under Title XIX, or Title XXI of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Secs. 1396 through 1396v and 42 U.S.C. Secs. 1397aa through 1397jj, or any other public benefits or insurance program.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

WAC 392-172A-07010 Monitoring. (1) The OSPI monitors school districts' special education programs to:

- (a) Improve educational results and functional outcomes for all students eligible for special education <u>services</u>;
- (b) Ensure that school districts meet the program requirements under Part B of the act with a particular emphasis on those requirements that are most closely related to improving educational results for students eligible for special education services;
- (c) Determine the school district's compliance with this chapter, chapter 28A.155 RCW, and federal regulations implementing 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400, et seq.;
- (d) Validate information included in school district requests for federal funds; and
- (e) Measure and report school district performance on relative targets and priorities from federally approved state performance plans.
- (2) Procedures for monitoring school districts and other public agencies may include any or all of the following:
- (a) ((Collection, review, and analysis of quantitative and qualitative data and other information;
- (b) Conduct of)) Conducting on-site visits, off-site desk reviews, and/or district self-assessments;
- (((e))) (b) Collection, review, and analysis of such ((quantifiable)) <u>quantitative</u> and qualitative data and ((indica

- tors as are needed)) other information as OSPI determines necessary to measure performance in the following areas:
- (i) Provision of a FAPE in the least restrictive environment;
- (ii) State exercise of general supervision, including child find, effective monitoring, and the use of resolution meetings, mediation, and a system of transition services; and
- (iii) ((Disproportionate representation of racial and ethnic groups in special education and related services to the extent the representation is the result of inappropriate identification.)) Racial and ethnic disproportionality with regard to the identification, placement, or discipline of students receiving special education services.
- (3) As part of the monitoring process, a notification of identified noncompliance shall be issued to the school district. This notification will initiate a process of correction((s)), verification, and validation to ensure that the noncompliance is corrected as soon as possible, but no later than one year from the identification of noncompliance. If noncompliance is systemic in nature, a systemic corrective action plan ((is)) may be required.
- (4) If the school district does not timely address compliance with corrective actions, the OSPI shall institute procedures to ensure compliance with applicable state and federal rules and priorities and targets from the state performance plan. Such procedures may include one or more of the following:
- (a) Verification visits by the OSPI staff, or its designee, to:
- (i) Determine whether the school district is taking the required corrective action(s); and/or
- (ii) Provide any necessary technical assistance to the school district or other public agency in its efforts to comply.
- (b) Withhold, in whole or part, a specified amount of state and/or federal special education funds, to address non-compliance.
 - (c) Request assistance from the state auditor's office.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

- WAC 392-172A-07012 Determinations. (1) The OSPI annually reviews the data it obtains from school districts through monitoring, submission of other required data reports, required by the district, and other public information provided by the district. Based on the data and information provided, OSPI determines if the school district:
- (a) Meets the requirements and purposes of Part B of the act;
- (b) Needs assistance in implementing the requirements of Part B of the act;
- (c) Needs intervention in implementing the requirements of Part B of the act; or
- (d) Needs substantial intervention in implementing the requirements of Part B of the act.
- (2) If the OSPI determines, for two <u>or more</u> consecutive years, that a district needs assistance in implementing the OSPI's annual performance requirements, OSPI will advise the district of available sources of technical assistance that may help the district address the areas in which the district

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needs assistance, which may include assistance from the OSPI, office of special education programs, other offices of the <u>United States Department of Education</u>, other federal agencies, technical assistance providers approved by the <u>Department of Education</u>, and other federally or state funded nonprofit agencies, and require the district to work with appropriate entities. Such technical assistance may include:

- (a) The provision of advice by experts to address the areas in which the district needs assistance, including explicit plans for addressing the areas of concern within a specified period of time;
- (b) Assistance in identifying and implementing professional development, instructional strategies, and methods of instruction that are based on scientifically based research;
- (c) Designating and using distinguished superintendents, principals, special education administrators, special education teachers, and other teachers to provide advice, technical assistance, and support; and
- (d) Devising additional approaches to providing technical assistance, such as collaborating with institutions of higher education, educational service districts, national centers of technical assistance, and private providers of scientifically based technical assistance.
- (3) If the OSPI determines, for three or more consecutive years, that a district needs intervention in implementing the OSPI's annual performance requirements, OSPI may take actions described under subsection (2) of this section and will take one or more of the following actions:
- (a) Require the district to prepare a corrective action plan or improvement plan if the OSPI determines that the district should be able to correct the problem within one year;
- (b) Withhold, in whole or in part, any further payments to the district under Part B of the act;
- (4) Notwithstanding subsection((s)) (2) or (3) of this section, at any time that the OSPI determines that a district needs substantial intervention in implementing the requirements of Part B of the act or that there is a substantial failure to comply with any condition of a school district's eligibility under Part B of the act, OSPI will withhold, in whole or in part, any further payments to the district under Part B of the act, in addition to any other actions taken under subsection((s)) (2) or (3) of this section.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

WAC 392-172A-07015 Performance goals and indicators. (1) The OSPI has established goals for the performance of students eligible for special education <u>services</u> that promote the purposes of the act, and are consistent, to the maximum extent appropriate, with the state's learning goals for all students under section 1111 (b)(2)(C) of the ESEA, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 6311. The performance goals are identified in the state's performance plan, which is based upon district data provided to the OSPI.

(2) In addition, the OSPI has established performance indicators that are used to assess the state's and school districts' progress toward achieving those goals that at a minimum address the performance of eligible students on assessments, dropout rates, transition, and graduation rates.

(3) The state reports annually to the <u>United States</u> <u>Department of Education and to the public through its annual performance report on the progress of the state, and of students eligible for special education <u>services</u> in the state, toward meeting the goals established under subsection (1) of this section.</u>

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-07020 State performance plans and data collection. (1) The OSPI has established and provided to the United States Department of Education a performance plan that evaluates the state's efforts to implement the requirements and purposes of Part B of the act, and describes how the state will improve such implementation. The plan is reviewed annually and rewritten every six years((, with any amendments provided to the)) or other timeline established by the United States Department of Education.

- (2)(a) As part of the state performance plan, the OSPI has established measurable and rigorous targets for indicators established by the department of education under the priority areas of general supervision including child find, effective monitoring, use of resolution meetings, mediation, and a system of transition services.
- (b) The OSPI must collect valid and reliable information from ((the)) districts, monitoring, and state data, as needed to report annually to the <u>United States Department of Education on ((their)) these</u> indicators.
- (c) Data collected on specific indicators through state monitoring or sampling are collected on those indicators for each school district at least once during the six year period of the state performance plan((s)) or other timeline established by the United States Department of Education.
- (3) Nothing in Part B of the act shall be construed to authorize the development of a statewide or nationwide database of personally identifiable information on individuals involved in studies or other collections of data under Part B of the act.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

WAC 392-172A-07025 State use of targets and reporting. (1) The OSPI uses the targets established in the state's performance plan and the priority areas to analyze the performance of each school district.

- (2)(a) The OSPI reports annually to the public on the performance of each school district ((located in the targets)) on the indicators in the state's performance plan; and makes the state's performance plan available through public means, including posting on the website of the OSPI, distribution to the media, and distribution through public agencies, subject to subsection (4) of this section.
- (b) If the OSPI collects performance data through monitoring or sampling, the OSPI includes the most recently available performance data on each school district and the date the data were obtained.
- (3) The OSPI must report annually to the <u>United States</u> \underline{D} epartment of \underline{E} ducation on the performance of the state under its performance plan.

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(4) The OSPI does not report any information to the public or to the department of education on performance that would result in the disclosure of personally identifiable information about individual students, or where the available data are insufficient to yield statistically reliable information.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 17-23-054, filed 11/9/17, effective 12/10/17)

- WAC 392-172A-07035 Child count. The OSPI reports to the Secretary of the ((U.S.)) United States Department of Education annually as required by the office of special education programs the number of students aged three through twenty-one residing in the state who are receiving special education and related services. This report is based on the school districts' annual federal count of eligible students provided to OSPI on a date selected by OSPI between October 1st and December 1st of each year.
 - (1) Information required in the report includes:
- (a) The number of students receiving special education and related services;
- (b) The number of students aged three through five receiving special education and related services in an early childhood setting within each disability category;
- (c) The number of students aged ((six)) five (and are also in kindergarten) through ((seventeen, and eighteen through)) twenty-one within each disability category; and
- (d) The number of students aged three through twentyone for each year of age (three, four, five, etc.).
- (2) For the purpose of this part, a student's age is the student's actual age on the date of the child count.
- (3) A student may not be reported under more than one disability category.
- (4) If a ((special education)) student eligible for special education services has more than one disability, the student is reported as follows:
- (a) A student with ((deaf-blindness)) deafblindness and not reported as having a developmental delay must be reported under the category "((deaf-blindness)) deafblindness."
- (b) A student who has more than one disability (other than ((deaf-blindness)) deafblindness or developmental delay) must be reported under the category "multiple disabilities."
- (5) School districts must provide OSPI a certification signed by an authorized official of the district, stating that the information provided by the district is an accurate and unduplicated count of ((special education)) students receiving special education and related services on the dates in question.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 09-20-053, filed 10/1/09, effective 11/1/09)

- WAC 392-172A-07040 Significant disproportionality. (1) The state collects and examines data annually from school districts to determine if significant disproportionality based on race or ethnicity is occurring in the state with respect to:
- (a) The identification of children as students eligible for special education <u>services</u>;

- (b) The identification of students with a particular disability:
- (c) The placement of students in particular educational settings; or
- (d) The incidence, duration, and type of disciplinary actions, including suspensions and expulsions.
- $(2)((\frac{(a)}{(a)}))$ In the case of a determination of significant disproportionality with respect to the identification of students eligible for special education <u>services</u> including those with a particular disability, the placement in particular educational settings of these students, or discipline, the OSPI shall $((\frac{(a)}{(a)}))$
- (a) Require the school district to review and, if appropriate, ((revision of)) revise the policies, procedures, and practices used in the identification ((or)), placement, or discipline of students receiving special education services to ensure that the policies, procedures, and practices comply with the requirements of the act;
- (b) Require the school district to publicly report on any changes made to its policies, practices, and procedures described under (a) of this subsection; and
- (c) Require any school district identified under this section to reserve the maximum amount of <u>fifteen percent of its</u> federal funds under WAC 392-172A-06085 to provide comprehensive coordinated early intervening services (<u>CCEIS</u>) to serve students in the school district, particularly, but not exclusively, students in those groups that were significantly over identified((; and)
- (c) Require the school district to publicly report on the revision of policies, practices, and procedures described under (b) of this subsection)).
- (3) Each school district that implements CCEIS under this section must annually report to the OSPI on:
- (a) The number of students served under this section who received CCEIS; and
- (b) The number of students served under this section who received CCEIS and later received special education and related services within the following two-year period.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 07-14-078, filed 6/29/07, effective 7/30/07)

- WAC 392-172A-07045 Suspension and expulsion rates for students eligible for special education services. (1) ((Annually,)) School districts shall report to the state ((on the rates of long-term suspensions and expulsions)) all incidents of disciplinary removals of students eligible for special education services and nondisabled students ((for the preceding school year)). The state shall examine this data, including data disaggregated by race and ethnicity, to determine if significant discrepancies are occurring:
 - (a) Among school districts or other public agencies; or
- (b) Between nondisabled students and students eligible for special education <u>services</u> within school districts or other public agencies.
- (2) If discrepancies are occurring, the state shall review and if appropriate, require revisions in state, school district or other public agency policies, procedures, and practices to ensure compliance with the act.

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- (3) Policies, procedures, and practices to be reviewed and, if appropriate, revised, include:
- (a) The development and implementation of individualized education programs;
- (b) The use of positive behavioral interventions and supports; and
 - (c) Procedural safeguards.

SPECIAL EDUCATION FUNDS

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

- WAC 392-172A-07055 State safety net fund for high need students. (1) The state has established a special education safety net fund for students eligible for special education services. The rules for applying for reimbursement for the fund are contained in WAC 392-140-600 through 392-140-685 or as may be amended.
- (2) Part B funding is available through the safety net fund to reimburse costs associated with the provision of services identified in ((a properly formulated)) an IEP consistent with federal and state procedural requirements and WAC 392-140-609 for applicants with eligible high need students whose cost is at least three times the average per pupil expenditure; and whose placement is consistent with least restrictive environment provisions and other applicable rules regarding placement, including placement in nonpublic agencies.
- (3) Disbursements provided under subsection (2) of this section must not be used to pay costs that otherwise would be reimbursed as medical assistance for a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> under the state medicaid program under Title XIX of the Social Security Act.
- (4) The costs associated with educating a high need student eligible for special education <u>services</u>, in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, are only those costs associated with providing direct special education and related services to the student that are identified in that student's IEP, including the cost of room and board for a residential placement determined necessary, consistent to implement a student's IEP.
- (5) The disbursements to an applicant must not be used to support legal fees, court costs, or other costs associated with a cause of action brought on behalf of a student to ensure FAPE for such student.
- (6) Federal funds reserved for the safety net fund from the appropriation for any fiscal year, but not expended to eligible applicants for safety net funding must be allocated to school districts in the same manner as other funds from the appropriation for that fiscal year are allocated to school districts during their final year of availability.
- (7) The funds in the high cost fund remain under the control of the state until disbursed to a school district to support a specific child who qualifies under this section and the state regulations for safety net funding described in subsection (1) of this section.
 - (8) Nothing in this section:
- (a) Limits or conditions the right of a student eligible for special education <u>services</u> who is assisted under Part B of the act to receive a FAPE in the least restrictive environment; or

(b) Authorizes the state or a school district to establish a limit on what may be spent on the education of a student eligible for special education <u>services</u>.

NEW SECTION

- WAC 392-172A-07057 Records related to grant funds. (1) The superintendent of public instruction and districts shall keep records that show:
 - (a) The amount of funds under the grant;
 - (b) How the funds were used;
 - (c) The total cost of the project;
- (d) The share of that cost provided from other sources; and
 - (e) Other records to facilitate an effective audit.
- (2) Records shall be maintained to show program compliance, including records related to the location, evaluation, and placement of students eligible for special education services and the development and implementation of individualized education programs. Program and fiscal information records shall be available to authorized representatives of the OSPI for the purpose of compliance monitoring.
- (3) Records shall be retained for six years after completion of the activities for which grant funds were used.

STATE <u>SPECIAL EDUCATION</u> ADVISORY COUNCIL

<u>AMENDATORY SECTION</u> (Amending WSR 13-20-034, filed 9/24/13, effective 10/25/13)

- WAC 392-172A-07060 State <u>special education</u> advisory council. (1) The <u>state</u> special education ((state)) advisory council (<u>SEAC</u>) is established in order to help facilitate the provision of special education and related services to meet the unique needs of <u>students receiving</u> special education ((students)) <u>services</u>.
- (2)(a) The membership of the council is appointed by the superintendent of the office of public instruction and shall include at least one representative of each of the following groups or entities:
- $((\frac{a}{a}))$ (i) Parents of children, aged birth to twenty-six, with disabilities;
 - (((b))) (ii) Individuals with disabilities;
 - (((c))) (iii) Teachers;
- ((((d))) (<u>iv</u>) Institutions of higher education that prepare special education and related services personnel;
- (((e))) (v) State and local district officials who carry out activities under subtitle B of Title VII of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act;
- $((\underbrace{f}))$ (vi) Local administrators of special education programs;
- (((g))) <u>(vii)</u> State agencies involved in the financing or delivery of related services to <u>students eligible for</u> special education ((students)) <u>services</u>;
- ((((h))) (<u>viii)</u> Representatives of private schools and public charter schools;
- $((\frac{1}{2}))$ (ix) Not less than one vocational, community, or business organization concerned with the provision of transi-

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tion services to students eligible for special education <u>services</u>;

- $((\frac{1}{2}))$ (x) A state child welfare agency employee responsible for services to children in foster care;
 - $((\frac{k}{k}))$ (xi) State juvenile and adult corrections agencies;
- ((((1)))) (xii) Other individuals or groups as may hereafter be designated and approved by the superintendent of public instruction.
- (b) A majority of the members of the ((advisory)) council shall be individuals with disabilities or parents of students eligible for special education ((students)) services.
 - (3) The council's purposes are to:
- (a) Advise the superintendent of public instruction and make recommendations on all matters related to special education and specifically advise the superintendent of unmet needs within the state in the education of <u>students eligible for</u> special education ((<u>students</u>)) <u>services</u>;
- (b) Comment publicly on any rules or regulations proposed by the state regarding the education of ((special education)) students eligible for special education services;
- (c) Advise the state in developing evaluations and reporting such information as may assist the state in its data requirements under section 618 of the act;
- (d) Advise the state in developing corrective action plans to address findings identified in federal monitoring reports under Part B of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act: and
- (e) Advise the state in developing and implementing policies relating to the coordination of services for <u>students eligible for special education ((students)) services</u>.
 - (f) Review state due process findings and decisions.
- (g) In the event that the state submits a waiver under 34 C.F.R. Sec. 300.164 regarding state-level nonsupplanting, the OSPI must consult with the SEAC prior to the submission
- (4) The council shall follow the procedures in this subsection.
- (a) The ((advisory)) council shall meet as often as necessary to conduct its business.
- (b) By July 1st of each year, the ((advisory)) council shall submit an annual report of council activities and suggestions to the superintendent of public instruction. This report must be made available to the public in a manner consistent with other public reporting requirements of this chapter.
- (c) Official minutes will be kept on all council meetings and shall be made available to the public on request to the OSPI.

REPEALER

The following section of the Washington Administrative Code is repealed:

WAC 392-172A-07065 Records related to grant funds.

REPEALER

The following chapter of the Washington Administrative Code is repealed:

WAC 392-173-003 Authority.

WAC 392-173-005 Purpose.

WAC 392-173-010 Definitions.

WAC 392-173-015 General duties of the department of social and health services and the superintendent of public instruction.

WAC 392-173-020 Referral and admission to a residential school—Eligibility for immediate placement.

WAC 392-173-025 Assessment, individual education plan, least restrictive environment, placement options, annual review of placement, and notice.

WAC 392-173-030 Medical evaluation.

WAC 392-173-035 Education records.

WAC 392-173-040 Annual application.

WAC 392-173-045 Staff qualifications.

WAC 392-173-047 Interagency agreements.

WAC 392-173-050 Monitoring.

WAC 392-173-055 Audits.

WAC 392-173-065 Program length.

WAC 392-173-075 Transportation and facilities.

WAC 392-173-080 Decisions, appeals and citizen complaints regarding educational programming and exclusion from an educational program.

WSR 21-09-090 PROPOSED RULES SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

[Filed April 21, 2021, 10:31 a.m.]

Original Notice.

[110]

Preproposal statement of inquiry was filed as WSR 21-06-116.

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: WAC 392-244-130 Disbursements of moneys—Sequence of payments.

Hearing Location(s): On May 27, 2021, at 11:00 a.m., webinar via Zoom (call-in option will be available). Due to the public health emergency related to the COVID-19 virus pandemic, this public hearing will take place by webinar via Zoom (with a call-in option). There will be no physical location for the hearing. For information on registering and participating, please visit office of superintendent of public instruction's (OSPI) website at https://www.k12.wa.us/policyfunding/ospi-rulemaking-activity. For questions, please email kristin.murphy@k12.wa.us.

Date of Intended Adoption: June 3, 2021.

Submit Written Comments to: Scott Black, OSPI, School Facilities, P.O. Box 47200, Olympia, WA 98504, email schoolfacilitiesrules@k12.wa.us, by May 27, 2021.

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Assistance for Persons with Disabilities: Contact Kristin Murphy, phone 360-725-6133, fax 360-754-4201, TTY 360-664-3631, email Kristin.murphy@k12.wa.us, by May 20, 2021.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: The proposed rule changes would allow OSPI flexibility to disburse state funding assistance for school district projects which are also receiving small district modernization grant funds.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: The proposed rule changes would assist school districts in minimizing project financing costs and provide additional time for a school district to secure sufficient local funding to meet its local funding obligations.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 28A.525.020.

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting and Implementation: Scott Black, OSPI, 600 South Washington Street, Olympia, 360-742-4028; and Enforcement: Randy Newman, OSPI, 600 South Washington Street, Olympia, 360-725-6268.

A school district fiscal impact statement is not required under RCW 28A.305.135.

A cost-benefit analysis is not required under RCW 34.05.328.

This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt from requirements of the Regulatory Fairness Act because the proposal:

Is exempt under RCW 19.85.030.

Explanation of exemptions: No small business economic impact statement has been prepared under chapter 19.85 RCW. The proposed amendment does not have an impact on small business and therefore does not meet the requirements for a statement under RCW 19.85.030 (1) or (2).

April 21, 2021 Chris P. S. Reykdal State Superintendent of Public Instruction

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 10-09-008, filed 4/8/10, effective 5/9/10)

WAC 392-344-130 Disbursement of moneys— Sequence of payments. The order in which funds shall be disbursed for school facility construction shall be as follows:

- (1) Prior to payment of state funding assistance, the school district shall make payments on all claims submitted until such time as the total amount of local funds obligated by the district have been expended.
- (2) When local funds have been expended as in subsection (1) of this section, payments of state funding assistance shall then be made: Provided, That for projects authorized for state funding assistance pursuant to WAC 392-344-115(2) after June 30, 1993, payment shall be made after receipt of written certification by the school district board of directors that the school facility project authorized for state funding assistance has been or will be completed according to the purposes for which the state funding assistance is being provided.

(3) Payment of state funding assistance for projects receiving small district modernization grant funds authorized under RCW 28A.525.159 may receive payment prior to the expenditure of local funds obligated by the district with the approval of the superintendent of public instruction. The maximum amount of state funding assistance a district may receive prior to the expenditure of local funds obligated by the district is ninety percent.

WSR 21-09-091 PROPOSED RULES SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

[Filed April 21, 2021, 11:03 a.m.]

Original Notice.

Preproposal statement of inquiry was filed as WSR 21-02-084.

Title of Rule and Other Identifying Information: Chapter 392-341 WAC, State assistance in providing school plant facilities—Preliminary provisions; chapter 392-343 WAC, State funding assistance in providing school plant facilities—Basic state support; and chapter 392-347 WAC, State funding assistance in providing school plant facilities—Modernization.

Hearing Location(s): On May 27, 2021, at 10:00 a.m., webinar via Zoom (call-in option will be available). Due to the public health emergency related to the COVID-19 virus pandemic, this public hearing will take place by webinar via Zoom (with a call-in option). There will be no physical location for the hearing. For information on registering and participating, please visit office of superintendent of public instruction's (OSPI) website at https://www.k12.wa.us/policyfunding/ospi-rulemaking-activity. For questions, please email kristin.murphy@k12.wa.us.

Date of Intended Adoption: June 3, 2021.

Submit Written Comments to: Scott Black, OSPI, School Facilities, P.O. Box 47200, Olympia, WA 98504, email schoolfacilitiesrules@k12.wa.us, by May 27, 2021.

Assistance for Persons with Disabilities: Contact Kristin Murphy, phone 360-725-6133, fax 360-754-4201, TTY 360-664-3631, email Kristin.murphy@k12.wa.us, by May 20, 2021.

Purpose of the Proposal and Its Anticipated Effects, Including Any Changes in Existing Rules: The purpose of the proposed rule changes would apply lean management principles to the school facilities study and survey process as required by section 5015, chapter 413, Laws of 2019.

The original CR-101 (WSR 21-02-084) identified both the study and survey process (chapters 392-341, 392-343, and 392-347 WAC) and the "D-Forms" process (chapters 392-342 and 392-344 WAC) as possible subjects of rule making. However, for clarity, the "D-Forms" process will be addressed as a separate rule-making process. For the D-forms lean management rule-making process, OSPI filed a CR-101 on April 7, 2021, as WSR 21-08-086.

Reasons Supporting Proposal: Amending the rules by applying lean management principles is intended to ease the

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administrative process followed by school districts in conducting school facilities study and surveys.

Statutory Authority for Adoption: RCW 28A.525.020.

Rule is not necessitated by federal law, federal or state court decision.

Name of Agency Personnel Responsible for Drafting and Implementation: Scott Black, OSPI, 600 South Washington Street, Olympia, 360-742-4028; and Enforcement: Randy Newman, OSPI, 600 South Washington Street, Olympia, 360-725-6268.

A school district fiscal impact statement is not required under RCW 28A.305.135.

A cost-benefit analysis is not required under RCW 34.05.328.

This rule proposal, or portions of the proposal, is exempt from requirements of the Regulatory Fairness Act because the proposal:

Is exempt under RCW 19.85.030.

Explanation of exemptions: No small business economic impact statement has been prepared under chapter 19.85 RCW. The proposed amendment does not have an impact on small business and therefore does not meet the requirements for a statement under RCW 19.85.030 (1) or (2).

April 21, 2021 Chris P. S. Reykdal State Superintendent of Public Instruction

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 10-09-008, filed 4/8/10, effective 5/9/10)

WAC 392-341-025 State study and survey—Content. The study and survey to be conducted by the superintendent of public instruction with the cooperation of the local school district shall include the following:

- (1) An inventory and area analysis of existing school facilities within the district, a description of the types and kinds of systems and subsystems used in those facilities and their physical condition;
- (2) A long-range (i.e., minimum of six years) educational and facilities plan setting forth the projected facility needs and priorities of the district based on the educational plan((;
- (3))), including a discussion of the need for adjustments of school attendance areas within the district, and supplemented by the following information:
- (a) Demographic data including population projections and projected economic growth and development. OSPI shall provide projected enrollment based on most recent October enrollments. District shall provide most recent October enrollments of developmentally disabled students;
- (((4))) (b) The ability of such district to provide capital funds by local effort;
- $((\frac{5}{)}))$ (c) The existence of a school housing emergency as defined by RCW 28A.525.166 (5)(a);
- (((6))) (<u>d</u>) The need to improve racial balance and/or to avoid creation or aggravation of racial imbalance: OSPI shall provide diversity report based on most recent October enrollments and enrollment data reported by district;

- $(((\frac{7}{})))$ (e) The type and extent of new and/or additions to existing school facilities required and the urgency of need for such facilities;
- (((8))) (f) A cost/benefit analysis on the need to modernize and/or replace existing school facilities in order to meet current educational needs and the current state building code;
- (((9) The need and the estimated capital cost to restore, to design specifications, the major systems and subsystems in the facilities that have deteriorated due to deferred maintenance.
- (10)) (g) A determination of the district's time line for completion of the school facilities project(s); and
- (((11) An inventory of accessible unused or underutilized school facilities in neighboring school districts and the physical condition of such school facilities;
- (12) The need for adjustments of school attendance areas among or within such districts; and
- (13)) (3) Such other matters as the superintendent of public instruction deems pertinent to decision making in the allocation of funds for school facilities, or that the applicant district deems relevant. Cooperation by the applicant school district in conducting the study and survey is a requisite for the superintendent of public instruction to complete the study and survey and to establish the eligibility of the district for state funding assistance in school facility construction.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 10-09-008, filed 4/8/10, effective 5/9/10)

- WAC 392-341-045 Approval criteria for state funding assistance. The superintendent of public instruction shall conditionally agree to state funding assistance for a school facility or facilities for a school district that demonstrates the following:
- (1) The existence of unhoused students which for the purpose of this section shall mean current or projected enrolled students who are in excess of the capacity calculated for existing facilities within the district pursuant to chapter 392-343 WAC: Provided, That current or projected enrolled students shall not be designated as unhoused for a high school district of application which has a student enrollment of four hundred or less in grades nine through twelve, if the students involved or affected can be served without undue inconvenience in a neighboring school, or schools of larger size and the neighboring school district has indicated a willingness to serve, and has the capacity to house the applying district high school students; and
- (2) The ability of the district to obtain capital funds to provide the local share required for state funding assistance: Provided, That the existence of unhoused students provision of subsection (1) of this section shall not be required for approval of the following school facilities projects: Interdistrict cooperative centers authorized by chapter 392-345 WAC, interdistrict transportation cooperatives authorized by chapter 392-346 WAC, and modernization and new-in-lieu of modernization construction authorized by chapter 392-347 WAC.

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AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 10-09-008, filed 4/8/10, effective 5/9/10)

- WAC 392-341-200 <u>Applications and forms</u>. <u>Applications and forms</u> applicable to provisions of this chapter for school facilities shall be as follows:
- (1) Applications for a state study and survey by a district pursuant to WAC 392-341-020 shall be designated as ((SPI Form D-1)) OSPI D-1 Application.
- (2) State planning grants to districts pursuant to WAC 392-341-030 shall be awarded to such districts through ((SPI)) OSPI D-2 Form ((D-2)).
- (3) Applications for approval of a school project by a district pursuant to WAC 392-341-040 shall be designated as ((SPI Form D 3)) OSPI D-3 Application.
- (4) Project approval for districts pursuant to WAC 392-341-040 shall be awarded to such district through ((SPI)) OSPI D-4 Form ((D-4)).

REPEALER

The following sections of the Washington Administrative Code are repealed:

- WAC 392-341-060 Eligibility for state funding assistance for new construction—Definition—Contiguous school district.
- WAC 392-341-065 Eligibility for state funding assistance for new construction—Definition—
 Negotiate in good faith.
- WAC 392-341-070 Eligibility for state funding assistance for new construction—Survey of suitable school facilities in contiguous school districts that are unused or underutilized.
- WAC 392-341-075 Eligibility for state funding assistance for new construction—Contents of survey.
- WAC 392-341-080 Eligibility for state funding assistance for new construction—Application to superintendent of public instruction—Necessary documentation.
- WAC 392-341-085 Eligibility for state funding assistance for new construction—Review of survey of available and suitable school plant facilities in contiguous school districts.
- WAC 392-341-090 Eligibility for state funding assistance for new construction—Approval by the superintendent of public instruction of applicant's school district certification.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 06-16-032, filed 7/25/06, effective 8/25/06)

WAC 392-343-040 Square foot area analysis. The square foot area analysis, when submitted for review by the

superintendent of public instruction shall be calculated in accordance with ((the American Institute of Architects, Document D101, *The Architectural Area and Volume of Buildings*, latest edition, except for the following areas which shall not be counted:

- (1) Exterior covered walkways, cantilevered or supported;
 - (2) Exterior porches, including loading platforms; and
- (3) Spaces above occupied areas which are either vacant or primarily housing mechanical and/or electrical equipment)) WAC 392-343-019.

The analysis shall be reported on a form prepared by the superintendent of public instruction.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 10-09-008, filed 4/8/10, effective 5/9/10)

WAC 392-343-075 Energy conservation report. In compliance with the provisions of chapter 39.35 RCW, school districts constructing school facilities shall complete an energy conservation report for any new construction or for additions to and modernization of existing school facilities, which will be reviewed ((by the Washington state department of general administration)) in accordance with chapter 39.35 RCW, and approved by the school district board of directors. One copy of the executive summary of said approved energy conservation report((, approved by the district board of directors,)) shall be filed with the office of the superintendent of public instruction. The amount of state funding assistance for which a district is eligible for the preparation of the energy conservation report shall be the state funding assistance percentage multiplied ((by ten thousand dollars. The amount of state funding assistance for which a district is eligible shall be the state funding assistance percentage multiplied)) by the fee charged, up to a maximum of the state funding assistance percentage multiplied by ten thousand dollars.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 10-09-008, filed 4/8/10, effective 5/9/10)

WAC 392-347-015 Eligibility for state funding assistance. (1) In order to be eligible for state funding assistance, a modernization project shall have as its principal purpose one or more of the following:

- (a) Bringing a facility into compliance with current building and health codes when so required by state or local health or safety officials;
- (b) Changing the grade span grouping by facility by the addition, deletion, or combination thereof of two or more grades within the affected facility;
- (c) The reduction of the number of operating school facilities in a district by combining the remaining school facilities through modernization and new capital construction so as to achieve more cost effective and efficient operation in the combined school facility or facilities. In order to be eligible for state funding assistance, such a project shall result in additional space for at least ((100)) one hundred additional pupils and the following enrollment in any combined facility:
- (i) Elementary school facility—((500)) <u>Five hundred</u> pupils;

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- (ii) Middle or junior high school facility—((700)) <u>Seven</u> <u>hundred</u> pupils;
- (iii) Senior high school facility—((850)) <u>Eight hundred</u> <u>fifty</u> pupils:

Provided, That modernization projects in school districts with a high school enrollment of less than ((850)) eight hundred fifty pupils need not comply with the enrollment figures set forth above: Provided further, That unless the district demonstrates the existence of unhoused students, state funding assistance for the new construction component of a combined modernization and new construction project shall be limited to the provision of WAC 392-347-040; or

- (d) Meeting the educational program of the facility.
- (2) School districts shall certify that a proposed modernization project will extend the life of the modernized school facility by at least ((twenty)) thirty years.
- (3) School districts shall be ineligible for state funding assistance for modernization of any school facility accepted by the school district board of directors prior to January 1, 1993, where the principal purpose of that modernization project is to:
- (a) ((Restore building systems and subsystems that have deteriorated due to deferred maintenance;
- (b))) Perform piecemeal work on one section or system of a school facility;
- (((e))) (b) Modernize a facility or any section thereof which has been constructed within the previous twenty years;
- (((d))) (c) Modernize a facility or any section thereof which has received state funding assistance under the authority of this chapter within the previous twenty years;
- (((e) To)) (d) Modernize a senior high school facility in a district with a senior high school where there is existing space available to serve the students involved or affected in a neighboring senior high school without, in the judgment of the superintendent of public instruction, an undue increase in the cost of transporting the students to and from school, decrease in educational opportunity, or proportional increase in the cost of instruction pursuant to chapter 392-341 WAC.
- (4) School facilities accepted by the school district board of directors after January 1, 1993, shall be ineligible for state funding assistance for modernization of the facility or any section thereof where:
- (a) The facility was constructed and occupied within the previous thirty years;
- (b) The facility received state funding assistance under the authority of this chapter within the previous thirty years.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 10-09-008, filed 4/8/10, effective 5/9/10)

WAC 392-347-035 Minimum project—Forty percent of replacement costs. (1) State funding assistance in modernization of school facilities shall be limited to projects which may include an entire facility or one or more complete buildings within a facility for which the estimated cost of major structural change is not less than forty percent of the estimated cost of replacement. ((The estimated cost of major structural change shall not include the estimated capital costs associated with restoring building systems or subsystems due to deterioration as determined in the study and survey to be

eaused by deferred maintenance.)) The estimated cost of replacement shall be derived from multiplication of the total square foot area of the facility or facilities proposed for modernization by the construction cost allocation for the fiscal year funded as in WAC 392-343-045 set forth.

(2) The superintendent of public instruction may grant a waiver from subsection (1) of this section in the event of an unanticipated increase in the construction cost allocation that might cause prior approved projects expecting state funding assistance to become disqualified for such assistance.

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